PS1A	● Graded
Student	
Jae Hong Lee	
Total Points	
40 / 43 pts	
Question 1	
von Neumann	<b>1</b> / 1 pt
→ + 1 pt Correct	
Question 2	
Kernal	1 / 1 pt
→ + 1 pt Correct	
Question 3	
Process	<b>1</b> / 1 pt
→ + 1 pt Correct	
Question 4	
ASCII Terminal	1 / 1 pt
→ + 1 pt Correct	
Question 5	
UNIX path	<b>0</b> / 1 pt
→ + 0 pts Incorrect: correct answer is none of the above	
Question 6	
Shell command	1 / 1 pt
→ + 1 pt Correct	
Question 7	
Home directory	1/1 pt
→ + 1 pt Correct	

# Question 8 Append line 1/1 pt ✓ +1 pt Correct Question 9 Kernal interaction 1/1 pt ✓ +1 pt Correct Question 10 Terminal 1/1 pt ✓ +1 pt Correct

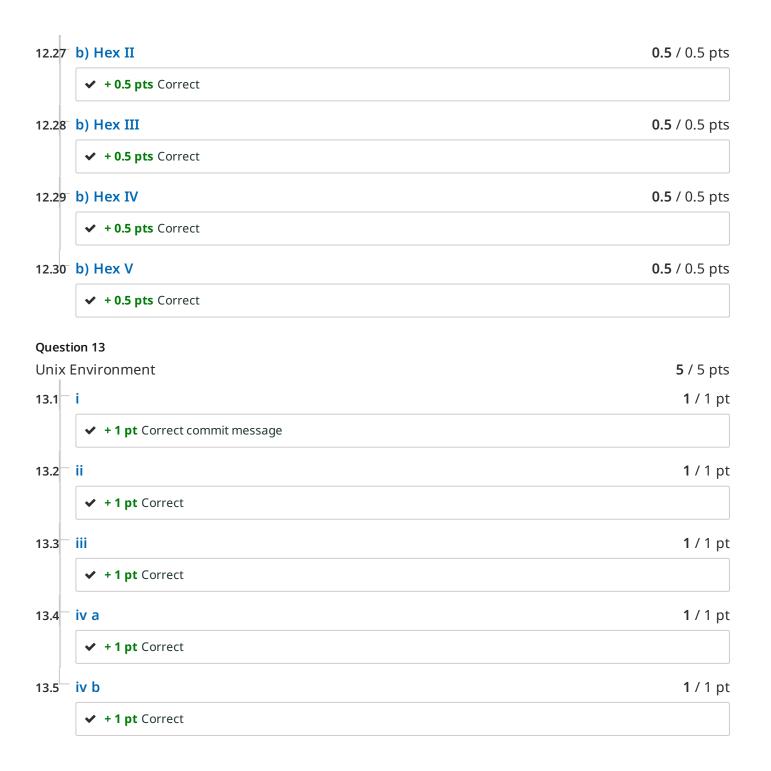
**0** / 1 pt

Question 11 UNIX path

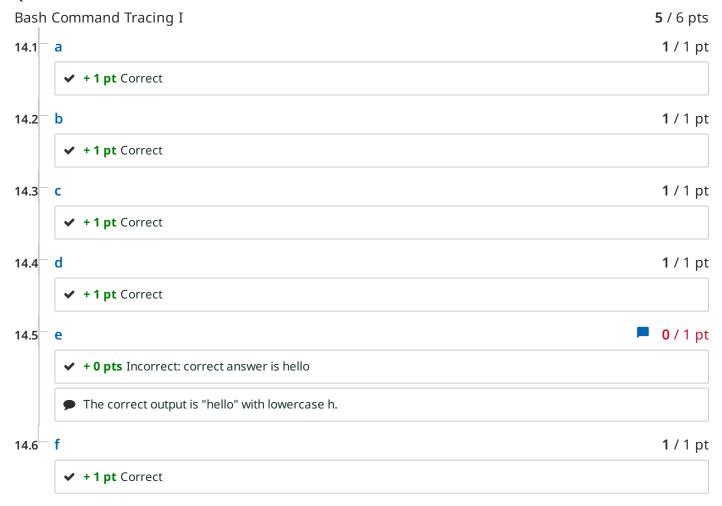
→ + 0 pts Incorrect: correct answer is none of the above

Question 12 Notation	<b>15</b> / 15 pts
12.1 a) Binary I	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pt
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.2 a) Binary II	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pt
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.3 a) Binary III	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pt
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.4 <sup>—</sup> a) Binary IV	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pt
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.5 a) Hex I	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pt
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.6 a) Hex II	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pt
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.7 a) Hex III	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.8 a) Hex IV	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.9 a) Hex V	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.10 a) Dec I	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.11 a) Dec II	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.12 a) Dec III	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.13 a) Dec IV	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	

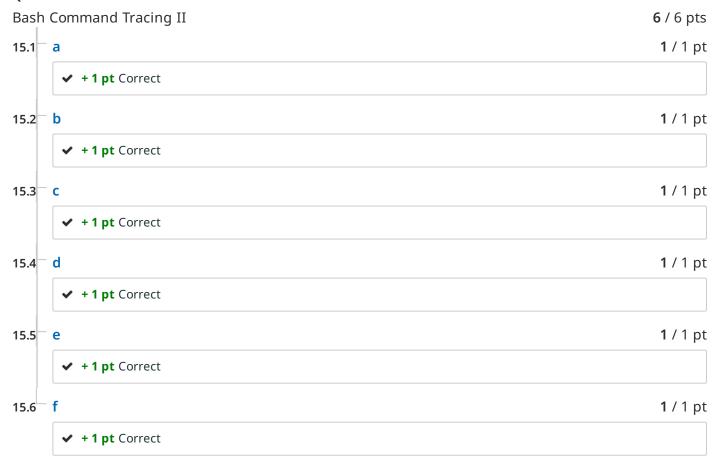
12.14 a) Dec V	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.15 a) Dec VI	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.16 a) Dec VII	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.17 b) ASCII I	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.18 b) ASCII II	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.19 b) ASCII III	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.20 b) ASCII IV	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.21 b) Binary I	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.22 b) Binary II	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.23 b) Binary III	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.24 b) Binary IV	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.25 b) Binary V	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	
12.26 b) Hex I	<b>0.5</b> / 0.5 pts
→ + 0.5 pts Correct	



## Question 14



## Question 15



## CS210 Fall 2023: PS1A

# **Instructions**

For all multiple choice questions fill **ONE AND ONLY ONE circle**. Be sure to fill the circle in completely.

For all the questions we encourage you to login into the provided UNIX environment and explore your answers. For some questions you must use the UNIX environment to answer them.

If you use checkmarks or other symbols the auto-grader may not be able to process your answer and will assign you a grade of zero.

All pages must have your name and id written on it. Unidentified pages will not be graded

There are total of 15 questions, for a total of 44 points.

First Name: Jae Hong	Last Name: Lee
BU ID: <u>りょり565203</u>	

First Name:	Jae Hong— Last Name: Lee BUID: U27565203
PART A	
1. (1 point)	A von Neumann computer is composed of what three core parts?
$\bigcirc$	Main Memory, Display, and Keyboard
$\bigcirc$	Display, Mouse, and CPU
0	I/O Devices, Main Memory and CPU
$\bigcirc$	Threads, Kernel, and Main Memory
$\bigcirc$	All of the above
$\circ$	None of the above
2. (1 point)	The kernel:
$\circ$	Bootstraps the hardware
$\circ$	Has direct access to the hardware
$\circ$	Is the bottom layer of software that enables other programs to be run
$\circ$	Provides a unique collection of functions that programs can invoke
0	All of the above
$\bigcirc$	None of the above
3. (1 point)	For each process started, a new kernel is started.
$\circ$	True
0	False
4. (1 point)	An ASCII Terminal:
$\bigcirc$	Translates ASCII data sent to it into characters on its screen.
$\bigcirc$	Translates key presses into ASCII coded bytes that it sends to the computer it's connected to
0	Allows human users to interact with ASCII oriented programs running on a computer it's connected to
<b>(6)</b>	All of the above

O None of the above

First Name: Jae Hong Last Name: Leo BU ID: U27565203
5. (1 point) Given the following valid path name below, meaning we know it exits on a UNIX system what statement can we know to be true?
/home/jappavoo/bin/bar
○ It names a read-only file
It names a unique directory
○ bar is a binary file
○ All of the above
○ None of the above
6. (1 point) Every shell command creates a new process.
○ True
False
7. (1 point) Which of the following will set the current working directory to a user's home directory:
○ cd
Ocd \$HOME
○ cd ~
Ocd \$HOME/.
All of the above
○ None of the above
8. (1 point) Which of the following can you know for sure will <b>append</b> (add to the bottom) a line to the file named foo where the "line" is the string hello on its own? Assume the current directory of the shell is writeable. Remember a line includes a ASCII newline byte at the end of it.
O echo hello
O echo hello; touch foo
○ echo hello > foo
○ echo -n hello > foo
<pre>O echo hello   cat &gt; foo</pre>
⊕ echo hello >> foo
O echo goodbye > foo && echo hello > foo
<pre>O echo hello &gt; foo    echo goodbye &gt; foo</pre>
○ cat foo
9. (1 point) Users can interact directly with the kernel.
○ True
False

Firs	t Name:	Jae	Hong	Last Name:	Lee		BU ID:	<u> </u>
10.				new terminal with Which statement		ke attaching a r	new term	ninal to the UNIX
	$\circ$	All the	terminals sh	nare a single com	non shell prod	cess		
	0	A new	independent	shell process is s	tarted for eacl	h terminal wind	ow	
	$\circ$	Termin	nals check ea	ch command for	correctness pr	ior to sending tl	nem to th	ne shell
	$\circ$	The ter	rminal allow	s users to directly	interact with	the UNIX kerne	el	
11.	(1 point) you can l		-	h name (it exists)	below, on a	UNIX system,	select all	l of the statements
	/ h	ome/al	bcd/Down	loads/song.m	р3			
	0	It name	es a file that	contains lines of	ASCII text			
	0	It name	es a unique d	lirectory				
	$\circ$	song.	.mp3 is an a	udio file				
	$\circ$	Downl	loads is a r	ead-only file				
	$\circ$	All of t	the above					
	$\bigcirc$	None o	of above					

First Name:	Jae	Hong	Last Name: LeC	BUID: U 27565 203
THST Name.			Last Name	BU ID. <u> </u>

### PART B

- 12. This question is to help get our brains familiar with work in binary and hexadecimal notation.
  - (a) (8 points) Complete the following table base on the example in the first row. We suggest you get comfortable doing the conversions between binary and hex by hand. This will help you recongnize patterns in the values and relationships between them. The conversions to and from decimal are painful and doing them with the aid of a calculator make sense.

Binary	Hex	Dec
0100100011100111	48E7	18663
10111111	BF	191
01110111	77	119
0/0/0/000/0/0/00	5454	21588
(((((	f F	255
[10]][10]0[0]0]	DEAD	57005
[0][1][0][[0][][	BEEF	48879
0010011000000010	2602	9730
0000001	1	1

First Name: Jue Hong Last Name: Lee BU ID: 027565203

(b) (8 points) Complete the following table based on the example in the first row

0001
0010
0011
0 100
0 101
0110
0111
1000
1001
1010
1011
100
1100
1101
1110
1111

ASCII	Binary	Hex
Hello	1001000, 1100101, 1101100, 1101100, 01101111	48, 65, 6c, 6c, 6f
i++	[10100], 0 10 (0[], 0 1010[]	69, 2b, 2b
1=1+3	1111000' 011110('1111000'010[011'011001	78, 3d, 78, 2b, 33
??	0       , 0	3F, 3F
255	00110010, 00110101, 00110101	32, 35, 35
42	00110100 00110010	34 , 32
BASH	01000010, 01000001, 01010011, 01001000	42,41,53,48
ls -l	0  0  00, 0  100   00 00000 00 00  0  0  0  00	6c, 73, 20, 2d, 6c
	ASCII  Hello  i++  X=X+3  ??  255  42  BASH	Hello 1001000, 1100101, 1101100, 1101100, 01101111  i++

First Name: Jae Hong Last Name: Lee BUID: U20565203
13. To answer the following questions please use the provided UNIX environment. The questions will require you to clone a copy of the textbook source material and then use git and UNIX commands to answer specific questions.
To get things setup:
1. login to the provide online UNIX environment
2. open a terminal window with the UNIX environment
3. clone a copy of the text book source material:
• git clone git@github.com:appavooteaching/UndertheCovers.git
If you have any trouble with the above see the howto and getting started posts on PIAZZA.
(a) Use the command
git log — oneline — decorate — graph main
to view the history of the main branch of the textbook repository. Please note you will run into problems if you cut and paste, you should manually type the command into the terminal. Each line summarizes a commit with a unique 7 character string (eg. 4f4e0e8) along the developer's commit message.  i. (1 point) What is the commit message of 912fb13 commit?
ii. (1 point) What is the commit id of the commit with the message:  Fixed L07 example syntax for setting memory?  263a9b8
iii. (1 point) Compose a pipeline with the commands 'git logoneline main' and 'wc' to determine the total number of commits on the main branch. What is this number:
<ul> <li>iv. The git show <commit id=""> will show you the details of a commit with the specified id.</commit></li> <li>For commit 94cb7df fill in the following blanks.</li> <li>α) (1 point) The email address of the author is</li></ul>
$\alpha$ ) (1 point) The email address of the author is $\frac{ ew _5 d_6 bu.ed_4}{ a _5}$ (1 point) What date was the commit made? $\frac{ a _5 d_6 bu.ed_4}{ a _5}$

First Name: Last Name: Lee BUID: 020565203
<pre>1   \$ pwd 2</pre>
14. Given the above bash commands and output answer the following questions/fill in the blanks.
(a) (1 point) On line 5 the current working directory is:
/home/jou/an/tmp
(b) (1 point) The file /home/jovyan/tmp/C/wow, after all commands have run, contains?  onothing – the file is empty a single line with the string: 0 a single line with the string: 1 a single line with the string: 2 a single line with the string: 3 a single line with the string: 4 a single line with a string which is a number between 0 and 2 inclusively none of the above
(c) (1 point) On line 10 the current working directory is:
(e) (1 point) What would be the output of the following command
if [[ $x = hello$ ]]; then echo A; else echo $x$ ; fi
if run after line 10?
Hello
(f) (1 point) We know that '/home/jovyan/A' is a directory.  True  False

Fire	t Name: Jue Hong Last Name: Lee BU ID: 02756520
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<pre>\$ pwd /home/jovyan \$ ls \$ echo \$y  \$ date 2&gt; foo Wed 7 Sep 2040 11:57:54 AM UTC \$ cat foo</pre>
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<pre>\$ ls /etc/passwd &gt; out &amp;&amp; y=7 \$ cat /etc/passwd   grep jovyan jovyan:x:1000960000:0::/home/jovyan:/bin/bash \$ [[ \$y = 7 ]] &amp;&amp; y=4 \$ cat /etc/passwd   grep -i jovyan   wc -c &gt; ./num \$ cat &lt; ./num 46 \$ [[ \$(cat num) = \$(cat &lt; ./num) ]] &amp;&amp; y=\$(cat /etc/passwd   grep jovyan   wc -l 2&gt;</pre>
17 18	out) \$ ls out foo num
15.	Given the above bash commands and output answer the following questions/fill in the blanks.  (a) (1 point) At line 8 does the file /home/jovyan/out exist?  yes  no  (b) (1 point) At line 10 what is the value of the variable y?
	(c) (1 point) At line 14 what is the value of the variable y?
	(d) (1 point) At line 15 what is the value of the variable y?
	(e) (1 point) At line 17 what is the value of the variable y?
	(f) (1 point) After all the commands have run how many bytes of data are in /home/jovyan/foo?
	<ul><li>▶ 0</li><li>○ 1</li><li>○ 2</li><li>○ 4</li></ul>
	<ul><li>31</li><li>It is not possible to know</li></ul>