

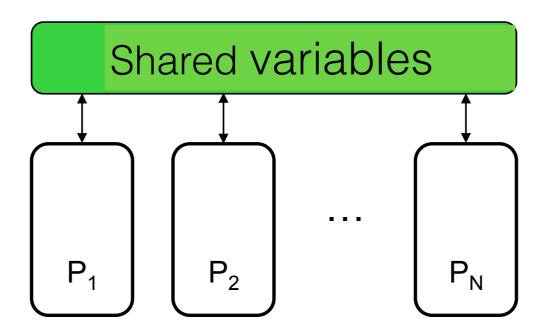
# Counter-Example Guided Program Verification

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#### **Concurrent Programs**

1. Parallel processes with shared variables



- 2. Interleaving (Sequentially Consistent) semantics:
  - Computations of different processes are shuffled
  - Program order is preserved for each process

### **Verification of Concurrent Programs**

For a program P, and a (control + variable values) state s:

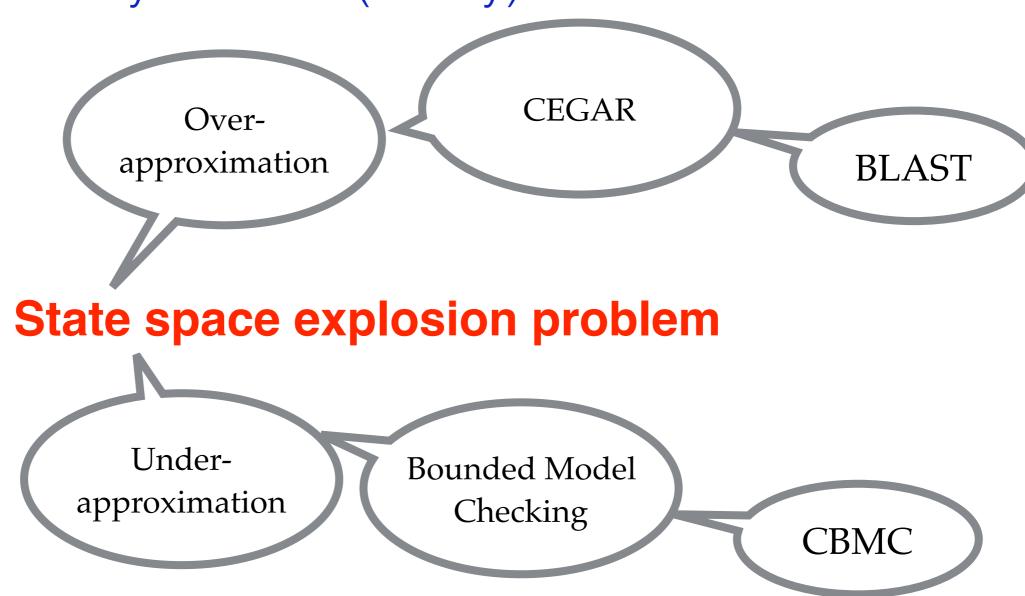
State Reachability Problem (Safety)

s is reachable in P?

State space explosion problem

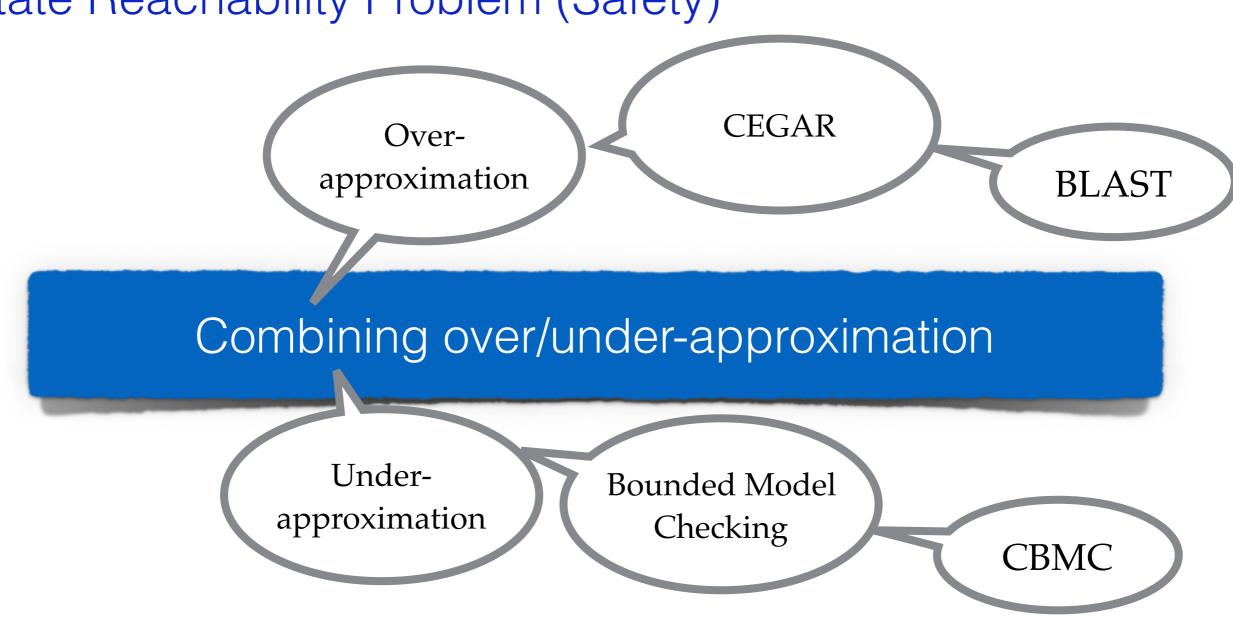
# **Verification of Concurrent Programs**

## State Reachability Problem (Safety)

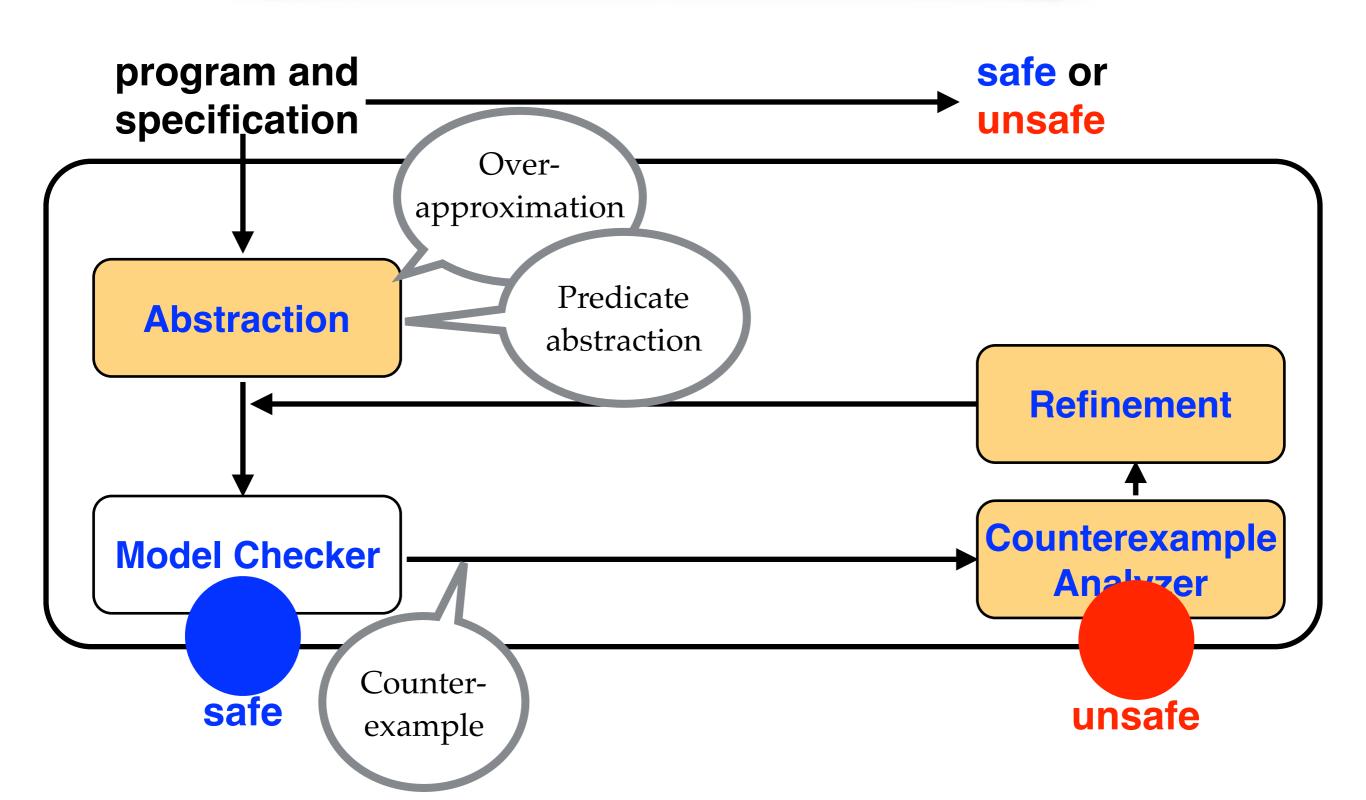


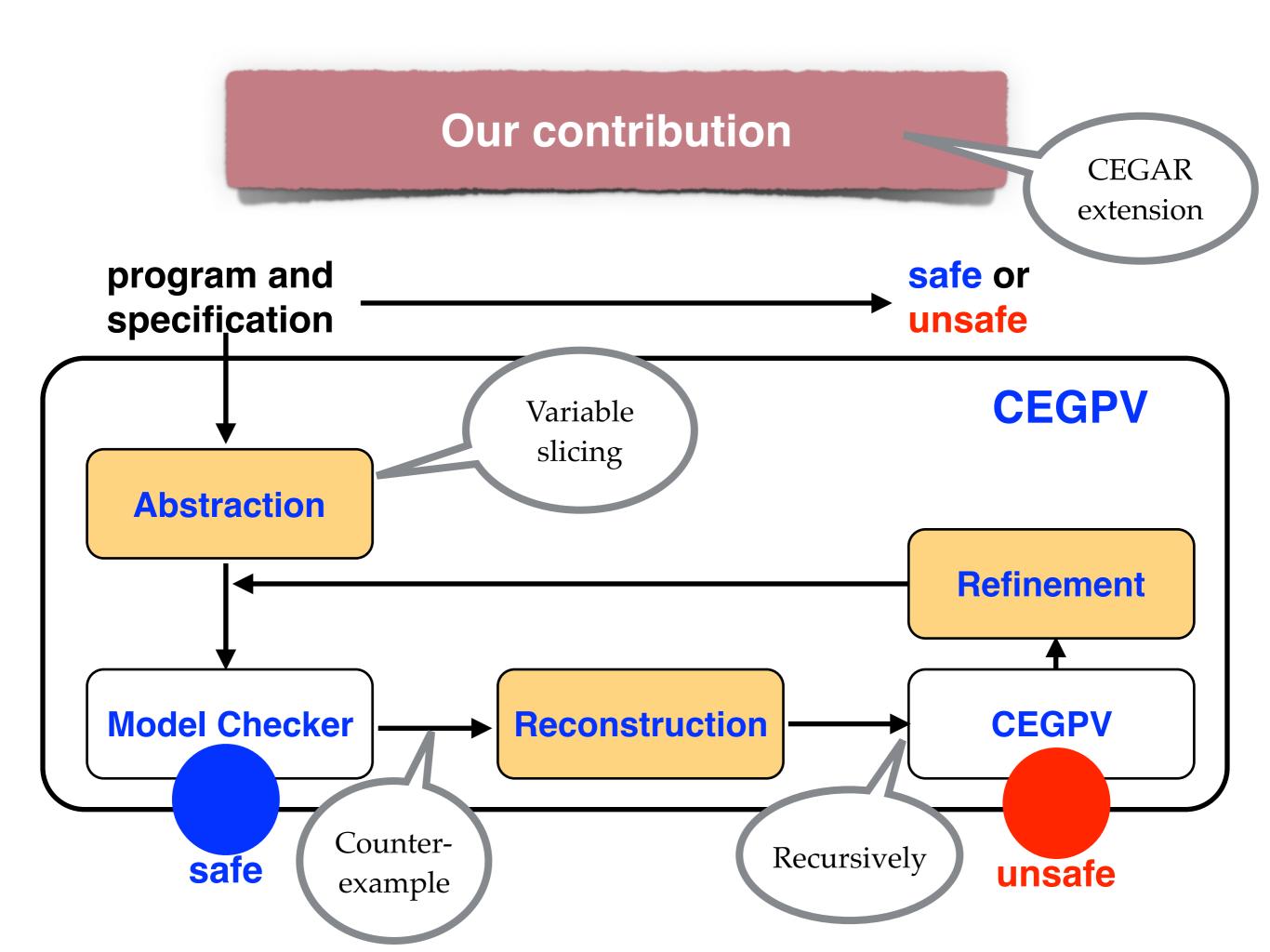
# **Verification of Concurrent Programs**

#### State Reachability Problem (Safety)



#### **CEGAR**

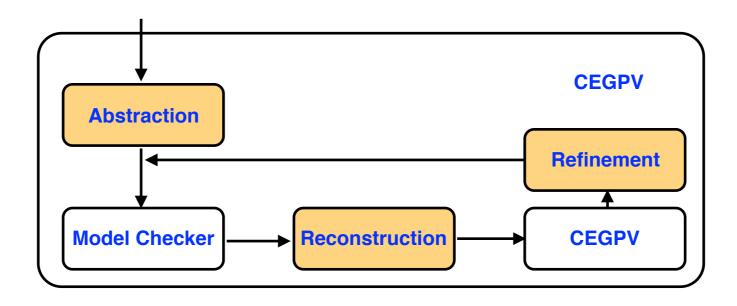




#### Our contribution

- 1. Deal with the state-space explosion problem
- 2. CEGAR extension for program verification
- 3. Code to code translation

Can run on any back-end tools



### Example

**SV-COMP** 

var: x, y, z, t1, t2

P1: 
$$x = y?z?0:1:1$$

P2: 
$$y = z$$

P3: 
$$z = 0$$

P4: 
$$t1 = x$$

P5: 
$$assert(t1 + t2! = 1)$$

Q1: 
$$x = y?0:z?0:1$$

Q2: 
$$y = !z$$

Q3: 
$$z = 1$$

Q4: 
$$t2 = x$$

$$x = 0$$

else if 
$$(z)$$

$$x = 0$$

$$x = 1$$

Safety property

# Variable dependency

var: x, y, z, t1, t2

P1: 
$$x = y?z?0:1:1$$

P2: 
$$y = z$$

P3: 
$$z = 0$$

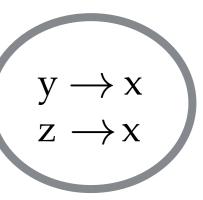
P4: 
$$t1 = x$$

Q1: 
$$x = y?0:z?0:1$$

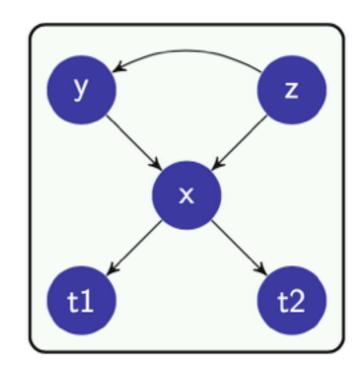
Q2: 
$$y = !z$$

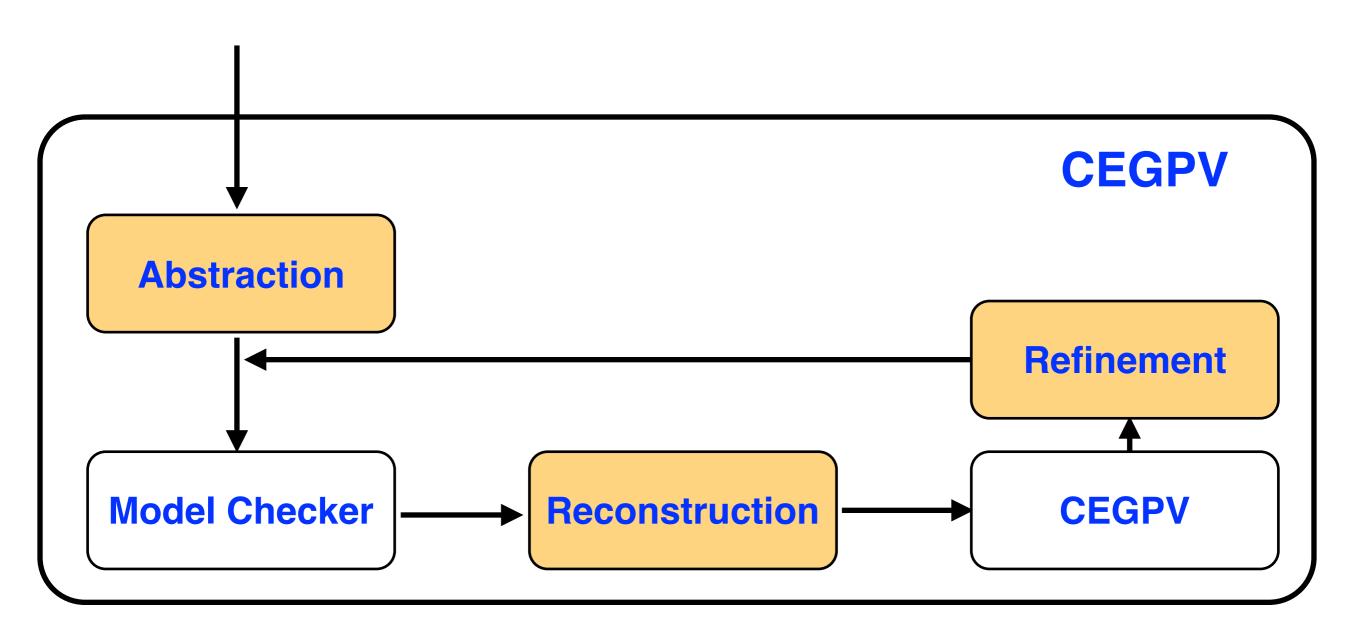
Q3: 
$$z = 1$$

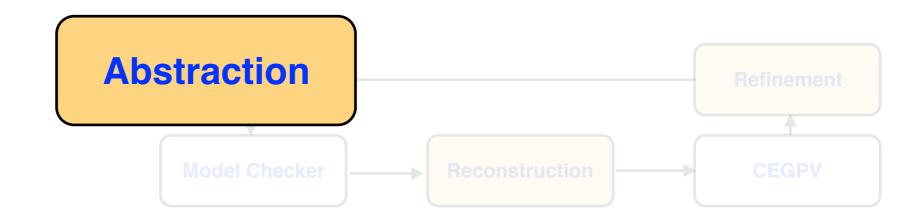
**Q4**: 
$$t2 = x$$



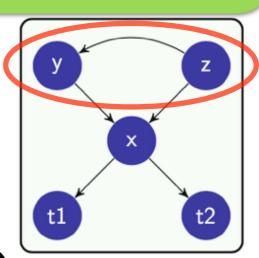
Variable dependency graph







- 1. Replace some variables by a non-deterministic value (\*)
- 2. Remove assignments of removed variables



var: x, y, z, t1, t2

P1: x = y?z?0:1:1

P2: y = z

P3: z = 0

P4: t1 = x

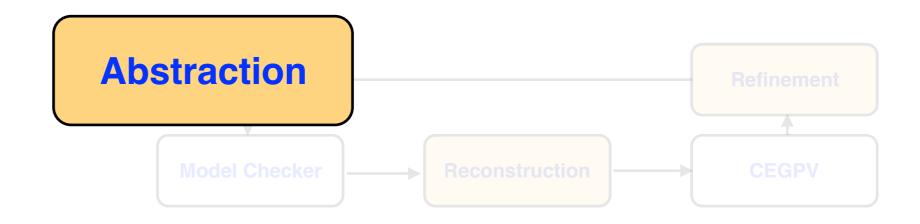
P5: assert(t1 + t2 != 1)

Q1: x = y?0:z?0:1

Q2: y = !z

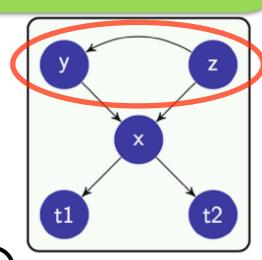
Q3: z = 1

Q4: t2 = x



- 1. Replace some variables by a non-deterministic value (\*)
- 2. Remove assignments of removed variables

removing variables



contain removing variables

P1: 
$$x = y?z?0:1:1$$

P2: 
$$y = z$$

P3: 
$$z = 0$$

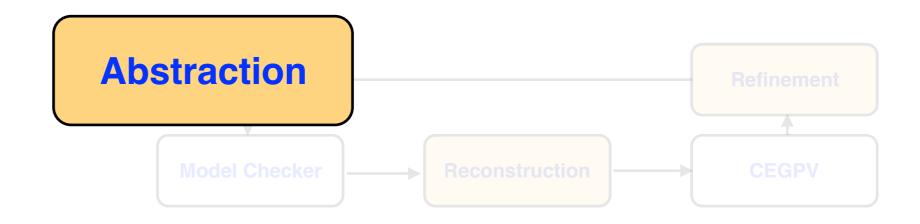
P4: 
$$t1 = x$$

Q1: 
$$x = y?0:z?0:1$$

Q2: 
$$y = !z$$

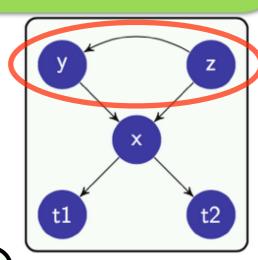
Q3: 
$$z = 1$$

**Q4**: 
$$t2 = x$$



- 1. Replace some variables by a non-deterministic value (\*)
- 2. Remove assignments of removed variables

removing variables



contain removing variables

P1: 
$$x = y?z?0:1:1$$

P2: 
$$y = z$$

P3: 
$$z = 0$$

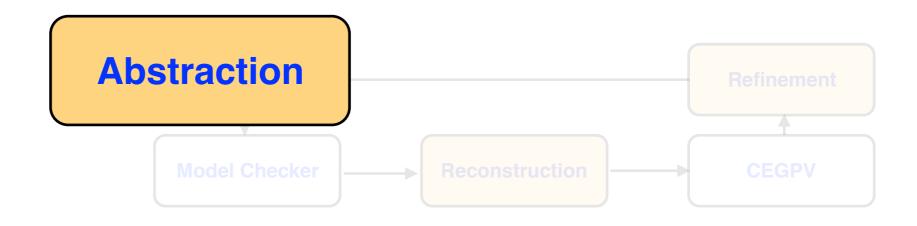
P4: 
$$t1 = x$$

Q1: 
$$x = y?0:z?0:1$$

Q2: 
$$y = !z$$

Q3: 
$$z = 1$$

**Q4**: 
$$t2 = x$$

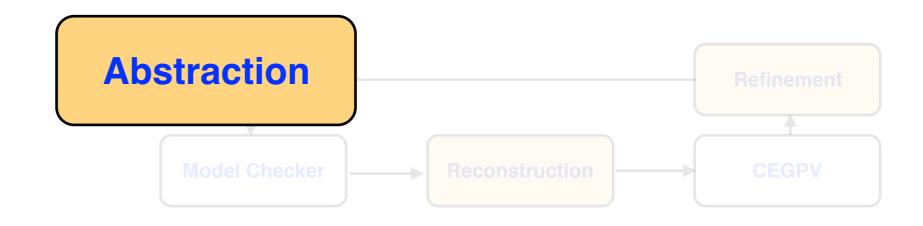


1. Replace some variables by a non-deterministic value (\*)

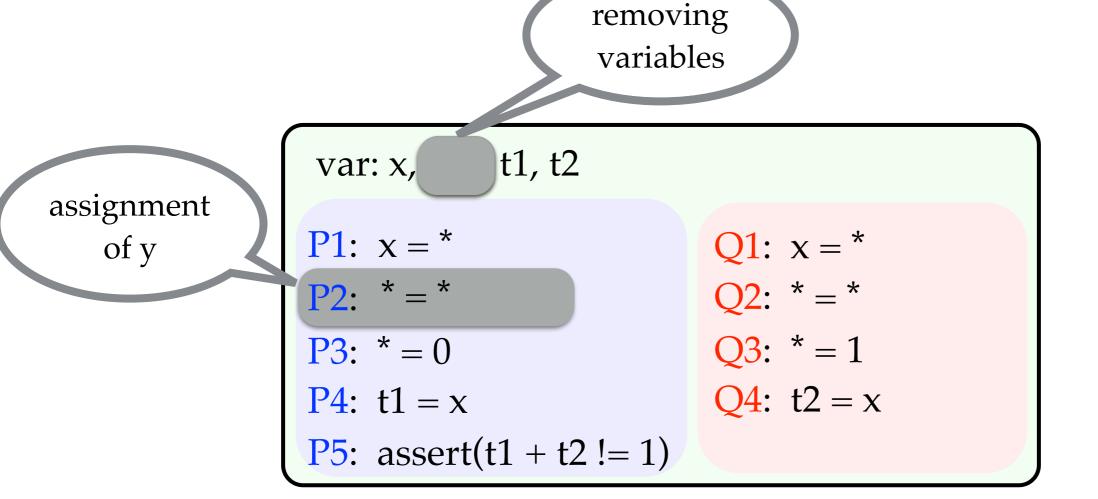
removing

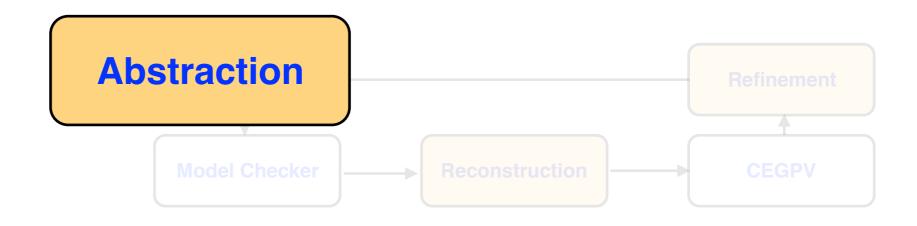
variables

2. Remove assignments of removed variables

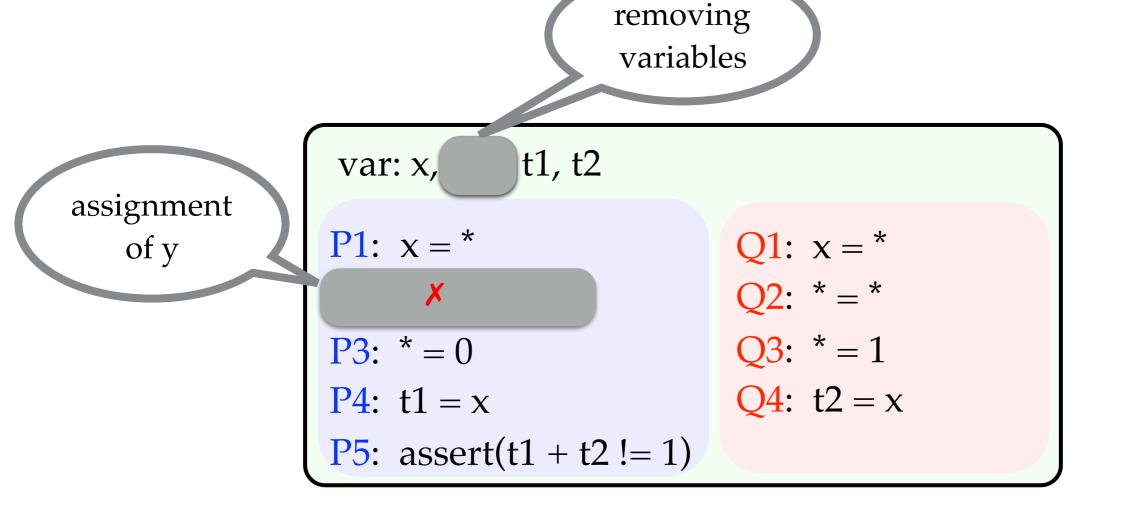


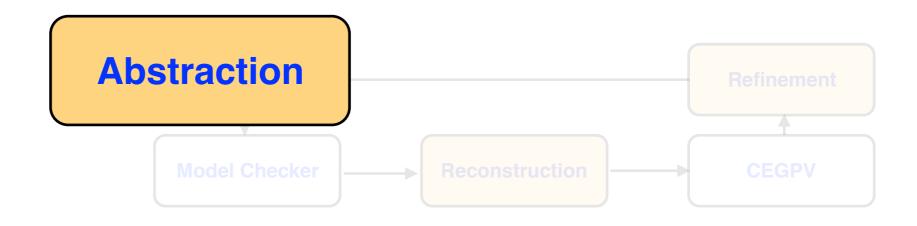
- 1. Replace some variables by a non-deterministic value (\*)
- 2. Remove assignments of removed variables





- 1. Replace some variables by a non-deterministic value (\*)
- 2. Remove assignments of removed variables

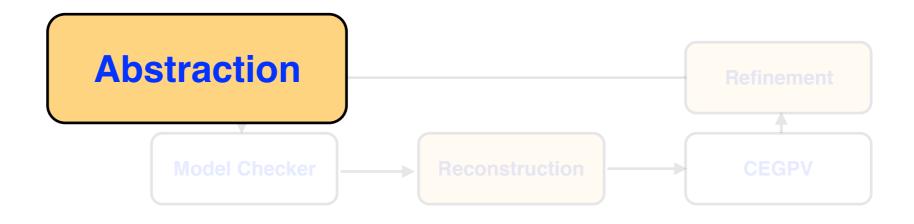




1. Replace some variables by a non-deterministic value (\*)

removing

2. Remove assignments of removed variables



Lemma 1: if the abstracted program is safe, then the original program is safe.

```
var: x, y, z, t1, t2
P1: x = y?z?0:1:1
P2: y = z
P3: z = 0
P4: t1 = x
P5: assert(t1 + t2!=1)
Q1: x = y?0:z?0:1
Q2: y = !z
Q3: z = 1
Q4: t2 = x
```

var: x, t1, t2

P1: 
$$x = *$$

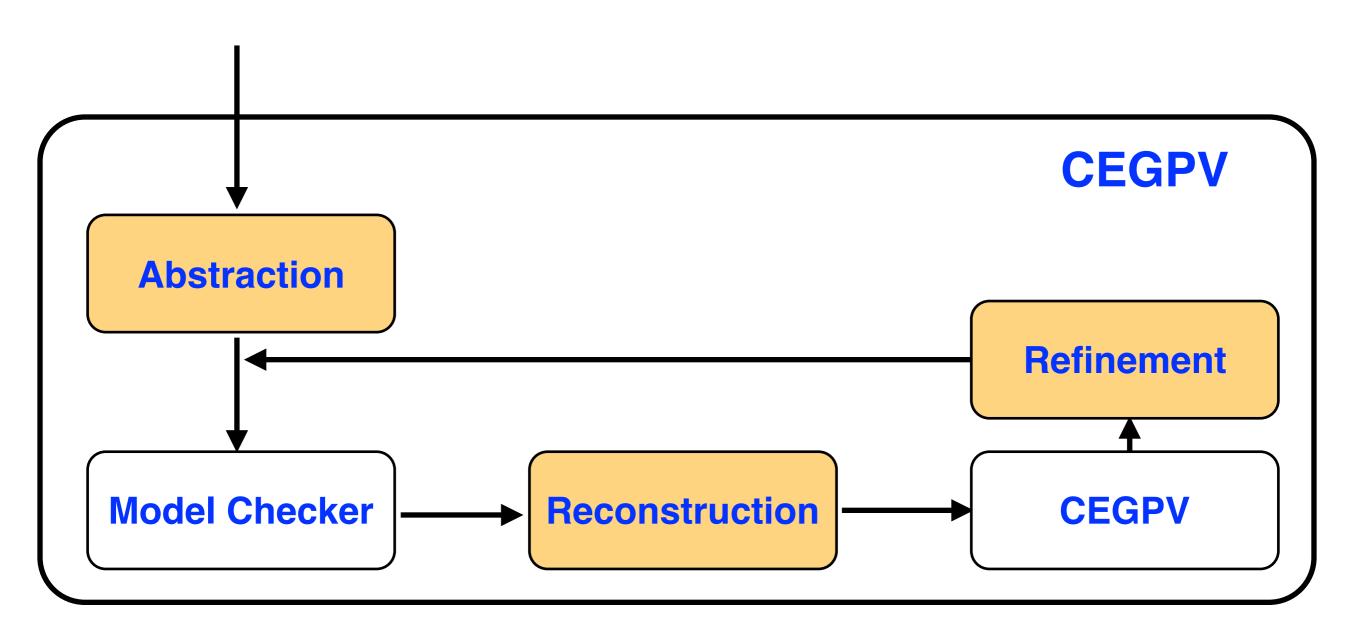
P4: t1 = x

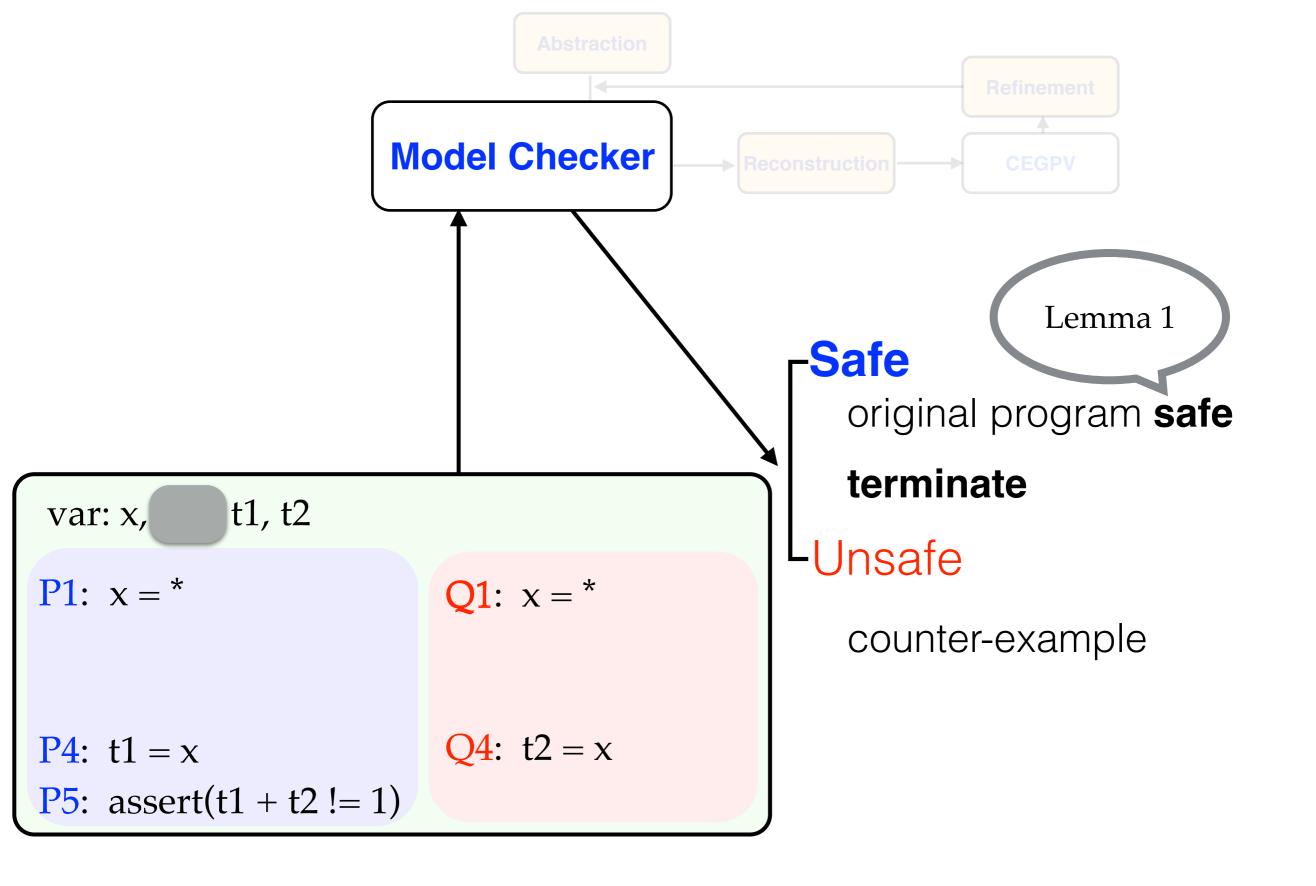
P5: assert(t1 + t2 != 1)

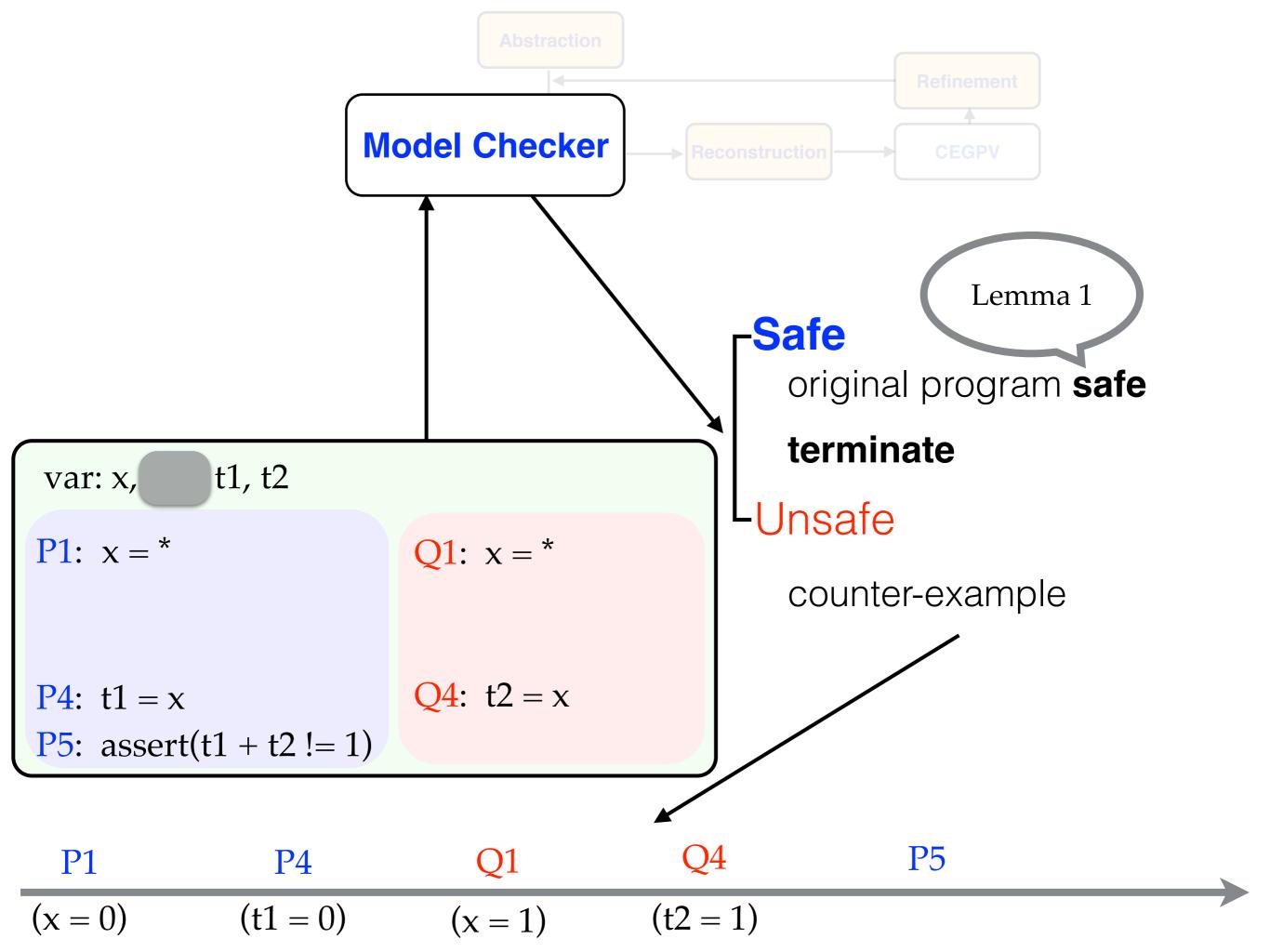
Q1: x = \*

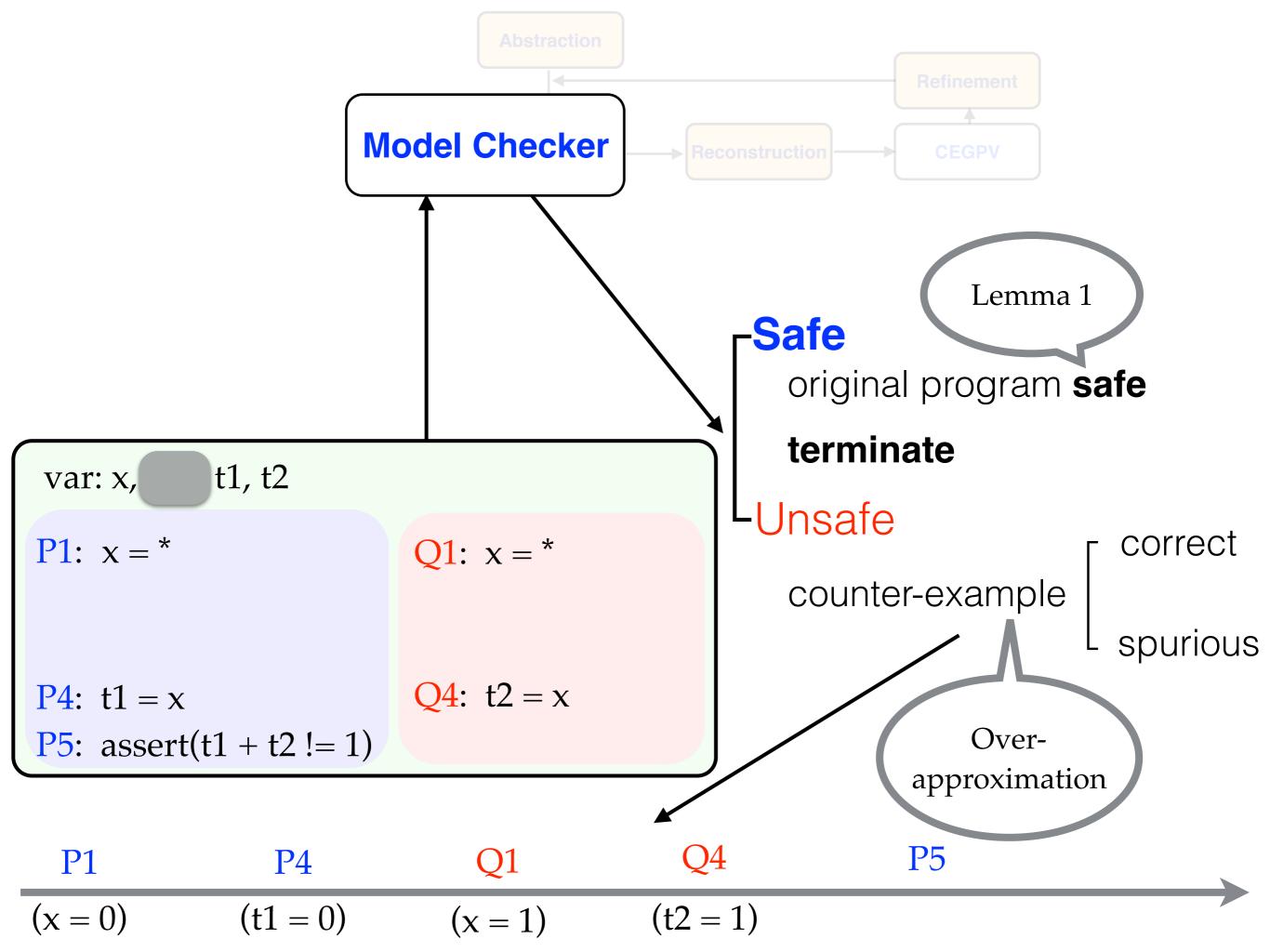
Q4: t2 = x

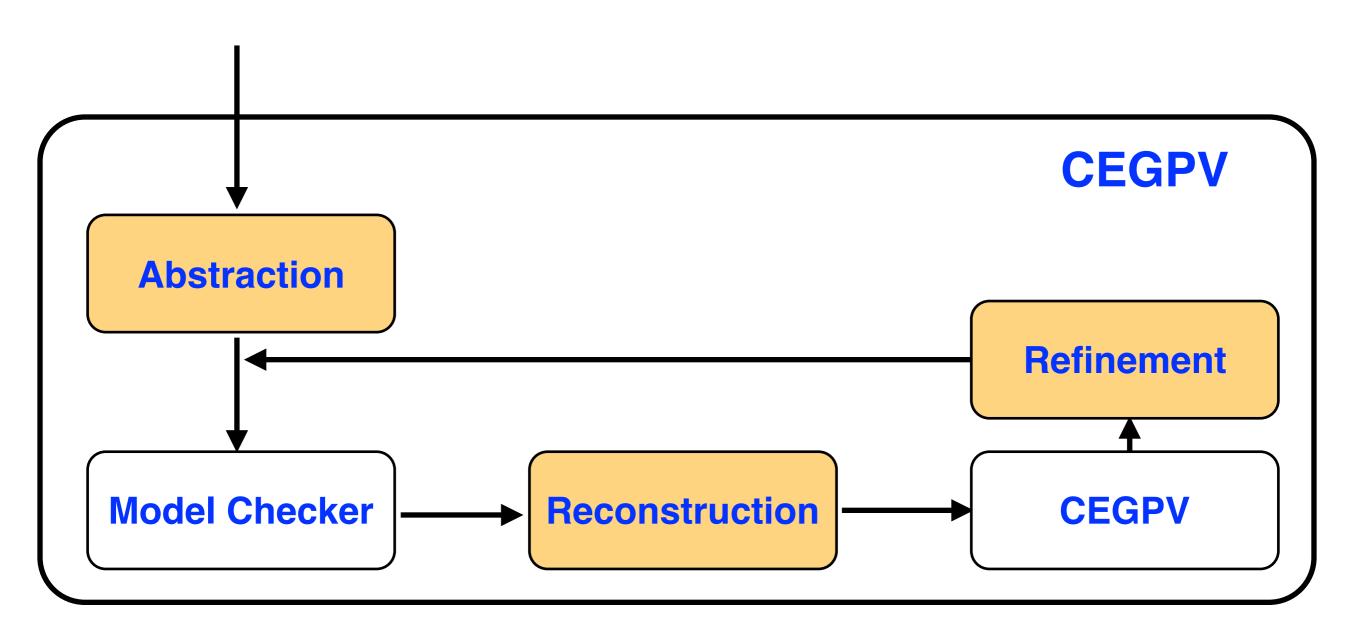
Abstracted program is an **over-approximation** of original program

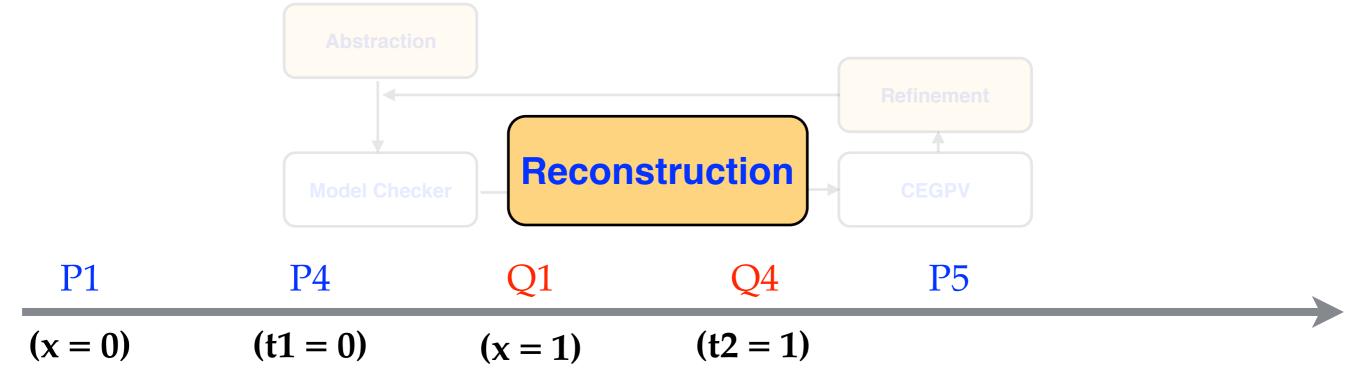












- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

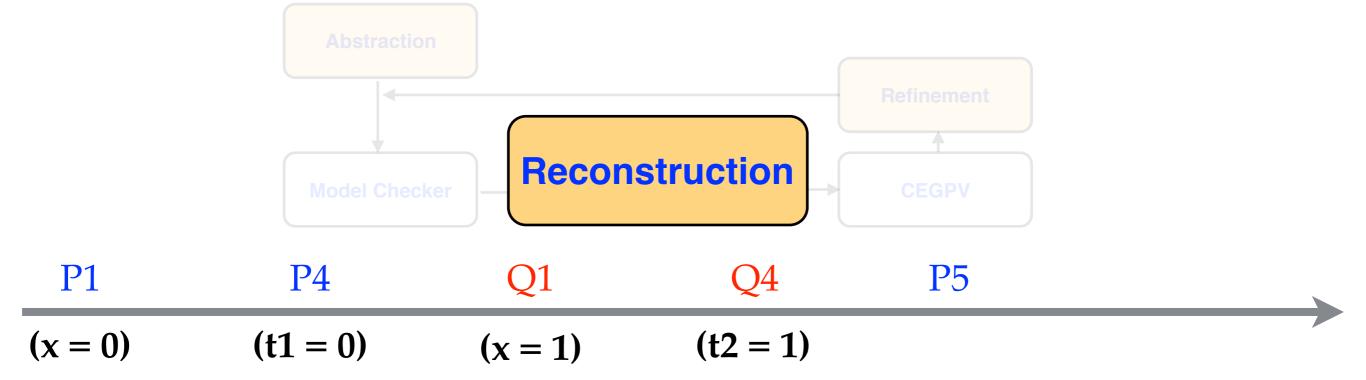
```
var: x, t1, t2

P1: x = *

Q1: x = *

P4: t1 = x

P5: assert(t1 + t2!= 1)
```

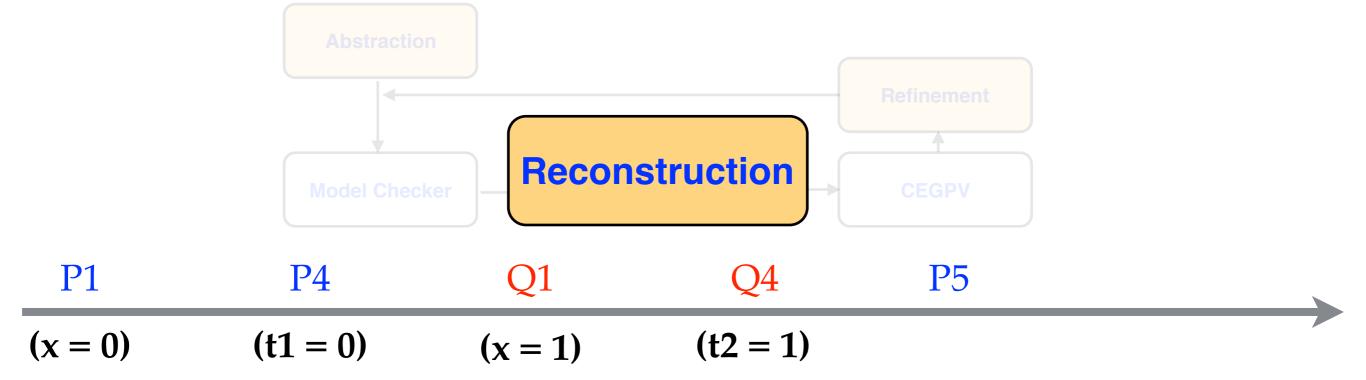


- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

add back

var: x, t1, t2

P1: x = \*Q1: x = \*P4: t1 = xP5: assert(t1 + t2! = 1)



- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

add back

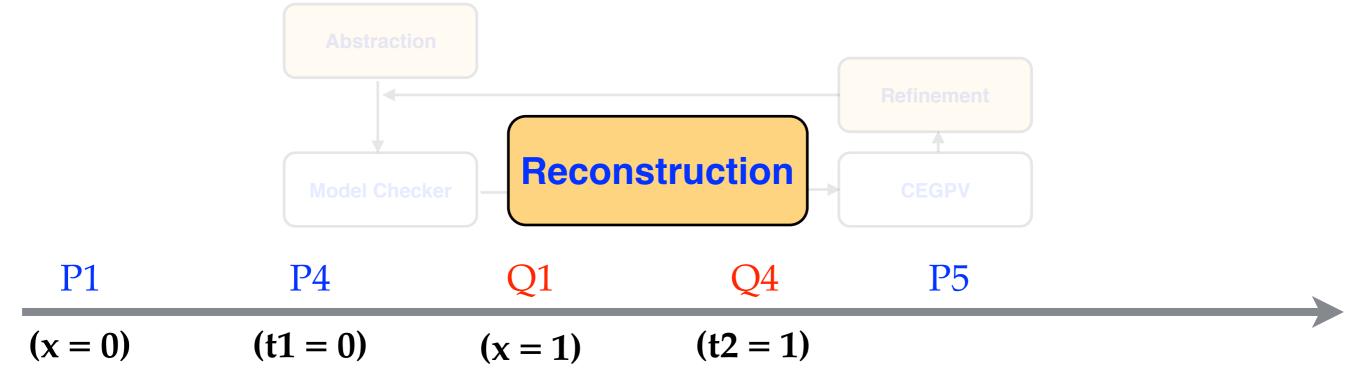
var: x, y, z, t1, t2

P1: x = \*

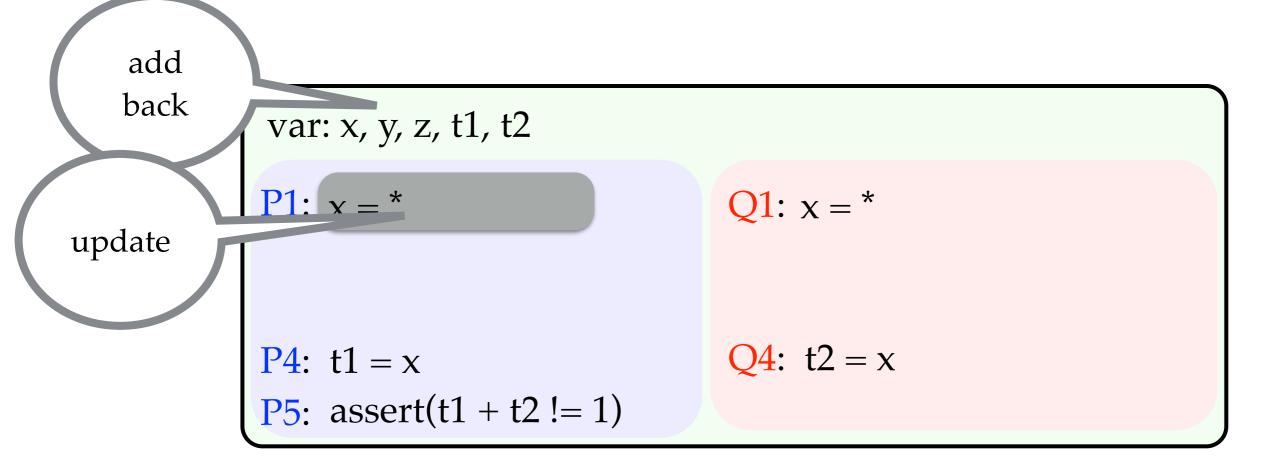
Q1: x = \*

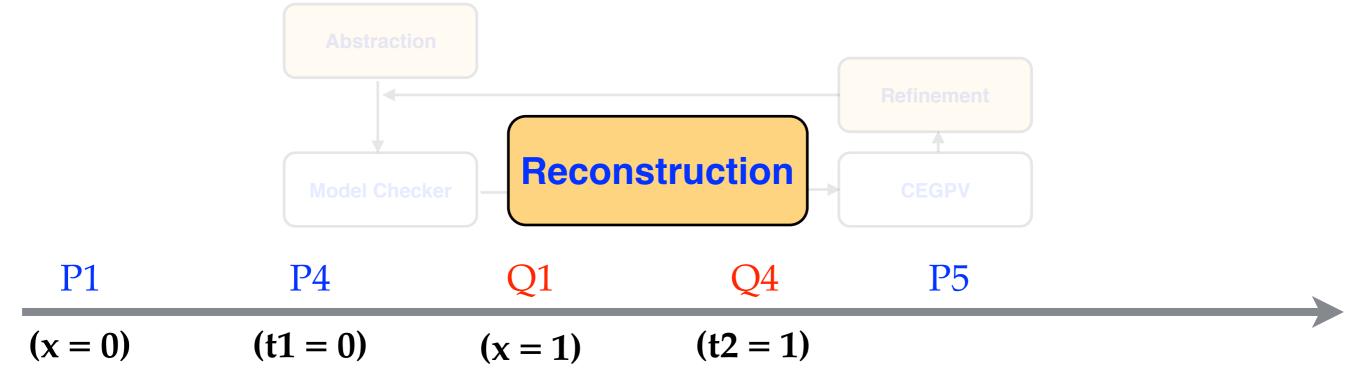
P4: t1 = x

P5: assert(t1 + t2!= 1)

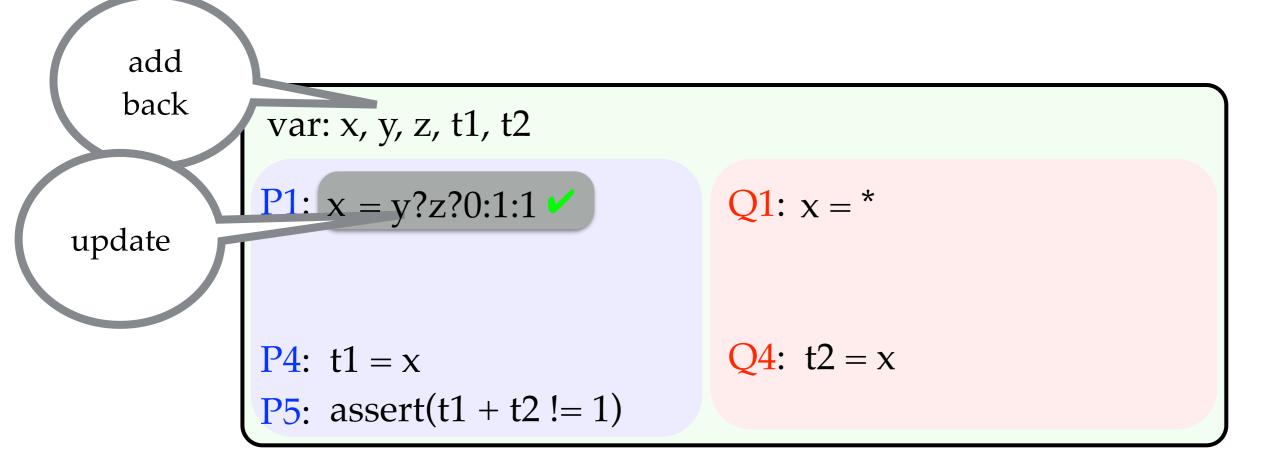


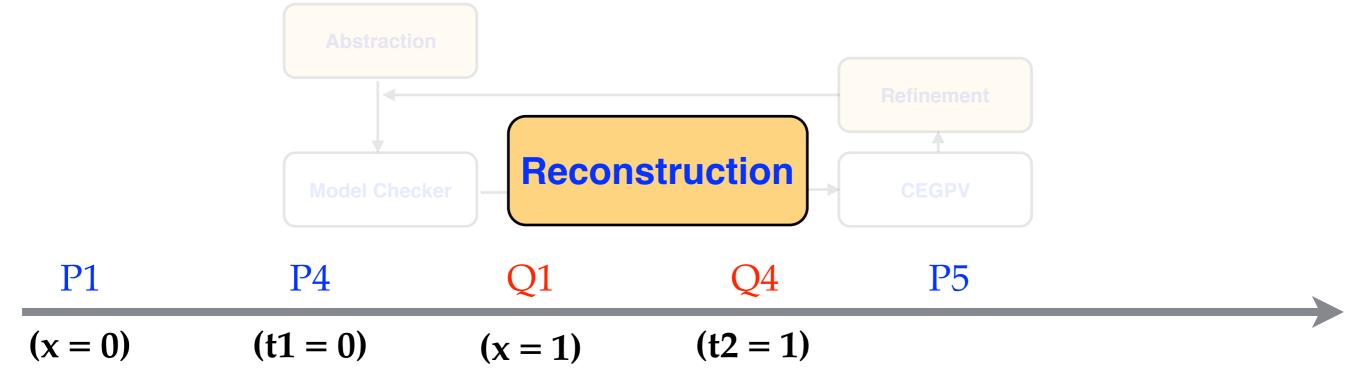
- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example





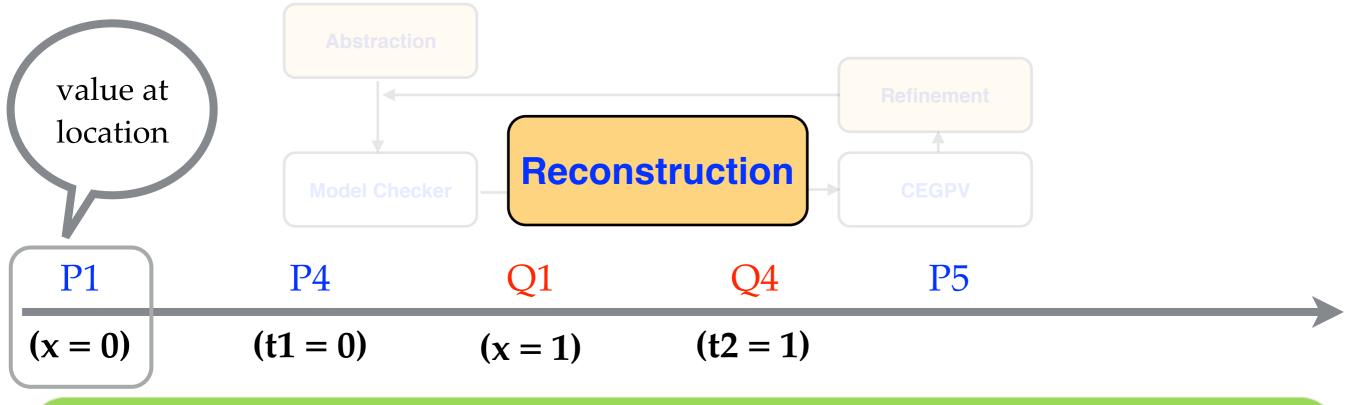
- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example





- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

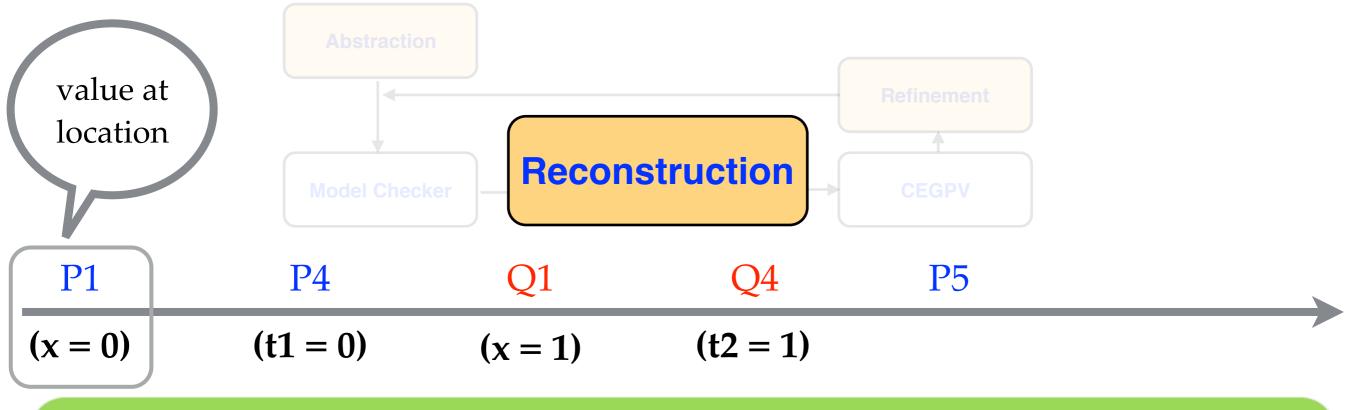
```
add back var: x, y, z, t1, t2
P1: x = y?z?0:1:1 \checkmark Q1: x = y?0:z?0:1 \checkmark Q2: y = !z \checkmark Q3: z = 1 \checkmark Q4: t1 = x Q4: t2 = x
```



- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

check value

```
var: x, y, z, t1, t2
P1: x = y?z?0:1:1
P2: y = z
P3: z = 0
P4: t1 = x
P5: assert(t1 + t2!= 1)
Q1: x = y?0:z?0:1
Q2: y = !z
Q3: z = 1
Q4: t2 = x
```



- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

check value

```
var: x, y, z, t1, t2

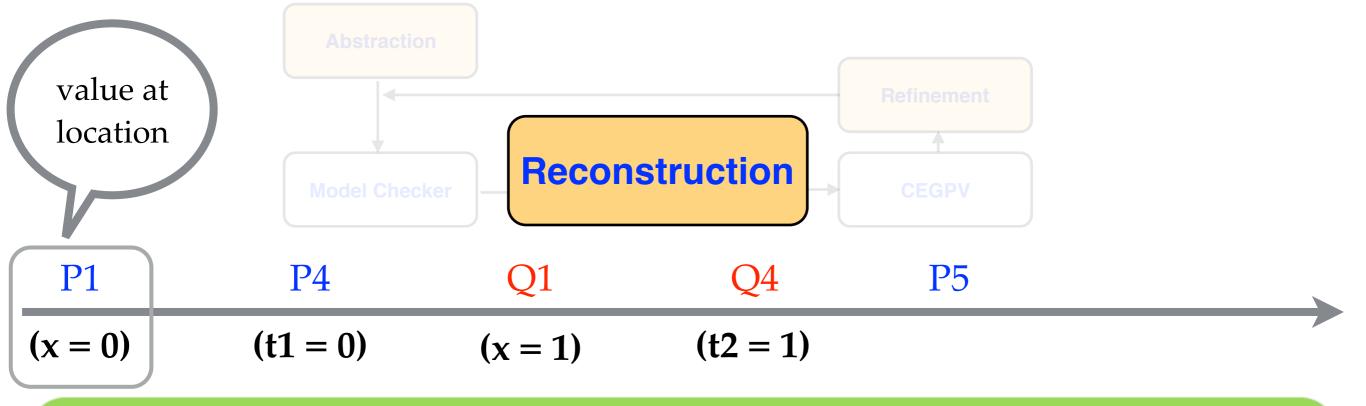
P1: assume 0 == y?z?0:1:1 \checkmark Q1: x = y?0:z?0:1

P2: y = z

P3: z = 0

P4: t1 = x

P5: assert(t1 + t2 != 1)
```



- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

check value

```
var: x, y, z, t1, t2

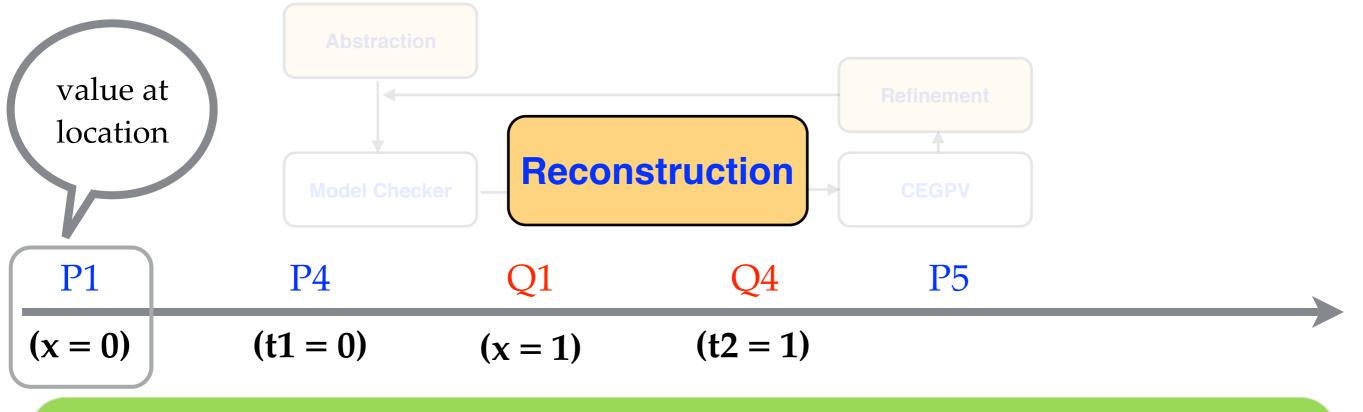
P1: assume 0 == y?z?0:1:1 \checkmark Q1: assume 1 == y?0:z?0:1 \checkmark Q2: y = z

P2: y = z

P3: z = 0

P4: assume 0 == 0

P5: assert(t1 + t2!= 1)
```



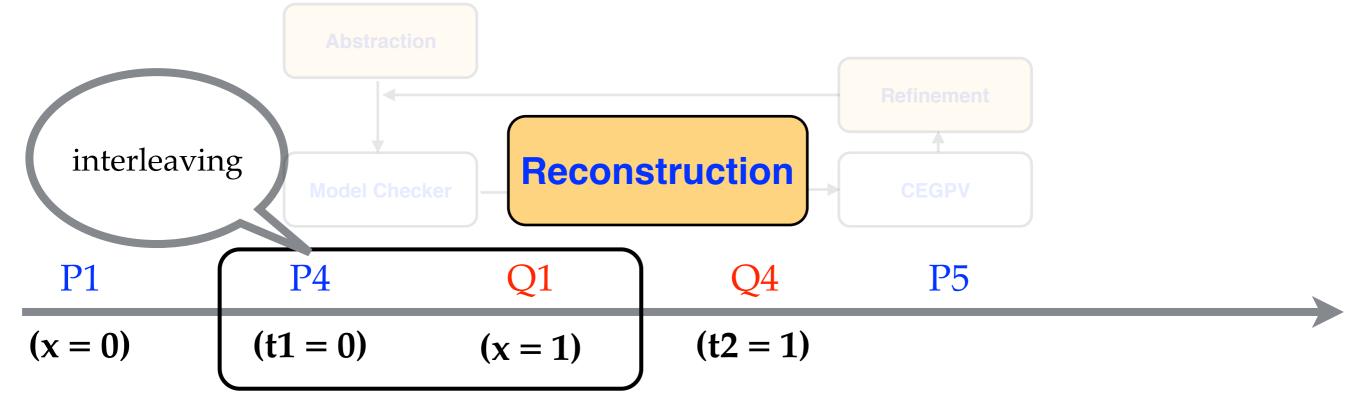
1. Add back, update variables and instructions

removed

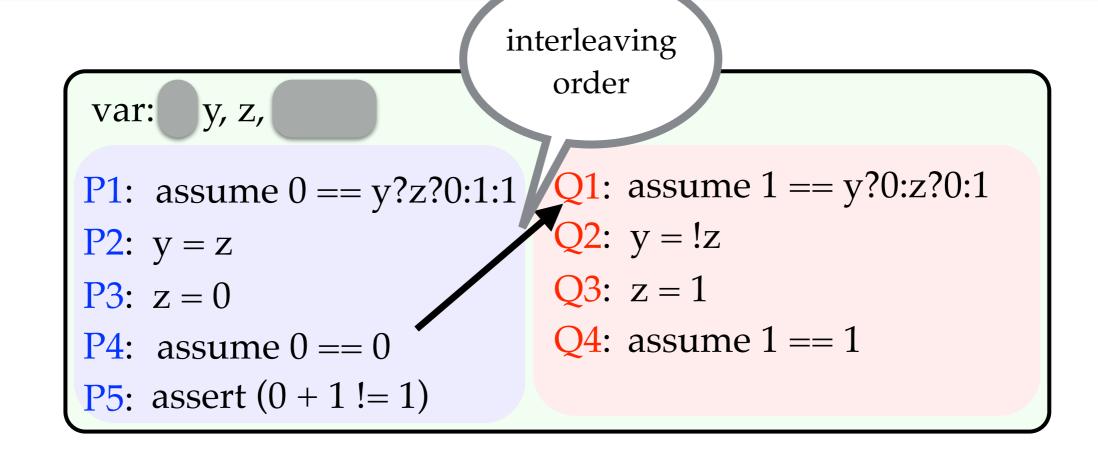
**P5**: assert (0 + 1 != 1) ✓

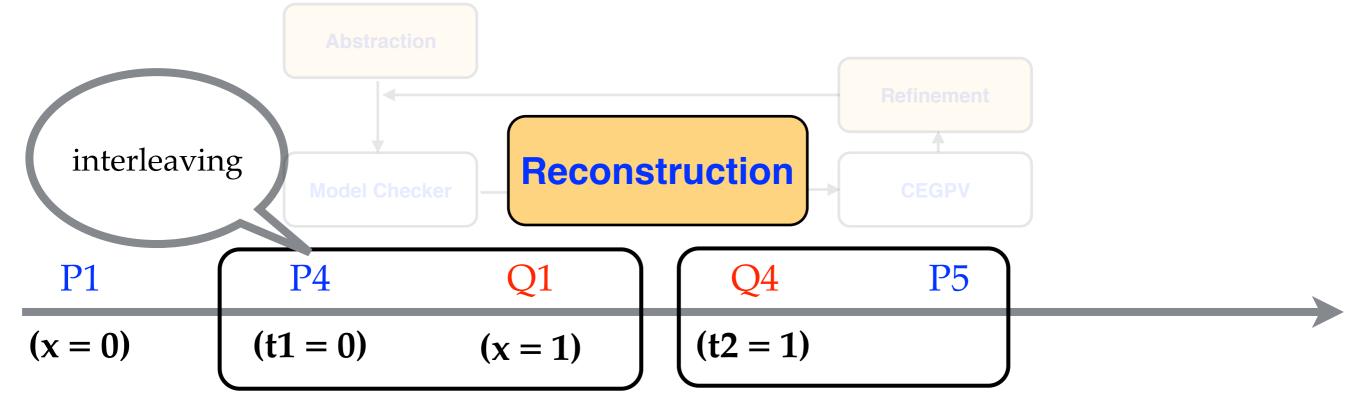
2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

check value var: y, z,P1: assume  $0 == y?z?0:1:1 \checkmark Q1:$  assume  $1 == y?0:z?0:1 \checkmark Q2: y = !z$ P2: y = zP3: z = 0P4: assume 0 == 0Q4: assume 1 == 1



- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

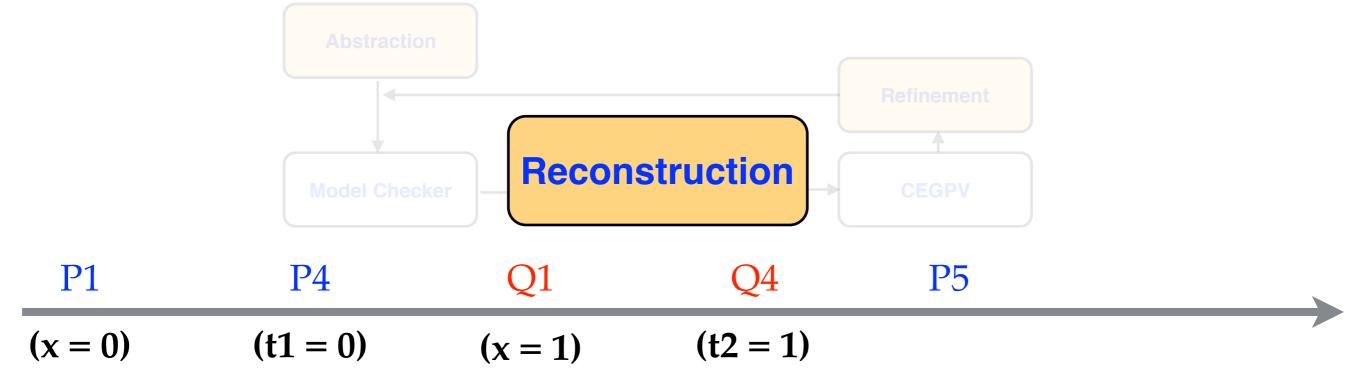




- 1. Add back, update variables and instructions
- 2. Respect the flow of instructions in counter-example

```
var: y, z,

P1: assume 0 == y?z?0:1:1 Q1: assume 1 == y?0:z?0:1 P2: y = z Q2: y = !z Q3: z = 1 Q4: assume 0 == 1 P5: assert 0 + 1! = 1
```



Lemma 2: If the constructed program is unsafe,

then the original program is unsafe.

```
var: y, z,

P1: assume 0 == y?z?0:1:1
P2: y = z
P3: z = 0
P4: assume 1 == y?0:z?0:1
P2: y = z
P3: z = 0
P4: assume 0 == 0
P4: assume 0 == 0
P5: assert 0 == 0
P5: assert 0 == 0
P6: 0 == 0
P7: 0 == 0
P7: 0 == 0
P8: 0 == 0
P9: 0 == 0
P9: 0 == 0
P9: 0 == 0
P1: 0 == 0
P1: 0 == 0
P2: 0 == 0
P3: 0 == 0
P4: 0 == 0
P5: 0 == 0
P6: 0 == 0
P7: 0 == 0
P8: 0 == 0
P9: 0 == 0
P9: 0 == 0
P1: 0 == 0
P1: 0 == 0
P1: 0 == 0
P2: 0 == 0
P3: 0 == 0
P4: 0 == 0
P4: 0 == 0
P5: 0 == 0
P5: 0 == 0
P6: 0 == 0
P7: 0 == 0
P8: 0 == 0
P9: 0 == 0
P9: 0 == 0
P1: 0 == 0
P
```

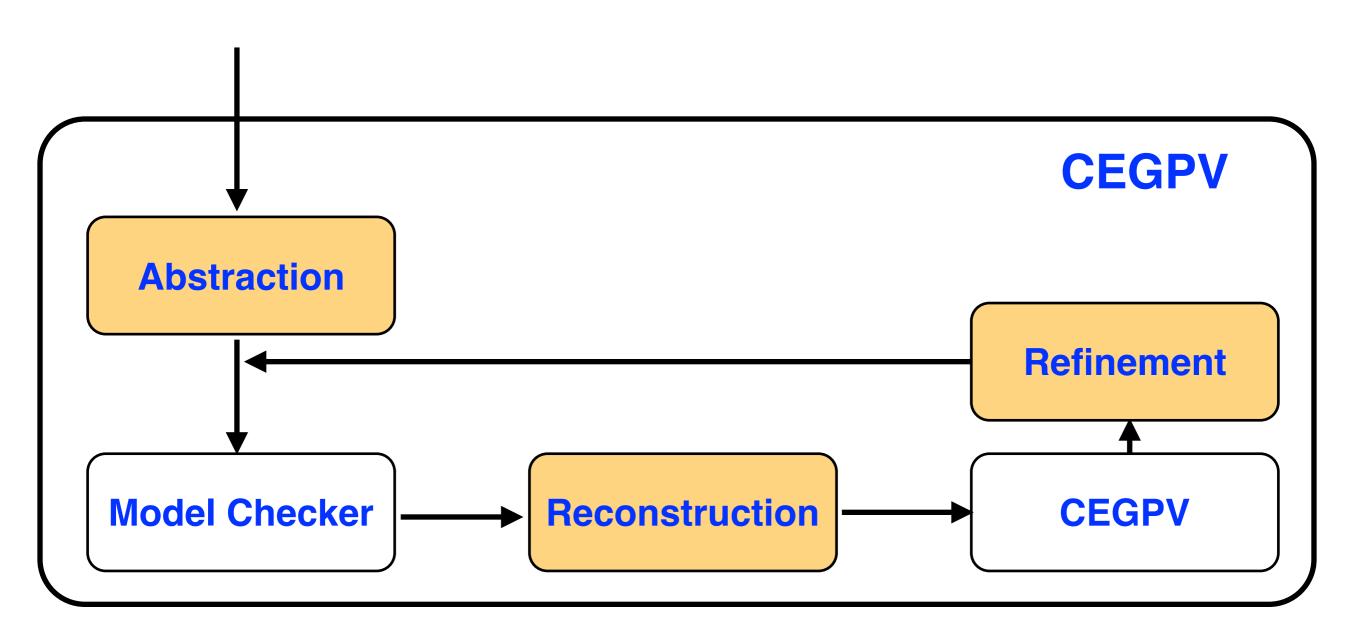
var: x, y, z, t1, t2

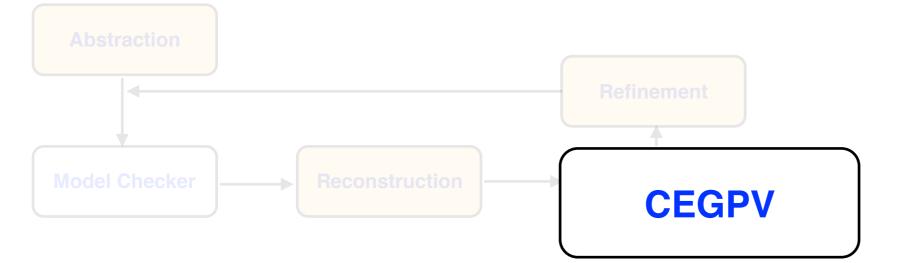
P1: x = y?z?0:1:1

P2: y = z

Q1: x = y?0:z?0:1

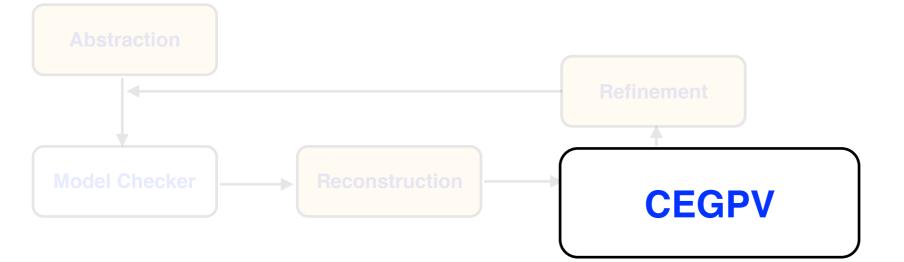
Q2: y = !z



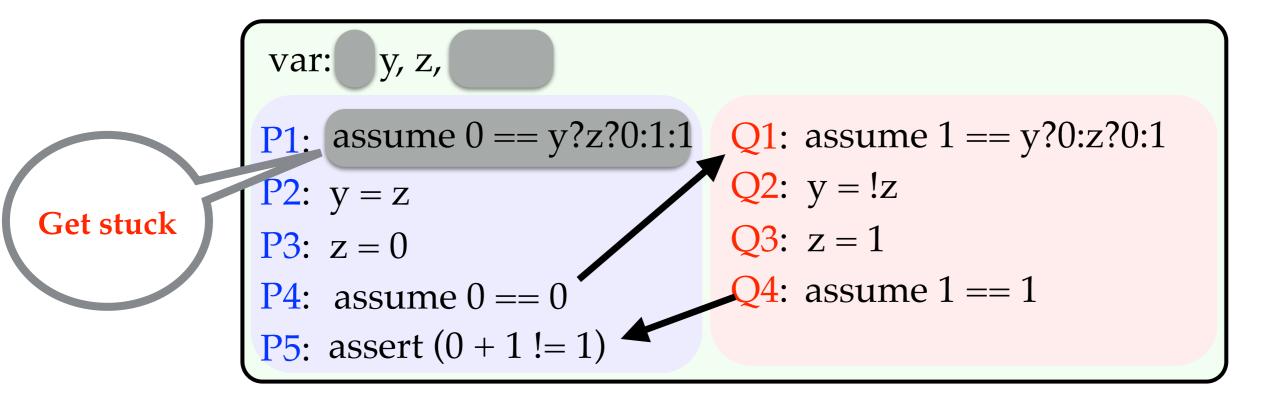


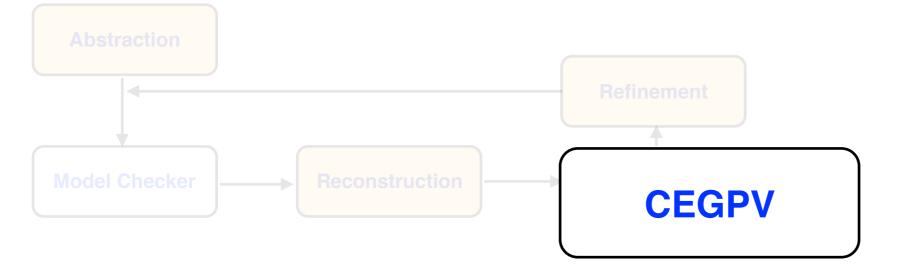
## Recursively check the program

```
var: y, z,
P1: assume 0 == y?z?0:1:1
P2: y = z
P3: z = 0
P4: assume 0 == 0
P5: assert (0 + 1!= 1)
Q1: assume 1 == y?0:z?0:1
Q2: y = !z
Q3: z = 1
Q4: assume 1 == 1
```

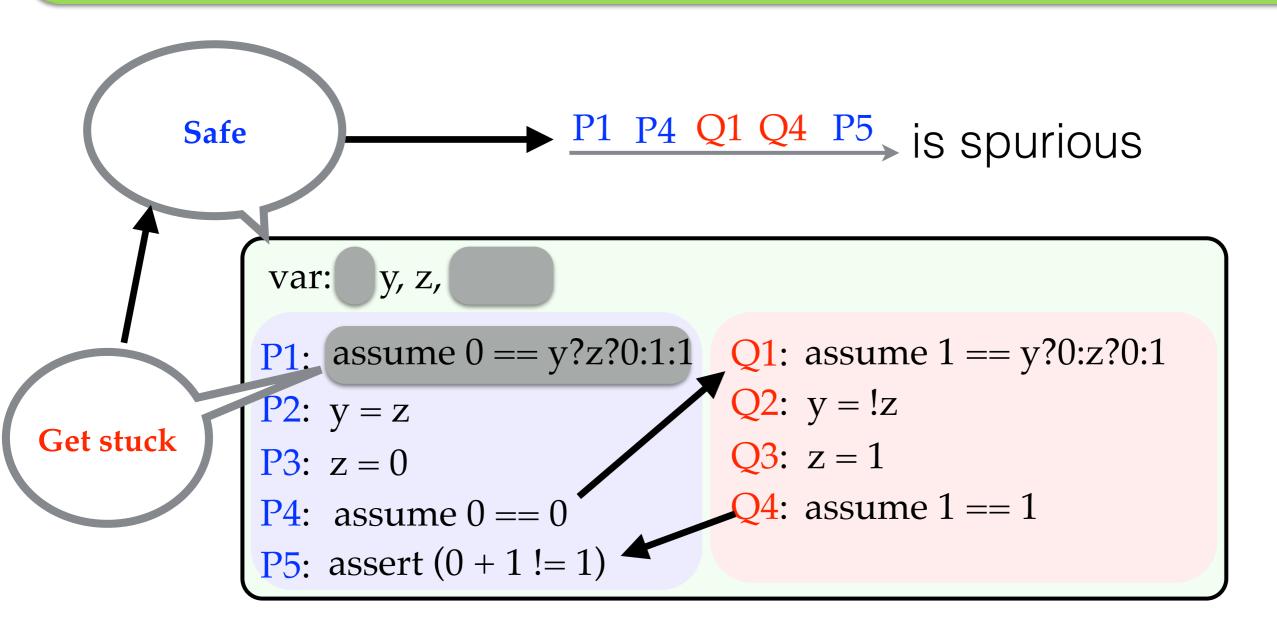


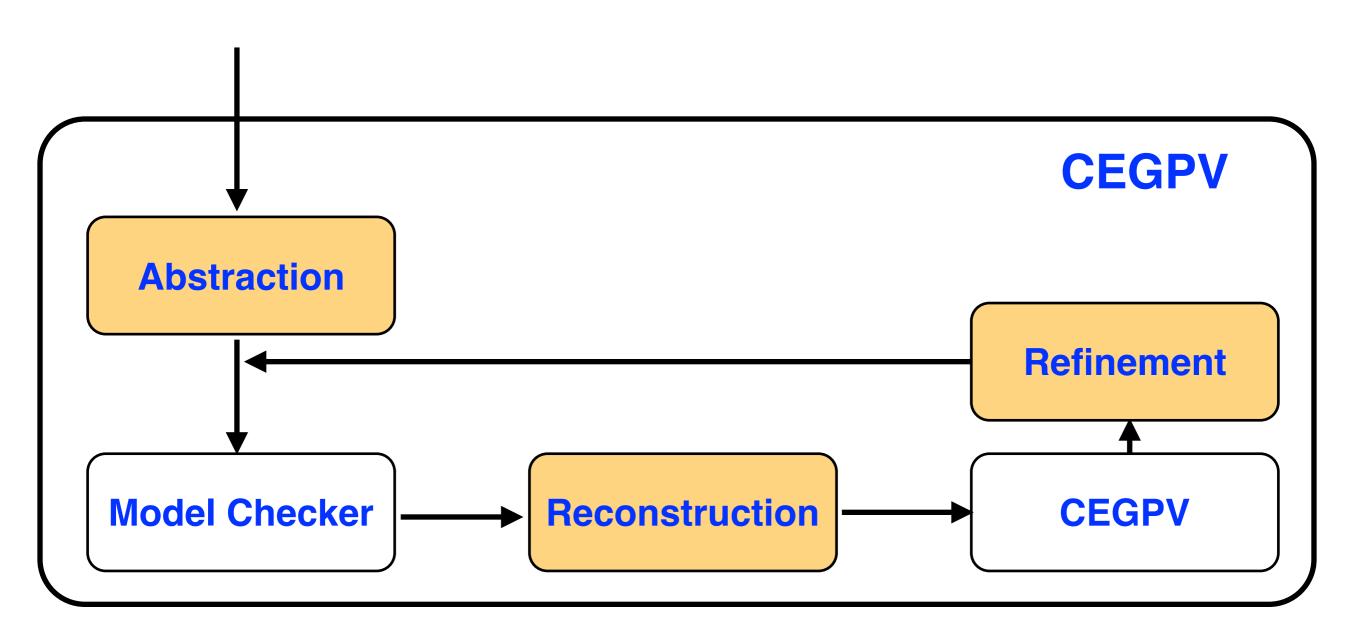
### Recursively check the program

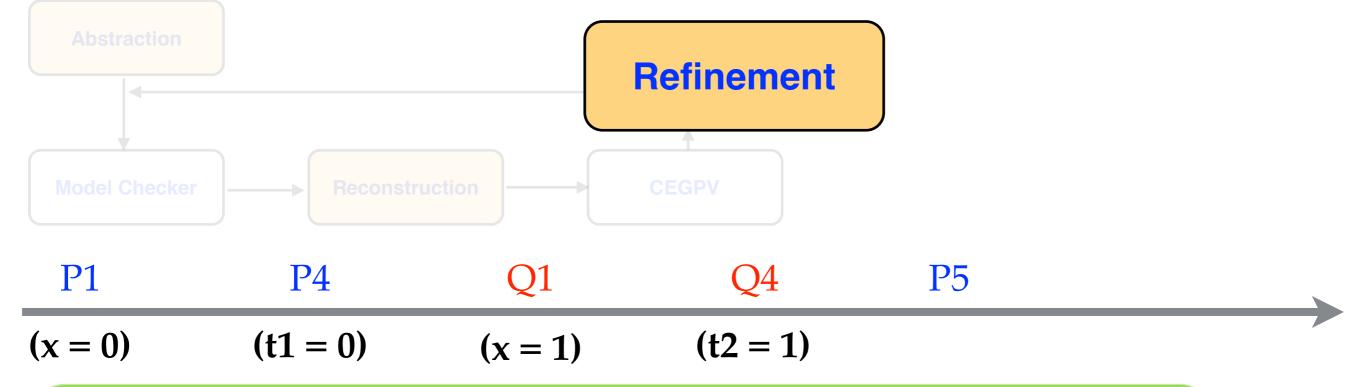




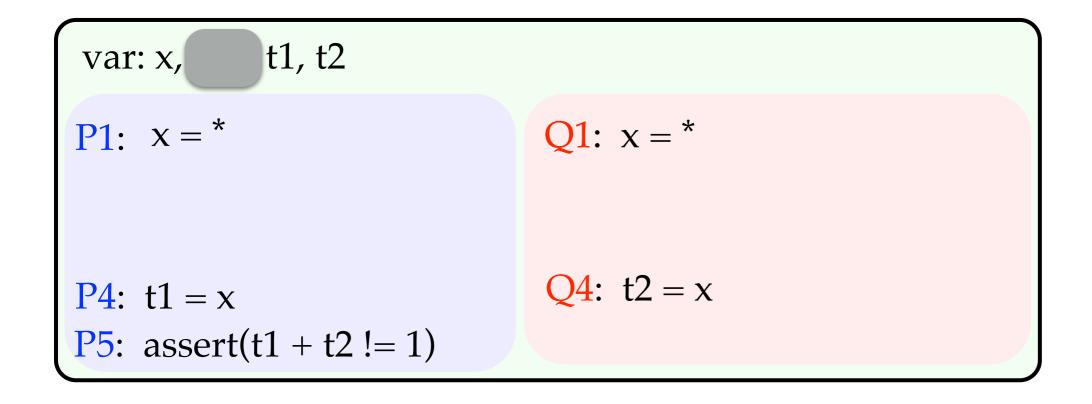
### Recursively check the program

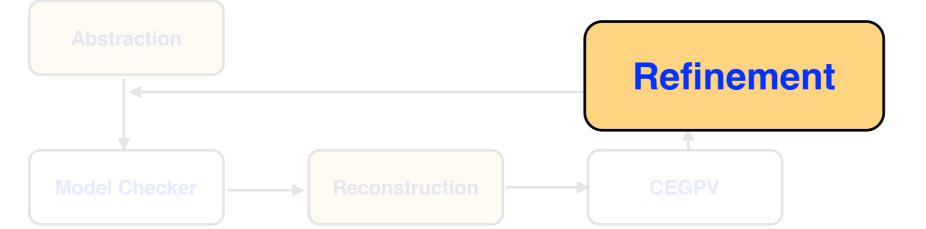




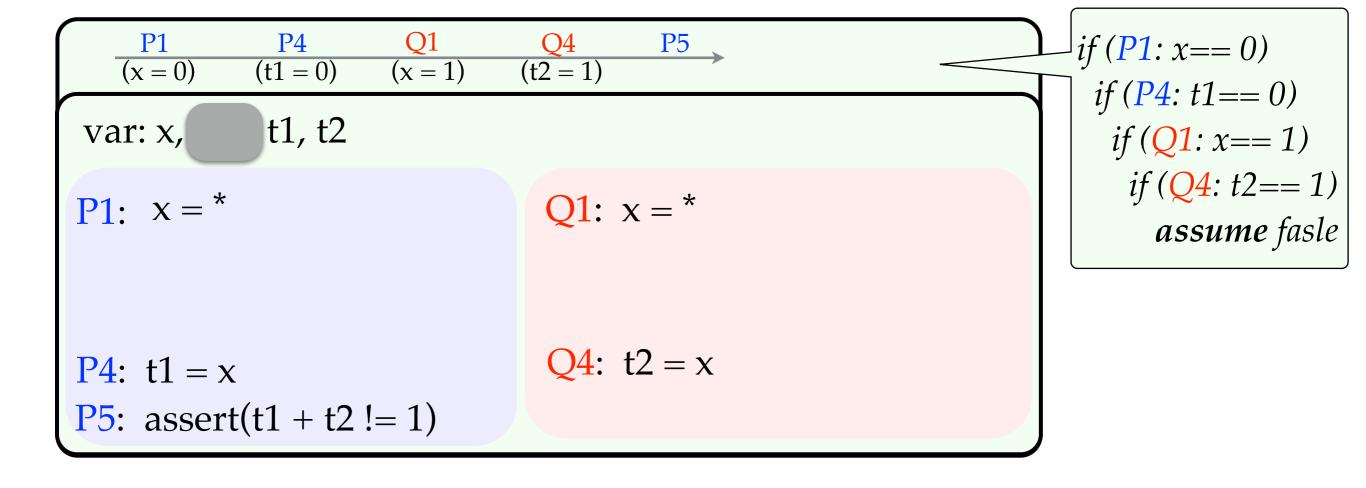


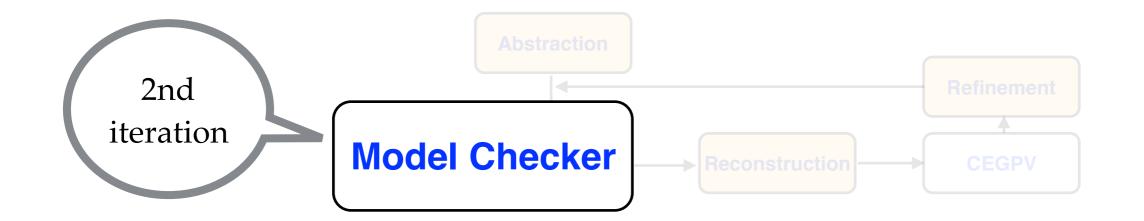
**Block** the counter-example from the abstraction

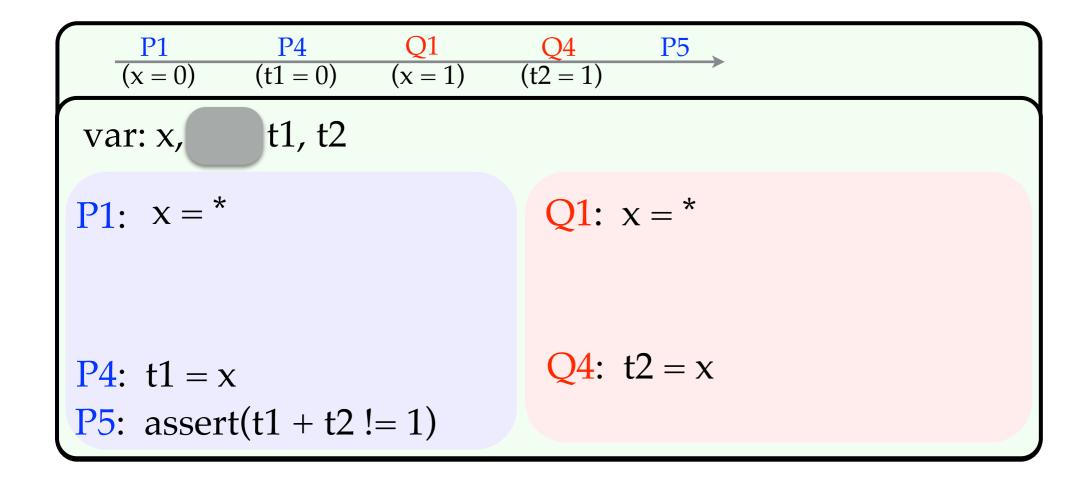


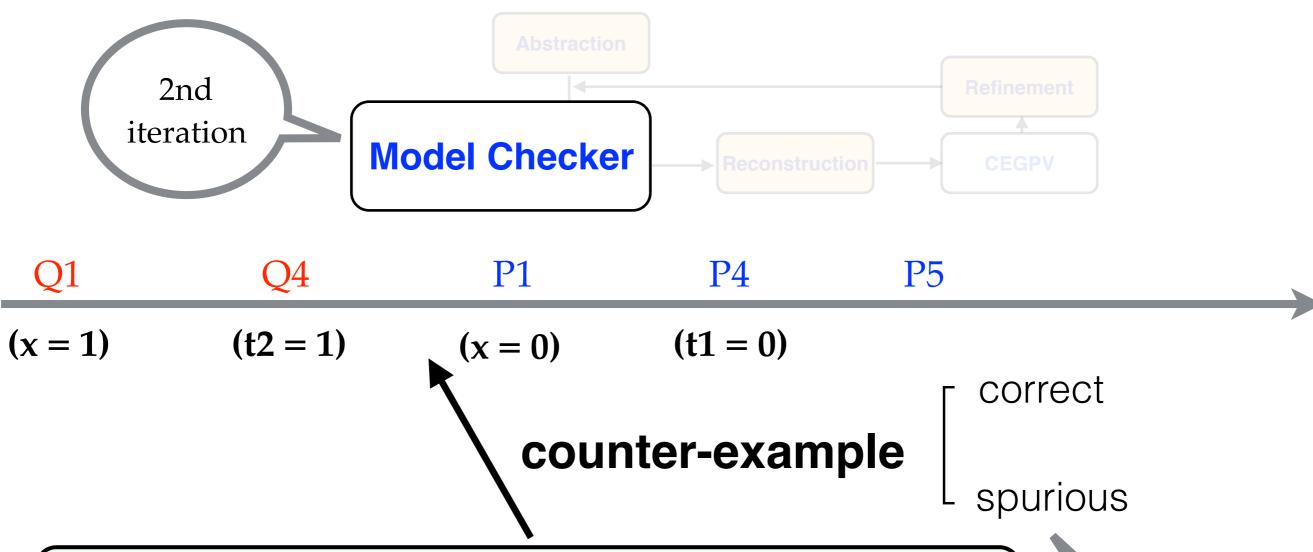


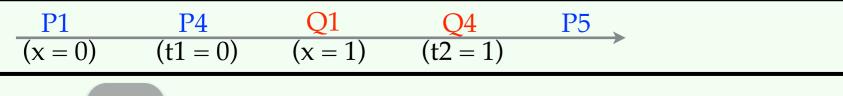
## Block the counter-example from the abstraction











var: x, t1, t2

P1: 
$$x = *$$

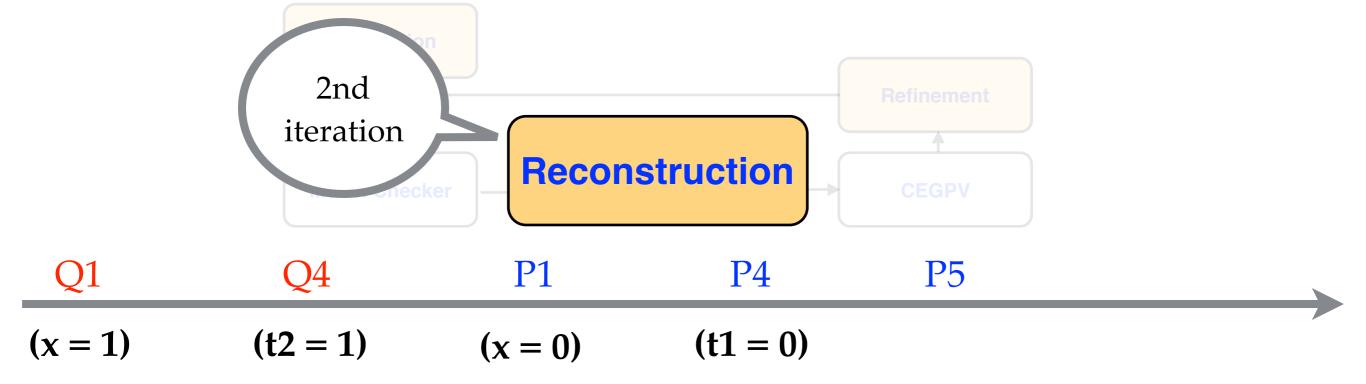
Q1: x = \*

P4: t1 = x

P5: assert(t1 + t2 != 1)

Q4: t2 = x

Overapproximation



add back

Add back, update variables, instructions

Respect the counter-example

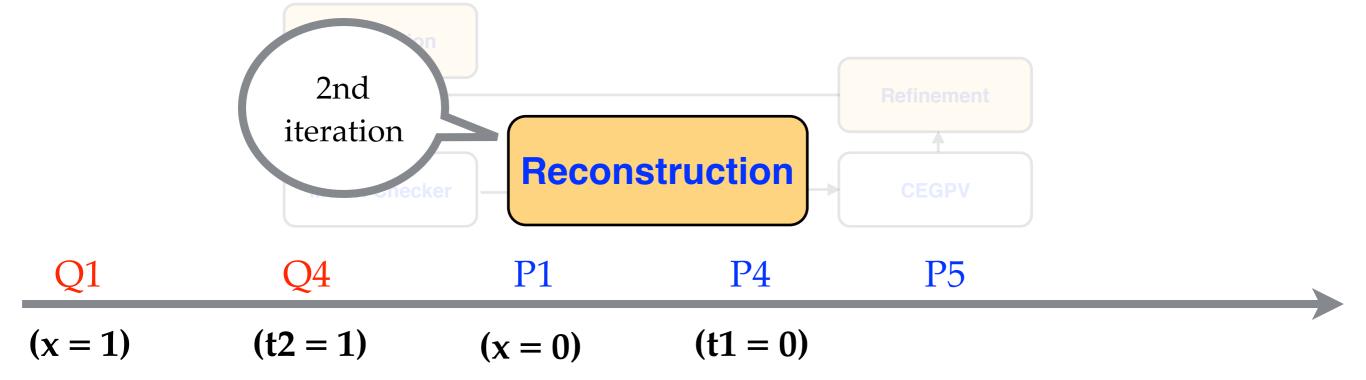
var: x, y, z, t1, t2

P1: 
$$x = *$$

P4: 
$$t1 = x$$

Q1: 
$$x = *$$

**Q4**: 
$$t2 = x$$



add back

Add back, update variables, instructions

Respect the counter-example

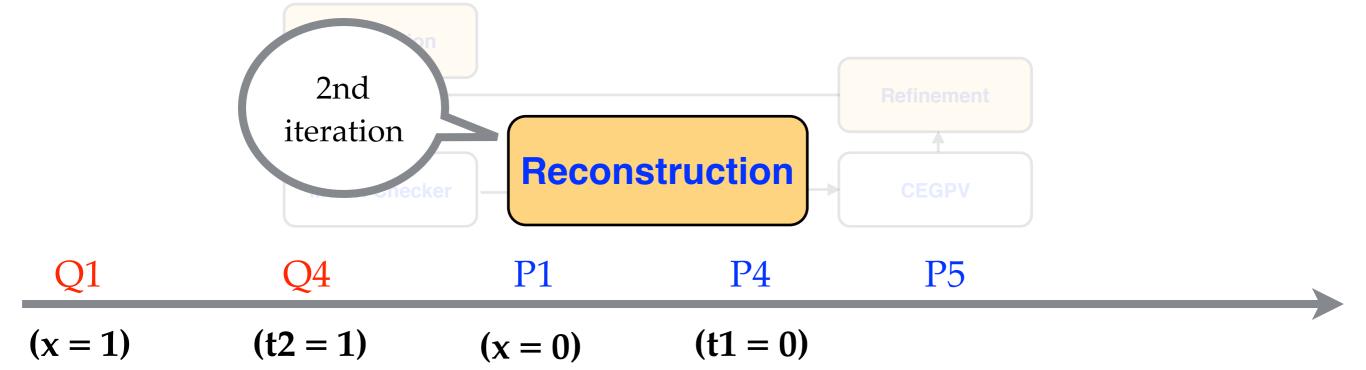
var: x, y, z, t1, t2

P1: assume  $0 == y?z?0:1:1 \vee Q1: x = *$ 

P4: t1 = x

P5: assert(t1 + t2 != 1)

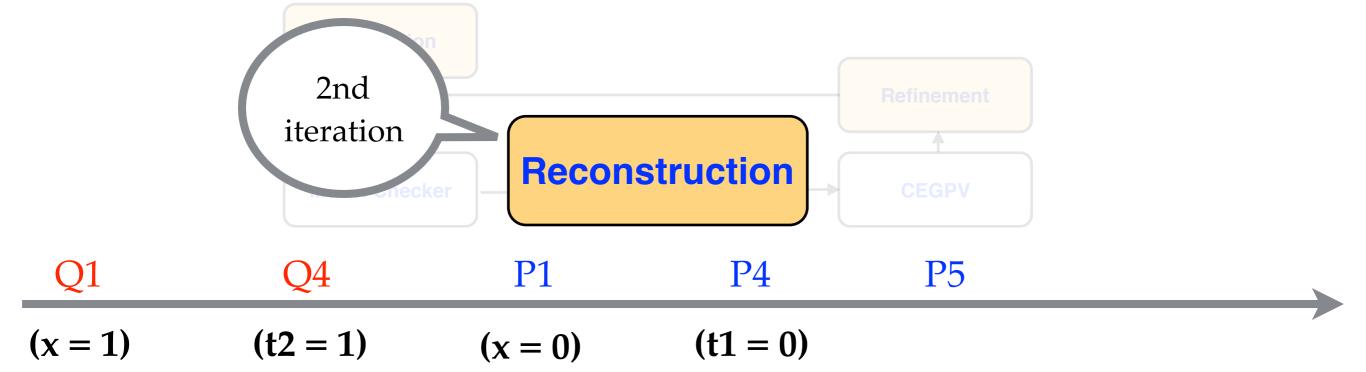
Q4: t2 = x



Respect the counter-example

```
var: x, y, z, t1, t2

P1: assume 0 == y?z?0:1:1 \checkmark Q1: assume 1 == y?0:z?0:1 \checkmark P2: y = z \checkmark Q2: y = !z \checkmark Q3: z = 1 \checkmark P4: assume 0 == 0 \checkmark Q4: assume 1 == 1 \checkmark P5: assert (0 + 1 != 1) \checkmark
```

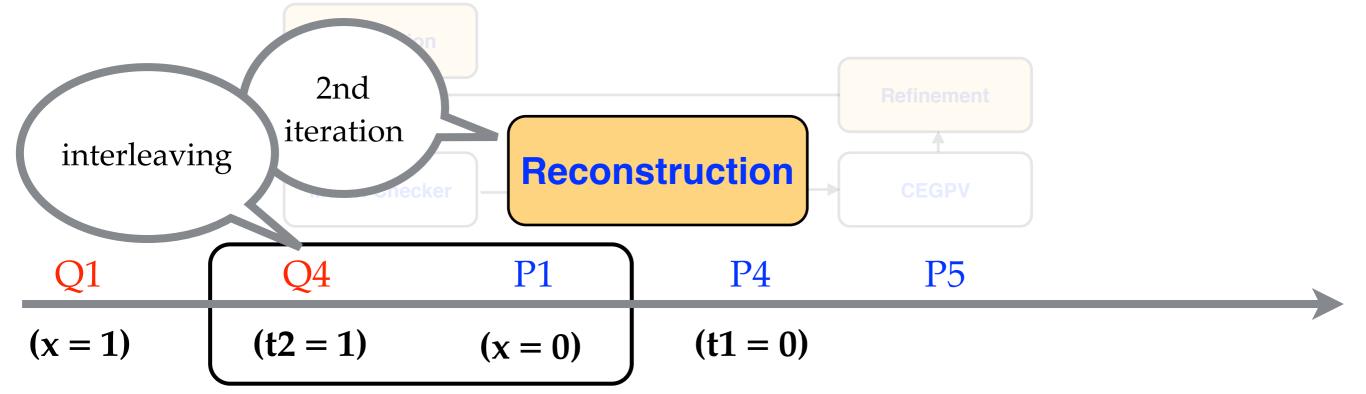


Respect the counter-example

removed

```
var: y, z,

P1: assume 0 == y?z?0:1:1 \checkmark Q1: assume 1 == y?0:z?0:1 \checkmark P2: y = z \checkmark Q2: y = !z \checkmark Q3: z = 1 \checkmark P4: assume 0 == 0 \checkmark Q4: assume 1 == 1 \checkmark P5: assert (0 + 1 != 1) \checkmark
```



Respect the counter-example

```
var: y, z,

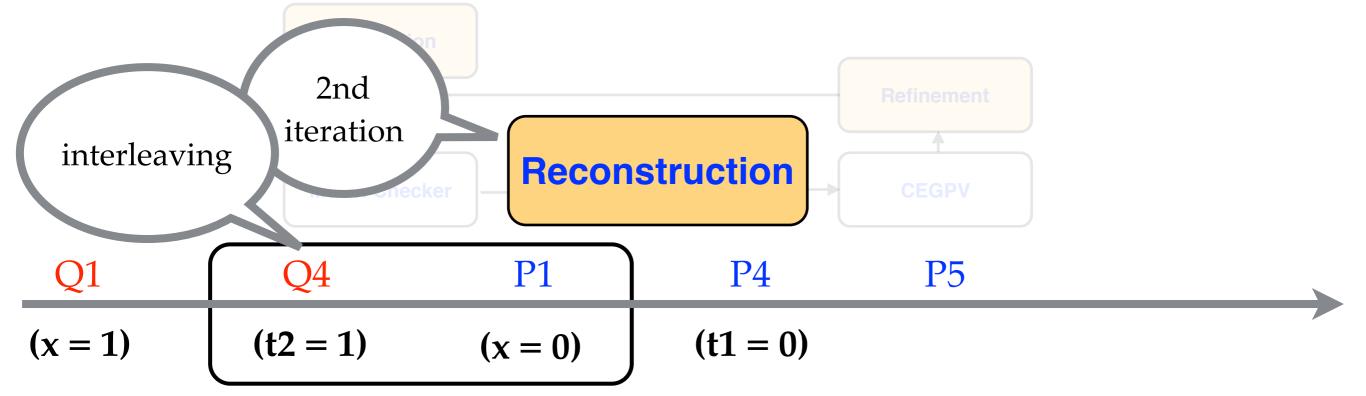
P1: assume 0 == y?z?0:1:1 \checkmarkQ1: assume 1 == y?0:z?0:1 \checkmark

P2: y = z \checkmark Q2: y = !z \checkmark

P3: z = 0 \checkmark Q3: z = 1 \checkmark

P4: assume 0 == 0 \checkmark Q4: assume 1 == 1 \checkmark

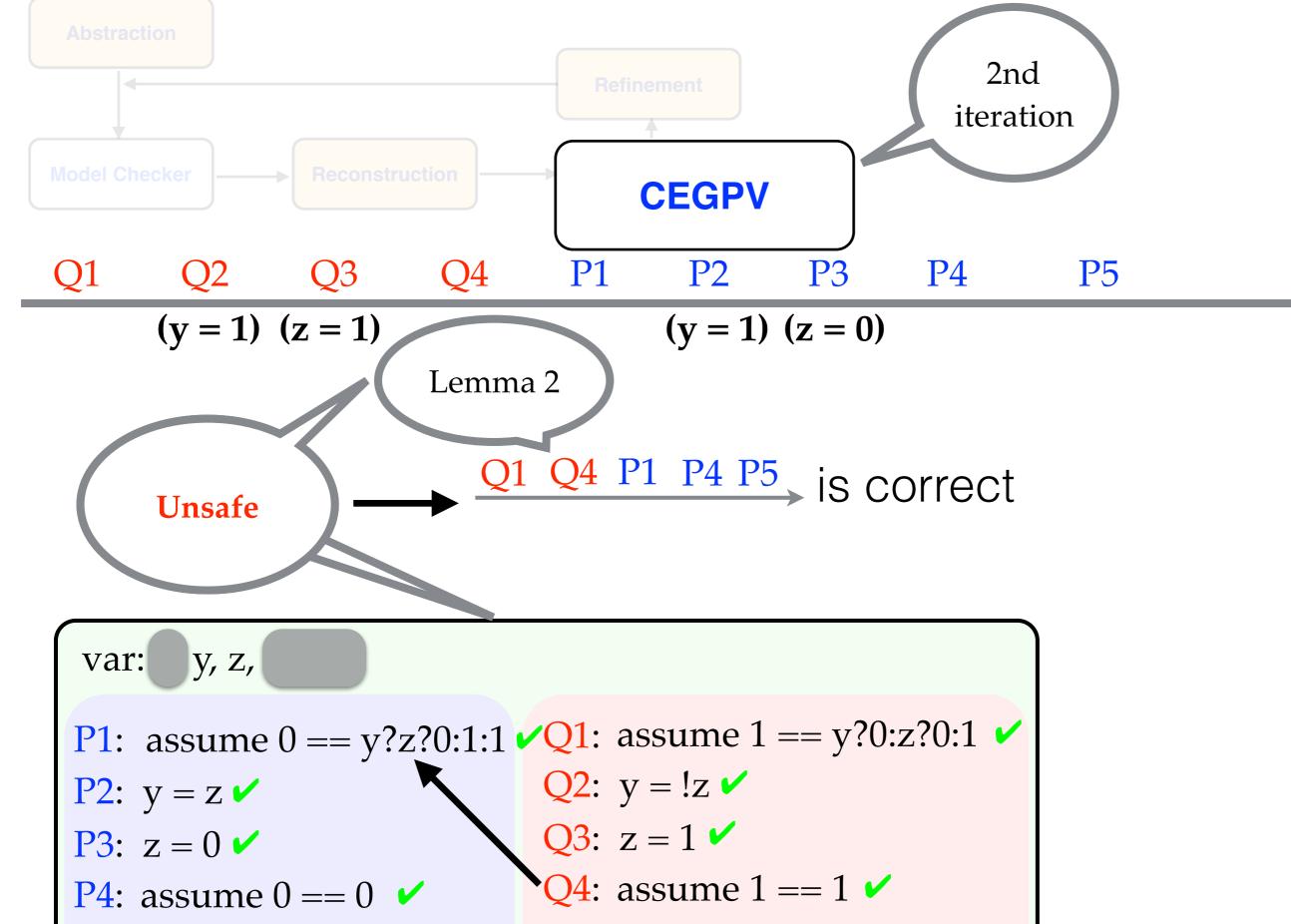
P5: assert (0 + 1 != 1) \checkmark
```



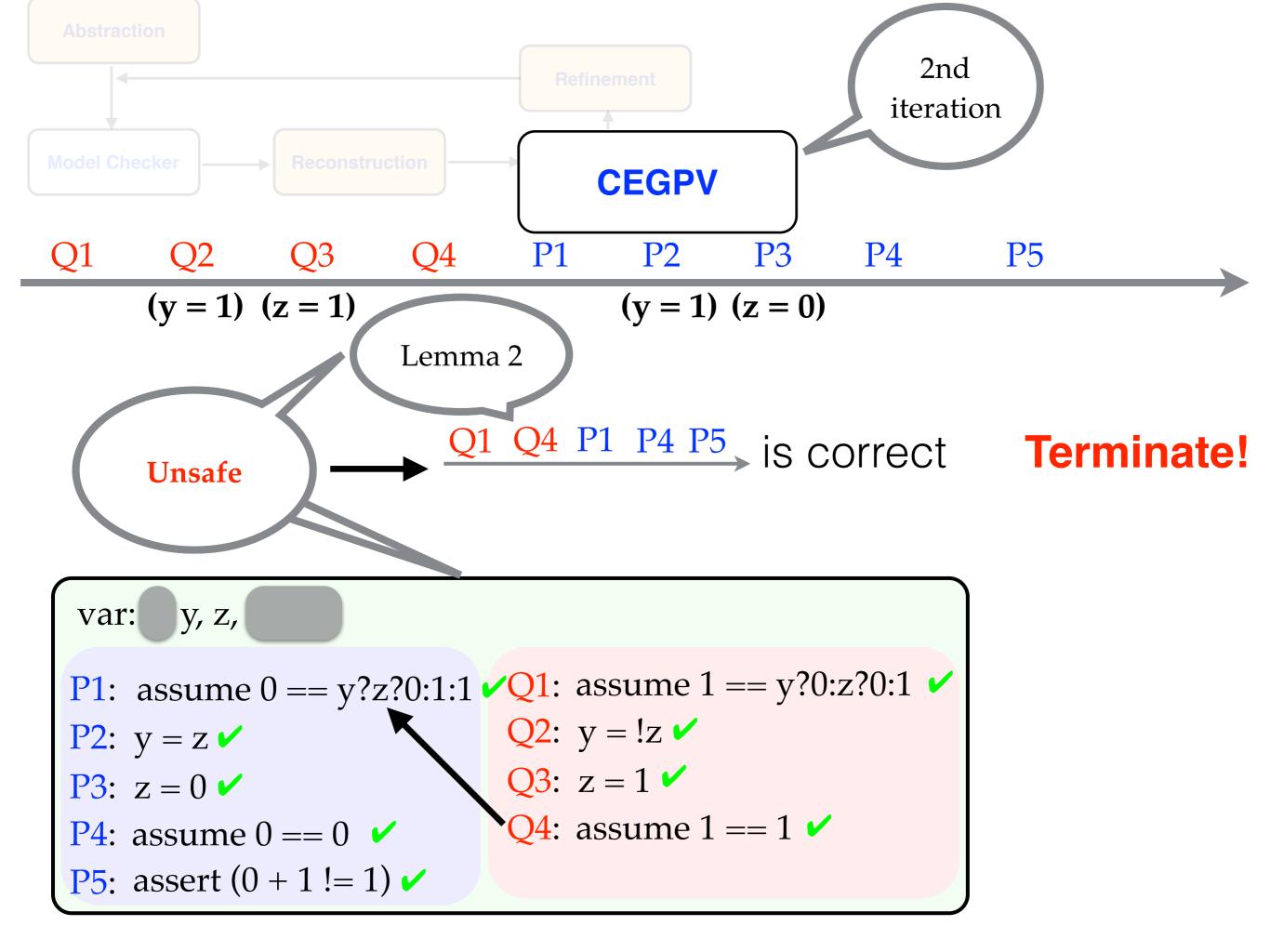
Respect the counter-example

```
var: y, z,

P1: assume 0 == y?z?0:1:1 \checkmark Q1: assume 1 == y?0:z?0:1 \checkmark P2: y = z \checkmark Q2: y = !z \checkmark Q3: z = 1 \checkmark P4: assume 0 == 0 \checkmark Q4: assume 1 == 1 \checkmark P5: assert (0 + 1 != 1) \checkmark
```



**P5**: assert (0 + 1 != 1) ✓



## **Experiment results**

Build on top of CBMC

Run on SV-COMP15 benchmarks

> 1000 concurrent C programs

# **Experiment results**

Build

Run

		CBMC 5.1			CEGPV		
sub-catergory	#programs	pass	fail	time	pass	fail	time
pthread-wmm-mix-unsafe	466	466	0	40301	466	0	1076
pthread-wmm-podwr-unsafe	16	16	0	286	16	0	21
pthread-wmm-rfi-unsafe	76	76	0	958	76	0	141
pthread-wmm-safe-unsafe	200	200	0	12578	200	0	917
pthread-wmm-thin-unsafe	12	12	0	252	12	0	15
pthread-unsafe	17	12	5	441	17	0	302
pthead-atomic-unsafe	2	2	0	2	2	0	2
pthread-ext-unsafe	8	4	4	7	8	0	7
pthread-lit-unsafe	3	2	1	3	2	1	2
pthread-wmm-rfi-safe		19	U	3154	12	0	138
pthread-wmm-safe-s		102	2	352	104	0	114
pthread-wmm-thir Pass	thir Pass more		0	28	12	0	12
pthread-safe te	tests		7	124	13	1	63
pthead-atomic-safe		7	1	76	8	0	10
pthread-ext-safe	45	19	26	938	31	14	569
pthread-lit-safe	8	3	5	8	3	5	5

#### **Experiment results**

**CBMC 5.1 CEGPV** fail time pass fail time sub-catergory #programs pass Build pthread-wmm-mix-unsafe pthread-wmm-podwr-unsafe pthread-wmm-rfi-unsafe pthread-wmm-safe-unsafe pthread-wmm-thin-unsafe pthread-unsafe pthead-atomic-unsafe  $^{2}$ pthread-ext-unsafe  $\mathbf{2}$ pthread-lit-unsafe  $^{2}$ pthread-wmm-rfi-safe  $\mathbf{2}$ pthread-wmm-safe-s Pass more pthread-wmm-thi pthread-safe tests pthead-atomic-safe pthread-ext-safe pthread-lit-safe  $^{3}$ 

Run

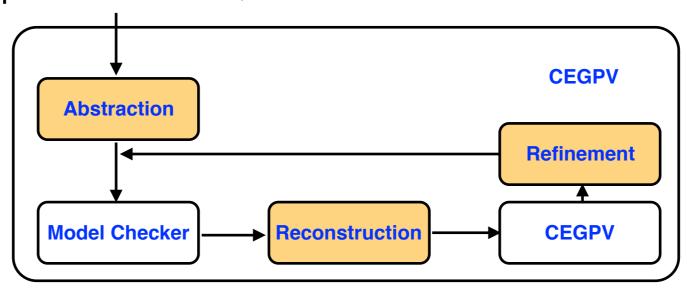
10x faster

#### Summary

- 1. Deal with the state-space explosion problem
- 2. CEGAR extension for program verification
- 3. Code to code translation

Can run on any back-end tools

4. Run on top of CBMC, much faster



# Thank you!