

Quantum Mechanics I HW1

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Given the the wave function

$$\Psi(x, t) = e^{-iEt/\hbar} N e^{-x^2/2\lambda^2} \quad (1)$$

$$\Psi^*(x, t) = e^{iEt/\hbar} N e^{-x^2/2\lambda^2} \quad (2)$$

Where N is the normalization factor and $\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{m\omega}}$.
The Hamiltonian operator for the harmonic oscillator reads

$$\hat{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{2} k x^2 = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 x^2 \quad (3)$$

Help

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-a^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2a}, \quad a > 0 \quad (4)$$

$$\int_0^\infty x^2 e^{-a^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4a^3}, \quad a > 0 \quad (5)$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \Psi \Psi^* dx = 1 \quad (6)$$

- 1.** Find the normalization factor N .
- 2.** Calculate the probability for the particle to be in the interval $[0, \infty]$.
- 3.** Calculate the expected values $\langle x \rangle$, $\langle x^2 \rangle$, $\langle \hat{P}_x \rangle$ and $\langle \hat{P}_x^2 \rangle$.
- 4.** Find the eigenvalue E in $\hat{H}\Psi = E\Psi$.
- 5.** Calculate the probability current j_x .

$$j_x = \frac{i\hbar}{2m} \left(\Psi \frac{d}{dx} \Psi^* - \Psi^* \frac{d}{dx} \Psi \right) \quad (7)$$