## BIST 5092 Phase III Project

### Diezhang Wu

```
library(dplyr)

##

## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

##

## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

##

## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(tidyr)
library(stringr)
```

#### import ADPA and ADSL datasets, select measurements at visit 6

```
adpa <- read.csv("../data_phase 3/ADPA.csv")
pasi <- adpa %>% filter(PARAMCD == "PASI")
pasi6 <- adpa %>% filter(PARAMCD == "PASI", AVISIT == "VISIT 6")
adsl <- read.csv("../data_phase 3/ADSL.csv")
adae <- read.csv("../data_phase 3/ADAE.csv")</pre>
```

perform logistic regression to assess the treatment effect on PASI75 adjusted by sex with the full dataset

```
dat_full <- merge(adsl, pasi6, by = "SUBJID")</pre>
summary(glm(PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat_full, family = binomial))
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
       data = dat_full)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
               1Q
                     Median
                                   ЗQ
                                            Max
## -2.0185 -0.4241
                      0.5286
                               0.8783
                                         2.2944
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                  0.2248 -11.377
                      -2.5574
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## SEXM
                       0.1940
                                  0.1239
                                           1.566
                                                     0.117
## as.factor(TRTPN)2
                       3.2724
                                  0.2438 13.421
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3
                       3.1169
                                  0.2257 13.811
                                                    <2e-16 ***
```

```
## as.factor(TRTPN)4   4.2609    0.2395   17.791   <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 2396.1 on 1830 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1804.7 on 1826 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 1814.7
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5</pre>
```

#### **MCAR**

create functions to generate dataset with certain percent missing

```
generate_missing <- function(data, percent){
  id <- sample(1:nrow(data), round(nrow(data)*percent), replace = FALSE)
  data_par1 <- data[id,]
  data_par1$AVAL <- NA
  data_par2 <- data[-id,]
  data_final <- rbind(data_par1, data_par2)
  data_final$PCHGCA1N[which(is.na(data_final$AVAL))] <- NA
  return(data_final)
}</pre>
```

1. generate dataset with 10% missing and perform logistic regression

```
set.seed(1234)
pasi6_final1 <- generate_missing(pasi6, 0.1)</pre>
dat1 <- merge(adsl, pasi6_final1, by = "SUBJID")</pre>
summary(glm(PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat1, family = binomial))
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
##
       data = dat1)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -2.0105 -0.4370
                     0.5332
                               0.8755
                                        2.2534
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                      -2.4568
                                  0.2306 -10.653
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## SEXM
                       0.1560
                                  0.1309
                                           1.191
                                                    0.234
## as.factor(TRTPN)2 3.1982
                                  0.2515 12.715
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3
                     3.0620
                                  0.2323 13.182
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4
                     4.1797
                                  0.2464 16.965
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

```
##
##
      Null deviance: 2149.9 on 1647 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1628.0 on 1643 degrees of freedom
     (183 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 1638
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
2. Impute the missingness and reanalyze the data
dat1_im <- dat1
dat1_im$PCHGCA1N[which(is.na(dat1_im$AVAL))] <- 0</pre>
summary(glm(PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat1_im, family = binomial))
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
##
       data = dat1_im)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                1Q Median
      Min
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.7759 -1.3036 0.6803
                                        2.3003
                              0.9433
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                 0.2261 -11.375
                     -2.5722
                                                 <2e-16 ***
                                         1.295
## SEXM
                      0.1499
                                 0.1157
                                                    0.195
## as.factor(TRTPN)2 3.0016
                                 0.2439 12.304
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3
                     2.8640
                                 0.2281 12.558
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4
                     3.7679
                                 0.2344 16.078
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 2493.8 on 1830 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2020.7 on 1826 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2030.7
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
3. repeat 1 & 2 with 20% missingness
## with 20% missingness
set.seed(1234)
pasi6_final2 <- generate_missing(pasi6, 0.2)</pre>
dat2 <- merge(adsl, pasi6_final2, by = "SUBJID")</pre>
summary(glm(PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat2, family = binomial))
##
```

## glm(formula = PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,

##

##

data = dat2)

```
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                10
                    Median
                                  30
                                          Max
                    0.5205
## -2.0328 -0.4278
                              0.8583
                                        2.2780
##
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
                                 0.2510 -10.026
## (Intercept)
                     -2.5170
                                                   <2e-16 ***
                                          1.225
## SEXM
                      0.1718
                                 0.1402
                                                   0.221
## as.factor(TRTPN)2
                      3.2763
                                 0.2740 11.956
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3
                      3.1540
                                 0.2528 12.475
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4
                     4.2759
                                 0.2684 15.932
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 1898.6 on 1464 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1425.3 on 1460 degrees of freedom
     (366 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 1435.3
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
## with 20% missingness imputed
dat2_im <- dat2
dat2_im$PCHGCA1N[which(is.na(dat2_im$AVAL))] <- 0</pre>
summary(glm(PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat2_im, family = binomial))
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
##
       data = dat2_im)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                    Median
      Min
                                   3Q
                1Q
                                          Max
## -1.5847 -1.2246
                     0.8189
                              1.0687
                                        2.3790
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                 0.2429 -11.399
## (Intercept)
                     -2.7691
## SEXM
                      0.1508
                                 0.1115
                                          1.352
                                                   0.176
## as.factor(TRTPN)2
                     2.8794
                                 0.2588 11.126
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3
                     2.8523
                                 0.2451 11.635
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4
                     3.5386
                                 0.2477 14.285
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 2535.6 on 1830 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2140.8 on 1826 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2150.8
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

#### repeat 1 & 2 with 30% missingness

```
## with 30% missingness
set.seed(1234)
pasi6_final3 <- generate_missing(pasi6, 0.3)</pre>
dat3 <- merge(adsl, pasi6_final3, by = "SUBJID")</pre>
summary(glm(PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat3, family = binomial))
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
      data = dat3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                1Q
                    Median
                                  3Q
                                           Max
## -2.0680 -0.4346 0.5008
                             0.8330
                                        2.2785
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                     -2.5182 0.2668 -9.438
## (Intercept)
                                         1.364
## SEXM
                      0.2061
                                 0.1511
                                                   0.172
## as.factor(TRTPN)2
                      3.1821
                                 0.2894 10.996
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3
                     3.1922
                                 0.2684 11.893
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4
                     4.3250
                                 0.2849 15.182
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 1651.6 on 1281 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1225.1 on 1277 degrees of freedom
     (549 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 1235.1
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
## with 30% missingness imputed
dat3_im <- dat3
dat3_im$PCHGCA1N[which(is.na(dat3_im$AVAL))] <- 0</pre>
summary(glm(PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat3_im, family = binomial))
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
##
      data = dat3_im)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                                           Max
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
## -1.4471 -1.1401 -0.3355
                              0.9689
                                        2.4106
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                      -2.8492 0.2535 -11.241
                                                   <2e-16 ***
                                 0.1101 0.929
## SEXM
                       0.1022
                                                   0.353
## as.factor(TRTPN)2 2.6584
                                0.2691 9.880
                                                  <2e-16 ***
```

```
## as.factor(TRTPN)3  2.6690  0.2561 10.422 <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4  3.3617  0.2572 13.072 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 2525.8 on 1830 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2193.2 on 1826 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2203.2
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5</pre>
```

#### MAR

```
# select subject id, visit number, percent change from baseline at each visit
# reshape the dataset into wide format
pasi_inter <- pasi %>%
  select(SUBJID, AVISIT, PCHG) %>%
  spread(AVISIT, PCHG)
# generate missing data conditioned on previous visits
# in miss4, miss5 and miss6, 0 is missing, 1 is not missing
set.seed(1234)
for (i in 1:nrow(pasi_inter)){
  if (pasi_inter$`VISIT 3`[i] < 10){</pre>
    pasi_inter$miss4[i] <- rbinom(1, 1, 0.7)</pre>
  } else{ pasi_inter$miss4[i] <- rbinom(1, 1, 0.95)}</pre>
for (i in 1:nrow(pasi_inter)){
  if (pasi_inter$miss4[i] == 0){
    pasi_inter$miss5[i] = 0
  } else if (pasi_inter$`VISIT 4`[i] < 10){</pre>
    pasi_inter$miss5[i] <- rbinom(1, 1, 0.7)</pre>
  } else{ pasi_inter$miss5[i] <- rbinom(1, 1, 0.95)}</pre>
}
for (i in 1:nrow(pasi_inter)){
  if (pasi_inter$miss4[i] == 0){
    pasi_inter$miss6[i] = 0
  } else if (pasi_inter$`VISIT 5`[i] < 10){</pre>
    pasi_inter$miss6[i] <- rbinom(1, 1, 0.7)</pre>
  } else{ pasi_inter$miss6[i] <- rbinom(1, 1, 0.95)}</pre>
# check percent of missing data at visit 6
1 - sum(pasi_inter$miss6)/nrow(pasi_inter) # about 17% missingness
```

## [1] 0.1693064

# generate missingness in the pasi6 data according to the missigness pattern obtained in the previous s
pasi6\_mar <- pasi6
pasi6\_mar\$PCHGCA1N[which(pasi\_inter\$miss6 == 0)] <- NA # PCHGCA1N contains visit 6 results with missing</pre>

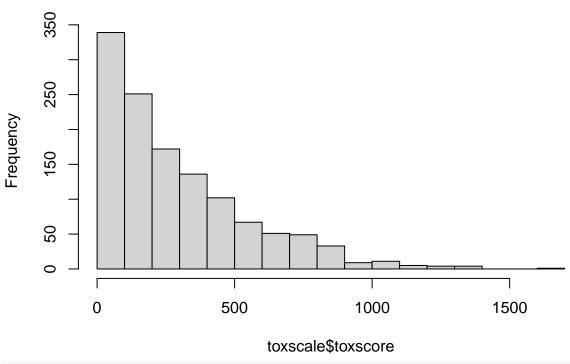
```
pasi6_mar$im6 <- pasi6_mar$PCHGCA1N</pre>
pasi6_mar$im6[which(is.na(pasi6_mar$PCHGCA1N))] <- 0 # impute all missing data as non-responders
dat_mar <- merge(adsl, pasi6_mar, by = "SUBJID")</pre>
# logistic regression on PASI75 with missing values excluded
summary(glm(PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat mar, family = binomial))
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
##
       data = dat_mar)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                   3Q
                                            Max
## -2.0431 -0.5322
                      0.5146
                               0.8693
                                         2.1126
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                  0.2494 -8.491
## (Intercept)
                      -2.1180
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## SEXM
                       0.2350
                                  0.1330
                                            1.767
                                                    0.0773 .
## as.factor(TRTPN)2
                       2.8004
                                  0.2693 10.400
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3
                       2.6614
                                  0.2509 10.608
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4
                       3.8378
                                  0.2645 14.511
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
   (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
##
       Null deviance: 1893.6 on 1520 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1553.0 on 1516 degrees of freedom
     (310 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 1563
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
\# logistic regression on PASI75 with missing data imputed as 0
summary(glm(im6 ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat_mar, family = binomial))
##
## glm(formula = im6 ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
##
       data = dat_mar)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                   3Q
                                            Max
## -1.8053 -1.2527
                      0.6605
                               0.9640
                                         2.3722
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                  0.2393 -11.50
## (Intercept)
                      -2.7518
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## SEXM
                       0.2029
                                  0.1159
                                            1.75
                                                    0.0801 .
                       3.0741
                                  0.2554
                                            12.04
## as.factor(TRTPN)2
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3
                       2.9271
                                  0.2405
                                            12.17
                                                    <2e-16 ***
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4
                       3.9604
                                  0.2472
                                            16.02
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 2502.7 on 1830 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2004.2 on 1826 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2014.2
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

#### MNAR

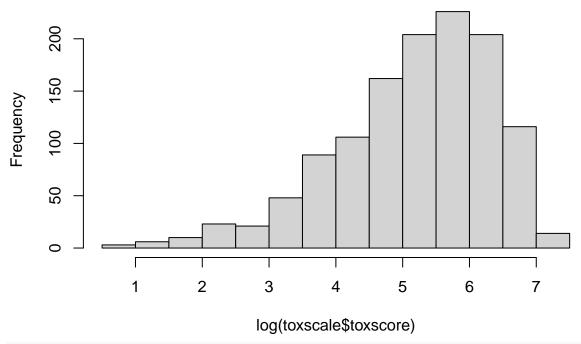
```
# sum the duration of each adverse event to generate total days of adverse event the patient had during
adae$duration <- adae$AEENDY - adae$AESTDY</pre>
#adduration <- adae %>% group_by(USUBJID) %>% summarise(duration = sum(duration))
# create severity score for each patient with AE using AESER, AESEV, and AEREL
# AESER_rate = 1 for Y, AESEV_rate : 1 for mild, 2 for moderate, 3 for severe, AEREL_rate = 1 for Y
adae$AESER_rate <- ifelse(adae$AESER == "Y", 1, 0)</pre>
adae$AESEV_rate <- ifelse(adae$AESEV == "MILD", 1, ifelse(adae$AESEV == "MODERATE", 2, 3))
adae$AEREL rate <- ifelse(adae$AEREL == "Y", 1, 0)</pre>
# severity score score per event = AEREL_rate * 5 + AESER_rate * 3 + AESEV_rate * 2
adae$serscore <- adae$AEREL_rate * 5 + adae$AESER_rate * 3 + adae$AESEV_rate * 2</pre>
# toxic score = severity score * duration
adae$toxscore <- adae$serscore * adae$duration</pre>
# compute toxicity scale for each subject by sum the toxic score from each adverse event
toxscale <- adae %>% group_by(USUBJID) %>% summarise(toxscore = sum(toxscore))
## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
# check the distribution of the toxic scale
summary(toxscale$toxscore)
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
##
           91.25 218.00 293.13 424.75 1664.00
hist(toxscale$toxscore)
```

## Histogram of toxscale\$toxscore



hist(log(toxscale\$toxscore))

# **Histogram of log(toxscale\$toxscore)**



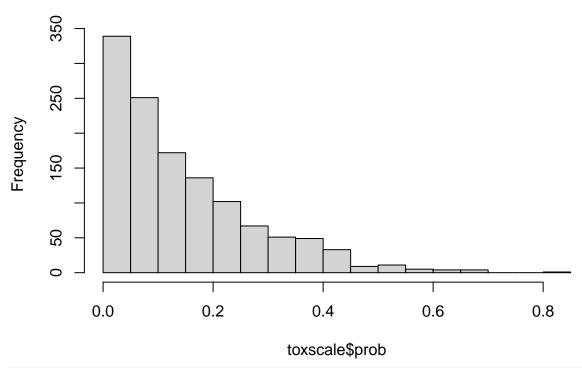
# assume the probability of dropping out is positively related to the toxicity scale and has an uniform # the probability then can be simply determined by dividing the toxicity score with a common denominate toxscale\$prob <- toxscale\$toxscore/2000

### summary(toxscale\$prob)

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## 0.00000 0.04562 0.10900 0.14657 0.21238 0.83200

hist(toxscale\$prob)

# Histogram of toxscale\$prob

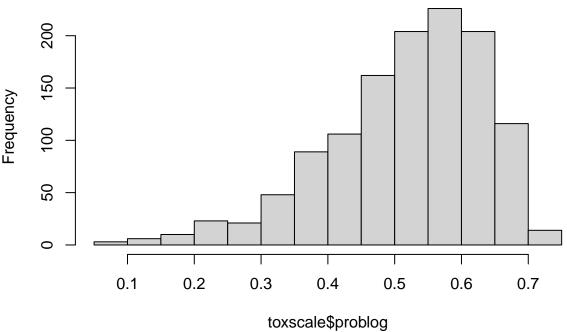


toxscale\$problog <- log(toxscale\$toxscore)/10
summary(toxscale\$problog)</pre>

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## -Inf 0.4514 0.5384 -Inf 0.6051 0.7417

hist(toxscale\$problog)

### Histogram of toxscale\$problog



```
# impute the missingness of the subjects with adverse events with their probability of dropping out
aemissing <- toxscale
set.seed(10)
for (i in 1:nrow(aemissing)){aemissing$miss[i] <- rbinom(1, 1, 1 - aemissing$prob[i])}</pre>
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `miss`.
for (i in 1:nrow(aemissing)){aemissing$misslog[i] <- rbinom(1, 1, 1 - aemissing$problog[i])}</pre>
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `misslog`.
## Warning in rbinom(1, 1, 1 - aemissing$problog[i]): NAs produced
## Warning in rbinom(1, 1, 1 - aemissing*problog[i]): NAs produced
aemissing$SUBJID <- as.numeric(substr(aemissing$USUBJID, nchar(aemissing$USUBJID) - 4 + 1, nchar(aemiss
# check the percent of missingness
1 - sum(aemissing$miss)/nrow(pasi6) # about 43% of visit 6 measurements are missing
## [1] 0.4309121
# join the aemissing table to pasi6 and set visit6 results to be missing based on results from the prev
pasi6_mnar <- left_join(pasi6, aemissing, by = "SUBJID")</pre>
pasi6_mnar$PCHGCA1N[which(pasi6_mnar$miss == 0)] <- NA</pre>
pasi6_mnar$im6 <- pasi6_mnar$PCHGCA1N</pre>
pasi6_mnar$im6[which(is.na(pasi6_mnar$PCHGCA1N))] <- 0</pre>
dat_mnar <- merge(pasi6_mnar, adsl, by = "SUBJID")</pre>
# perform logistic regression on pasi75 with incomplete dataset and imputed dataset
```

summary(glm(PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat\_mnar, family = binomial))

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = PCHGCA1N ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
      data = dat_mnar)
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                10
                     Median
                                  30
                                          Max
## -2.0884 -0.4064
                    0.4896
                                       2.3558
                              0.8546
##
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                 0.2438 -11.119
                     -2.7104
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## SEXM
                      0.2578
                                 0.1325
                                         1.945
                                                  0.0517 .
                                 0.2643 12.926
## as.factor(TRTPN)2
                      3.4158
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3
                      3.2719
                                 0.2443 13.391
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4
                      4.5134
                                 0.2626 17.187
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 2140.7 on 1638 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1558.3 on 1634 degrees of freedom
     (192 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 1568.3
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
summary(glm(im6 ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), data = dat_mnar, family = binomial))
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = im6 ~ SEX + as.factor(TRTPN), family = binomial,
##
      data = dat_mnar)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
                     0.7179
## -1.7216 -1.3477
                              0.9666
                                       2.3429
##
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                0.23842 -11.233
## (Intercept)
                    -2.67815
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## SEXM
                     0.09233
                                0.11562 0.799
                                                   0.425
## as.factor(TRTPN)2 3.10420
                                0.25547 12.151
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)3 3.06997
                                0.24084 12.747
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(TRTPN)4 3.81005
                                0.24555 15.516
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 2498.6 on 1830 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2029.4 on 1826 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 2039.4
##
```

## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5