Taller 5. Protocolo REST

Diego Iván Perea Montealegre (2185751) diego.perea@uao.edu.co

Facultad de Ingeniería, Universidad Autónoma de Occidente

Cali, Valle del Cauca

Para realizar los protocolos de REST se creó una carpeta para realizar todos los procesos de realización de obtención y postulo de datos , y así dar todas las configuraciones e instalaciones de json.

```
To address all issues, run:
    npm audit fix

Run `npm audit` for details.

npm notice

npm notice New minor version of npm available! 8.11.0 -> 8.19.1

npm notice Changelog: https://github.com/npm/cli/releases/tag/v8.19.1

npm notice Run npm install -g npm@8.19.1 to update!

npm notice

PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\restt>
```

Figura 1. instalación de json server en la carpeta

Se realiza el siguiente código

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL JUPYTER

+ FullyQualifiedErrorId: CommandNotFoundException

PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\restt> npx json-server --watch datos.json

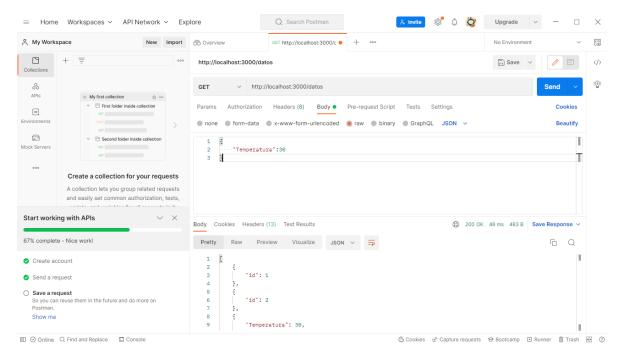
npm warn config global `--global`, `--local` are deprecated. Use `--location=global` instead

.

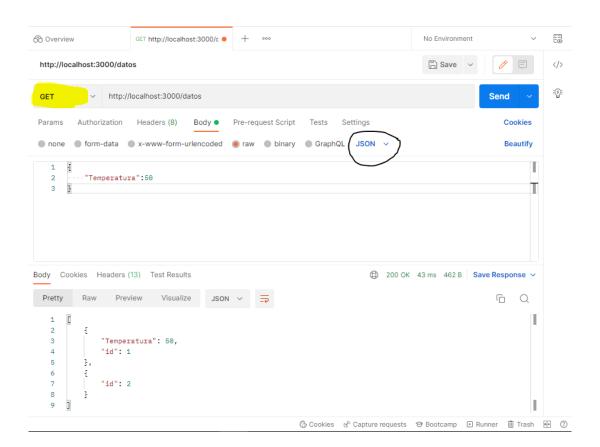
\{^_^}/ hi!

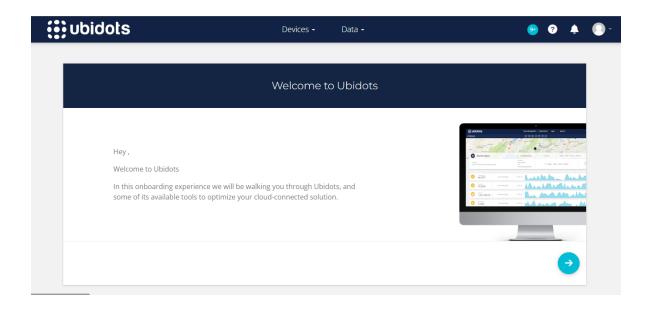
Loading datos.json

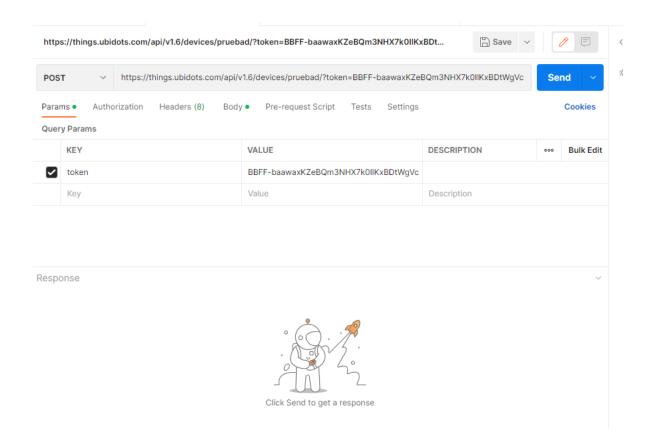
Done
```

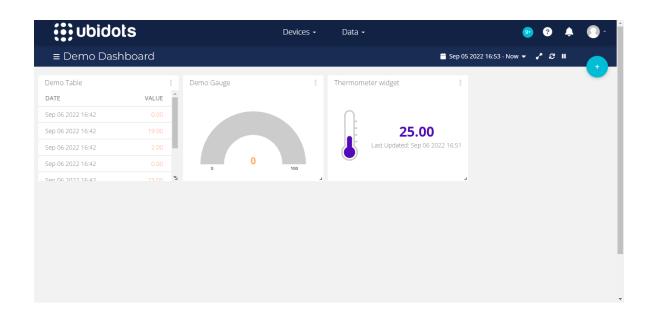


Se realiza con get (obtiene el dato), post(se postea el dato) , delete (eliminar el dato) y put (modificar el dato)









Ahora con el ESP32

```
#include <Arduino.h>
#include <HTTPClient.h>
#include <WiFi.h>
#include <ArduinoJson.h>
//LIBRERIAS PARA DHT11 (TEMPERATURA Y HUMEDAD)
#include <Adafruit Sensor.h>
#include <DHT.h>
//DEFINICION DE PINES DHT11
#define DHTPIN 4 // 4 = PIN D4
#define DHTTYPE DHT11
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
//potenciometro ph
const int portPin=34;
int valor=0;
const char* ssid = "***"; //El SSID de la red wifi a la que se conectará
const char* password = "****"; //El password para conectarse a la red
inalambrica
void setup_wifi() {
  delay(10);
  // We start by connecting to a WiFi network
  Serial.println();
  Serial.print("Connecting to ");
  Serial.println(ssid);
 WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
  while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
  delay(500);
  Serial.print(".");
 Serial.println("");
 Serial.println("WiFi connected");
  Serial.println("IP address: ");
  Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600); //Serial connection
```

```
setup wifi(); //WiFi connection
  delay(1500);
void loop() {
  //CODIGO----TEMPERATURA Y HUMEDAD-----
  float h= dht.readHumidity();
  float t =dht.readTemperature();
//potenciometro ph
  valor=analogRead(portPin)/292.5;
  String variable;
  DynamicJsonDocument doc(1024); //creacion del json
  doc["temperatura"] = t;
  doc["humedad"] = h;
  doc["Ph"] = valor;
  serializeJson(doc, variable);
  Serial.println("dato a enviar: "+ variable);
  HTTPClient http; //Declare object of class HTTPClient
  WiFiClient client;
  //Specify request destination
  http.begin(client, "http://192.168.***:3000/datos/");
  http.addHeader("Content-Type", "application/json"); //Specify contenttype
  int httpCode = http.POST(variable); //Send the request
  String payload = http.getString(); //Get the response payload
  Serial.println(httpCode); //Print HTTP return code
  Serial.println(payload); //Print request response payload
  http.end(); //Close connection
  delay(5000); //Send a request every 5 seconds
```

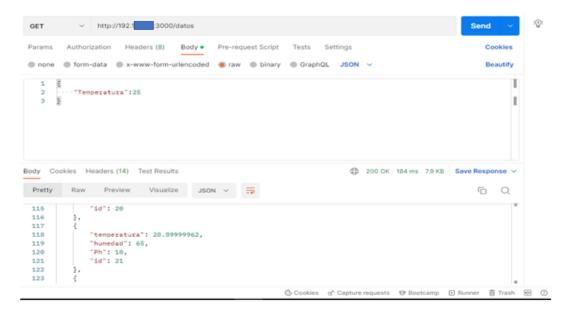
```
"id": 14
}
dato a enviar: {"temperatura":28.89999962,"humedad":70,"Ph":10}
201
{
    "temperatura": 28.89999962,
    "humedad": 70,
    "Ph": 10,
    "id": 15
}
dato a enviar: {"temperatura":null,"humedad":null,"Ph":10}
```

```
Home
http://192.16 3:3000

Type s + enter at any time to create a snapshot of the database
Watching...

POST /datos/ 201 273.963 ms - 63
POST /datos/ 201 169.283 ms - 63
POST /datos/ 201 89.702 ms - 63
POST /datos/ 201 171.449 ms - 63
POST /datos/ 201 78.454 ms - 67
```

Post de envio de datos con cmd

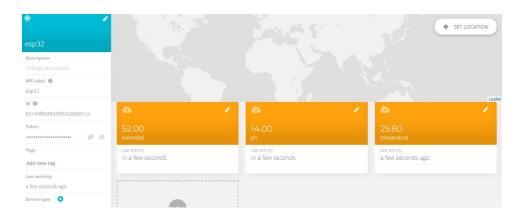


Visualizacion de datos con método get con postman

Procedimiento – Plataforma Iot Con Soporte Rest con valores sensados Código :

```
#include <Arduino.h>
#include <HTTPClient.h>
#include <WiFi.h>
#include <ArduinoJson.h>
//LIBRERIAS PARA DHT11 (TEMPERATURA Y HUMEDAD)
#include <Adafruit_Sensor.h>
#include <DHT.h>
//DEFINICION DE PINES DHT11
#define DHTPIN 4 // 4 = PIN D4
#define DHTTYPE DHT11
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
//potenciometro ph
const int portPin=34;
int valor=0;
const char* ssid = "***name**wifi"; //El SSID de la red wifi a la que se
conectará
const char* password = "***"; //El password para conectarse a la red
inalambrica
void setup_wifi() {
  delay(10);
 // We start by connecting to a WiFi network
  Serial.println();
  Serial.print("Connecting to ");
  Serial.println(ssid);
  WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
  while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
  delay(500);
  Serial.print(".");
 Serial.println("");
  Serial.println("WiFi connected");
 Serial.println("IP address: ");
  Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600); //Serial connection
  setup_wifi(); //WiFi connection
 delay(1500);
```

```
void loop() {
  //CODIGO----TEMPERATURA Y HUMEDAD-----
  float h= dht.readHumidity();
 float t =dht.readTemperature();
//potenciometro ph
  valor=analogRead(portPin)/292.5;
  String variable;
  DynamicJsonDocument doc(1024); //creacion del json
  doc["temperatura"] = t;
  doc["humedad"] = h;
  doc["Ph"] = valor;
  serializeJson(doc, variable);
  Serial.println("dato a enviar: "+ variable);
  HTTPClient http; //Declare object of class HTTPClient
  WiFiClient client;
  //Specify request destination
  //http.begin(client, "URL A INGRESAR");
  //http.begin(client, "http://192.168.*.*:3000/datos/"); LOCAL URL
  http.begin(client,
"http://things.ubidots.com/api/v1.6/devices/esp32/?token=BBFF-
baawaxKZeBQm3NHX7k0IlKxBDtWgV*");//put your token , pon tu token
  http.addHeader("Content-Type", "application/json"); //Specify contentype
  int httpCode = http.POST(variable); //Send the request
  String payload = http.getString(); //Get the response payload
  Serial.println(httpCode); //Print HTTP return code
  Serial.println(payload); //Print request response payload
  http.end(); //Close connection
  delay(5000); //Send a request every 5 seconds
```



```
{"humedad":[{"status_code":201}],"ph":[{"status_code":201}],"temperatura":[{"status_code":201}]}
dato a enviar: {"temperatura":25.79999924,"humedad":51,"ph":14}
[ 88635][E][WiFiClient.cpp:516] flush(): fail on fd 48, errno: 11, "No more processes"
200
{"humedad":[{"status_code":201}],"ph":[{"status_code":201}],"temperatura":[{"status_code":201}]}
dato a enviar: {"temperatura":25.79999924,"humedad":51,"ph":14}
[ 94778][E][WiFiClient.cpp:516] flush(): fail on fd 48, errno: 11, "No more processes"
200
```

Referencias

[1]2022. [Online]. Available: https://ubidots.com/community/t/esp32-and-ubidots-subscribing-multiple-variables/3829. [Accessed: 16- Sep- 2022]

[2]2022. [Online]. Available: https://ubidots.com/community/t/esp32-and-ubidots-subscribing-multiple-variables/3829/2. [Accessed: 16- Sep- 2022]