# Meta open linked books:

a no-hype recommender system.

# **Project Defense**

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#### **Book Recommender**

- We wanted to make a system
   which could leverage the linked nature/richness of the data at dbpedia.org
   while also leveraging the social nature/user ratings of goodreads.com
- We handle cold start situations, when we don't know who a user is, or a user has no history (ie, has left no reviews/ratings)
- We provide user based collaborative recommendations
- We also provide content based recommendation

# Data Sources

### **Data Sources**

#### GoodReads

- Provides with an API:
  - Provides lots of information
  - The result can be either XML or JSON (depending on the API call)

#### DBpedia

- Provides with an API:
  - Very poorly data retrieving
- Allows powerful query language for RDF:
  - SPARQL

```
-<GoodreadsResponse>
  -<Request>
      <authentication>true</authentication>
      <key>g1kKTmrhRCN8IpXI8elXQ</key>
      <method>search index</method>
   </Request>
  -<search>
      <query>the catcher in the rye</query>
      <results-start>1</results-start>
      <results-end>20</results-end>
      <total-results>110</total-results>
      <source>Goodreads</source>
      <query-time-seconds>0.12</query-time-seconds>
    -<results>
      -<work>
          <br/>
<br/>
books count type="integer">291</books count>
          <id type="integer">3036731</id>
          <original publication day type="integer" nil="true"/>
          <original publication month type="integer" nil="true"/>
          <original publication year type="integer">1951</original publication year>
          <ratings count type="integer">1443681</ratings count>
          <text reviews count type="integer">30162</text reviews count>
          <average rating>3.77</average rating>
        -<best book type="Book">
            <id type="integer">5107</id>
            <title>The Catcher in the Rye</title>
           -<author>
               <id type="integer">819789</id>
               <name>J.D. Salinger</name>
             </author>
            <image url>http://d.gr-assets.com/books/1398034300m/5107.jpg</image url>
            <small image url>http://d.gr-assets.com/books/1398034300s/5107.jpg</small image url>
          </best book>
```

#### **Data Sources**

Initial Data Sources

DBbook\_Items\_DBpedia\_mapping.tsv

retrieve books from external sources + store locally

DBbook\_train\_binary.tsv

User initial Database +

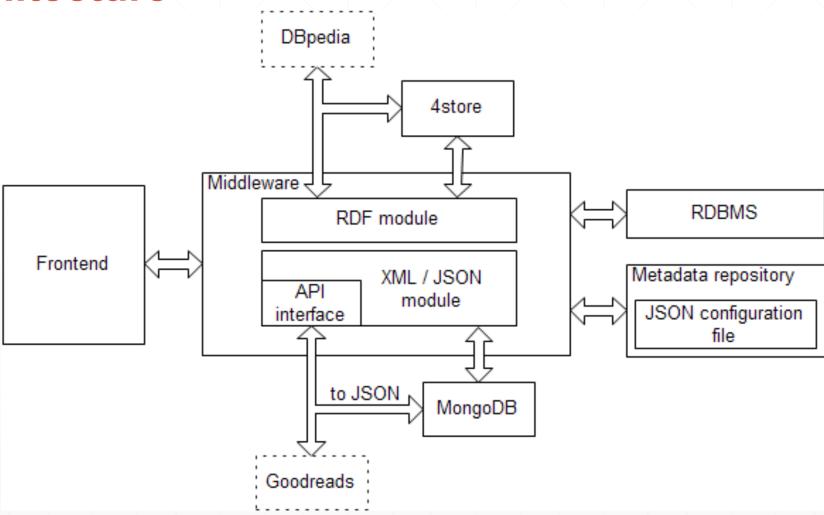
DBbook\_train\_ratings.tsv

Two ratings (binary/non-binary)

http://challenges.2014.eswc-conferences.org/index.php/RecSys#DATASET

- GoodReads
- JSON data stored in MongoDB
- MongoDB: acknowledged (huge community, lots of management tools)

- DBpedia
- RDF data store in 4store
- Why 4store?
  - Light and native triplestore:
    - We did not want to run an RDFizer on top of a RDBMS
    - Other native solutions like Virtuoso were too heavy and hardware-dependent
  - Already provided with a Python library
  - Supports SPARQL queries



- Frontend : User Interface
- External Data Sources: Goodreads / DBpedia
- Local Data Sources : MongoDB / 4store
- Additionally an RDBMS
- Middleware
- Metadata Repository

Data Source	Querying technique			
Goodreads	API			
MongoDB	MongoDB interface			
DBpedia, 4store	SPARQL			
RDBMS	SQL			

- The Middleware (Python)
- External Sources: Goodreads / DBpedia
- Local Sources: MongoDB / 4store
- An RDBMS
- Config file : Metadata Repository

- Goodreads results:
- Evaluated, cleaned, selected
- Pick best results with evaluation of confidence and threshold it must pass.

This option and threshold can be changed in metadata repository.

- 1) Select based on Confidence
- 2) If none found, Select based on **Direct hit of title** (and if there are multiple, select that with the most reviews)
- 3) Select based on **Number of Ratings only** (normally bad, but occasionally great.)

DBpedia query:
 CONSTRUCT when retrieving full triples
 SELECT when retrieving concrete pieces of data

No syntax transformations are needed

- Select results:
  - 1. Book title **split** into words
  - 2. Run global query combining those words (regular expression)
  - 3. Assign **scores** based on similarities
  - 4. Finally, sort scores

- RDBMS:
  - Book table (ID, title)
  - User table (userid, name)
  - Ratings tables (UserID, bookID, rating):
     one for Decimal ratings from 1 to 5 and one for Binary ratings
- Integration between RDBMS + MongoDB + 4store is achieved by means of IDs:
  - After agreeing on the matching of a book obtained externally (i.e., goodreads and dbpedia), why would I need to run the same matching process if that book is again requested?
    - So, an ID is just assigned to that book and then stored locally
    - The RDBMS can be seen as a cache of already integrated books ( a corpus for ratings )
- Lookup in those tables to determine search case (cold case or not)

Integration of results: Comparing Title + Author

Assumption: if two books have same title and author, they are the same

- If match from both sources agree: assume correct book found and return
- Otherwise return list of results from DBpedia

Assumption: DBpedia is richer/linked so it has priority

- Results imported into local MongoDB after match with DBpedia and insertion into local RDBMS.
- These rules can be configured in the metadata repository (JSON file)

# Metadata Repository

### **Metadata Repository**

- Represented in a JSON file:
  - Frontend: What can the client search for?
  - External Sources:
    - List of external sources to add in the Integration Layer
      - Searchby: Map global to local concept used for search (e.g., title into URI)
      - Matching: Map global to local attribute used for matching between external sources.
      - Mapping: Map global to local concepts that must be returned to the Frontend
  - Backend:
    - Same keywords than external sources but refers to local DBMS

#### Search Rules:

- Additional rules (specify behavior in certain situations)
- Describes the criteria used to define similarities between books (e.g., same author and genre)

```
"frontend":
      "searchby": ["title", "author"],
      "results": {"page": 10},
      "metadata_to_display": ["title", "author", "genre", "year_of_publication",
                               "cover_image","rating","country"]
  },
                       "external_sources":
                           "dbpedia":
                               "searchby":
                                   "title":
                                       "title": { "value": "http://dbpedia.org/property/name", "main":true },
                                       "author": { "value":["http://dbpedia.org/property/author",
mappings
                                                    "http://dbpedia.org/property/name"], "main":false }
                               "mapping":
                                  "title": "http://dbpedia.org/property/name",
                                   "author": "http://rdf.recommender/authorName",
                                   "country": "http://dbpedia.org/property/country"
                               },
                               "mapping_depth":1,
                               "index":"value",
                               "matching": { "title":"title", "author":"author" }
```

# even more mappings

```
"goodreads":
        "searchby":
            "title": "best_book.title",
            "author": "best_book.author.name"
        },
        "mapping":{ "cover_image":"best_book.image_url",
                    "year_of_publication":"original_publication_year.val",
                    "title":"best_book.title",
                    "author": "best book, author, name" },
        "mapping_depth":0,
        "index":"".
        "confidence_threshold":0.5,
        "matching": { "title":"best_book.title", "author":"best_book.author.name" }
"backend":
    "searchby":{"title":"booktitle", "author":"authorname"},
    "mapping":{"rating":"ratings.internal"}
'searchrules" :
    "dbpedia_as_master_external_source":true,
    "check_for_local_version_first":true,
    "goodreads_select_most_rated_as_best":false,
    "similarity":
        "current": "author.genre",
        "criteria":
            "author": [ { "name": "author", "value": "http://dbpedia.org/property/author" } ],
```

# **Metadata Repository**

- Rules
- How to search (external sources, backend): terms to query
- How to search (Special behavior: cold case/ perfect hit...)

- Collaborative: Distances on User (user-based, except cold start)
- Assumptions: 1 Less users than books2 Stable (updates once a week)
- High computational cost (number of books/users/ratings)
   In practice :pre-computed in the background and stored for quick lookup.

- Content Based
- Binary/non-binary ratings (different distances)

- Situations:
- Cold Case
   no user information,
   no query for a book :
  - 1) use local database,

2) rank by ratings(weighted by # of reviews)

```
scores = []
max = 0
for item in tprefs:
    sc = 0
    numb = 0
    for persone in tprefs[item]:
        sc = sc + tprefs[item][persone]
        numb = numb + 1
    if max<numb : max=numb</pre>
    scores.append((float(sc)/numb,numb,item))
# Sort the list so the highest scores appear at the top
scores = [(ra*(5+nb/max)/6 ,nb,item) for ra, nb, item in scores]
scores.sort()
scores.reverse()
return scores
```

User-history: (User Information)
 Similar users (Find book user might like, that he has not read.)

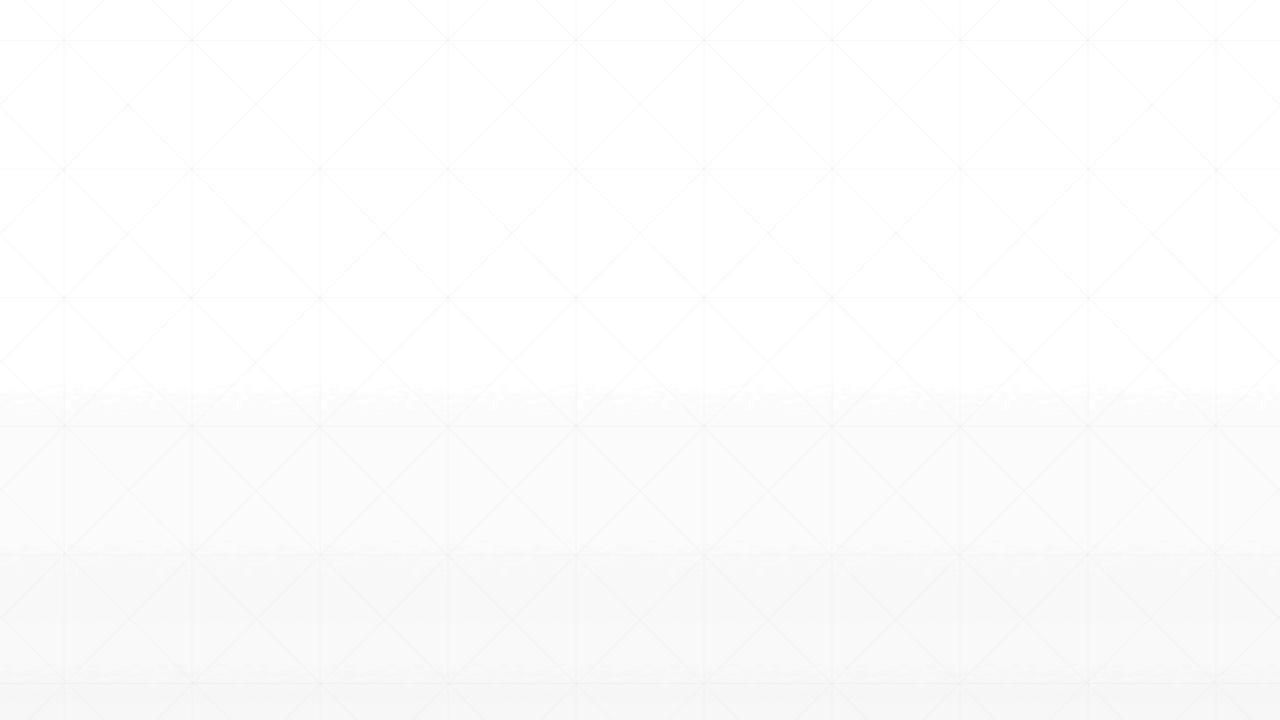
Users	Sim	Book1	Sim * Book1	Book2	Sim*Book2	Book3	Sim*Book3
User1	0,99	3	2,9	7 5	4,95	2	1,98
User2	0,38	3	1,1	4		5	1,9
User3	0,56	4,5	2,5	2 2	1,12	3	1,68
Total			6,6	3	6,07		5,56
SimSum	1,93		1,9	3	1,55		1,93
T/SimSum			3,4	4	3,92		2,88
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			3,1		3,32		

- Sim\*Book: weighted rating (heavier if very similar user)
- Total/SimSum: Total score normalized by number ratings

- Book-based (No user information, A book query)
- Content-based: (author, title, genre...)
   Using Linked RDF source (4store locally)
- User-based: "People who like this book also like..."
   Transpose point of view
   Compute Similarities

Any combination (if have required information)

# Live Demo!!



# Thank you for your attention...

# **Bibliography**

• [1] SEGARAN, Toby. *Programming collective intelligence: building smart web 2.0 applications*. " O'Reilly Media, Inc.", 2007.

- Technologies for web app: python, mysql, mongodb, 4store
- Code will eventually be placed on: <a href="https://www.github.com/diegoolano">www.github.com/diegoolano</a> along with build requirements/installation notes.