R Lab Assignment

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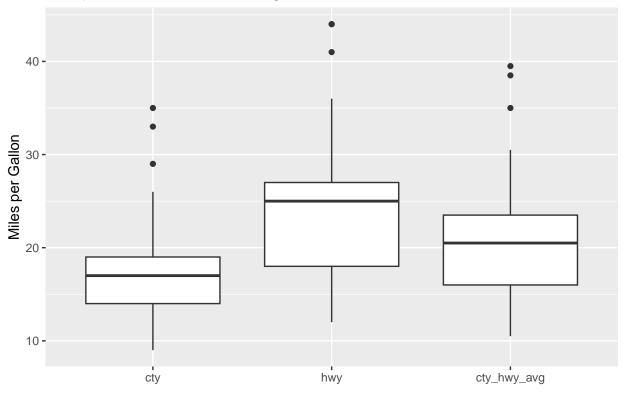
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R Markdown

```
# Question 1
# Variables x, y, z are defined
x <- 5
v <- 4*x
z <- y / 2
# Computing current result:
result \leftarrow z + y * x - z + x
# Print current result
print(paste0("Current result: ", result))
## [1] "Current result: 105"
# Solution : Add parentheses here:
result (z + y) * (x - (z + x))
# Print expected result
print(paste0("Expected result: ", result))
## [1] "Expected result: -300"
# Question 2
# Load library ggplot2
library(ggplot2)
# Load data mpg
data(mpg)
# Fuel efficiency column
fuel_eff <- mpg$cty</pre>
# Unique values of fuel efficiency column
fuel_eff_unq <- unique(fuel_eff)</pre>
# Sort in ascending the unique values of fuel efficiency column
cty_ascending_order <- sort(fuel_eff_unq, decreasing = FALSE)</pre>
# Third lowest fuel efficiency
third_lowest_cty <- cty_ascending_order[3]</pre>
# Third highest fuel efficiency
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# Find the index of the value first
index_last_3 = length(cty_ascending_order) - 3
# Then extract the value
third_highest_cty <- cty_ascending_order[index_last_3]</pre>
# Extract the rows with third highest and third lowest fuel efficiency
# Only cars with third lowest fuel efficiency
rows_third_lowest_cty <- mpg[mpg$cty == third_lowest_cty,]</pre>
# Only cars with third highest fuel efficiency
rows_third_highest_cty <- mpg[mpg$cty == third_highest_cty,]</pre>
# Both cars with third highest and third lowest fuel efficiency
rows_third_lowest_highest_cty <- mpg[mpg$cty == third_lowest_cty | mpg$cty == third_highest_cty,]
# Cars without third lowest fuel efficiency
rows_third_lowest_cty_wo <- mpg[!(mpg$cty == third_lowest_cty),]</pre>
# Cars without third highest fuel efficiency
rows_third_highest_cty_wo <- mpg[!(mpg$cty == third_highest_cty),]</pre>
# Without both cars with third highest and third lowest fuel efficiency
rows_third_lowest_highest_cty_wo <- mpg[!(mpg$cty == third_lowest_cty | mpg$cty == third_highest_cty),]
# Solution : Save the resulting dataset in mpg_new
mpg_new <- rows_third_lowest_highest_cty_wo <- mpg[!(mpg$cty == third_lowest_cty | mpg$cty == third_hig
# Question 3
# Average mileage which is the average value of city and highway
mpg_new$cty_hwy_avg <- (mpg_new$hwy + mpg_new$cty)/2</pre>
# Package required to reshape the data
library(reshape2)
# Melt the data as required for boxplot
mileage_box <- melt(mpg_new, measure.vars = c("cty", "hwy", "cty_hwy_avg"),</pre>
                     variable.name = "Type", value.name = "Mileage")
# Boxplots comparing city, highway, and average mileage
ggplot(mileage_box, aes(x = Type, y = Mileage)) +
 geom_boxplot() +
  ggtitle("Comparison of different mileages") +
 ylab("Miles per Gallon") +
 xlab("")
```

Comparison of different mileages



```
# Question 4
# Creating average
avg_miles_manu <- function(manu)</pre>
    manu_data <- mpg_new[mpg_new$manufacturer == manu, ]</pre>
    mean(manu_data$cty_hwy_avg)
  }
audi_avg_manu <- avg_miles_manu("audi")</pre>
print(paste("Average mileage of cars produced by manufacturer audi:", audi_avg_manu))
## [1] "Average mileage of cars produced by manufacturer audi: 22.027777777778"
manus <- unique(mpg_new$manufacturer)</pre>
average_mileage_df <- data.frame(manufacturer = character(),</pre>
                         avg_mil = numeric(),
                         stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
# Looping over all the manufacturers and store the average mileage of each manufacturer
for (manu in manus) {
  avg_mileage <- avg_miles_manu(manu)</pre>
  average_mileage_df <- rbind(average_mileage_df,</pre>
                                data.frame(manufacturer = manu, avg_mil = avg_mileage))
}
```

Average Mileage by Manufacturer 25 20 15 10 5 0 hyundai lincoln pontiac subaru dodge honda mercury nissan toyota audi jeep chevrolet ford and rover volkswagen

