

# **MASTER OF POLITICAL SCIENCE**

## **SYLLABUS**

**2020-22**



**School of Social Sciences**  
**Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore**

CODE	COURSE	TYPE	HRS	CREDITS
<b>Semester 1</b>				
SS5C-501	Development of Political Thought In India.	CORE		4
SS5C-502	Comparative politics	CORE		4
SS5C-503	International Relation and contemporary International Issues	CORE		4
SS5C-521	Major Ideas of Public Administration	Elective Generic		3
SS5C-523	Computer Application /Ethics and personality development	Skill Development		3
SS5C-525	Field Work Practicum	Ability Enhancement		4
SS5C-551	Comprehension Viva	Virtual Credit		4
				Total= 26
<b>Semester 2</b>				
SS5C-502	Development of Western Political Thought	CORE		4
SS5C-504	Comparative Constitution and Governance	CORE		4
SS5C-506	International Organizations and International law	Core		4
SS5C-522	Political Institutions and Process in India	Discipline Centric Elective		3
SS5C-524	Research Methodology	Ability Enhancement		3
SS5C-526	Field Work Practicum	Ability Enhancement		4
SS5C-552	Comprehensive viva	Virtual Credit		4
				TOTAL = 26
<b>Semester 3</b>				
SS5C-601	Advance Political Theories	CORE		4

SS5C-603	Indian Foreign Policy	CORE		4
SS5C-621	Cyber Politics	Discipline Centric Elective		3
SS5C-623	Rural- Urban Development and Local Government in India	Elective Generic		4
SS5C-625	Field Work Practicum+ Synopsis Submission	Ability Enhancement		4
SS5C-627	Summer internship report and presentation	Skill Development		3
SS5C-651	COMPREHENSIVE VIVA	Virtual Credit		4
				Total = 26
<b>Semester 4</b>				
SS5C-602	Major Social Movements in World and India	CORE		4
SS5C-604	State and Society in South Asia (Focused on Political Development in South Asian States)	CORE		4
SS5C-606	State Politics in India	CORE		4
SS5C-622	Feminism in India	Elective Generic		3
SS5C-624	Elective Generic in Other Department	ELECTIVE Generic		3
SS5C-626	Dissertation with Field Work	Ability Enhancement		4
SS5C-652	Comprehensive viva	Virtual Credit		4
				Total = 26

TOTAL CREDIT=104

## **Semester One**

### **SS5C-501**

### **DEVELOPMENT OF INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT (GENESIS AND DEVELOPMENT)**

#### **UNIT 1:**

Ancient: - Manu, Shantiparv, Kautilya.

The Indian Renaissance: - Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Vivekananda.

#### **UNIT 2:**

1. Influences on the ideas of Mahatma Gandhi

2. Satya, Dharma, Shanti, Prem, Ahimsa, Asteya, Aparigraha, Swadeshi, Roti Kari, Shram, Brahmacharya, Satyagraha, Savanay Awagya

3. Gandhi As A Social Reformer

4. Gandhi As A Political Leader And Activist

5. Gandhi As Statesman

6. Gandhi As A Economic Activist

#### **UNIT 3: NATIONALIST SCHOOL OF THOUGHT**

Extremist: Lal, Bal, Pal

Moderates: Gopal Krishna Gokhale, Aurobindo Ghosh

#### **UNIT 4: CHAMPIONS OF SOCIAL EMANCIPATION**

Humanist: Tagore, M.N. Roy

Feminist: Pandita Rama Bai

Castism: Dr. Ambedkar, Jyotiba Phule

Education Reformist: Sir Sayeed Ahmed Khan, Mulana Abdul Kalam Azad

## **UNIT 5: MAKERS OF MODERN INDIA**

Jawahar Lal Nehru

Jay Prakash Narayan

### **Readings-**

J.L NEHRU, *DISCOVERY OF INDIA, CALCUTTA*, 1946

L yer R.N, *THE MORAL ADN POLITICAL THOUGHTS OF MAHATMA GANDHI*, DELHI, 1973.

V.P VERMA, *HISTORY OF INDIAN POLITICAL IDEAS, DELHI*, 1961.

R.M LOHIYA, *MARX, GANDHI AND SOCIALISM*, HYDERABAD, NAV HIND, 1953.

BRECHER MICHEAL, *NEHRU: A POLITICAL BIOGRAPHY*, OXFORD, 1959.

OP GAUBA, *INDIAN POLITICAL THINKERS*

## **SS5C-502**

### **COMPARATIVE POLITICS**

#### **UNIT-1**

1. Comparative Politics - Meaning, nature and scope.
2. Comparative Politics - Evolution
3. Comparative Politics - Traditional and Modern Perspective
4. Comparative Politics - Behavioural Frame-work

#### **UNIT-2**

1. Political System Approach and Analysis (David Easton)
2. Structural Functional Approach and Analysis (G.A. Almond and G.B. Powell)

#### **UNIT-3**

1. Political Development approach and analysis (views of Lucian Pye, Huntington, Almond and Organski)
2. Political Modernisation.
3. Political Culture.

#### **UNIT-4**

1. Why's and wherefore's of Marxian approach
2. Significance of Marxist-Leninist approach in comparative Politics.
3. Critical appraisal of Marxist-Leninist approach.

#### **Unit 5**

1. Political Elites (Views of Pareto, Mosca, Michels, Laswell)
2. Political Socialization (Views of Apter, Almond, Powell)
3. Political Participation and Political Recruitment (Views of Apter, Almond,

Powell)

4. Political Communication (Views of Norbert Wiener and Karl W. Deutsch)

**Readings -**

1. G. Almond, Comparative Politics Today : A World View, 7th edn., New York, London, 2000.

2. Almond and Powell, Comparative Politics : A Developmental approach, Boston, Little Brown, 1966.

3. J.A. Bill and R. Hardgrave, Comparative Politics : The Quest for Theory, Columbus, Merrill, 1973.

4. J. Blondel, An Introduction to Comparative : Government, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson.

5. H. Eckstein and D.E. Apter, Comparative Politics, New York, Free Press, 1963.

6. Macridis and Ward, Modern Political Systems : Europe and Asia, 2nd ed. Englewood cliffs NJ, Princeton Hall, 1968.

7. Lucian Pye, New Aspects of Politics Princeton Hall, 1963.

**SS5C-503**

**INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND CONTEMPORARY  
INTERNATIONAL ISSUES**

**UNIT 1**

1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics.
2. Theories of International Politics: Realism & Idealism, System Theories.

**UNIT 2**

1. The Elements of National Power and Their Limitations.
2. Concept of Balance of Power and Collective Security.
3. Concepts of Imperialism, Colonialism, Neo Colonialism, Decolonization and Neo Imperialism.
4. Regional Corporation: Concept of Free Trade and Open Market
5. Concept of Migration, Ethnic Conflict and Rise of Ultra Nationalism.

**UNIT 3**

1. The Concept of Non-Alignment: Bases, Role and Relevance
2. Disarmament and Arms Control: CTBT, NPT, PNE
3. Cold War and beginning of the New Detente. End of Cold War, Contemporary Political Issues After in Post-Cold War.
4. Rise of Multipolar world (Rise of China and India), BRICS

**UNIT 4**

1. North - South Dialogue and South - South Dialogue and their major issues
2. Globalization: Meaning, Nature, its advantages and disadvantages, role of the WTO.
3. Liberalization & Changing Nature of State and concept of Neo Liberalism

**UNIT 5**

1. Environmental Issues: Rio-Declaration 1992 & Rio-Bio Diversity Agreement.
2. Terrorism: Factors which give rise to terrorism, Terrorism in South Asia, Cross-Border Terrorism.



## **Readings -**

1. Hans, J. Morgenthau : Politics Among Nations.
2. Palmer, N.D. & Perkins, C : International Relations.
3. Schuman, F.L. : International Politics.
4. Mishra, K.P. : India's Policy of Recognition of States and Governments.
5. Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical Aspects of International Politics.
6. P. Allan and K. Oldman (eds) : The End of the Cold War, Dordrecht, Martinus Nijhoff, 1992.
7. I. Brownlie (ed.) : Basic Documents on Human Rights, 2nd edition, Oxford, The Clarendon Press 1981.
8. H. Bull : The Anarchical Society : A Study of Order in World Politics, London, Macmillan, 1977.
9. I. Claude : Power and International Relations, New York, Random House, 1962.
10. H.J. Morgenthau: Politics Among Nations, 6th edition, revised by K.W. Thompson, New York, Alfred Knopf, 1985.
11. M.S. Rajan : Non-Alignment and the Non-Alignment Movement in the Present World Order, Delhi, Konark, 1994.
12. J.N. Rosenau: World Politics : An Introduction, New York The Free Press, 1976.

## **SS5C-521**

### **MAJOR IDEAS AND ISSUES IN PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

#### **UNIT -1-**

1. Meaning nature and scope of Public Administration.
2. Evolution of Public Administration as a discipline.
3. New Public Administration.
4. Impact of Information Technology on Administration.

#### **UNIT -2-**

1. Decision Making Approach of Herbert Simon.
2. Developmental Administration Approach.
3. Ecological Approach-Fred Riggs Model.
4. Scientific Management Theory : Taylor.

#### **UNIT -3-**

1. Liberal Democratic Approach.
2. Marxist Leninist Approach.
3. Welfare State Approach.

#### **UNIT -4-**

1. Financial Administration-Importance and Aims.
2. Zero Base Budgeting and Performance Budgeting-Process, Problems and importance.
3. Political and Administrative interaction in Economic-Development.
4. Impact of Economic Liberalization and Globalization on administration.

## **UNIT -5-**

1. Neutrality of Civil Services. 2. Downsizing of Bureaucracy.
3. Modernization of Bureaucracy 4. Administrative Management

### **Readings -**

1. L. Peters, Public Administration and Development, Princeton University Press, 1973.
2. R. Presthus, Public Administration, New York, Ranold, 1975.
3. L.D. White, An Introduction to the study of Public Administrator, New York, MacMillan, 1953, C. Argyris, Understanding organizational Behaviour, Illionis, Dorsey Press, 1960.
4. Avasthi and Maheshwari, Public Administration, Agra, Laxmi N. Agarwal, 1996.
5. G.E. Caiden and H. Siedentoph, Strategies for Administrative Reforms, Lexington Massachusetts, D.C. Health, 1982.
6. T.N. Chaturvedi, Contemporary Administrative Culture of India, New Delhi, Mittal, 1997.
7. M.E. Dimock, A Philosophy of Administration : Towards Creative Grown, New York, Harper, 1958.
8. P.R. Dubashi, Recent Trends in Public Administration, Delhi, Kaveri Books, 1995.
9. I.W. Riggs, The Ecology of Administration, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1963
10. S.R. Maheshwari, Administration Theory, New Delhi, Allied, 1994.

11. F.A. Nigro and L.S. Nigro, Modern Public Administration, New York, Harper and

Row, 1984.

12. D. Waldo, Ideas and Issues in Public Administration, New York, McGraw Hill, 1953.

13. Herbert Simon, 'Administrative Behaviour' Princeton University Press, 1966.

## **SS5C-523**

### **Computer Application**

**Course Objective:** This subject enables the students to understand the theory and practical aspect of computer applications.

**Learning Outcome:** After completion of this unit students will be able to:

- Understand basic computer fundamentals.
- Learn about resources of computer.
- Discuss role of operating system
- Proficient in operating MS Word, MS Excel ,MS PowerPoint.
- Able to access Internet
- Learn about various latest technologies.

**Unit I** - Anatomy of computer, operating system concepts, hardware, software concepts & terminology, networking--- definition, types, applications, Introduction to GUI.

**Unit II** - Introduction to MS-Office— MS Word: creating documents, formatting features, standard toolbar, text formatting, header & footer, mail-merge, macro, insertion of files & pictures.

**Unit III** - MS-Excel :Construction of worksheet and inserting data according to its characteristics, creation of charts and graphs .Use of statistical tools including measures of central tendency, coefficient of correlation and regression.

**Unit IV** - MS- Power point – Create power point presentation with the help of different presentation styles, editing slides, various views of PowerPoint presentation, insertion of chart and pictures, animation and transition effects, creation of photo album.

**Unit V**- Internet basics& Applications—Internet & its uses, Intranet & Extranet, web pages, websites, web servers, web browser, internet domains, URL's, IP address, search engines.

**Unit VI** - Introduction to IT and its development – Virtual reality, GPS, GIS, Mobile technology – 1G, 2G, 3G, 4G. Wi-Fi, Bluetooth.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1.Pradeep K.Sinha. Priti Sinha Computer Fundamentals, Fourth Edition, BPB Publications.
- 2.Rajaraman , V ,Fundamentals of Computers , Prentice Hall of India , New Delhi .
- 3.Techniques and Applications, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ.
- 4.Wood, M.B., Introduction Computer Security, Broadman Associates, Delhi.
- 5.Sushila Madan , Information technology by, Taxmann allied services (P) Ltd.
- 6.Ramesh Behl :Information technology for management by, Tata McGraw Hill education Pvt. Ltd.

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## **Second Semester**

### **SS5C-502**

## **DEVELOPMENT OF WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

### **UNIT :-1 :- GREEK PHILOSOPHY**

Plato -The Philosophical Idealism

Aristotle - The Scientific Realism

### **UNIT :- 2:- FOUNDATIONS OF MODERN POLITICS**

Niccolo Machiavelli - The Father of Modern Political Science

Thomas Hobbes - Founders of Modern Political Philosophy

Jhon Locke - Father of Liberalism

Jean Jacques Rousseau and Social Contract Theory

### **UNIT :- 3 :- UTILITARIAN**

Jeremy Bentham -Faunder of Modern utilitarianism

John Stuart Mill - Proponet of Utilitarianism

Georg Wilhelm Friedrich Hegel -Absolute Idealism

Thomas Hill Green and Social librelism

Mary Wollstonecraft

### **UNIT :- 4 :- SOCIALISTIC THOUGHT**

Karl Marx and His Scientific Socialism

Friedrich Engels

Antonio Gramsci

Vladimir Lenin

Mao Zedong

### **UNIT :- 5 :- Political Thinkers in 20 th Century**

Harold Laski

John Rawls

Frantz Fanon

Hannah Arendt

### **Readings -**

1- Western Political Thinkers :- Dr. O. P. Gauba :-Mayur Publication Delhi

2 - Western Political Thoughts :- S. K. Sharma, I Atlantic Publication

3-The Republic , Plato, Cambridge University Press

4- Politics of Aristotle, Oxford Publication



## **SS5C-504**

### **COMPARATIVE CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNANCE**

**UNIT -1-** UK salient features, executive, legislature and judiciary, political parties

**UNIT -2-** USA salient features, executive, legislature and judiciary, judicial review, political parties

**UNIT -3-** China salient features, executive, legislature and judiciary

Fundamental rights, organizations and functioning of communist party

**UNIT -4-** Switzerland, salient features, executive, legislature and judiciary, direct democracy

**UNIT -5-** Saudi Arabia /Japan salient features, executive, legislature and judiciary

France salient features, executive, legislature and judiciary

### **Readings**

1. Comparative Constitutions - L. Wolf – Phillips, Palgrave Macmillan UK
2. Comparative Politics and governments - S A Palekar, PHI Learning, Delhi
3. Constitutions of world - Robert L. Maddex, Taylor and Francis
4. World constitution – A comparative study- Vishnoo Bhagwan and Vidhya Bhushan, Sterling Publishers

## **SS5C-506**

### **INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL LAWS**

#### **UNIT -1- International organization (IO) : A basic introduction**

This chapter will deals with the origin, types, features, objectives and importance of IO's in world system and international polity.

It will also discuss the discrimination between International Governmental organizations and INGOs.

The main focus of this chapter will remain on explaining various categories of IGOs like Regional organizations, Cultural organizations, economic organizations and supranational organizations.

#### **UNIT -2- United Nations and its significance**

This chapter will deals with the origin of UN from days of League of nation to creation of UN and the factors which gave birth to need for such organization.

Various objectives, functions, organs and working mechanism of UN will also be discussed in detail.

We will discuss importance of UN in maintaining global peace through its dialogue process and peacekeeping missions and role Security Council.

Some specialized agencies of UN will get discussed in detail like UNICEF, UNHCR, IAEA, UNESCO , ILO and WHO.

This chapter will also focused on the failures of UN during cold war and in post cold war period and the demands for reform in UN in general and security council in particular.

The last part will deal with the role played by India in UN (Peacekeeping forces) and aspiration of India for playing greater role in UN.

#### **UNIT -3-International organizations**

This chapter will deals with various important regional organizations and their interaction with India and how they affect Indian interests. This chapter will focus on growing Indian relations with various sorts of organizations across the world and how those organizations played an active role in world affairs.

A BRICS

B. EU (European Union)

C. AU (African Union)

#### **UNIT 4- Gulf Cooperation Council**

E. Arab League

F. G7

G. OECD

H. NATO (pact)

I. Eurasian Economic Union

J. OPEC

K. APEC

L. SCO

**UNIT -5-**

One belt one road policy (China)

N. CPEC

O. Asian Investment bank

P. OIC

Q. QUAD

**Readings**

International Organizations: Politics, Law, Practice By Ian Hurd.

International Organizations by Clive Archer.

India and Dynamics of World Politics By Reetika Sharma.

India and The United Nations by C.S.R. Murthy.

## **SS5C-522**

### **POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS AND PROCESS IN INDIA**

#### **Unit One**

A. Constitutional History of India – Legislative Developments during East India Company and British Regime.

B. Various Acts – Pitts India Act, Regulating Acts, Morley Minto Reform, Montague Chelmsford Reform, Round Table Conferences, Government of India Act 1935, Indian Council Acts, Indian Independence Act.

#### **Unit Two**

Process of Constitution Making In India

A. Constituent Assembly- its Salient features , Roles , Election and Composition.

B. Constituent Assembly Debates – On issue of Secularism , Arms rights , Citizenship , Women Rights , Land Reforms, Federalism, Judicial Freedom and Fundamental Rights.

C. Various Committees of Constituent assembly and Their Roles.

#### **Unit Three**

A. Influence of other Constitutions of Indian Constitutions.

B. Salient Features of Indian Constitution – concept of Fundamental Rights, Constitutional Supremacy, Fundamental Duties, Secularism, Socialism.

C. Concept of federalism, center state relations and legislative Branches Lok Sabha And Rajya Sabha

D. Law Making process and Amendment process in parliament

#### **Unit Four**

High Offices of Indian Government

- A. Office of President
- B. Office of Prime Minister.
- C. Office of Speaker of Lok Sabha
- D. Office of Vice President
- E. Union Cabinet
- F. Governor
- G. Chief minister

## **Unit Five**

### Judiciary and other Important Institutions

- A. Indian Judicial System and concept of freedom of Judiciary.
- B. Judicial intervention and Judicial Activism
- C. CAG
- D. CIC
- E. Election Commission

### **Reading Material**

1. Indian Government and Politics by B.L. Fadia.
2. Indian Polity by Laxmikant.
3. The Government and Politics of India by Ramesh Chandra Thakur.
4. Indian Government and Politics by Abbas Hovedya.

**SS5C-524**

**Research Methodology-Qualitative and Quantitative**

**Unit 1-Introduction to Research:** Meaning and definition of research; scope and importance of research; Types of research, The process of research, Research problem and objective formulation, types of variables, Research applications in social, psychological, political, and business sciences; Features of a Good research study,

**Unit 2 Data source and data structure and Sampling:**

Types and methods of Primary and secondary data collection, Review of Literature, qualitative and quantitative data, Survey method----sampling and sampling methods

**Unit 3: Measurement and Scaling, Classification and presentation of data through charts, frequency distribution and graphs, Correlation and Regression**

**Unit 4: Hypothesis and hypothesis testing for large and small sample, t-test, z-test, Chi-square test**

**Unit 5: Report writing , Synopsis Writing and ethics in research**

**Note: Students can refer more models for extra learning**

**Readings**

1. Research methodology for social sciences by Rajat Acharya and Nandan Bhattacharya , Taylor and Fransis
2. Research Methodology for social sciences by M. Thamilsaran, New century publications
3. Social sciences research methodology : concepts, methods and computer applications by George Kanire , Grin Velrag
4. Research methodology Methods and techniques by C R Kothari, New age international publishers

## **Semester Third**

### **SS5C-601**

### **ADVANCE POLITICAL THEORIES**

#### **UNIT -1- Development of Political Theory**

Political Theory: Nature and Significance, Major Schools (Classical, Liberal, Marxist, Empirical- Scientific and Contemporary)

Decline and Resurgence, Debate in Political Theory-Leo Strauss

Historicism (Meaning, Debate and Karl Popper's Critique), Positivism: August Comte's ideas, Logical Positivism and Critique of Positivism

Hermeneutics: Theory and Methodology of Interpretation of Text, Phenomenology: Theory of Structures of Subjective Experience and Consciousness

#### **UNIT -2- Major Approaches**

Scientific Method and its Critique: Thomas Kuhn

Conservatism, Neo-Conservatism: Oakeshott

Modernism, Postmodernism: Foucault

Liberalism: Classical, Modern and Neo-Liberalism

#### **UNIT -3- : Major Ideologies**

Ideology: Liberal and Marxist Understanding of Ideology

Marxism, Neo Marxism: Gramsci and Althusser

Nationalism: Eric Hobsbawm and Benedict Anderson

Multiculturalism, Communitarianism and Feminism

#### **UNIT -4- : Concepts and Theories**

Liberty: Berlin's Theory of Liberty

Equality: Dworkin's Theory of Equality

Justice: John Rawls' Theory of Justice

Democracy: Macpherson's Theory of Democracy

## **SS5C-603**

### **INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY**

#### **Unit-1**

- A. Foreign Policy- Meaning, evolution, major objectives and determinants.
- B. Objectives and Determinants of India's Foreign Policy. 1. Formative Phase (a) Legacies of the freedom struggle (b) Domestic background (c) Nehru's perspective: critical analysis (d) International Situation 2. Process of foreign policy making in India.

#### **Unit-2**

- A. India and the Third world. (Indian relations with Africa and developing countries.)
- B. India and the United Nations( Need for UN Reforms).

#### **Unit-3**

- A. India and Its neighbours ( India Relations with its neighbours Sri Lanka, Afghanistan, Pakistan , Nepal, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan).

**Unit-4** India and Major World powers ( India Relations with USA, RUSSIA, JAPAN, ISREAL, Middle East and Arab World)

#### **Unit-5** Changing face of world Politics and Indian Aspirations

- A. This chapter deals with the rise of China as a Major world Power and her relations with India
- B. Rise of India and regional power and Chinese hegemonic intentions in Indian ocean region and South Asia
- C. CPEC and String of Pearls

#### **Readings**

1. Indian Foreign relations by V. N. Khanna
2. Indian Foreign Policy in unipolar world by Harsh V. Pant
3. Indian Foreign relations by Jayanta Kumar Ray
4. Indian Foreign Policy by Chris Ogden



**SS5C-621**

**CYBER POLITICS**

**UNIT -1-** History and emergence of information and communication technology

**UNIT -2-** Internet and political propaganda, new media and democratic participation

The case of democratic movements in Arab world

**UNIT -3-** Internet and global democratisation, I public space in cyber space  
politics on the net policy formulation and lobbying

Role of media in the election -past and present

**UNIT -4-** Cyber security -dynamic and dimension

Cyber alternative -efforts against imperialism

Wikileaks -cyber hegemony

**UNIT 5** – Concept of Net Neutralist and Privacy and Personal Data Theft.

**Readings**

1. Introduction to Cyber Politics and Policy by Mary Manjikian.
2. Cyber Politics and International relations by Nazli Choucri.

## **SS5C-623**

### **Rural- Urban Development and Local Government in India**

#### **UNIT - 1: Introduction:**

- a) Nature, Scope and Definitions of Local Government
- b) Philosophy and Significance of Local Government
- c) Historical Developments and Land Marks in the growth of Local Government

#### **UNIT – 2 Theory of Decentralization:**

- a) Decentralization, Delegation: Deconcentration and Devolution
- b) Elements of Decentralization and Democratic Development
- c) Hurdles for Decentralization and trends of Recentralization

#### **UNIT – 3 Organization Structure:**

- a) Structures of Rural Local Government (73rd CAA)
- b) Structures of Urban Local Government (74th CAA)
- c) Local Governments – Community Development, Economic Development and Environmental Development

#### **UNIT – 4 : Accountability and Control**

- a) Executive Control, Legislative Control and Financial Control
- b) State and Local Government Relations
- c) Human Resource Management at Local level
- d) Policy Analysis at Local level

#### **UNIT –5 Issue Areas**

- a) Functional and Financial Imbalance
- b) Official and Non-Official Relationship
- c) Reforms Process: Retrospect and Prospect
- d) Local Governments in the context of Globalization

## **Fourth Semester**

### **SS5C-602**

#### **Major Social Movements In world And India**

##### **UNIT -1- Revolution**

A. Why revolutions? Different theories, Comparative study and recent interpretations of Ideology, Strategy and Social base of major Revolutions.

B. i. French Revolution ,ii. Bolshevik Revolution, iii. Chinese Revolution

##### **UNIT -2- Ideology and Politics of liberation struggles in Asia and Africa.**

A. Vietnam War

B. Indian Freedom Struggle

C. Bangladesh Revolution War

D. South African Anti Apartheid Movement

##### **UNIT -3- Social Movement**

A. What are social movements?

B. Theories of social movements

##### **UNIT -4- Social Movements in Gandhian Perspective.**

##### **UNIT -5- Social movements in India**

A. Peasant

B. Women

C. Workers

D. Environment

E. Ethnic

F. Civil rights

G. Social Justice

## **Readings**

1. Understanding social movements by Greg Martin.
2. Social Movements: Transformative shifts and Turning Points by Ravi kumar and Svyasachi.
3. Social Movements in India by Ghanshyam Shah.
4. Social Movements in Contemporary India by Krishan Menon.

**SS5C-604****State and Society in South Asia**

**(Focused on Political Development in South Asian States)**

**UNIT -1- The Significance of South Asia**

- a. The South Asia Region: Political Geography and Social History  
Nature, Phases and Impact of the Colonial Experience
- b. Growth of Nationalism: Evolution and Character, Recent Trends

**UNIT -2- South Asian Political Economy**

- a. Strategies and Policies of Development; Performance and Problems, the Emerging Trends
- b. Poverty and Human Development in South Asia
- c. Globalization and Liberalization in South Asia
- d. Debt, famine, and hunger in the region.

**UNIT -3- Patterns of Politics and Types of Governments**

- a. Democracy
  - b. Monarchy
  - c. Authoritarianism
  - d. Military
- Political Institutions and Citizen Groups
- a. Party Systems
  - b. Pressure Group.
  - c. Trade Unions
  - d. Mass Movements
  - e. NGOs

**UNIT -4- Politics of Identities**

- a. Tribal
- b. Religious
- c. Caste
- d. Linguistic
- e. Regional
- f. Majoritarianism in South Asia

**UNIT -5- Environmental Issues in South Asia:**

- a. Policies
- b. Movements
- c. Trends

**Readings**

- A. An Introduction to South Asian Politics.
- B. Culture and Politics in South Asia by Dev Nath Pathak.
- C. South Asian Politics and religion by Donald Eugene Smith
- D. South Asia in World Politics by Devin T. Hagetry

SS5C-606    Need to confirm from hod madam

## **STATE POLITICS IN INDIA**

### **UNIT -1- State Politics: Perspectives and Approaches**

- a. Institutional
- b. Political Economy
- c. Cultural - diversities

### **UNIT -2- Patterns of State Formation**

- a. Administrative Units
- b. Linguistic and Identity Formation
- c. Developmental

### **UNIT -3- Power and Participation**

- a. Changing Centre-State Relations
- b. Party Politics and Coalition Governments
- c. Mobilizations and Movements

### **UNIT -4- Development and Governance**

- a. Empowering the 'Local'
- b. Public Policies and their Implementation
- c. Varying Developmental Patterns: Some Case Studies (Jammu and Kashmir, Mizoram, Kerala, Gujarat, and Madhya Pradesh)

### **UNIT -5- Globalization and States**

- a. State and Investment
- b. Uneven Development

### **Readings**

- A. State politics in India by Himanshu Ray
- B. State Politics in India by Myron weiner
- C. Politics and state in India by Zoya Hassan
- D. Hand Book of Indian politics: Region , parties and economic Reform by Sudha Pai

## **SS5C-622**

### **Core Ideas of Feminism (focused on Various Feminist right movements in India)**

**UNIT -1-** Introduction, Theories and Definitions of Feminism .

**UNIT -2-** Types of Feminism , Definitions Three Waves of Feminism, Emergence of Feminism, Feminism and Traditional Social and Political Thought: Critique and Differences , Black Feminism, Cultural Feminism, Liberal Feminism, Radical Feminism, Lesbianisms, Marxist Feminism : Karl Marx and Frederick Engels, Dalit Feminism, Indian Feminism.

**UNIT -3-** Women, Law and Politics in India Rights guaranteed to women under Indian Constitution, Family Law: Marriage, divorce, maintenance and adoption . Legal Campaigns and Changes: Efforts of Women's Organizations and Judiciary with Special Focus on Violence Gender and Human Rights ,Family courts, Mahila Adalat, National and State Commission, Special Cell, All women police station. Laws related to offence against Women: domestic Violence, IPC-498(A) Special Provisions and Judgments for Women Hindu Marriage Acts, Muslim Marriage Laws, Law and Intervention Special Marriage Act, 1954 25, Divorce Laws :- Judicial Separation and Divorce, Hindu Divorce Law and Muslim Divorce Law. Women and Property Rights including and Cr P.C. Sec 125 read with Section 127 of Cr. P.C.

**UNIT-4-** 74th and 73rd Amendment of the Constitution of India Panchayati Raj Institutions ,Women and Political Institutions in India. Demand for women reservation in State and National Legislature. Women in Indian Politics.

**UNIT -5-** Major issues in front of Indian women:



- a. Domestic Violence
- b. Harassment at work places
- c. Women and defense forces
- d. Women Trafficking
- e. Women and poverty
- f. Situation of girl child in India
- g. Sex ratio and morality
- h. Early marriages
- i. Sex determination, feticide and infanticide
- j. Education, malnutrition and health

### **Readings**

- a. Feminism : A Paradigm Shift by Neeru Tondon.
- b. Working Feminism Geraldine Pratt
- c. Men and feminism in India Romit Chowdhury
- d. Seeing like a feminist Nivedita Menin