

# Tidy First? Book Review

Diego Pacheco





# tidy

#### adjective

comparative adjective: tidier

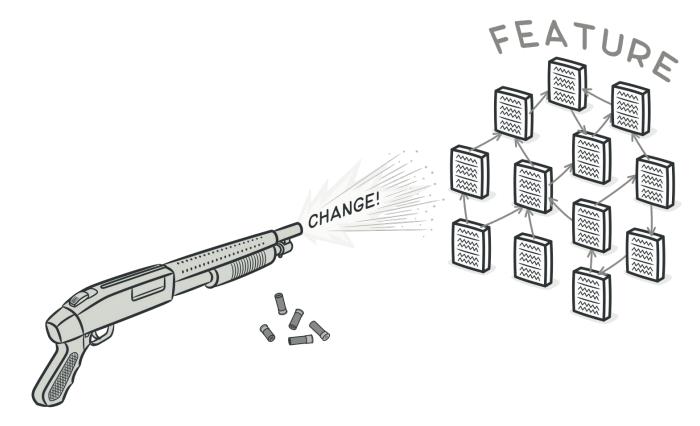
1. arranged neatly and in order.

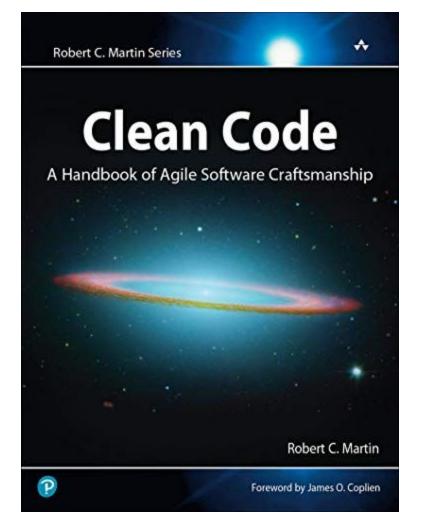
"his scrupulously tidy apartment" synonyms: neat, neat and tidy, as neat as a new pin, orderly, well ordered, in (good) order, well kept, shipshape (and Bristol fashion), in apple-pie order, immaculate, spick and span, uncluttered, organized, well organized, well arranged, sorted out, straight, straightened out, trim, spruce; archaic tricksy "a tidy room"



Mary Condo - Sparkle Joy

## What's Wrong with Refactoring?





#### I'm feeling...





#### Micro book

- 33 chapters
- 1 page per chapter most of time
- Very very short
- Something too abstract miss more details
- Good food for thought...

#### Part #1 - Tidyings == Techniques

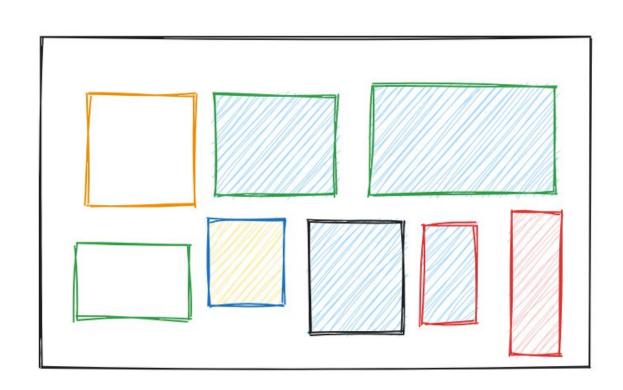
- Guard Clauses (Avoid nested IFs)
- 2. Dead Code (Just delete it, Logs)
- 3. Normalize Symmetries (do it all same way)
- 4. New Interface, Old Implementation (Strangler feelings)
- 5. Reading Order
- 6. Cohesion Order
- 7. Move declaration and initialization together
- 8. Explaining Variables
- 9. Explaining Constants
- 10. Explaining Parameters

## Part #1 - Tidyings == Techniques

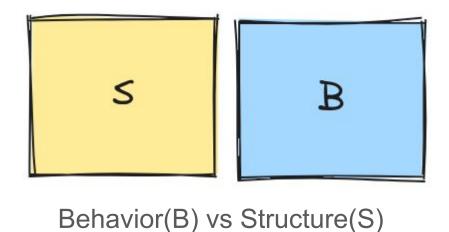
- 11. Chunk Statements
- 12. Extract Helper (Util class feelings)
- 13. One Pile
- 14. Explaining Comments
- 15. Delete redundant comments

## Part II - Meanings - Making Sense of Changes

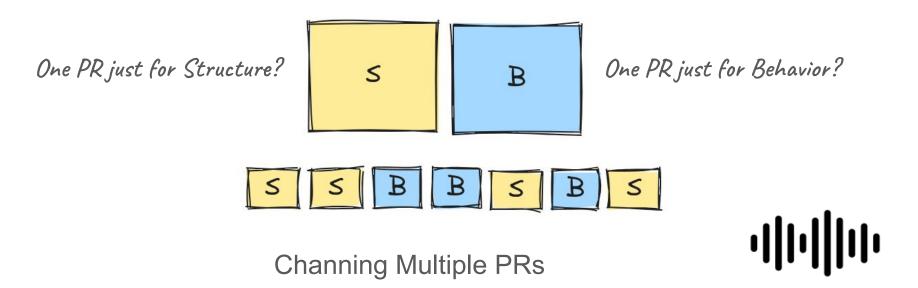




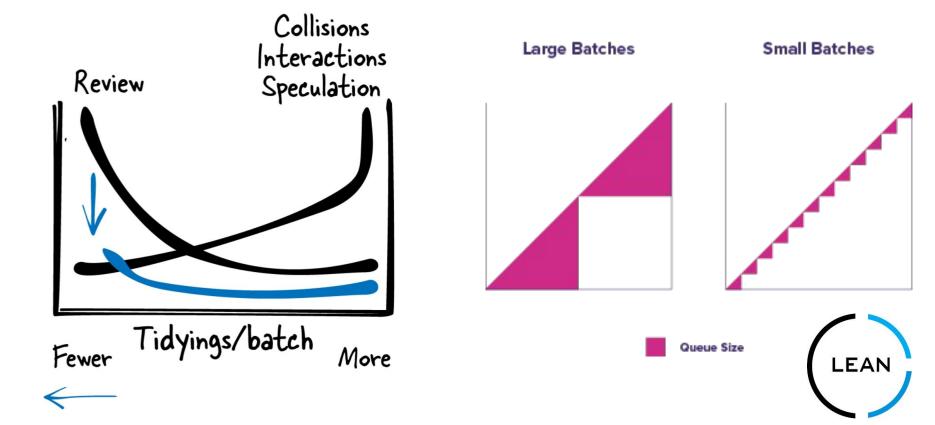
#### Part II - Meanings - Making Sense of Changes



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#### Batch size - Collision Speculations





#### First, Later, Never

#### Never

- Never changing this code again
- Nothing to learn by improving the design

#### Later

- Big Batch of tidying without immediate payoff.
- Eventual payoff for completing the tidying
- You can tidy in little batches

#### First

- Will payoff immediately (improve comprehension or behavior change)
- You know what to tidy and how

#### Cost

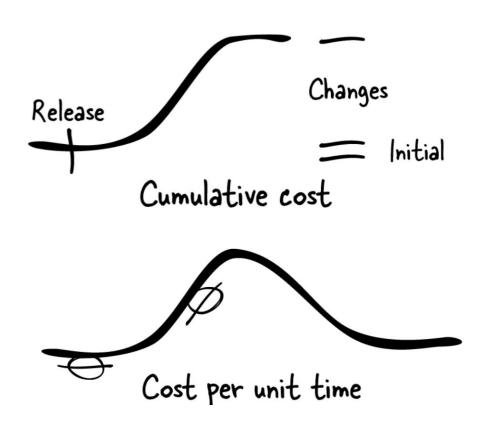
**NOW** 

Cost(Tidying) + Cost(Behavior change after tidy)

<

Cost(Behavior change without tidy)

## Part III - Theory - Constantine Equivalence



Cost(change) = ~ Cost(Big Change)

 $Cost(Big\ change) = \sim Cost(Coupling)$ 

Cost(Software) = ~ Cost(Coupling)

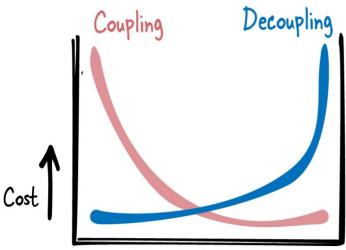
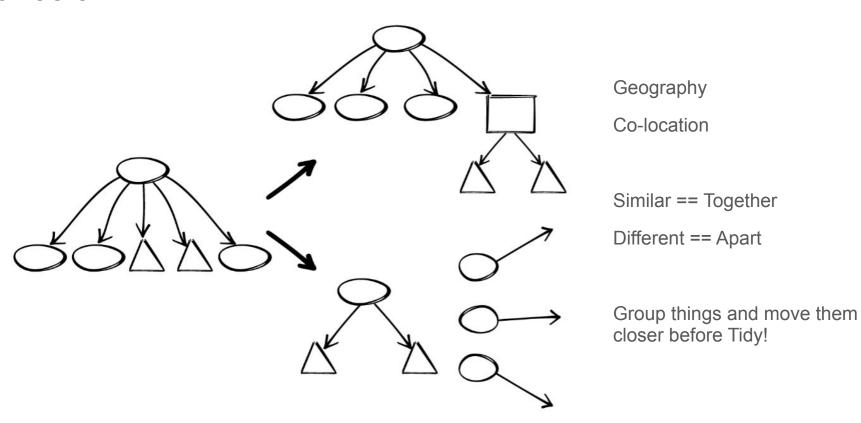


Figure 31-1. Cost of coupling trades off with cost of decoupling

#### Cohesion



#### Forces

Cost: Would the tidy make it smaller, later or less likely?

Revenue: Would the tidy make it larger, sooner, or more likely?

Coupling: Tidy will make us change fewer elements?

Cohesion: Tidy make elements I need to change are smaller and more concentrated scope?



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