## AERO 422 Homework #2

Instructor: Vedang Deshpande

Due: [TBD] at 12:40p.m.

Fall 2021

(TBC Points)

- 1. Consider the function  $f(t) = te^{2t} \sin 3t$ 
  - (a) (2 points) Find the Laplace transform using the table. Mention which entries from the table are being used.
  - (b) (1 **point**) Can we use the F.V.T. to determine  $f(\infty)$ ? Why or why not?
- 2. Find the inverse Laplace transform using the table and partial fraction expansion. Show your work.
  - (a) (2 points)

$$F(s) = \frac{s+10}{s^2 + 2s + 10}$$

(b) (**3 points**)

$$F(s) = \frac{s^2 + 1}{s(s-1)^3}$$

3. A given system is found to have a transfer function that is

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{10(s+2)}{s^2 + 8s + 15}$$

- (a) (3 points) Determine, by hand, y(t) when r(t) is a unit step input. Show your work.
- (b) (2 points) Can we use F.V.T. to find  $y(\infty)$ ? If the answer is yes, apply F.V.T. If not, explain why.
- 4. (a) (3 points) Using the convolution integral, find the step response of the system whose impulse response is given below

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} te^{-t} & t \ge 0\\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

- (b) (2 points) Now use the Laplace transform table and partial fraction expansion to find y(t).
- (c) (2 points) Apply I.V.T. and F.V.T. (if applicable) to find y(0) and  $y(\infty)$ .
- 5. For each of the following block diagrams, reduce the block diagram to find T(s), where T(s) is defined by Y(s) = T(s)R(s).





