

Fall Semester 2014

Week 9

Today's Class

- TEI Exercise
- TEI Example Project Files
- TEI continued

```
<TEI>
```

```
<teiHeader>
   <fileDesc>
     <titleStmt>
      <title>
        <!--Title-->
      </title>
     </titleStmt>
     <publicationStmt>
      >
        <!--Publication Information-->
      </publicationStmt>
     <sourceDesc>
      >
        <!--Information about the source-->
      </sourceDesc>
   </fileDesc>
 </teiHeader>
 <text>
   <body>
     <!--Some structural division, paragraph, line group, speech, ...->
   </body>
 </text>
</TEI>
```

TEI Exercise - solution options

- within the <teiHeader> we could add
 - the title of the text
 - <respStmt>
 - <publicationStmt>
 - <sourceDesc>
- within <text> we could add
 - <front> with a dedication and table of contents...
 - <body> with transcription etc of the text
 - <back> with a div of type 'colophon'...

Text Encoding Initiative - Example 1

```
<teiHeader>
 <fileDesc>
  <titleStmt>
    <title>The Epic of Gilgamesh</title>
    <respStmt>
     <resp>editor</resp>
     <name xml:id="AL">Alasdair Livingstone</name>
    </respStmt>
  </titleStmt>
  <publicationStmt>
    Not for distribution.
  </publicationStmt>
  <sourceDesc>
    Transcribed from the diaries of Professor Wilfred
    Lambert
  </sourceDesc>
 </fileDesc>
</teiHeader>
```

Text Encoding Initiative - Example 2

```
<text>
<front>
 <div type="dedication">
   personal dedication...
 </div>
 <div type="contents">
   <head>Table of Contents/head>
   < list>
    <item>1. No.1...
    <item>2. No.2...</item>
    <item>3. No.3...</item>
   </list>
 </div>
</front>
<body>
 some body text goes here....
</body>
<back>
 <div type="colophon">
   Physical book conditions...
 </div>
</back>
</text>
```

Text Encoding Initiative - Example Project Documents

TEI Example Project Files...

Ongoing assessment

http://www.digital-humanities.com

Ongoing assessment

SciFi Authors

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More about Textual Phenomena - Structural Features

- Prose elements
- <div> <head> <list> <item> <q> <pb> <seg> <figure>
 <tables>
- Verse elements
 - <|g> <|>
- Drama elements
 - <div> <sp> <lg> <l> <seg>

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Some examples

```
<item></item></l></l></l></l></l></l></l></le>
<seg type="preamble">
<seg></seg>
<seg></seg>
</seg>
</seg>
```

an example with 'quoted' g

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Title Pages

- <titlePage> used for transcription and encoding of physical title page
- within <front> or <back> using <titlePage>
- <titlePage> commonly includes <docTitle>
- <docTitle> may include subsections, <titlePart>
- <docAuthor> for name of the author
- <byline> for primary statement of responsibility for a work
- Other elements can include
 - <docEdition>
 - <docDate>
 - <docImprint> may contain <pubPlace> <docDate>

<publisher>...

- <epigraph>
- <imprimatur>
- <graphic/>

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More about Textual Phenomena - Logical and Semantic Features

- encodes underlying semantics with specific elements other than <hi>>
- highlighting may be used to show
 - <emph> <foreign> <distinct>
- uses of quotation
 - <said> <quote> <cit> <mentioned> <soCalled>
- other examples include
 - <term> <gloss>...
- generic elements may also carry semantic and logical information
- <title> <name> <num> <measure> <date> <address> <abbr> <expan>

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More about Textual Phenomena - Logical and Semantic Features

Referring Strings

- in TEI places, people, objects can use the <name> elements with
 @type attribute
 - eg: <name type="person">Jack</name>
- proper nouns can also be referred to using the <rs> element plus
 @type attribute
 - eg: <rs type="person">he</rs>

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More about Textual Phenomena - Logical and Semantic Features

Dates and Time

- <date> and <time>
- system or calendar used may be documented using @calendar attribute
- value of date or time supplied using @when attribute
- normalised representation of <date> should conform to valid W3C datatype

<date when="2003-12-22" calendar="Gregorian">22 Nov 2003

- <date> can also be used to mark a period of time using the attributes
 - @from @to @notBefore @notAfter

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More about Textual Phenomena - Logical and Semantic Features

Numbers and Measures

- <num> and <measure>
- <num type="percentage" value="23">23%</num>
- <measure type="volume" quantity="1.5" unit="litre" commodity="wine"</pre>
- >1.5L bottle of wine</measure>

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More about Textual Phenomena - Logical and Semantic Features

Addresses

- physical and digital addresses can be encoded
 - <address> <email>
- <email> can also use a @type attribute
- <addrLine> within <address>
- <name> <street> <postCode> <postBox>

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More about Textual Phenomena - Logical and Semantic Features

Abbreviations and Expansions

- explicitly encode <abbr> and <expan>
- @type attribute may be used with <abbr>
 - <abbr type="title">Dr</abbr>
- <expan> used with <abbr> within <choice>

```
<choice>
<abbr type="title">Dr</abbr>
<expan>Doctor</expan>
</choice>
```

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More about Textual Phenomena - Analytical Features

Notes and Annotations

- <note> can be used to record a textual annotation
- @type attribute used to differentiate notes
- @resp attribute used to assign responsibility
- position of the note can be referenced using the @place attribute

<note n="1" place="foot" type="editorial" resp="NJH">a new note...</note>

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More about Textual Phenomena - Analytical Features

Index Entries

- pre-existing in <front> or <back> using <list> inside <div>
- new index using <term> inside <index> at the location of the index item

```
<index>
```

- <term>new index term...</term>
- </index>

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More about Textual Phenomena - Analytical Features

Errors

- indicated using <sic>
- corrected using <corr>
- combine <sic> and <corr> within <choice>
- use @cert and @resp attributes to encode degree of certainty and editor responsible

<corr cert="high" resp="#NJH">correction...</corr>

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More about Textual Phenomena - Analytical Features

Regularisation and Normalisation

- <reg> element for regularisation
- <orig> for original, non-normalised form
- use <reg> in isolation or combined with <orig> within <choice>

```
<choice>
<orig>thou</orig>
<reg resp="#NJH">you</reg>
</choice>
```

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More about Textual Phenomena - Analytical Features

Additions, Deletions & Omissions

- <a>qap> element used for omission, both material and editorial
- @reason attribute used to indicate reason for omission
- @extent and @unit attributes can be used to record extent of omission
- editorial omissions should be recorded using <editorialDecl> insideeditorialDesc> in <teiHeader>
- <gap> may be empty or include a <desc> of the material omitted
- <add> and may also be used for words and phrases
- @rend attribute may also be used with <add> and
- <addSpan/> and <delSpan/> for longer passages
- <subst> to contain <add> and with causal relationship
- <unclear> with @reason attribute for difficult to read deletions in the text

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Non-Textual Phenomena

- graphics such as illustrations, diagrams, drawings, artwork...
- anchor in a text using <graphic/> and optional @url attribute
- <graphic url="http://www.somewhere.com/image.jpg"/>
- use <figure> element as parent to create a full listing for a graphic

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Global Attributes

There are currently 6 global attributes:

- @n
- @rend
- @rendition
- @xml:base
- @xml:id
- @xml:lang

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TEI P5 Guidelines