



CENTER FOR TEXTUAL STUDIES AND DIGITAL HUMANITIES

DIGH 401 - Introduction to Computing

Fall Semester 2013

Week 8

Today's Class

- Presentations
- XAMPP
- manipulating data

XAMPP basics

Overview - after downloading and installation

- open XAMPP Control application
 - start required services such as Apache & MySQL
- Apache root directory is 'htdocs'
- create a testing directory
- MySQL admin control panel
 - <http://localhost/phpmyadmin/>

start developing...

DIGH 401 - Introduction to Computing

Programming basics

Overview

- list of instructions that tell the computer what to do, eg: 'Hello World'

```
<?php
```

```
echo "Hello World!";
```

```
?>
```

Example

Programming basics

Manipulating Data - intro

- numbers, text, input
- mathematical operations such as addition, subtraction, multiplication...
- string operations such as replace, concatenate, re-order, diff...
- operators such as +, -, and *
- functions are commands that perform more sophisticated calculations such as calculating the square root of a number

Programming basics

Manipulating Data - assignment operator (=)

- nothing more than an equal, =, sign

`$variableName = value;`

- value could be a fixed number, specific string, mathematical equation that calculates a single value...

DIGH 401 - Introduction to Computing

Programming basics

Manipulating Data - using arithmetic operators

+	addition	$10 + 22.6$
-	subtraction	$22.6 - 10$
*	multiplication	$10 * 4$
/	division	$120 / 4$
%	modulus	$39 \% 7$
-	negation	$- 2$

Programming basics

Manipulating Data - operator precedence

- normally plays a role in multiple calculations on the same value or variable
- how do we know the order a computer will complete calculations?
- group calculations together to ensure sequence of overall calculation
- bracket calculations to help isolate calculations

100, 75, 25

Manipulating Data - Mathematics

A few mathematics functions

- with basic mathematical operators you can create any type of complicated formula (quadratic equation, generating random numbers...)
- most programming languages include built-in mathematical functions
- functions are either built-in or available as separate libraries
- many advantages to the use of built-in mathematical functions
- mathematical functions remove the need to know how to write a function to calculate the square root, for example

Manipulating Data - Mathematics

A few PHP Mathematics functions - rocket thrust exercise!

- abs() finds the absolute value of a number
- round() rounds a number to the nearest integer
- ceil() rounds a number upwards to the nearest integer
- floor() rounds a number downwards to the nearest integer
- min() returns the smaller of the two arguments passed
- max () returns the larger of the two arguments passed
- rand(min, max) simply returns a random integer
 - [Example](#)

Further information: [PHP Mathematics functions](#)

```
<?php  
echo '<p>'.rand().'</p>';  
echo '<p>'.rand(1, 49).'</p>';  
?>
```