Integrative Analysis

R Markdown

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Integrative Analysis

Below are provided Integrative Analysis of the available Proteomics and Transcriptomics data. The analysis steps have been applied over the EGF-driven protein synthesis case-study data from D.A. Rothenberg et al. A Proteomics Approach to Profiling the Temporal Translational Response to Stress and Growth. iScience. 2018; 9:367-381 at time-point 60min.

Loading of R-Packages

We start by setting a seed for reproducibility of the results and then loading the R-packages we need to use for our analysis.

```
set.seed(1234)
library("readr")
library("vsn")
library("dplyr")
library("limma")
library("ggplot2")
library("ggrepel")
library("BioNet")
library("igraph")
library("OmnipathR")
library("ggpubr")
library("mixOmics")
library("M2SMF")
library("SNFtool")
library("NEMO")
library("fgsea")
library("GSA")
library("VennDiagram")
library("RColorBrewer")
library("ggVennDiagram")
library("pheatmap")
library("tidyverse")
library("factoextra")
library("gridExtra")
library("cluster")
library("NNLM")
library("bayesCC")
```

Loading the Data

We load the Proteomics and Gene Expression data.

```
# Differential Gene Expression Data
load(file = "../Data/ttop_dge.RData")
head(ttop dge[, 1:(ncol(ttop dge)-1)])
FALSE
                      external gene name
                                                  GeneID Length
                                                                    logFC
                                                                            logCPM
FALSE ENSG00000125740
                                    FOSB ENSG00000125740
                                                           5553 4.962212 6.902998
FALSE ENSG00000138166
                                   DUSP5 ENSG00000138166
                                                           2535 3.983957 6.291272
FALSE ENSG00000119508
                                   NR4A3 ENSG00000119508
                                                           6314 3.302585 8.107344
FALSE ENSG00000175592
                                   FOSL1 ENSG00000175592
                                                           1887 3.307155 5.967628
FALSE ENSG00000171223
                                    JUNB ENSG00000171223
                                                           1830 3.283124 7.112127
FALSE ENSG00000162772
                                    ATF3 ENSG00000162772
                                                           4040 3.119576 7.369775
FALSE
                             PValue
                                              FDR
                                                           GO
FALSE ENSG00000125740 0.000000e+00
                                    0.000000e+00 GD:0003677
FALSE ENSG00000138166 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 GD:0016791
FALSE ENSG00000119508 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 GD:0003677
FALSE ENSG00000175592 5.605306e-296 2.058689e-292 GD:0003677
FALSE ENSG00000171223 1.089103e-281 3.200002e-278 GD:0003677
FALSE ENSG00000162772 9.076298e-280 2.222331e-276 GD:0003677
# Differential Protein Abundance
load(file = "../Data/ttop prot.RData")
head(ttop_prot)
FALSE
                    name Gene
                                 Accession
                                                Sequence EGF_60_vs_PBS_60_diff
FALSE 1669 RS3A HUMAN.2 RPS3A RS3A HUMAN
                                                 IASDGLK
                                                                      0.7896095
FALSE 400 CYR61_HUMAN.2 CYR61 CYR61_HUMAN
                                               NNELIAVGK
                                                                      1.0285004
            RL3_HUMAN.2 RPL3
FALSE 1570
                                 RL3 HUMAN
                                                 VAFSVAR
                                                                      0.5627584
FALSE 1557
              RL26_HUMAN RPL26 RL26_HUMAN
                                                DDEVQVVR
                                                                      0.5180723
FALSE 514
            EGR1_HUMAN.2 EGR1
                                EGR1_HUMAN TQQPSLTPLSTIK
                                                                      1.9551439
FALSE 1597 RL7A_HUMAN.3 RPL7A RL7A_HUMAN
                                               KVVNPLFEK
                                                                      0.5591097
FALSE
           EGF_60_vs_PBS_60_p.adj EGF_60_vs_PBS_60_p.val
FALSE 1669
                     1.717267e-09
                                            9.248393e-10
FALSE 400
                     3.626256e-03
                                            6.651558e-06
FALSE 1570
                     4.244779e-03
                                            8.275133e-06
FALSE 1557
                     5.074382e-03
                                            1.116453e-05
                     1.046605e-02
FALSE 514
                                            2.404454e-05
FALSE 1597
                     1.170257e-02
                                            2.783308e-05
# Processed Gene Expression Data across EGF and PBS samples at time-point 60min
load(file = "../Data/proc_gene_data.RData")
head(proc gene data)
FALSE
                PBS_1
                         PBS_2
                                  EGF_1
FALSE ACAA2 5.943056 5.960073 5.994337 5.899598
FALSE ACACA 7.127608 7.171814 7.056132 6.949111
FALSE ACADVL 7.016260 7.081363 7.026467 7.080112
FALSE ACIN1 6.850670 6.876240 6.871092 6.796145
            9.528757 9.540166 9.468933 9.444991
FALSE ACLY
FALSE ACP1
            7.230251 7.261917 7.187795 7.209038
# Processed Protein Abundance Data across EGF and PBS samples at time-point 60min
load(file = "../Data/proc prot data.RData")
head(proc_prot_data)
FALSE
                PBS 1
                         PBS 2
                                  EGF 1
                                           EGF 2
```

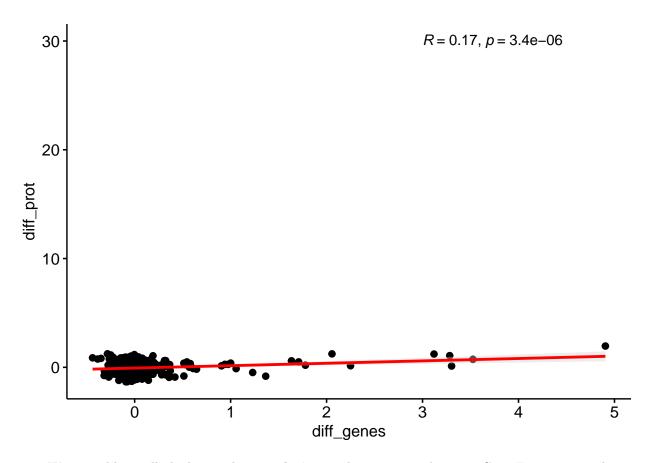
FALSE ACAA2 15.38947 14.60145 15.43671 15.25266

```
FALSE ACACA 15.32710 13.89533 15.24979 15.96504 FALSE ACADVL 14.95859 14.70503 14.90234 15.84788 FALSE ACIN1 14.64568 14.77276 14.72002 13.39753 FALSE ACLY 20.73771 20.94036 20.70857 20.63984 FALSE ACP1 15.55535 15.61272 15.40002 15.80990
```

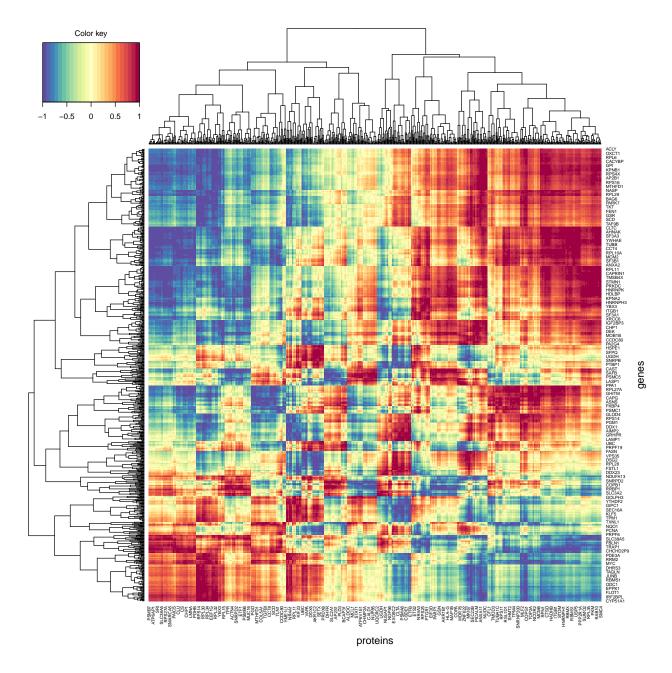
Correlation Analysis

We can look at the **correlation** in the expression between **Differential** Gene Expression and the Abundance of the corresponding Proteins.

```
# We find common Genes and and filter each data
common_genes <- intersect(x = ttop_dge$external_gene_name, y = ttop_prot$Gene)</pre>
dge <- ttop dge[which(ttop dge$external gene name%in%common genes), ]</pre>
prot <- ttop_prot[which(ttop_prot$Gene%in%common_genes), ]</pre>
# We create the data-frame for plotting the correlation
data <- matrix(data = , nrow = length(common_genes), ncol = 2)</pre>
rownames(data) <- common_genes[order(common_genes)]</pre>
colnames(data) <- c("diff_genes", "diff_prot")</pre>
data[, 1] <- dge$logFC[order(dge$external_gene_name)]</pre>
data[, 2] <- prot$EGF_60_vs_PBS_60_diff[order(prot$Gene)]</pre>
data <- as.data.frame(data)</pre>
head(data)
FALSE
               diff_genes
                           diff_prot
FALSE ACAA2 -0.004325622 -0.26270422
FALSE ACACA -0.146697723 0.38480990
FALSE ACADVL 0.004302090 0.87990185
FALSE ACIN1 -0.029715372 0.06214754
FALSE ACLY -0.077486686 -1.32702673
             -0.047773211 0.28450250
FALSE ACP1
# We do ascatter plot of gene expression and protein abundance and estimate the
# Pearson correlation between them
sp <- ggscatter(data, x = "diff_genes", y = "diff_prot", #mention data and axis</pre>
                add = "reg.line", # Add regression line
                add.params = list(color = "red", fill = "lightgray"), # Customize regression line
                conf.int = TRUE # Add confidence interval
)+ stat_cor(method = "pearson", label.x = 3, label.y = 30)# Add correlation coefficient
sp
```



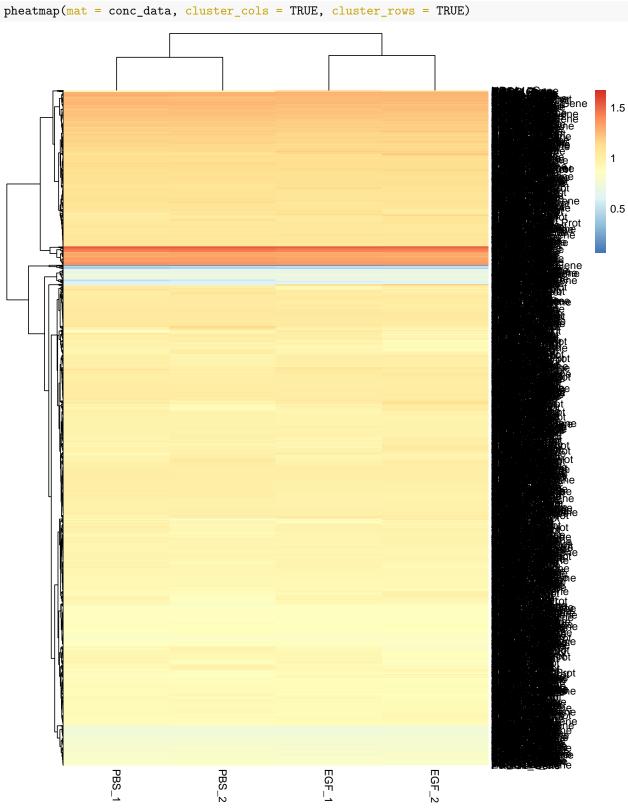
We can additionally look into the **correlation** in the expression between Gene Expression and the Abundance of the corresponding Proteins across samples.



Clustering Analysis

We perform **Clustering** in order to identify and group sets of samples which have similar characteristics. Here we perform two types of clustering analysis:

Concatenated clustering: where combine the multi-omics data into one matrix or search for the shared structure, followed by the final clustering.



Clustering of Clusters: where we obtain the clustering information from each omics dataset

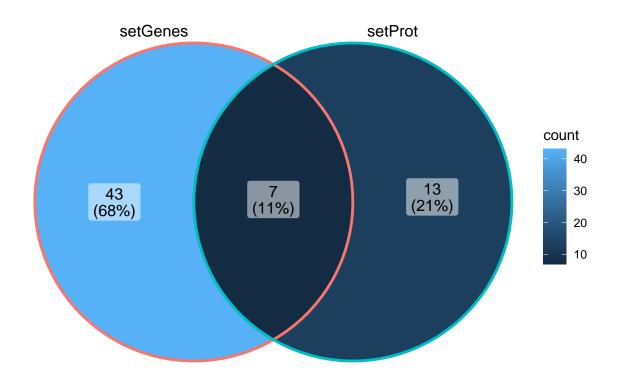
first and follow by the final clustering. For this we can rely on the NEMO R-Package.

```
# Create Omics List NEMO object and do the clustering
omic1 <- scale(x = proc gene data, center = FALSE)</pre>
omic2 <- scale(x = proc_prot_data, center = FALSE)</pre>
omics.list = list(omic1, omic2)
clustering = nemo.clustering(omics.list = omics.list, num.clusters = 2,
                             num.neighbors = 2) # supervised
print(clustering)
FALSE PBS_1 PBS_2 EGF_1 EGF_2
         1
              1
clustering = nemo.clustering(omics.list = omics.list, num.clusters = NA,
                             num.neighbors = 2) # unsupervised
FALSE [1] 4 4
print(clustering)
FALSE PBS_1 PBS_2 EGF_1 EGF_2
FALSE
         1 1
                      2
```

Pathway Analysis

Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) is used to estimate significantly regulated Pathway Sets. We can perform GSEA on both differential gene expression as well as differential abundance data. From the individual analyses, we can then identify a consensus set of significantly regulated pathways.

```
# Loading the Pathway Sets
# MSigDB: http://www.gsea-msigdb.org/gsea/msigdb/collections.jsp#C2
load(file = "../Data/reactome_genelist.RData")
# Pathway Analysis from Differential Gene Expression Data
stats <- ttop dge$logFC</pre>
names(stats) <- ttop dge$external gene name</pre>
gseaGenes <- fgseaSimple(pathways = genelist, stats = stats, nperm = 10000,</pre>
                          minSize = 5, maxSize = Inf)
# Pathway Analysis from Differential Protein Abundance Data
stats <- ttop_prot$EGF_60_vs_PBS_60_diff</pre>
names(stats) <- ttop_prot$Gene</pre>
gseaProt <- fgseaSimple(pathways = genelist, stats = stats, nperm = 10000,</pre>
                         minSize = 5, maxSize = Inf)
# Identifying Pathway Sets regulated on both sets (padj<=0.05)
setGenes <- gseaGenes$pathway[which(gseaGenes$padj<=0.05)]</pre>
setProt <- gseaProt$pathway[which(gseaProt$padj<=0.05)]</pre>
x <- list(setGenes = setGenes, setProt = setProt)</pre>
ggVennDiagram(x)
```



```
FALSE [1] "REACTOME_EUKARYOTIC_TRANSLATION_ELONGATION"

FALSE [2] "REACTOME_SRP_DEPENDENT_COTRANSLATIONAL_PROTEIN_TARGETING_TO_MEMBRANE"

FALSE [3] "REACTOME NUCLEAR EVENTS KINASE AND TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR ACTIVATION"
```

FALSE [4] "REACTOME_SELENOAMINO_ACID_METABOLISM"

print(intersect(x = setGenes, y = setProt))

FALSE [5] "REACTOME_EUKARYOTIC_TRANSLATION_INITIATION"

FALSE [6] "REACTOME_ACTIVATION_OF_THE_MRNA_UPON_BINDING_OF_THE_CAP_BINDING_COMPLEX_AND_EIFS_AND_SUBSEQU

FALSE [7] "REACTOME_NONSENSE_MEDIATED_DECAY_NMD"

Functional Modules

Identification of Functional Protein Interaction Modules with BioNet R-Package.

Obtaining the p-value scores from the Differential Gene Expression and Differential Protein Abundance Data.

```
# Filtering DGE and DPA for common genes and retreiving p-values
data <- matrix(data = , nrow = length(common_genes), ncol = 2)
rownames(data) <- common_genes[order(common_genes)]
colnames(data) <- c("diff_genes", "diff_prot")
data[, 1] <- dge$PValue[order(dge$external_gene_name)]
data[, 2] <- prot$EGF_60_vs_PBS_60_p.val[order(prot$Gene)]
data <- as.data.frame(data)
head(data)</pre>
FALSE diff genes diff prot
```

```
FALSE diff_genes diff_prot
FALSE ACAA2 0.94466877 0.340070467
FALSE ACACA 0.01048237 0.299471584
FALSE ACADVL 0.93791423 0.018131914
FALSE ACIN1 0.59392672 0.834295541
```

```
FALSE ACLY 0.13921717 0.001770302
FALSE ACP1 0.36572053 0.352015888
```

Obtaining protein interactions from the OmniPathR R-Package and creating an *igraph* object from the retreived interactions.

```
# Obtaining interactions from OmniPath
interactions <- import_omnipath_interactions()</pre>
interactions <- unique(as.data.frame(interactions[, 3:4]))</pre>
head(interactions)
FALSE
        source_genesymbol target_genesymbol
FALSE 1
                     CALM2
FALSE 2
                     CALM1
                                        TRPC1
FALSE 3
                     CALM3
                                        TRPC1
FALSE 4
                      CAV1
                                        TRPC1
FALSE 5
                      DRD2
                                        TRPC1
FALSE 6
                      MDFI
                                        TRPC1
\# Transforming the obtained network into an \_igraph\_ object.
g <- graph_from_data_frame(d = interactions, directed = TRUE)</pre>
g <- as_graphnel(graph = g)</pre>
g
FALSE A graphNEL graph with directed edges
FALSE Number of Nodes = 8155
```

Creating a subgraph with the nodes given in the the differential gene and protein expression data and including their direct neighbors.

```
subnet <- subNetwork(rownames(data), g)
subnet</pre>
```

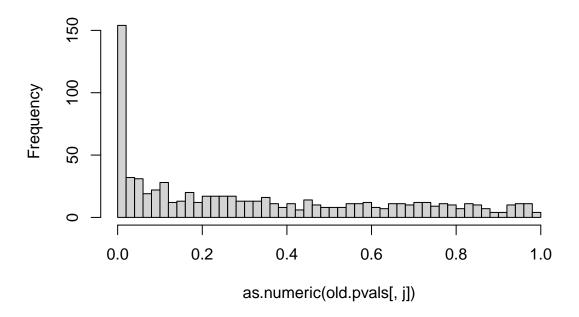
```
FALSE A graphNEL graph with directed edges
FALSE Number of Nodes = 540
FALSE Number of Edges = 298
```

FALSE Number of Edges = 39429

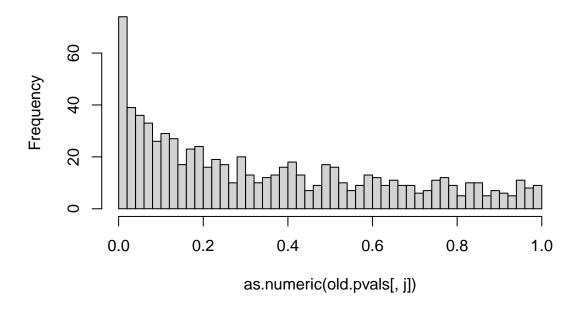
Aggregating the p-values from the DGE and DPA data.

```
pvals <- cbind(data$diff_genes, data$diff_prot)
rownames(pvals) <- rownames(data)
pval <- aggrPvals(pvals, order = 2, plot = TRUE)</pre>
```

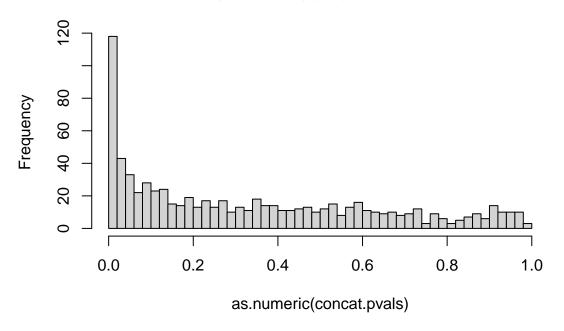
Histogram of 1. p-values



Histogram of 2. p-values



Histogram of aggregated p-values



Obtaining the Functional Network Modules.

```
fb <- fitBumModel(pval, plot = FALSE)
scores <- scoreNodes(subnet, fb, fdr = 0.5)
module <- runFastHeinz(g, scores)</pre>
```

Plotting the resulting netwoks.

```
logFC <- dge$logFC
names(logFC) <- dge$external_gene_name
plotModule(module, scores = scores, diff.expr = logFC)</pre>
```

