

Welcome to the purchasing services topic.

Objectives



At the end of this topic, you will be able to:

Describe the options for purchasing services.

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In this session, we will discuss the options for purchasing services. We look at two ways services are handled in purchasing – with and without purchase orders. Then we will look at the steps needed to enter A/P invoices for services such as rent or utilities. In the end, we discuss the possibility of using recurring transactions.

Business Scenario



- You purchase services such as web design and landscaping from vendors using purchase orders.
- Other services such as electricity or rent are purchased with an A/P invoice and no preceding documents.
- Recurring transactions help you generate A/P invoices for service agreements with regular payments.

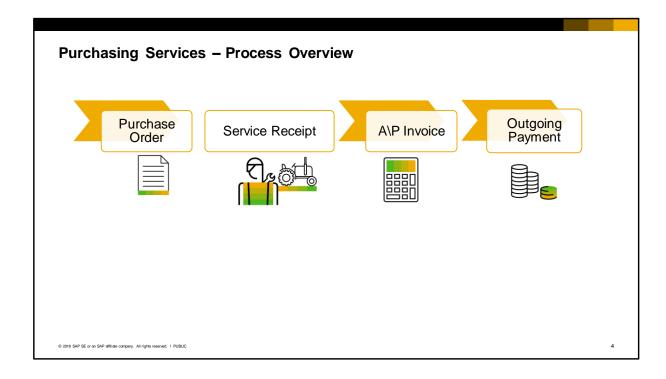
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Sometimes you purchase services such as web design or landscaping from vendors. In cases like these, you work with the vendor beforehand to agree on the type of work to be done and the price. In these cases, it makes sense to use a purchase order in the purchasing process to confirm your agreement with the vendor.

Other services such as electricity or rent, are purchased without purchase orders. Instead when the invoice is received from the vendor, you enter the information directly in an A/P invoice.

Recurring transactions help you generate A/P invoices for service agreements with regular payments.



When you buy landscaping, training or other non-physical purchases, you can still use purchase orders and A/P invoices.

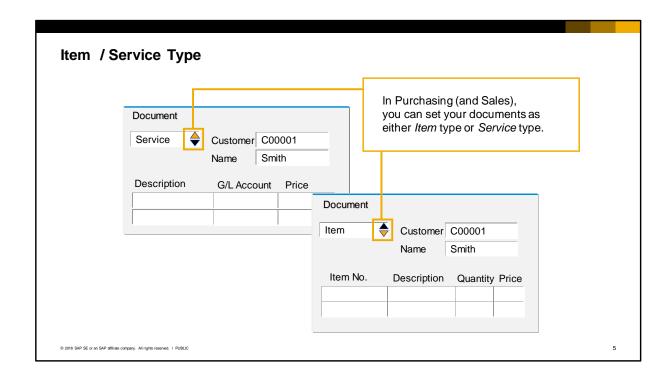
When purchasing services, you may wish to begin with a purchase order which describes the service being purchased, the price agreed to, and the G/L account associated with the service. The purchase order is optional. The advantage of using a purchase order is that it gives you a document in which to set the conditions and price for the service. Generally you discuss the scope of the project and expected price with the vendor and at that point the purchase order is created with the details of the agreement.

When the vendor receives the purchase order, they confirm the agreement and dates are set for them to perform the service.

The goods receipt PO document is generally not used for purchasing services. Usually, this step occurs outside the system.

After the service is received and the vendor sends an invoice, an A/P invoice is entered into the system.

Finally, an outgoing payment is created to pay the vendor.



You have two options when purchasing services, you can either set up a service as an item or use a description to purchase the service.

A sales or purchasing document can include either pre-defined items from master data or descriptions of services which are directly entered in its rows. The document cannot include both.

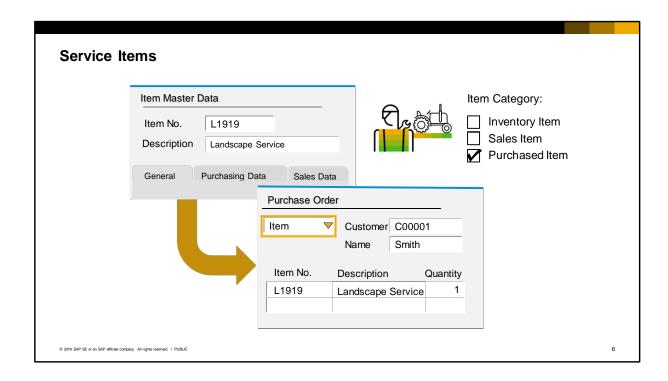
When you create a document, you set the Item/Service Type to either Service or Item.

This setting applies to the entire document, and you cannot change it once you have saved the document

The table view on the Content tab page is different for each option.

When would you set the Item/Service type to Service? You only use the Service option in SAP Business One to buy or sell a service that does not have a master record.

When would you set the Item/Service Type to Item? When you are purchasing physical items and/or services set up as item master data.



Let us take a look at setting up a service in an item master record. Service items can be very useful if you purchase a service frequently and the price is pre-set with the vendor.

As we mentioned before, a nice advantage of using service items is that you can add the service item onto item-type marketing documents, such as purchase orders. This allows you to combine items and services on the same document.

When you add the item master onto a marketing document, you specify the quantity used. This allows you to better track services in standard reports. You can use the usual sales and purchasing analyses for services.

Having item master data for your services also reduces the chance for errors during data entry. You can set up prices, sales quantities, and so on, that default into your documents.

When you create a service item, you will set the item category as a non-inventory item. For service items you buy, you mark the checkbox for purchased items.

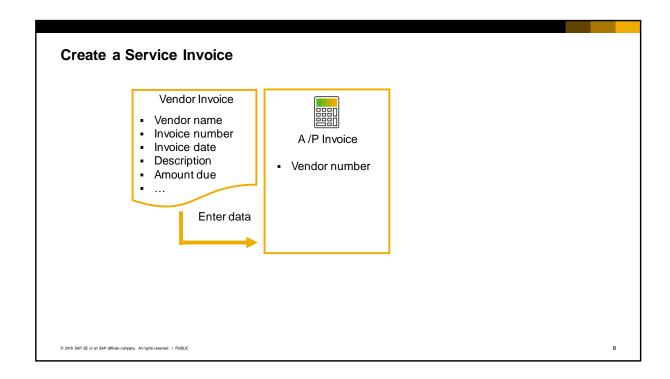
Service items can also be used in sales as well as in purchasing. In fact, typically creating a service item is done more frequently for selling services, than for purchasing services.

Create a Service Invoice Vendor Invoice Vendor name Invoice number Invoice date Description Amount due ...

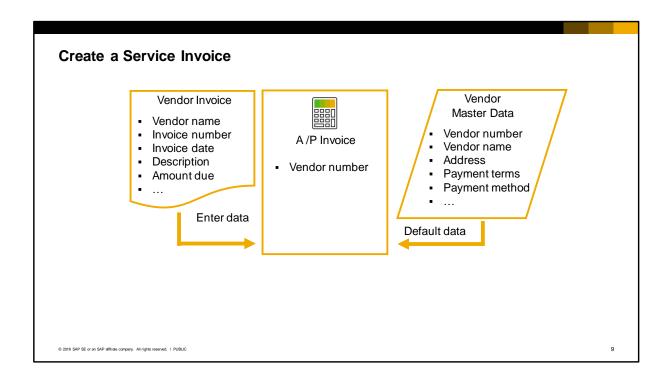
For services such as electricity or rent, there is usually no purchase order involved in the process. Let us take a look at the process of creating an A/P invoice for this type of service.

Imagine that you just received a vendor invoice for rent from your landlord.

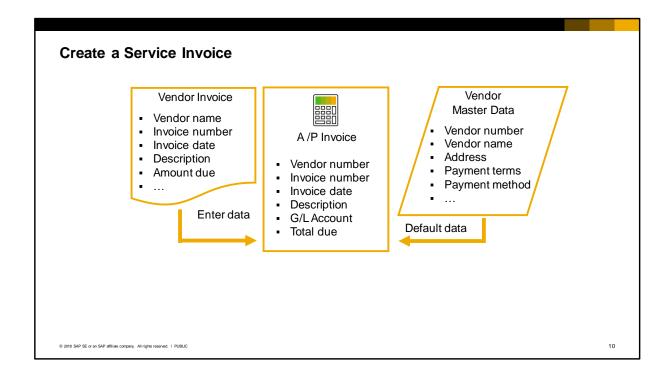
The vendor invoice contains the vendor's name, their own invoice number, the date the invoice was issued, a description of the service purchased and the amount due.



You create an A/P invoice in SAP Business One and enter in the vendor code.



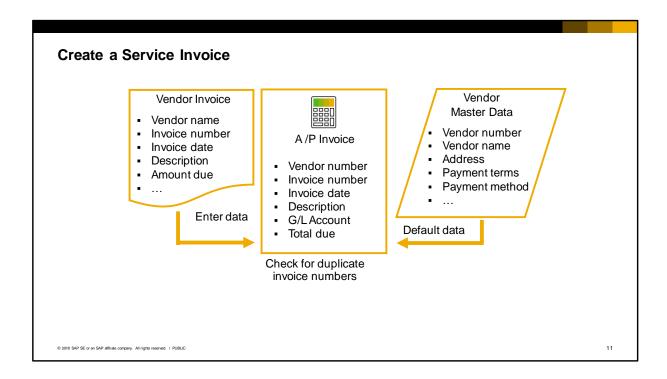
This brings in the default data from the vendor master record such as the vendor name, address, payment terms, payment method and more.



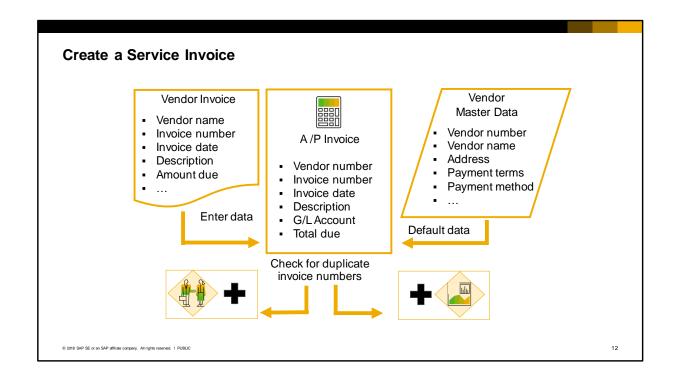
You enter the vendor invoice number and the vendor invoice date that you read on the vendor invoice.

You verify that the correct Item/Service type setting exists to enter service information such as the description of the services and the appropriate G/L account.

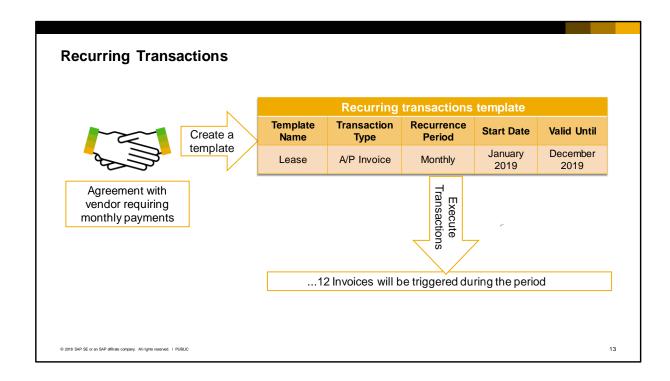
And of course, you enter the amount due in the total due field in the A/P invoice.



When you save the invoice, SAP Business One performs a duplicate invoice number check for the vendor. The system alerts you if the vendor invoice number is found so you can research the invoice. This function helps us to avoid duplicate payments.



When the system saves the invoice, the value updates the amount due to the vendor, the related expense account, and the related general ledger control account at the same time.



Sometimes services such as rent or maintenance are supplied on a regular basis with a periodic standard fee. In these cases you can use recurring transactions.

This functionality allows you to automatically generate purchasing, sales or inventory documents on a regular basis.

Just set up a template where you select the frequency, date range and document type for the recurring transaction.

Recurring transactions are also available for inventory documents as well as purchasing and sales marketing documents.

In our business example, we have agreed with a vendor to lease some commercial space for one year.

We set up the template to generate an A/P invoice for paying the lease amount each month.

- When we execute the template, the documents for the period are created.
- At the end of the period, a total of 12 invoices will have been triggered.

Summary



Here are some key points:

- For purchasing services, the A/P invoice is the only mandatory document in purchasing.
- You have the option of using a purchase order to specify services required to the vendor.
- Setting up item master data for a service can be useful for services you regularly buy or sell. Service items are entered on item-type marketing documents.
- Using an item master allows you to track quantities used in regular purchasing and sales analysis, as well as eliminate data-entry errors.
- A recurring transaction template can be useful for generating purchasing documents on a periodic basis.

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