AERO 422 Homework #2

Instructor: Vedang Deshpande

Due: September 22, 2021 at 12:40p.m.

Fall 2021

(25 Points)

- 1. Consider the function $f(t) = te^{2t} \sin 3t$
 - (a) (2 points) Find the Laplace transform using the table. Mention which entries from the table are being used.
 - (b) (1 point) Can we use the F.V.T. to determine $f(\infty)$? Why or why not?
- 2. Find the inverse Laplace transform using the table and partial fraction expansion. Show your work.
 - (a) (2 points)

$$F(s) = \frac{s+10}{s^2 + 2s + 10}$$

(b) **(3 points)**

$$F(s) = \frac{s^2 + 1}{s(s-1)^3}$$

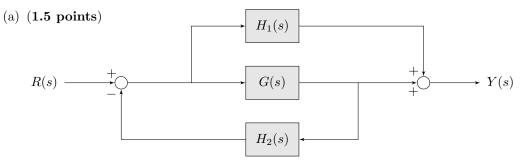
3. A given system is found to have a transfer function that is

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{10(s+2)}{s^2 + 8s + 15}$$

- (a) (3 points) Using partial fractions, determine y(t) when r(t) is a unit step input. Show your work.
- (b) (1 **point**) Can we use F.V.T. to find $y(\infty)$? If the answer is yes, apply F.V.T. If not, explain why.
- 4. (a) (3 points) Using the convolution integral, find the step response of the system whose impulse response is given below

$$h(t) = \begin{cases} te^{-t} & t \ge 0\\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

- (b) (2 points) Now use the Laplace transform table and partial fraction expansion to find y(t).
- (c) (2 points) Apply I.V.T. and F.V.T. (if applicable) to find y(0) and $y(\infty)$.
- 5. For each of the following block diagrams, reduce the block diagram to find T(s), where T(s) is defined by Y(s) = T(s)R(s).



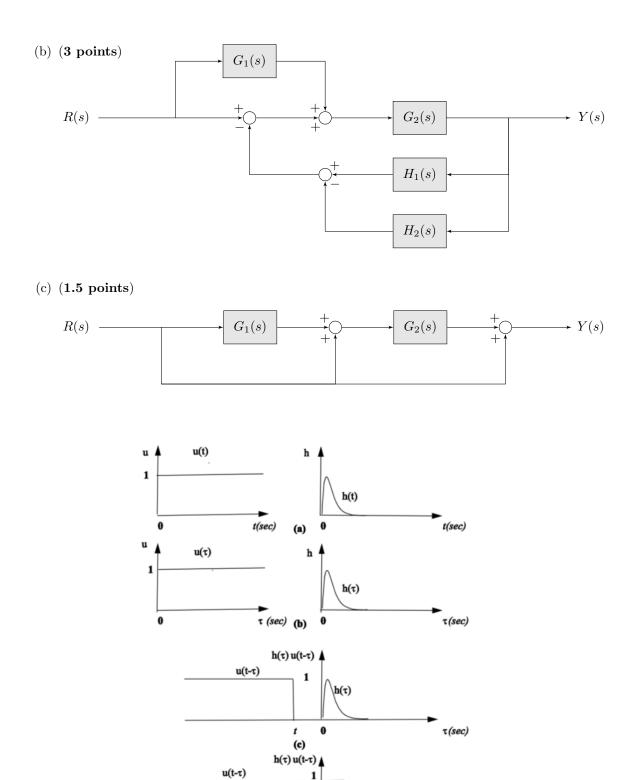


Figure 1: Convolution integral (reference for problem 4)

(d) 0

Illustration of convolution.

h(t)

τ(sec)