On Time Flight Performance: SFO Airport

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Introduction

The dataset contains data 15962 flights from San Francisco airport for August 2016. In total there were 3931 departure delayed flights.

This report analyzes the most common factors that cause departure delay, whether there is a significant difference between the mentioend airlines and a regression model for prediction probability of future delayed flights.

Airlines that are analyzed in the report are: American Airlines (AA), Alaska (AS), JetBlue (B6), Delta (DL), United Airlines (UA), Sky-West (OO), Virgin America (VX), Southwest (WN), Frontier (F9) and Hawaiian (HA).

Descriptive Analysis

The most frequent reason for a delayed flight is late aircraft. On average, flights delayed due to late aircraft arrival are 52.2 minutes. The least frequent reason for delay is security. The data bellow suggests also that many times there are more than one reason causing flight departure delay because the total number of delayed flights is 3931 and summing all reasons individally exceeds 3931.

The least predictable time of delay is carrier issues. It has the largest range of 1192 mins (about 19 hrs) of delay time and largest standard deviation (58.6 min) which suggests that the data is farther away from the mean.

##						
## ## ##		Carrier	Weather	NAS	Security	LateAircraft
## ## ##	nbr.val	1770	55	1101	4	2267
##	nbr.null	0	0	0	0	0
## ##	nbr.na	0	0	0	0	0
##	min	1	1	1	11	1
## ##	max	1193	252	232	37	683
## ##	range	1192	251	231	26	682
## ##	sum	65922	1947	25600	85	118340
##						

##	median	20	18	11	18.5	38
##						
##	mean	37.24	35.4	23.25	21.25	52.2
##						
##	SE.mean	1.393	6.576	0.9523	5.721	1.068
##						
##	CI.mean.0.95	2.732	13.18	1.869	18.21	2.095
##						
##	var	3434	2379	998.5	130.9	2586
##						
##	std.dev	58.6	48.77	31.6	11.44	50.86
##						
##	coef.var	1.573	1.378	1.359	0.5384	0.9742
## -						
##						

Table: Reasons for departure delay

Is there a difference between the airlines: ANOVA

From table bellow:Froniter Airline has the highest percentage of delayed flights (35.7 %) and the longest delay time (69.8 min).

Table 1: Information about airines

	DelayedFlights	TotalFlights	PercentDelayed	AverageDela
Carrier				
AA	336	1454	23.11	69.32
AS	92	481	19.13	55.46
B6	150	500	30	61.46
DL	235	1357	17.32	81.72
F9	89	249	35.74	69.81
$_{\mathrm{HA}}$	2	62	3.226	42
OO	906	3071	29.5	61.11
UA	1363	5386	25.31	59.86
VX	402	1835	21.91	45.57
WN	356	1398	25.46	51.68

Let's check if there is a significant difference between the airlines:

H0 There is no significant airlines between the airlines

Ha There is a significant difference between the airlines

Decision Reject Null H0 if p-value < 0.05

Table 2: Analysis of Variance Model

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Carrier	9	260770	28974	8.245	3.01e-12
Residuals	3921	13778320	3514	NA	NA

P-value is less than 0.05 therefore we reject the Null Hypothesis and conclude that there are significant differences between the airlines reagarding departure delay time. The next step is to analyze where are the difference.

Based on the Tukey Kramer test ¹ the major differences are (pvalue < 0.05) are between the following airlines:

Virgin America (VX) and American Airlines (AA)

Southwest (WN) and American Airlines (AA)

Delta (DL) and Alaska Airlines (AS)

Delta (DL) and JetBlue (B6)

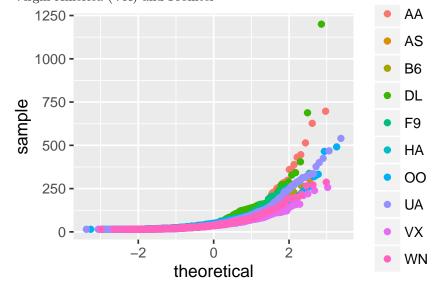
Skywest (OO) and Delta (DL)

United Airlines (UA) and Delta (DL)

Virgin America (VX) and Delta (DL)

Southwest (WN) and Delta (DL)

Virgin America (VX) and Froniter



¹ Detailed analysis of Tukey Kramer test in the Appendix

 $^{^2\,\}mathrm{The}$ graph shows dispersion of departure flight delay time among different airlines

What is the probability that my flight is going to be delayed: Logistic regressions

The goal is to predict whether the flight is going to be delayed or not based on the delayed flights in the dataset, day of the week, distance and carrier.

The reason these variables are chosen is because we don't encounter many missing in which case we would need to deal with averages or meadian instead of raw data.

First model

The first model includes following variables:

DepDel15 - indicates whether the flight is delayed (if delay time >

Carrier - converted into numerical binary values

Day of week - represented as numbers 1-7 (Monday to Sunday)

H0 Delayed flights are not significantly affected by Day of Week, Distance and Airline Ha Delayed flights are significantly affected by Day of Week, Distance and Airline

	Estimate			$D_n(\setminus g)$
	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	$\Pr(> z)$
Day	0.008198	0.0139	0.5896	0.5554
Distance	0.001541	0.008469	0.182	0.8556
$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	-0.1358	0.09503	-1.429	0.1529
\mathbf{AS}	-0.3682	0.1312	-2.807	0.005007
B6	0.2184	0.1239	1.762	0.07802
\mathbf{DL}	-0.3758	0.1021	-3.681	0.0002324
$\mathbf{U}\mathbf{A}$	0.4235	0.1108	3.822	0.000132
00	0.7734	0.1761	4.392	1.122e- 05
$\mathbf{V}\mathbf{X}$	-0.2014	0.08607	-2.34	0.01929
(Intercept)	-1.109	0.08426	-13.16	1.433e- 39

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 8285 on 7499 degrees of freedom Residual 8191 on 7490 degrees

of freedom

The data above suggests that we should drop Day, Distance and AA from the model because p-value < 0.05. This takes all of the variables from the model. Before making a conclusion, let's look at

According to McFadden "pseudo" R-squared fit, values between 0.2 and 0.4 represent an excellent fit. McFadden R-squared value is between 0 and 1 and represents likelihood of the dependent variable happening.

```
##
                        llhNull
                                           G2
             11h
##
  -4.095274e+03 -4.142298e+03
                                 9.404794e+01
                                         r2CU
##
        McFadden
                           r2ML
    1.135215e-02 1.246143e-02
                                1.863640e-02
```

deviance:

McFadden "pseudo" T-squared fit.

Second model

MacFadden R-squared value < 0 which suggests that this is not a

Let's see what happens if we only drop Day of Week:

```
G2
##
                        llhNull
             11h
##
  -4.095274e+03 -4.142298e+03
                                 9.404794e+01
##
        McFadden
                           r2ML
                                         r2CU
##
   1.135215e-02 1.246143e-02 1.863640e-02
```

Still, McFadden "pseudo" R-squared fit < 0.

Therefore we can reject the Alternative Hypothesis and accept the Null Hypothesis and conclude that Day of Week, Distance and Airline do not significantly affect delayed time.

Next step would be to obtain additional data about weather and see if it significantly affects the departure flight delay.

Appendix

Tukey Kramer Test

```
## Warning in pander.default(SFO_flights.tukey):
## No pander.method for "TukeyHSD", reverting
## to default. No pander. method for "multicomp",
## reverting to default.
```

• Carrier:

	1.0	1		1.
	diff		upr	
AS-AA	-13.86	- 35.95	8.215	0.6078
B6-AA	-7.861	- 26.29	10.57	0.9416
DL-AA	12.4	- 3.555	28.36	0.2906
F9-AA	0.4876	- 21.88	22.86	1
HA-AA	-27.32	160.4	105.8	0.9997
OO-AA	-8.211	-20.2	3.775	0.4788
UA-AA	-9.458	20.89	1.972	0.2087
VX-AA	-23.75	- 37.62	- 9.879	2.833e- 06
WN-AA	-17.64	- 31.91	- 3.369	0.003683
B6-AS	6.003	18.85	30.85	0.999
DL-AS	26.27	3.189	49.34	0.01182
F9-AS	14.35	- 13.55	42.25	0.8344
HA-AS	-13.46	- 147.6	120.7	1
OO-AS	5.654	- 14.88	26.19	0.9973

	diff	lwr	upr	p adj
UA-AS	4.407	- 15.81	24.62	0.9996
VX-AS	-9.884	- 31.57	11.8	0.9137
WN-AS	-3.777	- 25.72	18.17	0.9999
DL-B6	20.26	0.6526	39.87	0.03615
F9-B6	8.349	- 16.76	33.46	0.9889
HA-B6	-19.46	-153	114.1	1
OO-B6	-0.3496	- 16.89	16.19	1
UA-B6	-1.596	- 17.74	14.55	1
VX-B6	-15.89	33.84	2.066	0.1362
WN-B6	-9.78	- 28.05	8.486	0.7987
F9-DL	-11.91	- 35.27	11.44	0.8412
HA-DL	-39.72	-173	93.53	0.995
OO-DL	-20.61	- 34.35	- 6.876	9.162e- 05
UA-DL	-21.86	- 35.11	- 8.606	8.325e- 06
VX-DL	-36.15	- 51.56	20.74	2.073e- 08

	diff	lwr	upr	p adj
WN-DL	-30.04	- 45.82	- 14.27	1.011e- 07
HA-F9	-27.81	-162	106.4	0.9997
OO-F9	-8.699	- 29.54	12.15	0.949
UA-F9	-9.945	30.48	10.58	0.8788
VX-F9	-24.24	46.22	- 2.254	0.01755
WN-F9	-18.13	- 40.37	4.109	0.2271
ОО-НА	19.11	- 113.7	151.9	1
UA-HA	17.86	- 114.9	150.6	1
VX-HA	3.572	- 129.4	136.6	1
WN-HA	9.68	- 123.4	142.7	1
UA-OO	-1.247	-9.29	6.797	1
VX-OO	-15.54	- 26.78	4.293	0.0005289
WN-OO	-9.431	- 21.17	2.307	0.2457
VX-UA	-14.29	- 24.94	- 3.641	0.0009208

	diff	lwr	upr	p adj
WN-UA	-8.184	- 19.35	2.985	0.3764
WN-VX	6.108	- 7.549	19.76	0.9227

$Desination\ Info\ for\ Regression\ Analysis$

			DistanceGrou
Dest	${\bf DestCityName}$	Distance	
MRY	Monterey, CA	77	1
SMF	Sacramento, CA	86	1
FAT	Fresno, CA	158	1
SBP	San Luis Obispo, CA	190	1
RNO	Reno, NV	192	1
RDD	Redding, CA	199	1
SMX	Santa Maria, CA	216	1
BFL	Bakersfield, CA	238	1
ACV	Arcata/Eureka, CA	250	2
SBA	Santa Barbara, CA	262	2
BUR	Burbank, CA	326	2
MFR	Medford, OR	329	2
LAX	Los Angeles, CA	337	2
LGB	Long Beach, CA	354	2
ONT	Ontario, CA	363	2
SNA	Santa Ana, CA	372	2
OTH	North Bend/Coos Bay,	412	2
	OR		
LAS	Las Vegas, NV	414	2
PSP	Palm Springs, CA	421	2
SAN	San Diego, CA	447	2
EUG	Eugene, OR	451	2
RDM	Bend/Redmond, OR	462	2
BOI	Boise, ID	522	3
PDX	Portland, OR	550	3
SUN	Sun	587	3
	Valley/Hailey/Ketchum, ID		
SLC	Salt Lake City, UT	599	3

			DistanceGroup
Dest	DestCityName	Distance	
PSC	${\rm Pasco/Kennewick/Richland,} \\ {\rm WA}$	620	3
PHX	Phoenix, AZ	651	3
SEA	Seattle, WA	679	3
$_{ m JAC}$	Jackson, WY	737	3
TUS	Tucson, AZ	751	4
MSO	Missoula, MT	769	4
BZN	Bozeman, MT	807	4
ASE	Aspen, CO	848	4
ABQ	Albuquerque, NM	896	4
DEN	Denver, CO	967	4
OKC	Oklahoma City, OK	1384	6
DFW	Dallas/Fort Worth, TX	1464	6
DAL	Dallas, TX	1476	6
SAT	San Antonio, TX	1482	6
MCI	Kansas City, MO	1499	6
AUS	Austin, TX	1504	7
XNA	Fayetteville, AR	1550	7
MSP	Minneapolis, MN	1589	7
IAH	Houston, TX	1635	7
STL	St. Louis, MO	1735	7
MKE	Milwaukee, WI	1845	8
ORD	Chicago, IL	1846	8
MDW	Chicago, IL	1855	8
IND	Indianapolis, IN	1943	8
BNA	Nashville, TN	1969	8
ANC	Anchorage, AK	2018	9
CVG	Cincinnati, OH	2036	9
DTW	Detroit, MI	2079	9
ATL	Atlanta, GA	2139	9
CLE	Cleveland, OH	2161	9
PIT	Pittsburgh, PA	2254	10
CLT	Charlotte, NC	2296	10
OGG	Kahului, HI	2338	10
KOA	Kona, HI	2367	10
HNL	Honolulu, HI	2398	10
RDU	Raleigh/Durham, NC	2400	10
IAD	Washington, DC	2419	10
DCA	Washington, DC	2442	10

			DistanceGroup
Dest	${\bf DestCityName}$	Distance	
MCO	Orlando, FL	2446	10
LIH	Lihue, HI	2447	10
BWI	Baltimore, MD	2457	10
PHL	Philadelphia, PA	2521	11
EWR	Newark, NJ	2565	11
FLL	Fort Lauderdale, FL	2584	11
MIA	Miami, FL	2585	11
$_{ m JFK}$	New York, NY	2586	11
BOS	Boston, MA	2704	11

References