

# E78-868LN22S(6601)

## **ASR6601 Wireless module**





#### Contents

DISCLAIMER				2
1. PRODUCT OVERVIEW				1
1.1 INTRODUCTION				1
1.2 APPLICATION				1
2. SPECIFICATIONS				1
2.1 MAIN PARAMETERS				1
2.2 WORKING PARAMETERS				
2.3 PARAMETER DESCRIPTION				2
3. MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS AND PIN DEFINIT	ΓΙΟΝ			3
3.1 E78-868LN22S(6601) DIMENSION DRAWING	G			3
3.2 PIN DEFINITION				4
3.3 RECOMMENDED CONNECTION DIAGRAM				5
4. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS				
2.1 LoRa		(((0)))	(((0)))	6
2.2 LoRaWAN				6
2.3 ADR				6
5. LORAWAN APPLICATION MODEL DIAGRAM				
6. ACCESS DEMO				g
7. AT COMMAND				11
8. FAQ				32
8.1 COMMUNICATION DISTANCE IS VERY SHORT				32
8.2 MODULE IS EASY TO BE DAMAGED			<u> </u>	32
IMPORTANT STATEMENT				32
REVISION HISTORY				33
APOUTUS				20





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### 1. Product Overview

#### 1.1 Introduction

E78-868LN22S (6601) series of products is the Chengdu EBYTE Electronic Technology Co., Ltd. design and production of the standard LoraWan node module, operating band EU 850 to 925 MHZ, support CLASS - A/CLASS-C node type, support ABP /OTAA two ways to access the network, at the same time, the module has a variety of low-power modes, external communication interface using standard UART, With easy configuration of AT instructions, users can access the standard LoraWan network, 2000 is the perfect choice for current IoT applications.



# 1.2 Application

- Smart home and industrial sensors, etc
- Security system, positioning system;
- Wireless remote control, drones;
- Wireless game remote control;
- Healthcare products;
- Wireless voice, wireless headphones;
- Automotive applications.

# 2. Specifications

# 2.1 Main parameters

Product model	Core IC	Size	Nand weight	Operating temperature	Operating humidity	Storage temperature
E78-868LN22S(6601)	ASR6601CB	20* 14*2.8 mm	1.2g	-40 ~ 85℃	10% ~ 90%	-40 ~ 125°C

# 2.2 Working parameters

The parameter	Min	Туре	Max	unit
· ·		· ·		



category				
Emission current (Lora@2.4kbps)	110	120	130	mA
Receive current (Lora@2.4kbps)	13	14	15	mA
Turn off the current	2.4	2.5	2.6	uA
Transmit power	21.0	21.2	21.8	dBm
Receive sensitivity	-139	-140	-140	dBm
TCXO crystal	32	32	32	MHZ
TCXO crystal voltage configuration	1.8	1.8	3.3	V
Recommended operating band	850	868/900/915	925	MHZ
The supply voltage	2.5	3.3	3.7	V
Communication level	2.5	3.3	3.7	V

main parameters	Ddescription	remark
Reference distance	5600m	Clear and open, antenna height 2 meters, air rate 1kbps
Crystal frequency	32MHz	-
Modulation	LoRa(recommendation)	GFSK Mode , FLRC Mode, LoRa Mode
Packing method	SMD	-
Interface method	1.27mm	-
Communication Interface	SPI	0∼10Mbps
Dimensions	20*14mm	-
Antenna interface	IPEX/stamp hole	the equivalent impedance is about $50\Omega$

## 2.3 Parameter description

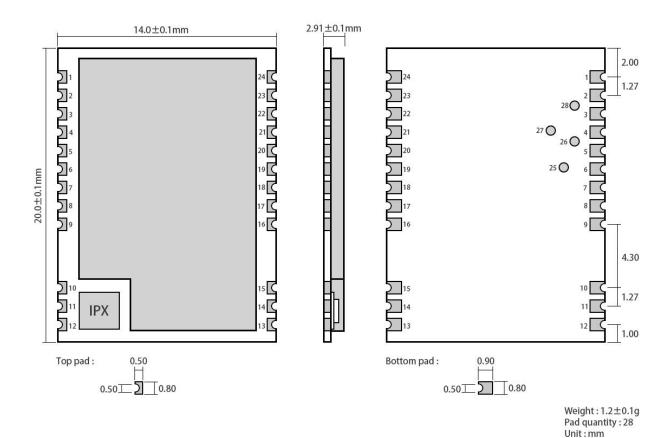
- When designing the power supply circuit for the module, it is often recommended to reserve more than 30% margin, and the whole machine is conducive to long-term stable operation;
- The current required at the moment of launch is relatively large, but often because the launch time is extremely short, the total energy consumed may be smaller;
- When the customer uses an external antenna, the impedance matching degree between the antenna and the module at different frequency points will affect the size of the emission current to different degrees;
- The current consumed when the RF chip is in a purely receiving state is called the receiving current. Some RF chips
  with communication protocols or the developers have loaded some self-developed protocols on the whole machine,
  which may cause the receiving current of the test to be too large;



- The shutdown current is often much smaller than the current consumed by the power supply part of the whole
  machine at no load, so it is not necessary to be excessively demanding;
- Because the material itself has a certain error, a single LRC component has an error of ±0.1%, but hesitate to use
  multiple LRC components in the entire RF loop, there will be a situation of error accumulation, resulting in a difference
  between the transmit current and the receive current of different modules;
- Reducing the transmission power can reduce power consumption to a certain extent, but for many reasons, reducing
  the transmission power transmission will reduce the efficiency of the internal PA.

### 3. Mechanical Dimensions and Pin Definition

### 3.1 E78-868LN22S(6601) dimension drawing





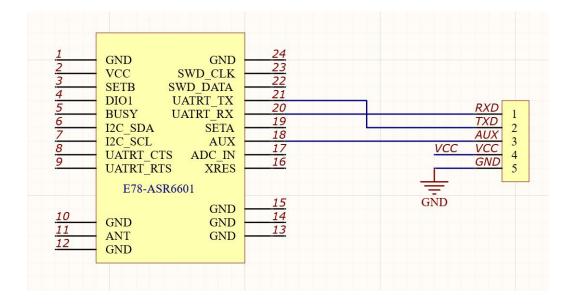
# 3.2 Pin definition

Pin number	Pin name	Pin direction	Pin usage
4	CND		Ground wire, connected to the power reference
1	GND	-	ground
2	\/CC		Power supply, range 2.5V~3.7V (recommend to add
2	VCC	-	ceramic filter capacitor)
3	SETB	-	Low-power wake-up pin
4	DIO1	Input/output	NC (reserved pin)
5	BUSY	Input/output	NC (reserved pin)
6	I2C_SDA	Input/output	NC (reserved pin)
7	I2C_SCL	Input/output	NC (reserved pin)
8	UART_CTS	Input/output	NC (reserved pin)
9	UART_RTS	Input/output	NC (reserved pin)
10	CND		Ground wire, connected to the power reference
10	GND	-	ground
44	ON		Antenna interface, stamp hole (50 ohm characteristic
11	ON	<del>-</del>	impedance)
12	GND		Ground wire, connected to the power reference
12	GND	-	ground
13	GND		Ground wire, connected to the power reference
13	GND	-	ground
14	GND		Ground wire, connected to the power reference
14	GND	-	ground
15	GND		Ground wire, connected to the power reference
13	GND	-	ground
16	XRES	Input	External reset pin
17	ADC_IN	Input	NC (reserved pin)
18	THE	Input/output	NC (reserved pin)
19	SILK	Input/output	NC (reserved pin)
20	UART_RX	Input/output	UART RX pin
21	UART_TX	Input/output	UART TX pin
22	SWD_DATA	Input/output	SWD Data pin
23	SWD_CLK	Input/output	SWD Clock pin
0.4	ONID		Ground wire, connected to the power reference
24	GND	-	ground
25	CDI MICO	Input/output	SPI MISO test point is internally connected and
25	SPI_MISO		cannot be used as an external SPI
20	CDL NCC	Innut/autaut	SPI NSS test point is internally connected and cannot
26	SPI_NSS	Input/output	be used as an external SPI
27	SDI MOSI	Input/output	SPI MOSI test point is internally connected and
27	SPI_MOSI	Input/output	cannot be used as an external SPI



28	SPI_SCK	Input/output	SPI SCK test point is internally connected and cannot be used as an external SPI		
★ For the pin definition, software driver and communication protocol of the module, please refer to ASR					
official 《ASR6601 Datasheet》★					

# 3.3 Recommended connection diagram





### 4. Terms and Definitions

#### 2.1 LoRa

LoRa is one of the LPWAN communication technologies, known as Long Range Radio, means "long distance radio";

The company that currently dominates the technology is semtech abroad;

LoRa's main ISM brand is in the global free band: 433MHz, 470MHz, 868MHz, 915MHz, etc.

Features: Low power consumption, long distance, low cost.

#### 2.2 LoRaWAN

The LoRa Alliance is an open, non-profit organization led by Semtech in March 2015. The Alliance released a low-power wide area network standard based on the open source MAC layer protocol: the LoRaWAN protocol standard.Network topology: star structureNetwork composition: LoRa module, gateway (Gateway or base station), Server (including Network Server, Network control, Application Server). LoRaWAN divides LoRa nodes into three categories: A/B/C:

#### ■ Two-way transmission terminal (Class A):

The Class A terminal will follow two short downlink receiving windows immediately after each uplink to achieve two-way transmission. The terminal arranges the transmission time slot based on its own communication requirements, with small changes on the basis of random time (that is, the ALOHA protocol). This Class A operation provides the application with the lowest power consumption terminal system, and only requires the application to perform the server's downlink transmission within a short time after the terminal's uplink transmission. Downlink transmission by the server at any other time has to wait for the next uplink of the terminal.

■ Two-way transmission terminal with designated receiving time slot (Class B):

Class B terminals will have more receiving time slots. In addition to the random receiving window of Class A, Class B devices will also open other receiving windows at the specified time. In order for the terminal to open the receiving window at a specified time, the terminal needs to receive a time synchronization beacon (Beacon) from the gateway. This allows the server to know when the terminal is listening.

■ Two-way transmission terminal that maximizes the receiving time slot (Class C):

The Class C terminal basically keeps the receiving window open all the time, and only closes it briefly when sending. Class C terminals consume more power than Class A and Class B, but at the same time, the delay from the server to the terminal is also the shortest.

Note: E78-868LN22S(6601) supports Class A and Class C equipment types;

#### 2.3 ADR

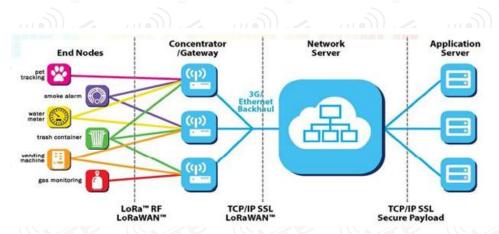
ADR is called adaptive data rate. In the loraWan network system, in order to maximize the battery life and overall network capacity of the terminal device, the LoRaWAN network server manages the data rate and RF output of each terminal device through the adaptive data rate (ADR) algorithm. Through the ADR technology, In the LORAWAN system, the server automatically updates and sets the speed of the node according to the signal receiving ability of the node. The



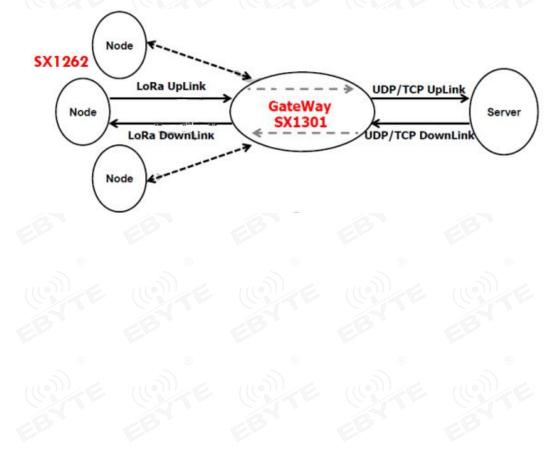
speed is low when the distance is far away, and the speed is high when the distance is close. This greatly improves the effective bandwidth and load capacity of the network in practical applications.



# 5. LORAWAN Application Model Diagram



The complete LoraWan network system consists of nodes, gateways, Lora NetWork Server, and application servers. The nodes are generally designed by LoRa chip; the gateway is designed by SX1301 provided by semtech; Lora NetWork Server now has open source loraserver or commercial TTN (The ThingsNetwork), users can build by themselves; the application server is designed and developed by users, mainly used to exchange application data with Lora NetWork Server.





### 6. Access Demo

This demo kit is: E78-868LN22S (6601) as a node, E890 as a gateway to access the free TTN (TheThingsNetwork) test server for communication testin;

The corresponding settings of the node-side OTAA access method are as follows:

```
16:40:55.062]发→◇AT+CAPPKEY=A159F0F98B746113FEADE0E9D6E70F6C
                                                                        设置APPKEY
」
16:40:55.089]收←◆
                                                              设置APP EUI
16:40:55.478]发→◇AT+CAPPEVI=70B3D57ED0026626   ◆
16:40:55.503]₩7←◆
                                                      设置device EUI
16:40:55.926]发→◇AT+CDEVEVI=0001004700200103 《
16:40:57.607]发→◇AT+CCLASS=2 ◆
                                            设置节点类型为: Class C
16:40:57.611]收←◆
16:41:04.062]发→◇AT+CCONFIRM=0 ◆
                                                   使用非确认交互
16:41:04.065]收←◆
                                                  使用上、下行异频模式
16:41:08.598]发→◇AT+CULDLMODE=2 ◀
16:41:11.189]发→◇AT+CSAVE
16:41:11.194]收←◆
16:41:12.317]发→◇AT+IREBOOT=0 ——
16:41:12.322]收←◆
16:41:17.637]\\\\<del><</del>◆+CJOIN:OK ≪
16:41:22.644]收←◆
K+SENT:01
                                              成功接入TTN服务器
```

On TTN, the gateway information is as follows:



The gateway data is shown below:

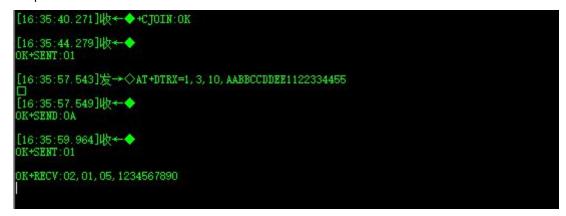




#### The TTN node data record is as follows:



#### Node serial port:



Note: Please refer to "LORAWAN Node + Gateway TTN Server Configuration Tutorial" for TTN creation equipment and corresponding configuration procedures



### 7. AT Command

- 1. Directive format:
  - <CMD>[op][ para1, para2, para3,...] <CR><LF>
  - : Command prefix
  - CMD: Controls the indicator
  - (op): The instruction operator. It can be:
    - **/** ""
    - ✓ "?": Represents the current value of the query parameter.
    - ✓ "":Indicates the execution of the instruction.
    - ✓ "=? ": Represents the parameters of the query setup instruction.

Para-n: Represents the value of the set parameter, or specifies the parameter to query

< CR><LF >: return line break, ASCII 0x0D 0x0A



Commands	Description (Universal Command)	
CGMI	Read the manufacturer id	
CGMM	Read the module ID	
CGMR	Read the version ID	
CGSN	Read the product serial number identification	
CGBR	Set the Baud Rate for UART	
CJOINMODE	Set read Join mode (OTAA, ABP)	
CDEVEUI	Set to read DevEUI (when OTAA is on the net)	
CJOINMODE	Set read Join mode (OTAA, ABP)	
CDEVEUI	Set to read DevEUI (when OTAA is on the net)	
CAPPEUI	Set up read AppEUI (when OTAA is on the internet)	
CAPPKEY	Set up read AppKey (when OTAA is online)	
CDEVADDR	Set to read DevAddr (when ABP is on the net)	
CAPPSKEY	Set up read AppSkey (when ABP is on the internet)	
CNWKSKEY	Set to read NwkSkey (when ABP is on the grid)	
CFREQBANDMASK	Set up a read frequency point mask (FreqBandMask)	
CULDLMODE	Set read UI/DI mode (same or different frequencies)	
CWORKMODE	Set read mode (normal mode)	
CCLASS	Set read class type (Class A/C)	
CBL	Read the power level	
CSTATUS	Read node status	
CJOIN	Launch OTAA access	
DTRX	Send the received data frame	
DRX	Get the most recently received data from Rx buffer and empty Rx buffer	
command	Description (MAC-related configuration commands)	
CCONFIRM	Set the type of read send message (confirm or unconfirm)	
CAPPPORT	Set up read app layer Port	
CDATARATE	Set the read data rate	
CRSSI	Gets the RSSI value of the channel	
CNBTRIALS	Set read NbTrans parameters	
CRM	Set the read upload mode	
СТХР	Set the read send power	
CLINKCHECK	Enable Link check	
CADR	Enable or disable ADR	
CRXP	Set the read receive window parameters	
CRX1DELAY	Set the delay for reading TX and RX1	
CSAVE	Save the configuration	
CRESTOREMAC	Restore the default configuration	
IREBOOT	The system resets	
CLPM	System low power settings	
ECHO	Serial instruction echo configuration	



engaa Ebyte Electronic i		·	E10-000LINZZ3(0001)OSEI IIIdilu	
Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
	Query	AT. COMMO	+CGMI= <manufacturer></manufacturer>	
	command	AT+CGMI?	ок	
	The		,	
	description	< manufacturer >: Manufacturer's logo		
	of the			
	parameter			
CGMI	Returns the			
(Read the	value			
manufacturer'	description			
s identity).		AT+CGMI?		
		+CGMI=Ebyte		
	example	OK		
	Precaution			
	s			
Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
	Query	AT+CGMM?	+CGMM= <model></model>	
	command		ОК	
	The			
	description			
	of the			
CGMM	parameter	<model>: Module ID</model>		
	Returns the			
(Read the	value			
module ID).	description			
		AT+CGMM?		
	example	+CGMM=E78-868LN22S(660	01)	
		ОК		
	Precaution			
	s			
Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
	Query	AT+CCMD2	+CGMR= <revision></revision>	
COMP	command	AT+CGMR?	ок	
CGMR (Pood version	The			
(Read version	description	gravician N. Varrian Na		
ID).	of the	<revision>: Version No</revision>		
	parameter			



	Returns the value description			
	example	AT+CGMR? +CGMR=SF V1.0 OK		
	Precaution s			
Command character	The command type	The command format	response	
	Query command	AT+CGSN?	+CGSN= <sn> OK</sn>	
CGSN (Read the product serial number	The description of the parameter Returns the value description	<sn>: Product serial number identification</sn>		
identification).	example	AT+CGSN? +CGSN=0539349E00032523 OK		
	Precaution s			
Command character	The command type	The command format	response	
	Query command	AT+CGBR?	+CGBR= <baud></baud>	
	Set the command	AT+CGBR= <baud></baud>	ОК	
CGBR (Set Baud Rate).	The description of the parameter Returns the value	<baud>: Product serial number identification</baud>		
	description			
	example	AT+CGBR=9600 OK		
Precaution s Baud range: 1200 to 9600bps				



	I				
Command	The				
character	command	The command format	response		
	type				
	Test	AT+CJOINMODE=?	+CJOINMODE:"mode"		
	command		ОК		
	Query		+CJOINMODE: <mode></mode>		
	command	AT+CJOINMODE?	ОК		
	Set the				
	command	AT+CJOINMODE= <mode></mode>	OK		
	The				
CJOINMODE	description				
(Set join	of the	< mode >: nodeJoin mode			
mode).	parameter	0:OTAA			
	Returns the	1:ABP			
	value				
	description				
	accomplion	AT+C.IOINMODE=0			
	example	AT+CJOINMODE=0			
	D	OK			
	Precaution	Different mode nodes are accessed in different ways, abP please use this			
	S	instruction setting before send	ding data.		
Command	The .				
character	command	The command format	response		
	type				
	Test	AT+CDEVEUI=?	+CDEVEUI= <deveui:length 16="" is=""></deveui:length>		
	command		-		
	Query	AT+CDEVEUI?	+CDEVEUI: <value></value>		
	command		OK		
	Set the	AT+CDEVEUI= <mode></mode>	ОК		
	command	711 OBEVEOL MICCO			
	The				
	description				
CDEVEUI	of the				
(Set DevEUI).	parameter	< mode >: node DevEUI			
	Returns the				
	value				
	description				
		AT+CDEVEUI?			
	example	+CDEVEUI=AABBCCDD001	12233		
		ок			
	Precaution				
	s	Set or read DevEUland return	n Y1Y2 Y8, 16 feed format, value 8 bytes.		
Command	The				
character	command	The command format	response		
L					



	type						
	Test command	AT+CAPPEUI=?	+CAPPEUI= <appeui:length 16="" is=""></appeui:length>				
	Query command	AT+CAPPEUI?	+CAPPEUI: <value> OK</value>				
	Set the command	AT+CAPPEUI= <value></value>	ОК				
CAPPEUI (Set up AppEUI).	The description of the parameter	<value>: Node AppEUI</value>					
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Returns the value description						
	example	AT+CAPPEUI=AABBCCDD00	AT+CAPPEUI=AABBCCDD00112233 OK				
	Precaution s	OTAA uses, sets, or reads appEUlto return Y1Y2 Y8, 16 feed format, value 8 bytes.					
Command character	The command type	The command format	response				
	Test command	AT+CAPPKEY=?	+CAPPKEY= <appkey:length 32="" is=""></appkey:length>				
	Query command	AT+CAPPKEY?	+ CAPPKEY: <value> OK</value>				
	Set the command	AT+CAPPKEY = <value></value>	ОК				
CAPPKEY (Set up AppKey).	The description of the parameter Returns the value description	escription f the arameter eturns the alue					
	example	AT+CAPPKEY=AABBCCDD00112233AABBCCDD00112233 OK					
	Precaution s	OTAA when using, setting up, or reading AppKey,returns Y1Y2 Y16, 16 feed format, value 16 bytes.					
Command character	The command	The command format	response				
CDEVADDR	type Test	AT+CDEVADDR=?	+CDEVADDR= <devaddr:length 8,="" device<="" is="" td=""></devaddr:length>				



	I		
(Set <b>DevAddr)</b> .	command		address of ABP mode>
	Query	AT+CDEVADDR?	+CDEVADDR: <value></value>
	command	7 GD_11DJ	ОК
	Set the	AT+CDEVADDR = <value></value>	ОК
	command	AT+CDEVADDR =\Value>	OK .
	The		
	description		
	of the		
	parameter	<value>: node DevAddr</value>	
	Returns the		
	value		
	description		
		AT+CDEVADDR=00112233	
	example	ОК	
	Precaution	ABP uses, sets, or reads Dev	Addrto return Y1Y2 Y4, 16 feed format, value 4
	s	bytes.	
Command	The		
character	command	The command format	response
	type		1335
	Test	AT+CAPPSKEY=?	
	command	ALL SALL SALL .	+CAPPSKEY= <appskey:length 32="" is=""></appskey:length>
CAPPSKEY	Query	AT+CAPPSKEY= <value></value>	+CAPPSKEY: <value></value>
(Set up	command	711 ONE 1 SINE 1 Value	OK
AppSKey).	Set the		
	command	AT+CDEVADDR = <value></value>	ОК
	The		
	description		
	of the		
	parameter	<value>: node AppSKey</value>	
	Returns the		
	value		
	description		
	ucscription	AT+CVDDSKEV-VVBBCCDL	D00112233AABBCCDD00112233
	example	OK	000112233AABBCCDD00112233
	Precaution		SKey,returning Y1Y2 Y16, 16 feed format, value
		16 bytes.	Oney, returning 1112 110, 10 leed format, value
Command	S	10 Dyles.	
	The	The command format	raspansa
character	command	The command format	response
	type	AT LONIMIZOUEN O	
CNWKSKEY	Test	AT+CNWKSKEY=?	+CNWKSKEY = <nwkskey:length 32="" is=""></nwkskey:length>
(Set	command	AT LONINALIZOUS TARGET	· ONIMIZOIZEV. A
NwkSKey)	Query	AT+CNWKSKEY?	+CNWKSKEY: <value></value>
	command		OK



	Set the command	AT+CNWKSKEY= <value></value>	ОК
	The description of the parameter Returns the value description	<value>: node NwkSKey</value>	
	example	AT+CNWKSKEY=AABBCCDE OK	000112233AABBCCDD00112233
	Precaution s	ABP when using, setting or reaformat, value 16 bytes.	ading NwkSKey,returning Y1Y2 Y16, 16 feed
	The command type	The command format	response
	Test command	AT+CFREQBANDMASK=?	+CFREQBANDMASK:"mask" OK
	Query command	AT+CFREQBANDMASK?	+CFREQBANDMASK: <mask> OK</mask>
CFREQBAND	Set the command	AT+CFREQBANDMASK= <m ask=""></m>	ОК
MASK (Set the band mask).	The description of the parameter	< mask >: Frequency point masks that the network may work with, 16bits for 16 frequency groups, see The LoRaWAN access specification. For example: 0-7 channel, the corresponding mask is 0001, 8-15 channel	
	Returns the value description	corresponding mask is 0002, and so on	
	example	AT+CFREQBANDMASK=000 OK	1
	Precaution s	You need to set it up before Youin.	
Command character	The command type	The command format	response
	Test	AT+CULDLMODE=?	+CULDLMODE:"mode"
CULDLMODE	command		ОК
(Set up and down the	Query command	AT+CULDLMODE?	+CULDLMODE: <mode></mode>
same frequency).	Set the command	AT+CULDLMODE= <mode></mode>	ОК
	The	<mode>:</mode>	



	description	1: Same frequency mode		
	of the	2: Hetero-frequency mode		
	parameter			
	Returns the			
	value			
	description			
	example	AT+CULDLMODE=2 OK		
	Precaution s	You need to set it up before Y	ouin ouin	
Command character	The command type	The command format	response	
	Test	AT+CWORKMODE=?	+CWORKMODE:"mode"	
	command		ОК	
	Query	AT+CWORKMODE?	+CWORKMODE: <mode></mode>	
	command		ОК	
	Set the	AT+CWORKMODE= <mode< td=""><td></td></mode<>		
	command	>	OK	
CWORKMODE	The description			
(Set working	of the			
mode).	parameter	<mode>: 2: Normal working mode</mode>		
mode).	Returns the			
	value			
	description			
	docomplion	AT+CWORKMODE=2		
	example	OK		
	Precaution	Before Join needs to be set, default to normal working mode. Currently, only		
	S	normal working mode is supp	•	
Command	The	normal working mode to supp		
character	command	The command format	response	
	Test command	AT+CCLASS=?	+CCLASS:"class","branch","para1","para2", "para3","para4" OK	
	Query	AT+CCLASS?	+CCLASS: <class></class>	
CCLASS	command		ок	
(Set Class).	Set the command	AT+CCLASS= <class></class>	ОК	
	The	<class>:</class>		
	description	0:classA		
	of the	2:classC		



		I	· ·	
	parameter			
	Returns the			
	value			
	description			
	example	AT+CCLASS=2		
	Схаттріс	OK		
	Precaution	Before Join needs to set, the default is classA		
	s	Defore John Needs to Set, the	default is classic	
Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
	Test	AT+CSTAUS=?	+CSTATUS:"status"	
	command		ОК	
			+CSTATUS: <status></status>	
	Query	AT+CSTATUS?	ОК	
	command			
	The	<status>:</status>		
	description	00 - No data operation		
	of the	01 - Data sent		
CSTAUS	parameter	02 - Data delivery failed		
(Query the		03 - Data sent successfully		
current state		04 - JOIN success (only in the first JOIN process)		
of the device).	Returns the value description	05 - JOIN failure (only in the first JOIN process)		
		06 - Network May Be Abnormal (Link Check Results)		
		07 - Send data successfully, no downstream		
		08 - Send data successfully, v		
		AT+CSTATUS?		
	example	+CSTATUS=03		
		OK		
	Precautions	Query the current state of the device		
Command		Query the current state of the	GUEVICE	
Command	The	The compared former	rannana	
character	command	The command format	response	
	type		LO IOIN ADDITION OF THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRA	
	Test	AT+CJOIN=?	+CJOIN: <paratag1>,[ParaTag2], [ParaTag4</paratag1>	
	command			
			OK	
	Query	AT+CJOIN?	+CJOIN: <paravalue1>,[ParaValue2], [Para</paravalue1>	
CJOIN	command		Value4]	
(Set Join).			OK	
,			If the input is legal, first return OK, then start	
	Set the	AT+CJOIN= <paravalue1>,</paravalue1>	automatic	
	command	[ParaValue2],	authentication, return authentication results.	
		[ParaValue4]	CJOIN: OK Authentication Success	
			- CJOIN: FAIL Authentication Failed	



	The		ParaTag4: Authentication Parameter 1, 2, 4	
	description	the name;		
	of the		ParaValue4: Authentication Parameter 1, 2,	
	parameter	The parameter value of 4;		
			e range of ParaTag1 values for performing THEIN	
		operations:		
		0 - Stop JOIN		
			JOIN process. For modules that enable hot start,	
		doing so clears the saved JC	IIN context parameters.	
		ParaTag2 indicates whether	the AUTO function is enabled. Factory value is 1,	
	Returns the	ParaTag2 value range:		
	value	0 - Turn off automatic JOY		
	description	1 - The automatic JOIN. mod	lule automatically starts JOIN. when it enters	
		transmission mode		
			IN period, with values ranging from 7 to 255 in s.	
		Factory default: 8.		
		ParaTag4 represents the ma	ximum number of JOIN attempts, and paraTag4	
		values range from 1 to 255		
		AT-CJOIN=1,1,10,8 (SET THE MAIN parameter: enable automatic JOIN, JOIN		
		cycle of 10s, maximum number of attempts 8 times)		
	example	OK		
		+CJOIN:OK		
	Precaution		, .	
	s	You need to set it up before	Youin	
Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
			+DTRX:[confirm],[nbtrials], <length>,<pay< td=""></pay<></length>	
	Test	AT+DTRX=?	load>	
	command		ОК	
			OK+SEND:TX_LEN	
DTRX		AT+DTRX=[confirm],	OK+SENT:TX_CNT	
(Send	Set the	[nbtrials], <length>, OK+SENTIX_CNT OK+RECV:TYPE,PORT,LEN,DATA</length>		
receiving	command	<payload></payload>	或者	
data).	22	OK+SEND:TX_LEN	ERR+SEND:ERR_NUM	
		OK+SENT:TX_CN	ERR+SENT:TX_CNT	
	The	confirm and nbtrials see the	appropriate AT instructions, valid only for this send,	
	description			
	of the			
	parameter		to rate (see LoRaWan Protocol), and 0 indicates	
parameter and rame from rate to rate (500 Lortarran 1 rottoor), and		(		



that empty packets are sent. Payload: 16 feed (2 characters for 1 number); Return value: 1, how to judge whether the data sent successfully? Confirm type data: Each time you send a frame of data, you should have an answer message. When the module timed out and did not receive an answer message, it will try again if the maximum number is not reached, until the maximum number of times is not received, which is a failure, and output The ERR-SENT message. During this period, if the answer message transmission is completed, it is successful and the OK-SEND, OK-SENT, and OK-RECV messages are output. Unconfirm type data: No downstream answer is requested after the data is sent, and the OK-SEND. OK-SENT message is returned at the end of each transfer. If downstream data is received, a OK-RECV message is sent again. 2, data send status prompt OK-SEND:TX LEN indicates that the data send request was successful, TX LEN: 1Byte, the length of the data sent OK-SENT: TX\_CNT indicates that the data was sent successfully, TX\_CNT: Returns the 1Byte, number of data sent. value ERR-SEND: ERR\_NUM indicates that the data send request failed, as indicated description by the ERR NUM. ERR NUM: 1Byte, 0- Not online 1- Communication is busy and the request failed to be sent 2- The data length exceeds the current sendable length and only mac commands ERR-SENT: TX CNT indicates that the data was sent failed, with the maximum number of transfers, TX CNT: 1Byte, and the number of data transmissions. OK-RECV: TYPE, PORT, LEN, DATA data reception success (received answer message or active downstream data) TYPE: 1Byte, downstream transfer type Bit0: 0-unconfirm, 1-confirm Bit1: 0-Non-ACK, 1-ACK Bit2: 0-Unarmed, 1-Carry, indicating whether the LINK command answer is carried in the downstream data Bit3: 0-Carry, 1-Carry, indicating whether the TIME command answer is carried in the downstream data, only if the bit is 1 means that the time synchronization was successful Bit4 to Bit7: Default 0, reserved PORT: 1Byte, downstream port LEN: 1Byte, downstream data length DATA: nByte,downstream data, this field does not exist when LEN is 0. AT-DTRX=1,2,10,0123456789 example



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		OK-SEND:03 OK-SENT:01 OK-RECV:02,01,00 indicates that the data was successfully sent, and the valid data received by the service should be " 0123456789"and received a downstream confirmation.		
	Precautions	Enter the network first, and the	nen send the data	
Command character	The command type	The command format	response	
	Test command	AT+DRX=?	+DRX: <length>,<payload> OK</payload></length>	
	Query command	AT+DRX?	+DRX: <length>,<payload> OK</payload></length>	
DRX (Receiving data).	The description of the parameter	Return value: Length: 0 for empty packets; Payload: 16 feed string data;		
	value description	OK: No exceptions to receive	e packets;	
	example	AT+DRX? OK		
	Precautions	Receive packets from the receiving buffer and empty the receiving buffer;		
Command character	The command type	The command format	response	
	Test command	AT+CCONFIRM=?	+CCONFIRM:"value" OK	
	Query command	AT+CCONFIRM?	+DRX: <length>,<payload> OK</payload></length>	
	Set the command	AT+CCONFIRM = <value></value>	ОК	
CCONFIRM (Set upstream	The description			
transport type).	of the parameter	<pre><value>: Here's what. 0: UnConfirmed up message</value></pre>		
, , po).	Returns the	Confirmed up message     Confirmed up message		
	value description			
	example	AT+CCONFIRM=1 OK		
	Precautions	You need to set it up before you can send the data		



Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
	Test		+CAPPPORT:"value"	
	command	AT+CAPPPORT=?	ок	
	Query		+CAPPPORT: <value></value>	
	command	AT+CAPPPORT?	OK	
	Set the			
	command	AT+CAPPPORT= <value></value>	ОК	
CARREDORT	The			
CAPPPORT				
(Set upstream	description	<value>:</value>		
data port	of the	Using port, the data format is	10 and the factory value is 10.	
number).	parameter	Value range: 1 to 223;		
	Returns the	Note: Port: 0x00 is LoRaWAN	d's MAC command	
	value			
	description			
	example	AT+CAPPPORT=10		
	Схатрю	ОК		
	Precautions	You need to set it up before y	ou can send the data	
Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
	Test		+CDATARATE:"value"	
	command	AT+CDATARATE=?	ок	
	Query	AT+CDATARATE?	+CDATARATE: <value></value>	
	command		ок	
	Set the		01	
	command	AT+CDATARATE = <value></value>	OK	
	The	<value>:</value>		
CDATARATE	description	Rate value, factory value of 3, value range:		
(Set the	of the	0 - SF12, BW125	, value range.	
communicatio				
n rate).	parameter	1 - SF11, BW125 2 - SF10, BW125		
	Returns the			
	value	3 - SF9, BW125		
	description	4 - SF8, BW125		
		5 - SF7, BW125		
	example	AT+CDATARATE=1		
	-	OK		
	Precautions	The data needs to be set up I	pefore it can be invalidated after ADR	
Command	The			
1			i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
character	command	The command format	response	
character	command type	The command format	response	



		•	E70-000ENZZ3(0001)OSEI IIIaili
(Query	command		ок
channel signal strength).	Query command	AT+CRSSI FREQBANDIDX?	+CRSSI: 0: <channel 0="" rssi=""> 1:<channel 1="" rssi=""> 7:<channel 7="" rssi=""></channel></channel></channel>
	The description of the parameter Returns the	<freqbandidx>: Represe group number 1A2 is 1 RSSI returns 8 channels in a</freqbandidx>	ents the number of the band, starting at 0, and the band.
	value		
	description	AT+CPSSI 12	
	example	AT+CRSSI 1? +CRSSI: 0:-157 1:-157 2:-157 3:-157 4:-157 5:-157	
		7:-157 OK	
	Precautions		
Command character	The command type	The command format	response
	Test command	AT+CNBTRIALS=?	+CNBTRIALS: "MType","value" OK
	Query command	AT+CNBTRIALS?	+CNBTRIALS: <mtype>,<value> OK</value></mtype>
CNBTRIALS (Set <b>the</b>	Set the command	AT+CNBTRIALS= <mtype> ,<value></value></mtype>	ОК
Returns the		ge, 1:confirm package. number of sends, the value range: 1 to 15;	
	value description		



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		AT+CNBTRIALS=1,2	
	example	OK	
	Precautions	You need to set it up before you can send the data	
Command	The		
character	command	The command format	response
	type		
		47 0014 0	+CRM:"reportMode","reportInterval"
	Test	AT+CRM=?	ОК
	command		
	Query	AT+CRM?	+CTXP: <reportmode>,[reportInterval]</reportmode>
	command		OK
		AT+CTXP= <reportmode>,[r</reportmode>	
	Set the	eportInterval]	
	command		ОК
	The	<reportmode>:</reportmode>	1
	description	0- Non-periodic reporting dat	a;
CRM	of the	1- Cycle reporting data;	
(Set the	parameter	<pre><reportinterval>: This parameter is only available when periodic reporting data.</reportinterval></pre>	
reporting		The time interval between pe	riodic reporting of data, in s.
mode).		For different DR, the minimum allowed periods are different, defined by the	
	Returns the	periodic level, as shown in the following table.	
		Rate/cycle (s)/grade LV1 LV2	2
		DR0 150	0 300
	value	DR1 75	150
	description	DR2 35	70
		DR3 15	30
		DR4 10	20
		DR5 5	10
	over-1-	AT+CRM=1,10	
	example	OK	
	Precautions	You need to set it up before y	you can send the data
Command	The		
character	command	The command format	response
	type		
	Test	AT+CTXP=?	+CTXP:"value"
	command		ок
OTVE	Query	AT+CTXP?	+CTXP: <value></value>
CTXP	command		ок
(Set the send	Set the	ATLOTVO AND LOS	OK
power).	command	AT+CTXP= <value></value>	OK
	The	<value>: Factory value is 0 f</value>	or the transmit power size
	description	0 - 17dBm	
L	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	



	of the	1 - 15dBm		
	parameter	2 - 13dBm		
		3 - 11dBm		
		4 - 9dBm		
	Returns the	6 - 5dBm		
	value			
	description	7 - 3dBm		
		AT+CTXP=1		
	example			
	D (	OK	10 11	
Communication	Precautions	You need to set it up before y	ou can send the data	
Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
CLINKCHECK				
(Verify	Test		+CLINKCHECK:"value"	
Network	command	AT+CLINKCHECK=?	ок	
Connection).	Johnnaria			
Connection).	0-44	AT. OLINIKOLIFOK dualius		
	Set the	AT+CLINKCHECK= <value></value>	ОК	
	command			
	The	<value>: Enable Control</value>		
	description	0 for Link Check - Not Enable	Link Check	
	of the	Perform Link Check2 once - the module automatically carries the linkcheck commandin each upstream packet.		
	parameter			
		Return OK and set successfu	Illy	
			iting, a second response message is returned in the	
			iding, a second response message is returned in the	
		following format:		
		+CLINKCHECK:Y0, Y1,	Y2, Y3, Y4	
	Returns the	YO represents the Link Chec	k result:	
	value	0 - Indicates that this Lir	nk Check execution was successful	
	description	Non-0 - indicates that th	is Link Check execution failed	
		Y1 is DemodMargin		
		Y2 is NbGateways		
		Y3 is the RSSI for this downs		
		Y4 is the SNR for this downsi	de	
		AT OUNICOUTOUS		
		AT+CLINKCHECK=1		
	example	OK		
	Champio	+CLINKCHECK: 0, 0, 1, -68, 8		
	Precautions	You need to set it up before y	ou can send the data	
Command	The	The command format response		
character	command			



	type			
	Test command	AT+CRXP=?	+CRXP:"RX1DRoffest","RX2DataRate","RX2Fr equency "OK	
	Query command	AT+CRXP?	+CRXP: <rx1droffest>,<rx2datarate>,<rx2f requency=""></rx2f></rx2datarate></rx1droffest>	
CRXP (Set <b>the</b>	Set the command	AT+CRXP= <rx1droffest> ,<rx2datarate>,<rx2fre quency=""></rx2fre></rx2datarate></rx1droffest>	ОК	
receive window parameters).	The description of the parameter Returns the value description	<rx1droffest>,<rx2datarate>,<rx2frequency>详#协议。</rx2frequency></rx2datarate></rx1droffest>		
	example	AT+CRXP=1,1,868000000 OK		
	Precautions	You need to set it up before you can send the data. Do not set the default value		
Command character	The command type	The command format	response	
	Test command	AT+CRX1DELAY=?	+CRX1DELAY:"Delay" OK	
	Query command	AT+CRX1DELAY?	+CRX1DELAY: <delay> OK</delay>	
CRX1DELAY	Set the command	AT+CRX1DELAY= <delay></delay>	ОК	
(set the number of sends).	The description of the parameter Returns the value description	Delay: How long after sending open the RX1 window, in s;		
	example	AT+CRX1DELAY=2 OK		



	Precautions	Set how long to open the RX1 window after sending, before sending data. The protocol default is not set.		
	<b>-</b>	protocol delault is flot set.		
Command	The .			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
	Test	AT+CSAVE=?	+CSAVE	
	command	7.1.700/WE-1	ОК	
	Set the	AT+CSAVE	OK	
	command		OK	
	The		,	
	description			
CSAVE	of the			
(Save MAC	parameter	<mtype>:0:unconfirm packag</mtype>	ge, 1:confirm package.	
parameter	Returns the	<value>: For the maximum r</value>	number of sends, the value range: 1 to 15;	
settings).	value			
	description	- · · · ·		
	_		figuration parameters to EERPOM/FLASH	
	example		ET command, the module initializes and runs the	
		network using the new MAC configuration parameters.		
	Precautions	You need to save the data be	efore you send it	
Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
	Test	AT+CRESTOREMAC=?	+CRESTOREMAC	
	command		ОК	
	Set the			
	command	AT+CRESTOREMAC	ОК	
	The		I.	
	description			
CRESTOREMA	of the			
C (Recover		The command restores the M	IAC default configuration parameters to	
MAC default	parameter	EERPOM/FLASH.		
parameter).	Returns the			
	value			
	description			
		AT+CRESTOREMAC		
	example	OK		
	Precautions			
Command	The			
character	command	The command format	response	
	type			
IREBOOT	Test	AT+IREBOOT=?	+IREBOOT:"Mode"	
(Restart <b>the</b>	command		ок	
(		1	<u> </u>	



module).	Set the	AT+IREBOOT= <mode></mode>	ОК				
	command						
	The						
	description	< mode >: restart mode; 0: Restart the communication module immediately. 1: Wait for the wireless frames currently being sent within the communication module to complete before restarting.					
	of the						
	parameter						
	Returns the						
	value						
	description						
	example	AT+IREBOOT=1					
		ОК					
		After the communication mod	ule receives the instruction, it replies to OK and				
		restarts the communication module. No subsequent AT instructions are received					
	Precautions	until the restart is					
		complete.					
Command	The						
character	command	The command format	response				
	type						
	Test command	AT+CLPM=?	+CLPM:"Mode"				
			ОК				
	Set the	AT+CLPM= <mode></mode>	au.				
	command		OK				
	The						
	description	< mode >: Low power mode  1: The device enters low power consumption					
	of the						
OI DM	parameter						
CLPM	Returns the						
(Enable <b>low</b>	value						
power	description						
consumption).	example	AT+CLPM=1					
		ОК					
		After entering low power consumption, the serial instruction can be sent again to					
	Precautions	wake up;					
		Because the UART starting bytes may transmit incorrectly when transmitting					
		above 40kbps, AT-CLPM-0 may be recognized as an error and <b>returned to</b>					
		the"CME ERROR"and itis recommended to use "0000000D00D0A" (16-in) for					
		wake-up					
Command	The						
character	command	The command format	response				
	type						
	1	1					



ECHO (Instruction echo).	Query command	AT+ECHO?	+ ECHO:"Mode" OK	
	Set the command	AT+ECHO= <mode></mode>	ОК	
	The description of the parameter Returns the value description	< mode >: instruction echo; 0: Directive to turn off echo. 1: Directive Open Echo.		
	example	AT+ECHO =1 OK		
	Precautions	The open echo instruction returns the corresponding configuration instruction, which is powered off and not saved		



### 8. FAQ

### 8.1 Communication distance is very short

- When there is a straight-line communication barrier, the communication distance decays accordingly.
- Temperature, humidity, and concourse interference can lead to increased packet loss rates.
- The ground absorbs and reflects radio waves, and the test effect near the ground is poor.
- Sea water has a strong ability to absorb radio waves, so the seashore test results are poor.
- There are metal objects near the antenna, or the signal decay can be very severe if placed in a metal shell.
- Power register setting is wrong, air rate setting is too high (higher air rate, closer distance).
- The lower the power supply voltage at room temperature is lower than the recommended value, the lower the voltage, the lower the power.
- The use of antennas to match modules is poor or the antenna itself is of poor quality.

### 8.2 Module is easy to be damaged

- Check the power supply to ensure that the module is permanently damaged between recommended values if the maximum value is exceeded.
- Check the stability of the power supply and the voltage does not fluctuate significantly or frequently.
- Make sure that the installation is using process anti-static operation and that the high-frequency device is static sensitive.
- Make sure that the process humidity should not be too high for installation and that some components are humidity sensitive devices.
- Use at too high or too low a temperature is not recommended if there are no special needs.

### Important statement

- Ebyte reserves the right to final interpretation and modification of all contents of this specification.
- This manual is subject to change without notice due to continuous improvement of the hardware and software of the product and should ultimately be subject to the latest version of the specification.
- Users of this product need to pay attention to the product dynamics on the official website, so that users can get the latest information about this product in a timely manner.



# **Revision history**

version	The revision date	Revised description	Maintainer
1.0	2021-9-15	The initial version	Linson

## **About us**

Technical support: support@cdebyte.com

Documents and RF Setting download link: www.ebyte.com

Thank you for using Ebyte products! Please contact us with any questions or suggestions: info@cdebyte.com

Phone: +86 028-61399028 Web: www.ebyte.com

Address: B5 Mould Park, 199# Xiqu Ave, High-tech District, Sichuan, China



Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd.

