CS210 Fall 2023: PS1A

Instructions

For all multiple choice questions fill **ONE AND ONLY ONE circle**. Be sure to fill the circle in completely.

For all the questions we encourage you to login into the provided UNIX environment and explore your answers. For some questions you must use the UNIX environment to answer them.

If you use checkmarks or other symbols the auto-grader may not be able to process your answer and will assign you a grade of zero.

All pages must have your name and id written on it. Unidentified pages will not be graded

There are total of 15 questions, for a total of 44 points.

First Name:	Last Name:
BU ID:	

PART A	
1. (1 point)	A von Neumann computer is composed of what three core parts?
\bigcirc	Main Memory, Display, and Keyboard
\bigcirc	Display, Mouse, and CPU
\bigcirc	I/O Devices, Main Memory and CPU
\bigcirc	Threads, Kernel, and Main Memory
\bigcirc	All of the above
\bigcirc	None of the above
2. (1 point)	The kernel:
\bigcirc	Bootstraps the hardware
\bigcirc	Has direct access to the hardware
\bigcirc	Is the bottom layer of software that enables other programs to be run
\bigcirc	Provides a unique collection of functions that programs can invoke
\bigcirc	All of the above
\circ	None of the above
3. (1 point)	For each process started, a new kernel is started.
\bigcirc	True
\bigcirc	False
4. (1 point)	An ASCII Terminal:
\bigcirc	Translates ASCII data sent to it into characters on its screen.
\bigcirc	Translates key presses into ASCII coded bytes that it sends to the computer it's connected to
0	Allows human users to interact with ASCII oriented programs running on a computer it's connected to
\bigcirc	All of the above
\bigcirc	None of the above

First Name: _____ Last Name: _____ BU ID: _____

First Name: _	Last Name:	BU ID:
_	Given the following valid path name below, meaning ment can we know to be true?	we know it exits on a UNIX system,
/hon	ne/jappavoo/bin/bar	
	It names a read-only file	
\circ	It names a unique directory	
\bigcirc	bar is a binary file	
\bigcirc	All of the above	
\bigcirc	None of the above	
6. (1 point)	Every shell command creates a new process.	
\bigcirc	True	
\bigcirc	False	
7. (1 point)	Which of the following will set the current working dir	ectory to a user's home directory:
\bigcirc	cd	
\bigcirc	cd \$HOME	
\bigcirc	cd ~	
\bigcirc	cd \$HOME/.	
\bigcirc	All of the above	
\bigcirc	None of the above	
file named	Which of the following can you know for sure will ap 1 foo where the "line" is the string hello on its own iteable. Remember a line includes a ASCII newline by	? Assume the current directory of the
\bigcirc	echo hello	
\bigcirc	echo hello; touch foo	
\bigcirc	echo hello > foo	
\bigcirc	echo -n hello > foo	
\bigcirc	echo hello cat > foo	
\bigcirc	echo hello >> foo	
\bigcirc	echo goodbye > foo && echo hello > fo	00
\bigcirc	echo hello > foo echo goodbye > fo	00
\circ	cat foo	
9. (1 point)	Users can interact directly with the kernel.	
\bigcirc	True	
\bigcirc	False	

First Nan	ne: Last Name:	BU ID:	
10. (1 point) When we create a new terminal window, it is like attaching a new terminal to t system we are working with. Which statement is true?			
	 All the terminals share a single common shell process 		
	A new independent shell process is started for each term	ninal window	
	 Terminals check each command for correctness prior to 	sending them to the shell	
	The terminal allows users to directly interact with the U	NIX kernel	
	point) Given the valid path name (it exists) below, on a UNIX can know to be true.	X system, select all of the statements	
	/home/abcd/Downloads/song.mp3		
	○ It names a file that contains lines of ASCII text		
	○ It names a unique directory		
	osong.mp3 is an audio file		
	O Downloads is a read-only file		
	○ All of the above		
	○ None of above		

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PART B

- 12. This question is to help get our brains familiar with work in binary and hexadecimal notation.
 - (a) (8 points) Complete the following table base on the example in the first row. We suggest you get comfortable doing the conversions between binary and hex by hand. This will help you recongnize patterns in the values and relationships between them. The conversions to and from decimal are painful and doing them with the aid of a calculator make sense.

Binary	Hex	Dec
0100100011100111	48E7	18663
10111111		
01110111		
	5454	
		255
	DEAD	
	BEEF	
0010011000000010		
00000001		

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(b) (8 points) Complete the following table based on the example in the first row

ASCII	Binary	Hex
Hello	1001000, 1100101, 1101100, 1101100, 01101111	48, 65, 6c, 6c, 6f
i++		
		78, 3d, 78, 2b, 33
??		
	00110010, 00110101, 00110101	
42		
	01000010, 01000001, 01010011, 01001000	
		6c, 73, 20, 2d, 6c

First Name:	Last Name:	BU ID:
require :	rer the following questions please use the provided you to clone a copy of the textbook source material aspecific questions.	-
To get th	nings setup:	
1. log	in to the provide online UNIX environment	
2. op	en a terminal window with the UNIX environment	
3. clc	ne a copy of the text book source material:	
	git clone git@github.com:appavooteaching/Unde	ertheCovers. git
•	ave any trouble with the above see the howto and getter the command	ing started posts on PIAZZA.
` ′ ┌──	t log oneline decorate graph n	nain
me	nmarizes a commit with a unique 7 character string (essage. (1 point) What is the commit message of 912fb13 c	-
ii.	(1 point) What is the commit id of the commit with Fixed L07 example syntax for setting	
iii.	(1 point) Compose a pipeline with the commands 'g to determine the total number of commits on the ma	<u>-</u>
iv.	The git show <commit id=""> will show you the For commit 94cb7df fill in the following blanks. α) (1 point) The email address of the author is</commit>	-
	β) (1 point) What date was the commit made?	

First Na	me:	Last Name:	BU ID:
3 \$ 18 4 A B 5 \$ ec 6 hell 7 \$ cc 8 2 9 \$ cc	me/jovyan s C cho \$x lo at B wo		
		re bash commands and output answer the following queston line 5 the current working directory is:	stions/fill in the blanks.
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	The file /home/jovyan/tmp/C/wow, after all commothing – the file is empty a single line with the string: 0 a single line with the string: 1 a single line with the string: 2 a single line with the string: 3 a single line with the string: 4 a single line with a string which is a number between 0 none of the above On line 10 the current working directory is:	
(d)		After all the commands are done, how many items are in hidden files and hidden directories?	- directory /home/jovyan/tmp,
(e)	-	What would be the output of the following command [$x = hello$]]; then echo A; else echo x ; fir line 10?	
(f)	(1 point)	We know that '/home/jovyan/A' is a directory. True False	_

First	Name:	Last Name:	BU ID:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	\$ cat foo \$ ls /etc/p \$ cat /etc/j jovyan:x:10 \$ [[\$y = 7 \$ cat /etc/j \$ cat < ./n 46	oo 040 11:57:54 AM UTC asswd > out && y=7 passwd grep jovyan 00960000:0::/home/jovyan:/bin/bash	
13.	(a) (1 point)	At line 8 does the file /home/jovyan/out yes no At line 10 what is the value of the variable y?	
	(c) (1 point)	At line 14 what is the value of the variable y?	
	(d) (1 point)	At line 15 what is the value of the variable y?	
	(e) (1 point)	At line 17 what is the value of the variable y?	
	(f) (1 point)	After all the commands have run how many by	tes of data are in /home/jovyan/foo?
	_	0 1 2 4 31 It is not possible to know	