# The lipics Class\*

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#### 1 Introduction

The lipics class assists in preparing articles for *Leibniz International Proceedings* in *Informatics* with L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. It adapts L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X's standard article class to meet some requirements for LIPIcs and provides a specific layout.

The package consists of the following files:

lipics-manual.pdf this documentation

lipics-sample-article.tex the LATEX master file, to be used as a template

lipics.cls the LATEX class file, providing adaptions for LIPIcs and producing the layout

logos for LIPIcs and Creative Commons

This documentation is not intended to give an introduction to LATEX. For questions concerning TeX systems/installations or the LATEX mark-up language in general please visit www.tug.org, www.dante.de, uk.tug.org or any other TeX user group worldwide. The essential reference for LATEX is Mittelbach F., Goossens M. (2004) The LATEX Companion. 2nd edn., but there are many other good books delivering insight into LATEX.

lipics tries to benefit as far as possible from standard LATEX packages. (Have a look at lipics.cls to see which packages are used.) Therefore, it should also be easy to compile an already written manuscript with the lipics layout. To learn more about the underlying packages we refer to their documentations (try e.g. texdoc [package name] at your shell prompt or visit tug.ctan.org).

# 2 How to use the package

We suggest to employ a recent  $T_EX$  installation: the most important distributions,  $T_EX$  Live,  $MiKT_EX/proT_EXt$  and  $MacT_EX$ , all provide at least 2009 versions. But older versions should (in principle) work as well.

To use lipics, put "lipics-sample-article.tex" and "lipics.cls" in your working directory, edit the file "lipics-sample-article.tex' in your preferred text editor and run LATEX as usual. (See the following section for more detailed advises.)

<sup>\*</sup>This file was last revised Feb 20, 2013.

# 3 Some important settings and commands

#### 3.1 Paper format

You can choose between the A4 format and the US-letter format. The respective options "a4paper" or "letterpaper" must be inserted in the optional argument of \documentclass.

# 3.2 Language

The document language is chosen in the optional argument of the \documentclass command in the LATEX master file. Possible values are USenglish, UKenglish and many others.

#### 3.3 Input encoding

lipics preselects UTF-8 as input encoding. Please do not change the input encoding because otherwise the volume compilation might become difficult.

#### 3.4 Fonts

lipics uses the Latin Modern font family. This is a recent redesign of the good old Computer Modern fonts. Latin Modern provides a lot of characters and all neccessary math fonts. If your TEX installation does not provide the Latin Modern family, Computer Modern is used as a fallback.

lipics preloads the package "amssymb" to make additional mathematical symbols available. Other symbol packages, e.g. stmaryrd, may be added, of course. Moreover, the script math alphabet is provided by loading the eucal package.

#### 3.5 Titles

The prelims of a LIPIcs article is the only part where some specific commands are required:

- The title is tagged as usual with the \title{...} command. If you need a short form for the running head, use the optional \titlerunning{...}.
- Authors and their affiliations are rendered separately for LIPIcs. Therefore, the standard IATEX mechnism is replaced by the one of the authblk package: An author name is tagged with \author as usual. But this command has now an optional argument which may take the "footnote mark(s)" of associated affiliations, e.g. \author[1,2]{John Q. Open}. Any further authors are tagged with separate \author commands. The mark-up for affiliations is analogue: The command is \affil, with an obligatory argument for the affiliation itself, and an optional argument which may capture a running number, e.g.: \affil[1]{Department of ...\... University\\... City\\open@dummyuni.org}. If you need a short form for the author names in the running head, use the optional \authorrunning{...}.

- \Copyright{...} has an argument for the copyright holder, e.g. \Copyright {John Q. Open}. For LIPIcs the CC-BY license is standard. (For information on Creative Commons licenses see creativecommons.org.)
- \subjclass{...} will output classification information, e.g. following the ACM 1998 Computing Classification System.
- \keywords{...} may be used to capture keywords.

The commands mentioned so far should be used in the document preamble of the LATEX file. Providing a title and at least one author is required.

To typeset an abstract use \begin{abstract}...\end{abstract}. The environment must be placed after \begin{document} and \maketitle!

Note that subject classifications and keywords will be rendered together with the abstract. So it is necessary to use the abstract environment in order to get the output for \subjclass and \keywords.

#### 3.6 Mathematical formulas

The amsmath package is preloaded, and your are encouraged to use the mark-up it provides instead of old-style standards like the eqnarray environment or the \over command.

#### 3.7 Theorem-like environments

The amsthm package is preloaded, and the following environments are already introduced: theorem, lemma, corollary, definition, example and remark.

Setting up additional environments works with the \newtheorem mechanism from the amsthm package. For example, add to your document preamble

#### \theoremstyle{plain}

\newtheorem{conjecture}[theorem]{Conjecture}

See also the amsthm package documentation.

Available \theoremstyles are: plain, definition, and remark (all from the amsthm package, but slightly modified for LIPIcs).

Note that for LIPIcs all numbered theorem-like environments should use one and the same counter, i.e. the counter of the default environment "'theorem".

By default, theorem-like environments are numbered consecutively throughout the document. To number the environments subordinately within sections use the class option "'numberwithinsect":

\documentclass[numberwithinsect]{lipics}.

# 3.8 Lists

List labels are set flush left. For enumerations with more than 9 items please insert \addtolength\leftmargini{0.5em} before \begin{enumerate}.

#### 3.9 Listings

The listings package is preloaded. It provides the lstlisting environment to typeset displayed code. Here, the package is configured to get a grey background for listings.

The following example shows how to use captions and labels with the lstlisting environment:

Note also the float option to make the listing floating. Instead of the caption option one might prefer the title option which outputs the argument without the "Listing" label. To globally change the label name from "Listing", add to your document preamble e.g.

\renewcommand\*\lstlistingname{Algorithm}

Please read the package documentation for more information on the lstlisting environment and how to adapt it locally.

# 3.10 Graphics

The standard interface for graphic inclusion is the \includegraphics command provided by the graphicx package. Note that the \graphicspath command allows to declare one or more folders where the graphicx package looks for the image files; so providing the path with each \includegraphics command is not necessary.

#### 3.11 Tables

Preloaded packages are: the array package (for introducing new column types), the multirow package (row spanning cells) and the tabularx package (automatic column width calculation).

In order to allow easy use of table footnotes, the threeparttable package is preloaded. Please read the short documentation in threeparttables.sty to see how the related commands are applied.

#### 3.12 Rotating floats

The preloaded rotating package provides the two environments "sidewaysfigure" and "sidewaystable". They allow the rotation of floating objects.

### 3.13 Bibliography

It is recommended to use the standard bibliography mechanism. You might copy and paste your bibliography entries from elsewhere into the thebibliography environment or, more elegant and suggested, use BibTeX. For BibTeX, the standard bibliography style for LIPIcs is "plain". Please do not not change the bibliographic

style. LIPIcs only allows numerical citation and forbids author-year citations. (So the natbib package is not used by lipics.)

# 3.14 Adding further packages and new macros

Feel free to add further packages if you need extra structural mark-up. But keep in mind that you should not change the general layout of the article. Changing text width or linespreads, for example, are forbidden.

 ${\rm Happy}\ T_{\!E}\!Xing!$