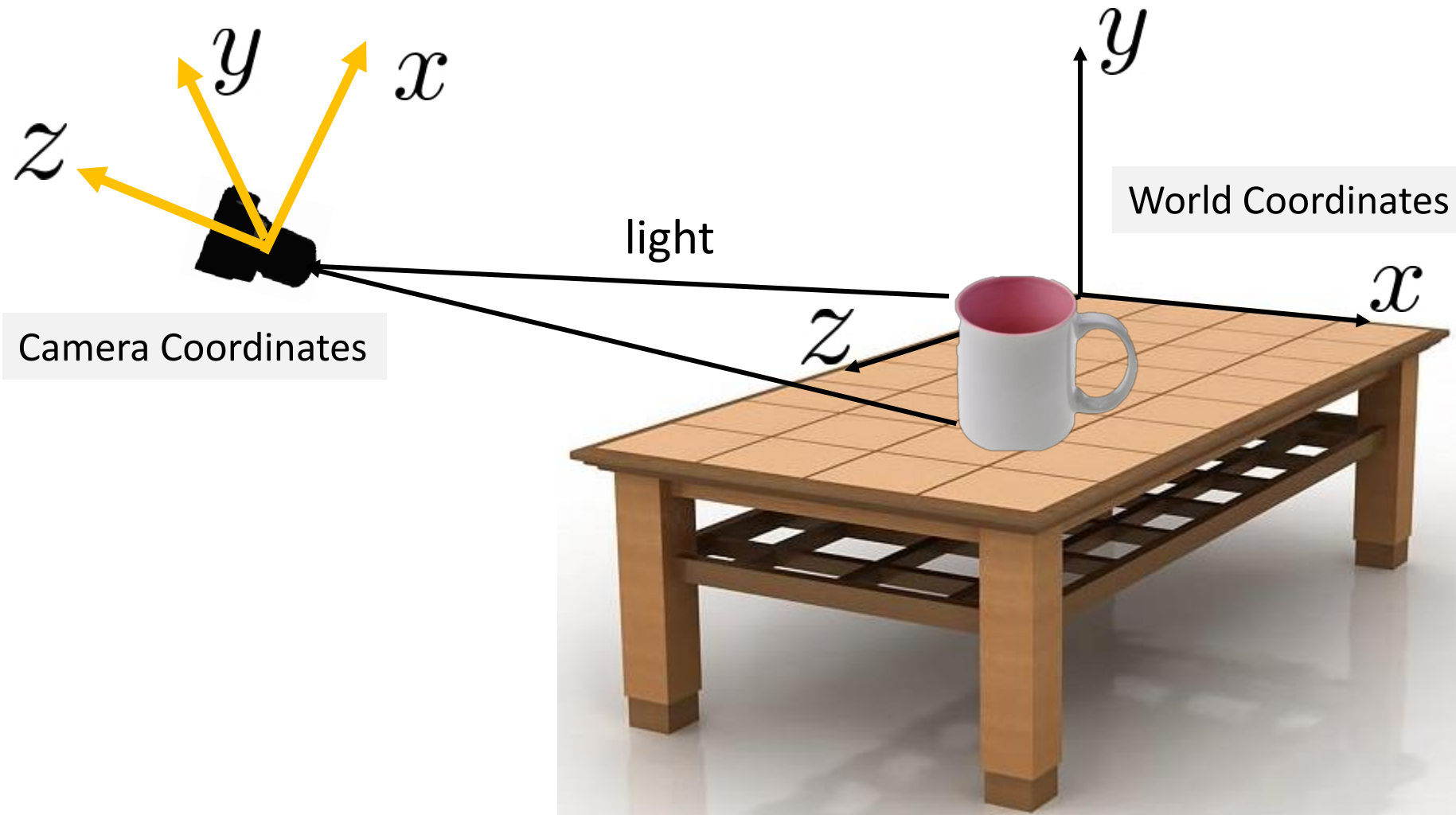
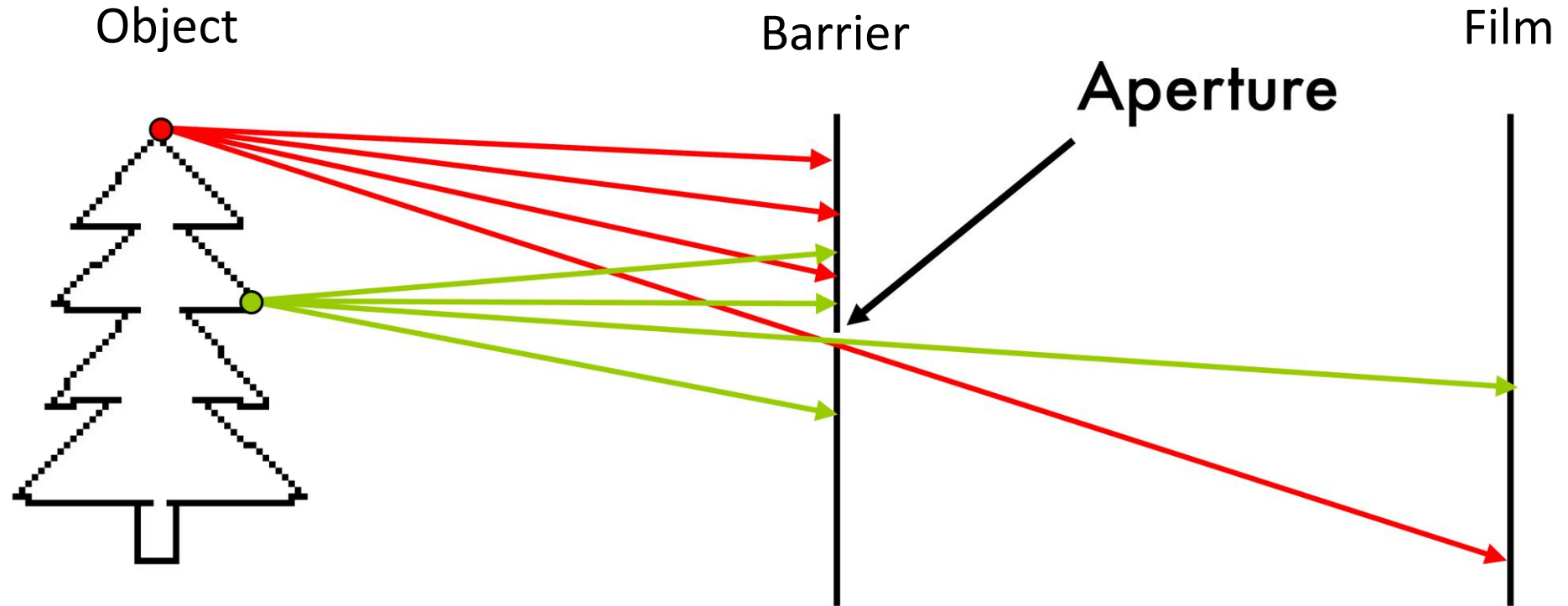


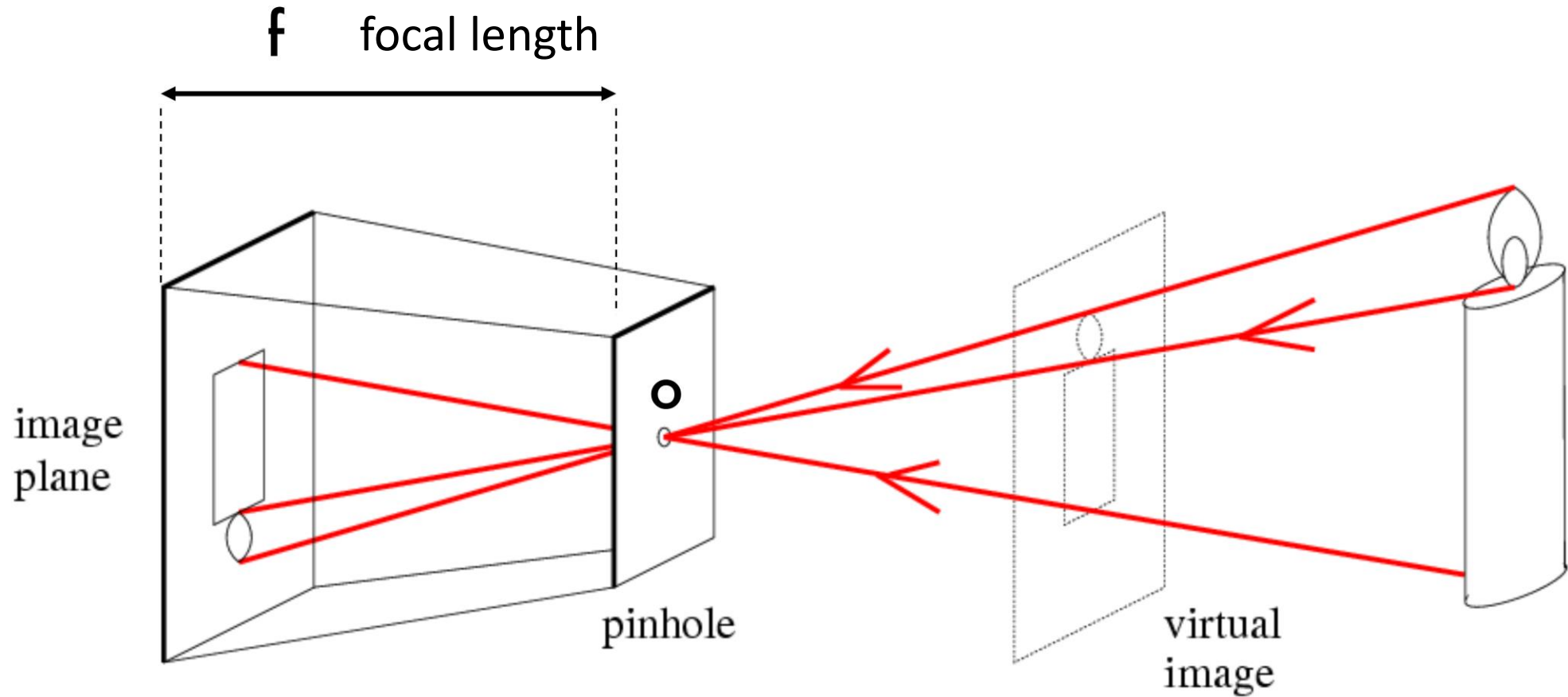
A Camera in the 3D World



Pinhole Camera



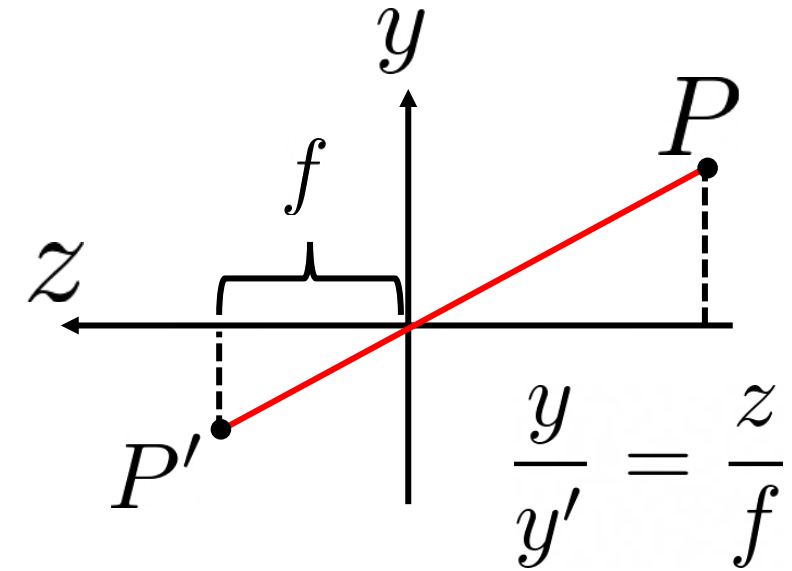
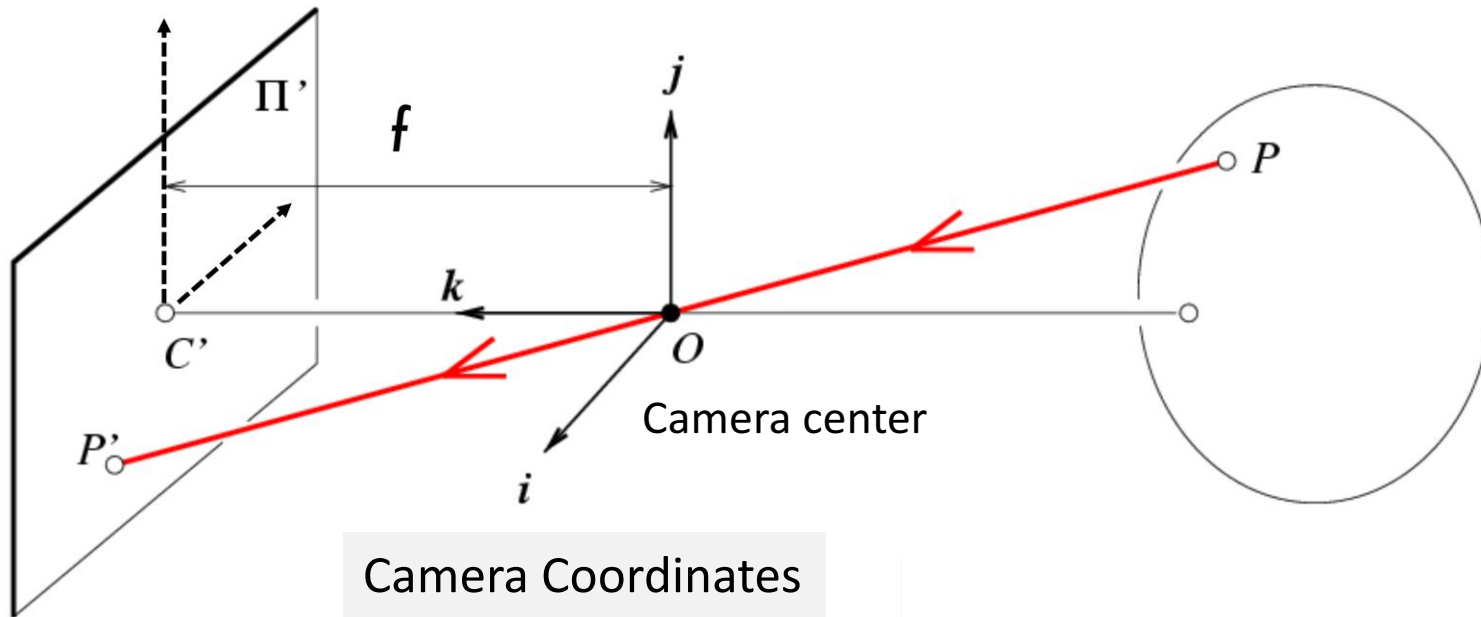
Pinhole Camera



Rotate the image plane by 180°

Cannot be implemented in practice
Useful for theoretic analysis

Central Projection in Camera Coordinates



Camera coordinates

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow P' = \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z' = f$$

$$\begin{cases} x' = f \frac{x}{z} \\ y' = f \frac{y}{z} \end{cases}$$

Central Projection with Homogeneous Coordinates

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow P' = \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$$

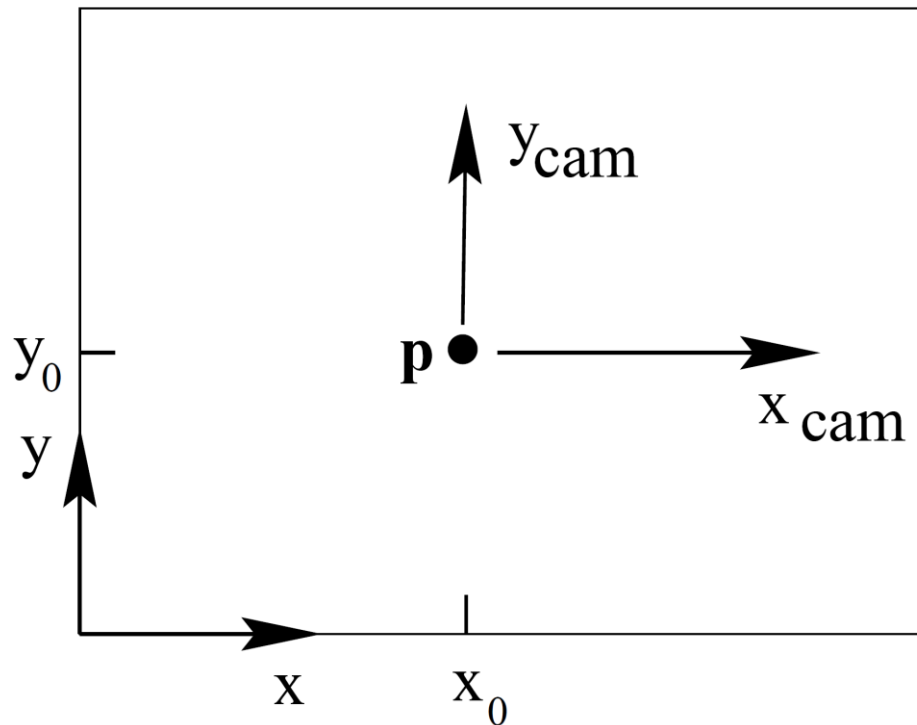
$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} f \frac{x}{z} \\ f \frac{y}{z} \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

Central projection

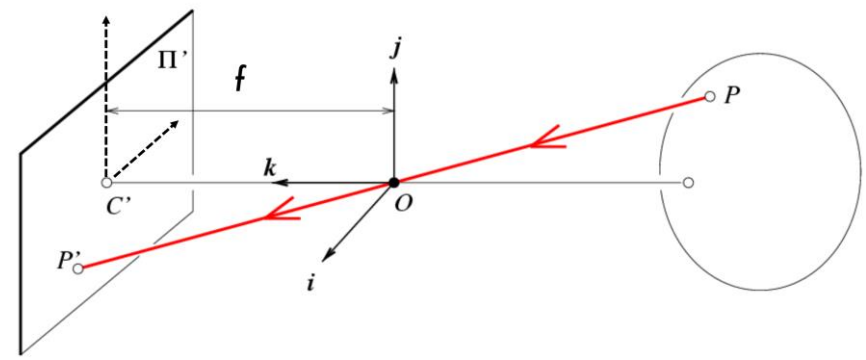
$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} fx \\ fy \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} f & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & f & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3x4 matrix

Principal Point Offset



Principle point: projection of the camera center

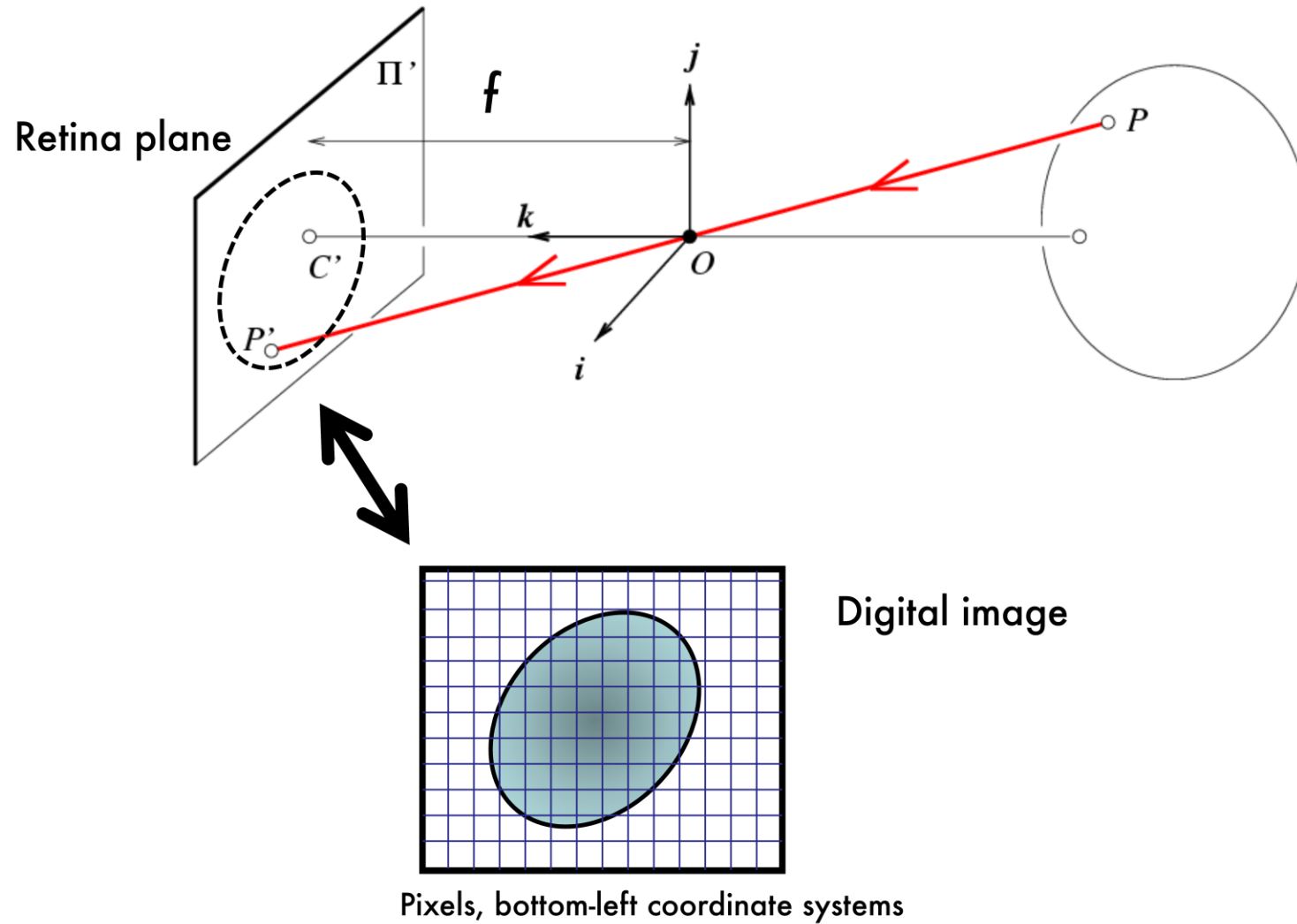


Principal point $\mathbf{p} = (p_x, p_y)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} f \frac{x}{z} + p_x \\ f \frac{y}{z} + p_y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} f & p_x & 0 \\ f & p_y & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

From Metric to Pixels



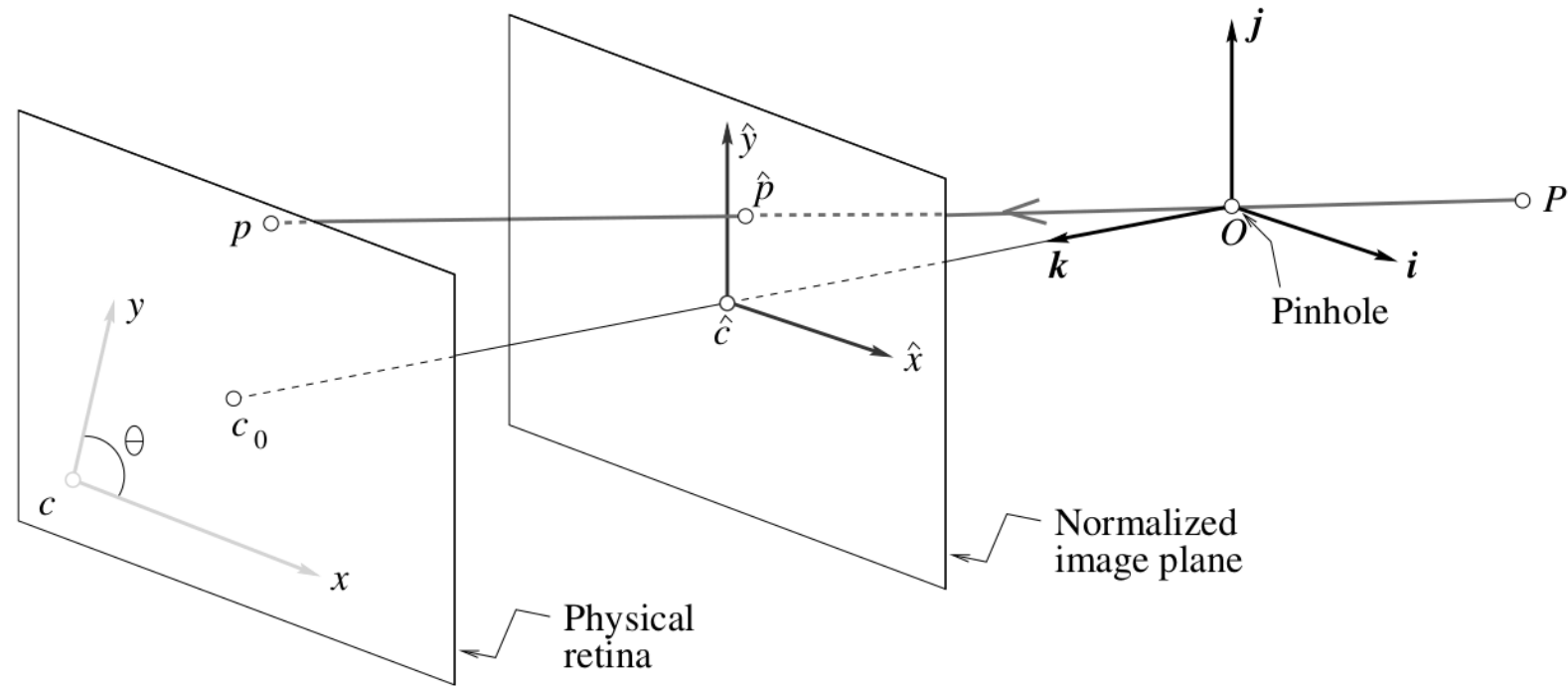
From Metric to Pixels

- Metric space, i.e., meters $\begin{bmatrix} f & p_x & 0 \\ & f & p_y & 0 \\ & & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

- Pixel space $\begin{bmatrix} \alpha_x & x_0 & 0 \\ & \alpha_y & y_0 & 0 \\ & & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\alpha_x = f m_x$
 $\alpha_y = f m_y$
 $x_0 = p_x m_x$
 $y_0 = p_y m_y$

m_x, m_y Number of pixel per unit distance

Axis Skew



The skew parameter will be zero for most normal cameras.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha_x & & x_0 & 0 \\ & \alpha_y & y_0 & 0 \\ & & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_x \frac{x}{z} + x_0 \\ \alpha_y \frac{y}{z} + y_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha_x & -\alpha_x \cot(\theta) & x_0 & 0 \\ & \frac{\alpha_y}{\sin(\theta)} & y_0 & 0 \\ & & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

<https://blog.immenselyhappy.com/post/camera-axis-skew/>

Camera Intrinsics

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha_x & -\alpha_x \cot(\theta) & x_0 & 0 \\ & \frac{\alpha_y}{\sin(\theta)} & y_0 & 0 \\ & & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

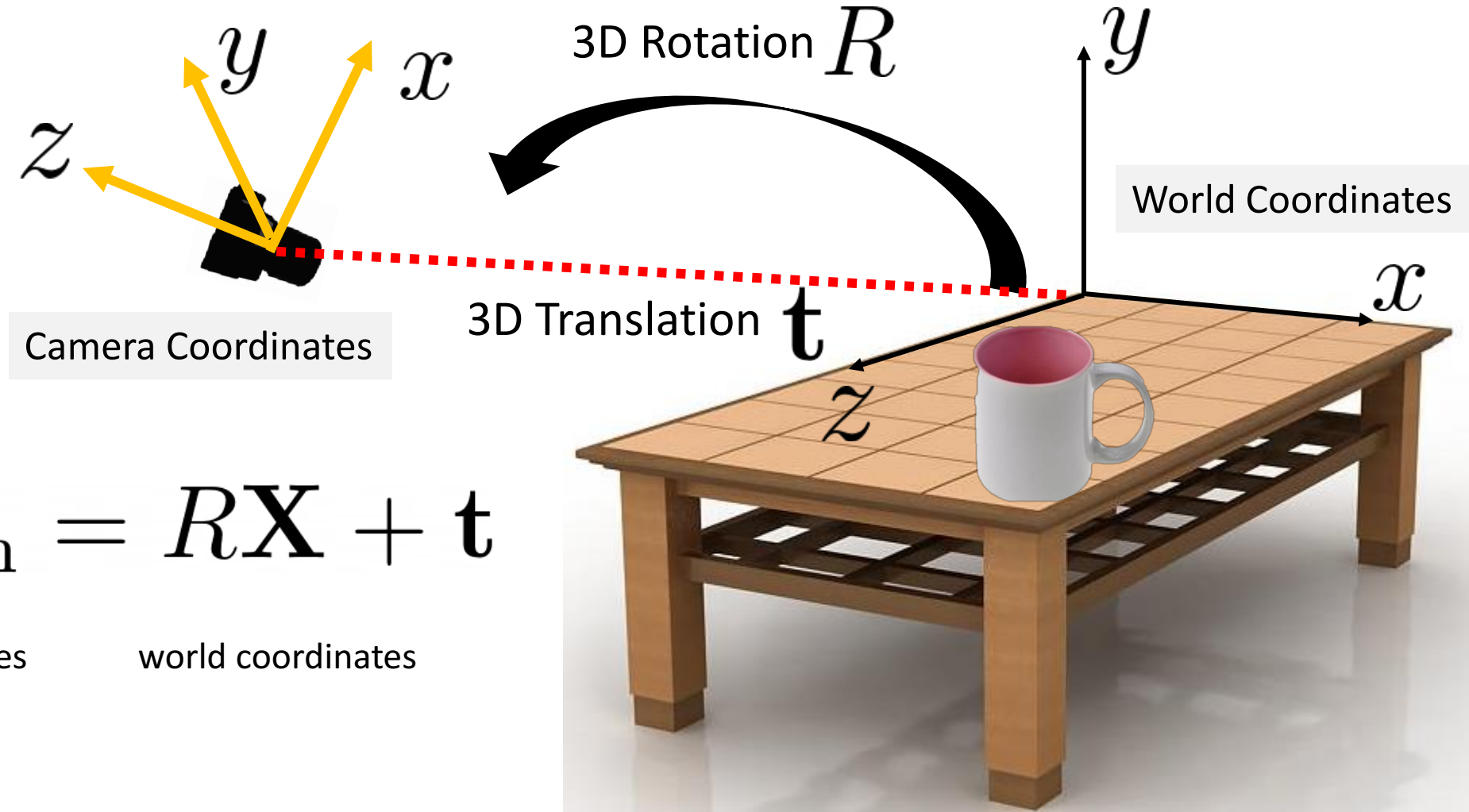
Camera intrinsics

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_x & s & x_0 \\ & \alpha_y & y_0 \\ & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{X} = K [I | \mathbf{0}] \mathbf{X}_{\text{cam}}$$

3x1
3x3
3x4
4x1

Homogeneous coordinates

Camera Extrinsics: Camera Rotation and Translation



$$\mathbf{X}_{\text{cam}} = R\mathbf{X} + \mathbf{t}$$

camera coordinates

world coordinates

Camera Projection Matrix $P = K[R|\mathbf{t}]$

- Homogeneous coordinates

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{x} &= K[I|\mathbf{0}]\mathbf{X}_{\text{cam}} & K &= \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_x & s & x_0 \\ & \alpha_y & y_0 \\ & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= K[R|\mathbf{t}]\mathbf{X}\end{aligned}$$

Diagram illustrating the dimensions and components of the camera projection matrix equation:

- \mathbf{x} (3x1): Image coordinates
- K (3x3): Camera intrinsics
- $[R|\mathbf{t}]$ (3x4): Camera extrinsics: rotation and translation
- \mathbf{X} (4x1): World coordinates

The Pinhole Camera Model

- Camera projection matrix: intrinsics and extrinsics

$$P = K[R|\mathbf{t}]$$

3x3

3x4

Camera intrinsics

Camera extrinsics:
rotation and translation

Further Reading

- Section 2.1, Computer Vision, Richard Szeliski
- Multiview Geometry in Computer Vision, Richard Hartley and Andrew Zisserman, Chapter 6, Camera Models
- Stanford CS231A: Computer Vision, From 3D Reconstruction to Recognition, Lecture 2 <https://web.stanford.edu/class/cs231a/syllabus.html>
- Image formation by lenses
<https://courses.lumenlearning.com/physics/chapter/25-6-image-formation-by-lenses/>
- Distortion (Wikipedia) [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Distortion_\(optics\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Distortion_(optics))