

Worksheet 3

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1. Aim:

To design and implement SQL queries for creating tables, inserting data, and retrieving meaningful information using relational concepts.

• To apply aggregate functions, joins, subqueries, and set operations for solving database problems.

A) Easy Level:

- To create a table for storing employee IDs and insert sample data.
- To identify and retrieve the maximum employee ID that does not have duplicates.

B) Medium Level:

- To create department and employee tables with a foreign key relationship.
- To retrieve the employee(s) having the highest salary in each department using joins and subqueries.

C) Hard Level:

- To create two tables containing employee details with salaries.
- To combine the tables and retrieve the minimum salary for each employee using grouping and aggregate functions.

2. Objective:

- To understand the use of GROUP BY and aggregate functions for filtering data.
- To apply joins and subqueries for department-wise salary analysis.
- To implement foreign key relationships for relational database design.
- To use UNION ALL and grouping for analyzing data across multiple tables.
- To strengthen SQL query writing skills for handling duplicates, aggregation, and joins.

DBMS script

```
A)
-- Easy level problem
CREATE TABLE Employeee (
  EmpID INT,
);
INSERT INTO Employeee (EmpID) VALUES
(2),(4),(4),(6),(6),(7),(8),(8);
Select Max(EmpID) as [Maximum ID]
from (Select EmpID from Employeee
Group by EmpID
having Count(*) < 2) as Subquery;
B)
--Medium
CREATE TABLE departmentt (
  id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  dept name VARCHAR(50)
CREATE TABLE employeeee (
  id INT,
  name VARCHAR(50),
  salary INT,
  department_id INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (department id) REFERENCES departmentt(id)
INSERT INTO departmentt (id, dept name) VALUES
(1, 'IT'),
(2, 'SALES');
INSERT INTO employeeee (id, name, salary, department_id) VALUES
(1, 'JOE', 70000, 1),
(2, 'JIM', 90000, 1),
(3, 'HENRY', 80000, 2),
(4, 'SAM', 60000, 2),
```

```
(5, 'MAX', 90000, 1);
Select d.dept_name,e.name,e.salary
from departmentt as d
Join employeeee as e
on d.id = e.department_id
where e.salary in (
Select max(e2.salary) from employeeee as e2 where e2.department_id =
e.department_id);
```

```
C)
--Hard
create table A1 (ID int , Ename varchar(50), Salary int);
Create Table B1(ID int, Ename varchar(50), Salary int );
Insert into A1 values(1,'AA',1000);
Insert into A1 values(2,'BB',300);
Insert into B1 values(2,'BB',400);
```

Insert into B1 values(3,'CC',100);

Select ID, EName, Min(Salary) as Min_Salary from (Select * from A1 Union All Select* from B1) as combined Group by Ename, ID;

4.Output:

A)



	dept_name	name	salary
1	SALES	HENRY	80000
2	IT	MAX	90000
3	IT	JIM	90000

C)

	ID	EName	Min_Salary
1	1	AA	1000
2	2	BB	300
3	3	CC	100