```
# load file in google colab
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```

Choose Files matches.csv

• matches.csv(application/vnd.ms-excel) - 140113 bytes, last modified: 10/1/2019 - 100% done Saving matches.csv to matches.csv

upload second file in google colab
uploaded2=files.upload()

Choose Files deliveries.csv

• **deliveries.csv**(application/vnd.ms-excel) - 18235327 bytes, last modified: 10/1/2019 - 100% done Saving deliveries.csv to deliveries.csv

```
import pandas as pd
import io
# read matches.csv
match_df=pd.read_csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded['matches.csv']))

# read deliveries.csv
deliveries_df=pd.read_csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded2['deliveries.csv']))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

match_df.head()
```

id seas	n city	date	team1	teamz	ross_minner.	toss_decision	rest
0 1 20 deliveries_df.hea	7 Hyderabad	2017-	Sunrisers	Royal Challengers	Royal Challengers	field	norr

bowle	non_striker	batsman	ball	over	<pre>bowling_team</pre>	batting_team	inning	match_id	
T Mil	S Dhawan	DA Warner	1	1	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Sunrisers Hyderabad	1	1	0
T Mil	S Dhawan	DA Warner	2	1	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Sunrisers Hyderabad	1	1	1
T Mil	S Dhawan	DA Warner	3	1	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Sunrisers Hyderabad	1	1	2
T Mil	S Dhawan	DA Warner	4	1	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Sunrisers Hyderabad	1	1	3
T Mil	S Dhawan	DA Warner	5	1	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Sunrisers Hyderabad	1	1	4

[#] basic info
match_df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 179078 entries, 0 to 179077
Data columns (total 21 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
		170070 non null	
0	match_id	179078 non-null	int64
1	inning	179078 non-null	int64
2	batting_team	179078 non-null	object
3	bowling_team	179078 non-null	object
4	over	179078 non-null	int64
5	ball	179078 non-null	int64
6	batsman	179078 non-null	object
7	non_striker	179078 non-null	object
8	bowler	179078 non-null	object
9	is_super_over	179078 non-null	int64
10	wide_runs	179078 non-null	int64
11	bye_runs	179078 non-null	int64
12	legbye_runs	179078 non-null	int64
13	noball_runs	179078 non-null	int64
14	penalty_runs	179078 non-null	int64
15	batsman_runs	179078 non-null	int64
16	extra_runs	179078 non-null	int64
17	total_runs	179078 non-null	int64
18	player_dismissed	8834 non-null	object
19	dismissal_kind	8834 non-null	object
20	fielder	6448 non-null	object
44	: (1/13)	+(0)	

dtypes: int64(13), object(8)
memory usage: 28.7+ MB

basic statistical details
match_df.describe()

basic statistical details
deliveries_df.describe()

wid	is_super_over	ball	over	inning	match_id	
179078.	179078.000000	179078.000000	179078.000000	179078.000000	179078.000000	count
0.	0.000452	3.615587	10.162488	1.482952	1802.252957	mean
0	0.021263	1.806966	5.677684	0.502074	3472.322805	std
0.	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	min
0.	0.000000	2.000000	5.000000	1.000000	190.000000	25%
0.	0.000000	4.000000	10.000000	1.000000	379.000000	50%
0.	0.000000	5.000000	15.000000	2.000000	567.000000	75%
5.	1.000000	9.000000	20.000000	5.000000	11415.000000	max

null value
match_df.isnull().sum()

id	0
season	0
city	7
date	0
team1	0
team2	0
toss_winner	0
toss_decision	0
result	0
dl_applied	0
winner	4
win_by_runs	0
win_by_wickets	0
player_of_match	4
venue	0
umpire1	2
umpire2	2
umpire3	637
dtype: int64	

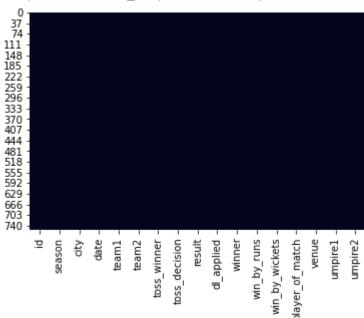
a=(match_df['umpire3'].isnull().sum()/match_df.shape[0])*100
print('percentage of null value in umpire3 column',a)

percentage of null value in umpire3 column 84.25925925925925

Around 84% null values are there for the umpire3 column. So we should drop this column

```
# drop umpire3 column
match df.drop(['umpire3'],axis=1,inplace=True)
#fill null value in city,player_of_match,umpire1,umpire2,winner column by mode value
match df['city'].fillna(match df['city'].mode()[0],inplace=True)
match df['player of match'].fillna(match df['player of match'].mode()[0],inplace=True)
match df['umpire1'].fillna('unknown',inplace=True)
match df['umpire2'].fillna('unknown',inplace=True)
match_df['winner'].fillna('winner',inplace=True)
# null value
deliveries df.isnull().sum()
     match id
                              0
     inning
                              0
     batting team
                              0
     bowling team
                              0
     over
                              0
                              0
     ball
                              0
     batsman
     non striker
                              0
     bowler
                              0
     is_super_over
                              0
                              0
     wide runs
     bye runs
                              0
     legbye runs
                              0
     noball runs
                              0
                              0
     penalty_runs
     batsman runs
                              0
     extra runs
                              0
     total runs
                              0
     player dismissed
                         170244
     dismissal kind
                         170244
     fielder
                         172630
     dtype: int64
x=(deliveries_df['player_dismissed'].isnull().sum()/deliveries_df.shape[0])*100
y=(deliveries df['dismissal kind'].isnull().sum()/deliveries df.shape[0])*100
z=(deliveries df['fielder'].isnull().sum()/deliveries df.shape[0])*100
print('percentage of null value in player dismissed column',x)
print('percentage of null value in dismissal_kind column',y)
print('percentage of null value in fielder column',z)
     percentage of null value in player dismissed column 95.06695406470924
     percentage of null value in dismissal kind column 95.06695406470924
     percentage of null value in fielder column 96.3993343682641
# checking null values after dropping column
sns.heatmap(match_df.isnull(),cbar=False)
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f6e4f809a58>



From the heatmap we can see that we do not have any null values

```
# unique team in team1 column
match_df['team1'].nunique()

15
```

unique team in team2 column
match_df['team2'].nunique()

15

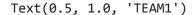
count in team1
match_df['team1'].value_counts()

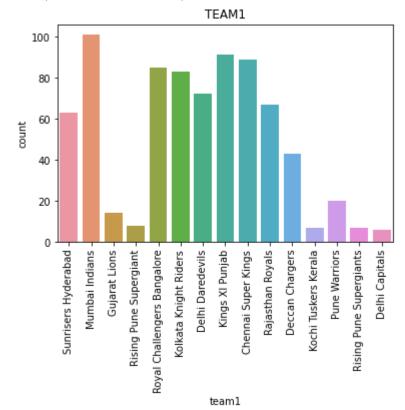
Mumbai Indians	101
Kings XI Punjab	91
Chennai Super Kings	89
Royal Challengers Bangalore	85
Kolkata Knight Riders	83
Delhi Daredevils	72
Rajasthan Royals	67
Sunrisers Hyderabad	63
Deccan Chargers	43
Pune Warriors	20
Gujarat Lions	14
Rising Pune Supergiant	8
Kochi Tuskers Kerala	7
Rising Pune Supergiants	7
Delhi Capitals	6
Name: team1, dtype: int64	

```
# count in team2
match_df['team2'].value_counts()
```

```
95
Kolkata Knight Riders
Royal Challengers Bangalore
                                95
Delhi Daredevils
                                89
Mumbai Indians
                                86
Kings XI Punjab
                                85
Rajasthan Royals
                                80
Chennai Super Kings
                                75
                                45
Sunrisers Hyderabad
Deccan Chargers
                                32
Pune Warriors
                                26
Gujarat Lions
                                16
Delhi Capitals
                                10
Rising Pune Supergiant
                                 8
                                 7
Kochi Tuskers Kerala
                                 7
Rising Pune Supergiants
Name: team2, dtype: int64
```

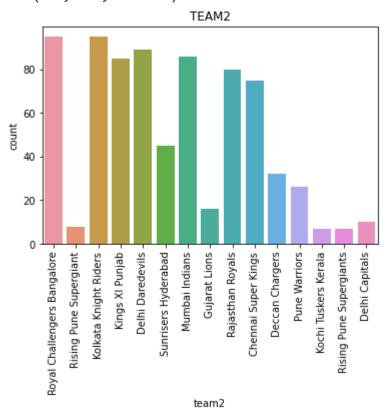
```
p=sns.countplot(x='team1',data=match_df)
p.set_xticklabels(p.get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
plt.title('TEAM1')
```





```
plot_c=sns.countplot(x='team2',data=match_df)
plot_c.set_xticklabels(plot_c.get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
plt.title('TEAM2')
```

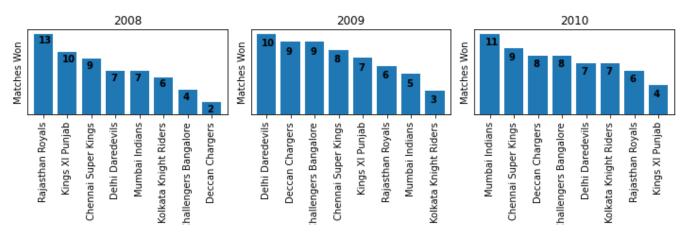
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'TEAM2')



Ques 1.Finding winner

win_team=sns.countplot(x='winner',data=match_df)
win_team.set_xticklabels(win_team.get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)

```
[Text(0, 0, 'Sunrisers Hyderabad'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Rising Pune Supergiant'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Kolkata Knight Riders'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Kings XI Punjab'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Royal Challengers Bangalore'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Mumbai Indians'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Delhi Daredevils'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Gujarat Lions'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Chennai Super Kings'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Rajasthan Royals').
      Text(0, 0, 'Deccan Chargers'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Pune Warriors'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Kochi Tuskers Kerala'),
      Text(0, 0, 'winner'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Rising Pune Supergiants'),
      Text(0, 0, 'Delhi Capitals')]
max winner = match df.groupby('season')['winner'].value counts()
max_winner
     season
             winner
     2008
             Rajasthan Royals
                                             13
             Kings XI Punjab
                                             10
             Chennai Super Kings
                                              9
                                              7
             Delhi Daredevils
             Mumbai Indians
                                              7
     2019
             Kolkata Knight Riders
                                              6
             Sunrisers Hyderabad
                                              6
                                              5
             Rajasthan Royals
             Royal Challengers Bangalore
                                              5
             winner
     Name: winner, Length: 103, dtype: int64
            n
g
ka
groups = max winner.groupby('season')
fig = plt.figure()
count = 1
for year, group in groups:
    ax = fig.add subplot(4,3,count)
    ax.set title(year)
    ax = group[year].plot.bar(figsize = (10,15), width = 0.8)
    count+=1;
    plt.xlabel('')
    plt.yticks([])
    plt.ylabel('Matches Won')
    total of matches = []
    for i in ax.patches:
        total_of_matches.append(i.get_height())
    total = sum(total_of_matches)
```



From above graph checking for last 2 year match MI won 8.5 matches on an average and RR won 6 matches on an average

taking match dataframe for last 2 years
match_18_19=match_df[match_df['season']>2017]

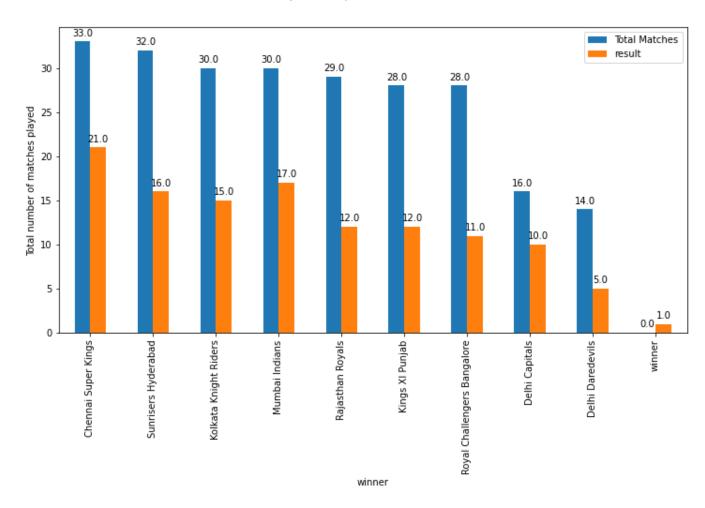
first 4 rows
match_18_19.head(4)

S 8 _

	id	season	city	date	team1	team2	toss_winner	toss_decisior
636	7894	2018	Mumbai	07/04/18	Mumbai Indians	Chennai Super Kings	Chennai Super Kings	fielc
637	7895	2018	Mohali	08/04/18	Delhi Daredevils	Kings XI Punjab	Kings XI Punjab	fielc
638	7896	2018	Kolkata	08/04/18	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Kolkata Knight Riders	Kolkata Knight Riders	fielc
639	7897	2018	Hyderabad	09/04/18	Rajasthan Royals	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Sunrisers Hyderabad	fielc

matches_won = match_18_19.groupby('winner').count()
total_matches = match_18_19['team1'].value_counts()+ match_18_19['team2'].value_counts()
matches_won['Total Matches'] = total_matches
win_df = matches_won[["Total Matches","result"]]

S



```
# 2018-2019 data
# selecting MI and RR as team1 and team2 respectively
MI_RR = match_18_19[(match_18_19['team1']=='Mumbai Indians') & (match_18_19['team2']=='Rajast
# selecting RR and MI as team1 and team2 respectively
RR_MI = match_18_19[(match_18_19['team1']=='Rajasthan Royals') & (match_18_19['team2']=='Mumb
# selecting when MI won
MI_won1=MI_RR[MI_RR['winner']=='Mumbai Indians']
MI_won2=RR_MI[RR_MI['winner']=='Mumbai Indians']
# selecting when RR won
RR_won1=MI_RR[MI_RR['winner']=='Rajasthan Royals']
RR_won2=RR_MI[RR_MI['winner']=='Rajasthan Royals']
```

```
print('Total no of matches between MI and RR are',len(MI_RR)+len(RR_MI))
print('Total no of matches MI won against RR are',len(MI_won1)+len(MI_won2))
print('Total no of matches RR won against MI are',len(RR_won1)+len(RR_won2))

Total no of matches between MI and RR are 4
Total no of matches MI won against RR are 0
Total no of matches RR won against MI are 4
```

MI_	_RR[['team1'	,	'team2'	,	'winner'	' ']]
-----	-------	---------	---	---------	---	----------	-----	---	---

	team1	team2	winner
656	Mumbai Indians	Rajasthan Royals	Rajasthan Royals
682	Mumbai Indians	Rajasthan Royals	Rajasthan Royals
722	Mumbai Indians	Rajasthan Royals	Rajasthan Royals
731	Mumbai Indians	Rajasthan Royals	Rajasthan Royals

Ans and Explanation ans

- 1.From above graph we came to know that MI won 56.66% matches And RR won 41.3% matches for last 2 years
- 3.In last 2 year matches, MI won 8.5 matches on an average and RR won 6 matches
- 4.MI won 0 match against RR and RR won 4 match against MI

So from all above analysis we came to know that MI won 0 matches against RR but MI won more than 55% matches and currently MI is in good form and probably win the match against RR

Ans 1:MI will win the match

- Ques2.BIS?

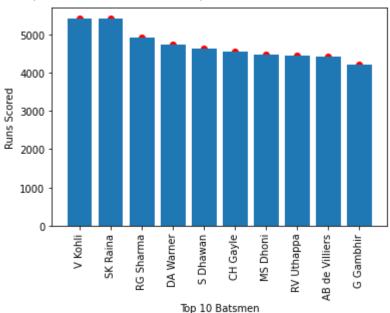
```
# checking Warner in top 10 batsman
batting_tot=deliveries_df.groupby('batsman').apply(lambda x:np.sum(x['batsman_runs'])).reset_
batting_sorted=batting_tot.sort_values(by='Runs',ascending=False)
top_batsmen=batting_sorted[:10]
plt.bar(top_batsmen['batsman'],top_batsmen['Runs'])
plt.scatter(top_batsmen['batsman'],top_batsmen['Runs'],color='r')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel('Top 10 Batsmen',size=10)
```

plt.ylabel('Runs Scored',size=10)

Text(0, 0.5, 'Runs Scored')

taking MI and RR ipl 2020 batsman

for i in list_batsman1:



```
batsman 20 = deliveries df[(deliveries df['batsman']=='RG Sharma') | (deliveries df['batsman'
                           (deliveries df['batsman']=='SA Yadav') | (deliveries df['batsman'
                           (deliveries_df['batsman']=='SS Tiwary') | (deliveries df['batsman'
                           (deliveries df['batsman']=='Q de Kock') | (deliveries df['batsman'
                           (deliveries df['batsman']=='HH Pandya') | (deliveries df['batsman'
                           (deliveries_df['batsman']=='KH Pandya') | (deliveries_df['batsman'
                           (deliveries df['batsman']=='M Vohra') | (deliveries df['batsman']=
                           (deliveries df['batsman']=='S Singh') | (deliveries df['batsman']=
                           (deliveries_df['batsman']=='DA Miller') | (deliveries_df['batsman'
                           (deliveries df['batsman']=='T Curran') | (deliveries df['batsman']
                           (deliveries df['batsman']=='S Gopal') | (deliveries df['batsman']=
                           (deliveries df['batsman']=='SV Samson')]
# boundary runs
boundaryrun given = batsman 20[(batsman 20['total runs']==4) | (batsman 20['total runs']==6)]
# runs = 1 or 2 or 3
lessrun given = batsman 20[(batsman 20['total runs']==1) | (batsman 20['total runs']==2) | (b
list batsman1 = ['RG Sharma' , 'S Rutherford' , 'SA Yadav' , 'CA Lynn' , 'SS Tiwary' ,'Ishan
                'Q de Kock' , 'AP Tare' , 'HH Pandya' , 'KA Pollard', 'KH Pandya' , 'SPD Smit
                  'S Singh' , 'R Parag' , 'JC Buttler' , 'DA Miller' , 'T Curran' , 'BA Stoke
                 'S Gopal', 'SV Samson', 'M Lomror']
```

x = boundaryrun given[boundaryrun given['batsman']==i]

y = lessrun given[lessrun given['batsman']==i]

```
w = batsman 20[batsman 20['batsman']==i]
numerator = sum(w['total_runs']) + sum(x['total_runs'])
denominator = len(batsman 20)
bis = numerator/denominator
print('BIS of' , i , 'is' ,bis)
 BIS of RG Sharma is 0.3530955346023839
 BIS of S Rutherford is 0.006271126134139833
 BIS of SA Yadav is 0.04363102650773883
 BIS of CA Lynn is 0.09998220957125066
 BIS of SS Tiwary is 0.08886319160291763
 BIS of Ishan Kishan is 0.05341576231987191
 BIS of 0 de Kock is 0.112479985767657
 BIS of AP Tare is 0.02646326276463263
 BIS of HH Pandya is 0.0849492972780644
 BIS of KA Pollard is 0.20992705924212773
 BIS of KH Pandya is 0.06760362924746487
 BIS of SPD Smith is 0.13996619818537626
 BIS of M Vohra is 0.07547589396904465
 BIS of RV Uthappa is 0.32961216865326454
 BIS of S Singh is 0.0012453300124533001
 BIS of R Parag is 0.012453300124533
 BIS of JC Buttler is 0.10838818715531044
 BIS of DA Miller is 0.13427326098558975
 BIS of T Curran is 0.0016456146593132894
 BIS of BA Stokes is 0.043986835082725495
 BIS of S Gopal is 0.008761786159046433
 BIS of SV Samson is 0.15668920120974916
 BIS of M Lomror is 0.001779042874933286
```

Ques2.Ans and Explanation

We can see that the Kock have very good BIL that is 0.11 which is in top list and also Smith also have 0.13. So we choose first option

Ans2.Quinton De Kock or Steve Smith

Ques3.Ratio for batsman

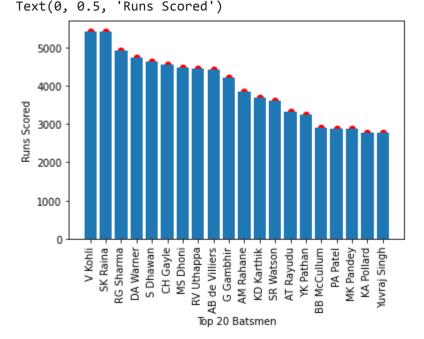
```
# top 20 batsman
batting_tot=deliveries_df.groupby('batsman').apply(lambda x:np.sum(x['batsman_runs'])).reset_
batting_sorted=batting_tot.sort_values(by='Runs',ascending=False)
top_batsmen=batting_sorted[:20]
print('The Top 20 Batsmen in the Tournament are:\n',top_batsmen)
plt.bar(top_batsmen['batsman'],top_batsmen['Runs'])
```

```
plt.scatter(top_batsmen['batsman'],top_batsmen['Runs'],color='r')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel('Top 20 Batsmen',size=10)
plt.ylabel('Runs Scored',size=10)
```

The Top 20 Batsmen in the Tournament are: batsman Runs 486 V Kohli 5434 428 SK Raina 5415 367 RG Sharma 4914 4741 112 DA Warner 392 4632 S Dhawan 92 CH Gayle 4560 290 MS Dhoni 4477 384 RV Uthappa 4446 26 AB de Villiers 4428 147 G Gambhir 4223 42 AM Rahane 3850 218 KD Karthik 3688 444 SR Watson 3614 53 AT Rayudu 3326 509 YK Pathan 3241 2893 72 BB McCullum 329 PA Patel 2874 280 MK Pandey 2872 213 KA Pollard 2784

Yuvraj Singh

514

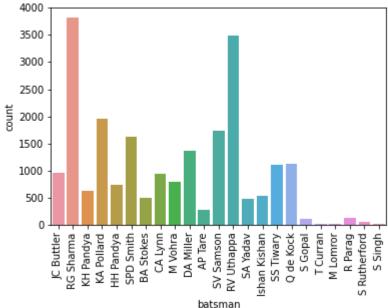


2765

selecting boundary runs
boundary_score = batsman_20[(batsman_20['total_runs']==4) | (batsman_20['total_runs']==6)]

batsman_team=sns.countplot(x='batsman',data=batsman_20)
batsman team.set xticklabels(batsman team.get xticklabels(),rotation=90)

```
[Text(0, 0, 'JC Buttler'),
Text(0, 0, 'RG Sharma'),
Text(0, 0, 'KH Pandya'),
Text(0, 0, 'KA Pollard'),
Text(0, 0, 'HH Pandya'),
Text(0, 0,
            'SPD Smith'),
Text(0, 0, 'BA Stokes'),
Text(0, 0, 'CA Lynn'),
Text(0, 0, 'M Vohra'),
Text(0, 0, 'DA Miller'),
Text(0, 0,
            'AP Tare'),
Text(0, 0, 'SV Samson'),
Text(0, 0, 'RV Uthappa'),
Text(0, 0, 'SA Yadav'),
Text(0, 0, 'Ishan Kishan'),
Text(0, 0,
           'SS Tiwary'),
Text(0, 0, 'Q de Kock'),
Text(0, 0, 'S Gopal'),
Text(0, 0, 'T Curran'),
Text(0, 0, 'M Lomror'),
Text(0, 0, 'R Parag'),
Text(0, 0, 'S Rutherford'),
Text(0, 0, 'S Singh')]
```



```
list_batsman = ['RG Sharma', 'S Rutherford', 'SA Yadav', 'CA Lynn', 'SS Tiwary', 'Ishan K
                'Q de Kock' , 'AP Tare' , 'HH Pandya' , 'KA Pollard', 'KH Pandya' , 'SPD Smit
                 'S Singh', 'R Parag', 'JC Buttler', 'DA Miller', 'T Curran', 'BA Stoke
                 'S Gopal' , 'SV Samson' , 'M Lomror' ]
for i in list batsman:
   a = boundary_score[boundary_score['batsman']==i]
   b = batsman_20[batsman_20['batsman']==i]
   ratio runs = sum(a['total runs'])/sum(b['total runs'])
   print('Ratio of ' , i , 'is' ,ratio_runs)
    Ratio of RG Sharma is 0.5699031046074748
    Ratio of S Rutherford is 0.5494505494505495
    Ratio of SA Yadav is 0.5256609642301711
    Ratio of CA Lynn is 0.6505139500734214
     Ratio of SS Tiwary is 0.47345132743362833
    Ratio of Ishan Kishan is 0.6207827260458839
    Ratio of Q de Kock is 0.622193713919179
    Ratio of AP Tare is 0.6301369863013698
    Ratio of HH Pandya is 0.591666666666667
    Ratio of KA Pollard is 0.6054421768707483
    Ratio of KH Pandya is 0.5833333333333334
    Ratio of SPD Smith is 0.47538677918424754
    Ratio of M Vohra is 0.5845004668534081
    Ratio of RV Uthappa is 0.5758026791409738
    Ratio of S Singh is 0.55555555555556
    Ratio of R Parag is 0.5730337078651685
    Ratio of JC Buttler is 0.6235842771485676
    Ratio of DA Miller is 0.5255179383527034
    Ratio of T Curran is 0.48
    Ratio of BA Stokes is 0.4827586206896552
    Ratio of S Gopal is 0.45925925925925926
     Ratio of SV Samson is 0.5310734463276836
     Ratio of M Lomror is 0.42857142857142855
```

Ques3.And and Explanation

From the above calculation we can see that Q De Kock has ratio 0.62 whih is 3rd highest but now he is playing very best. So our ans is Q de Kock

Ans:Quinton De Kock or Sanju Samson

Ques4.Balls difference to score 100 runs*

```
# taking batting team as MI and bowling team as RR
mi_bat = deliveries_df[(deliveries_df['bowling_team']=='Rajasthan Royals') & (deliveries_df['
# taking batting team as RR and bowling team as MI
```

```
rr_bat = deliveries_df[(deliveries_df['batting_team']=='Rajasthan Royals') & (deliveries_df['
print('No of runs made by MI are',sum(mi_bat['total_runs']), 'in',len(mi_bat),'balls')
print('No of runs made by RR are',sum(rr_bat['total_runs']),'in', len(rr_bat),'balls')
     No of runs made by MI are 3227 in 2414 balls
     No of runs made by RR are 3197 in 2389 balls
# no of balls taken by team to score 100 runs
mi_balls = len(mi_bat)/sum(mi_bat['total_runs'])*100
rr balls = len(rr bat)/sum(rr bat['total runs'])*100
print('No of balls MI have taken to score 100 runs are', mi balls)
print('No of balls RR have taken to score 100 runs are',rr_balls)
     No of balls MI have taken to score 100 runs are 74.80632166098543
     No of balls RR have taken to score 100 runs are 74.7263059117923
# ball difference
print('Balls will RR take to reach a team total of 100 as compared to MI are', mi_balls-rr_bal
     Balls will RR take to reach a team total of 100 as compared to MI are 0.0800157491931372
```

Ques4.Ans and Explanation for ans

From above we can see that possible no of balls difference is 0.08

Ans4:0-10

Ques 5.BLS?

```
# taking current bowlers
team bowlers = deliveries df[(deliveries df['bowler']=='JJ Bumrah') | (deliveries df['bowler'
                             (deliveries_df['bowler']=='KA Pollard') | (deliveries_df['bowler
                             (deliveries_df['bowler']=='KH Pandya') | (deliveries_df['bowler'
                             (deliveries_df['bowler']=='TA Boult') | (deliveries_df['bowler']
                             (deliveries_df['bowler']=='BA Stokes') | (deliveries_df['bowler'
                             (deliveries_df['bowler']=='S Gopal') | (deliveries_df['bowler']=
                             (deliveries_df['bowler']=='O Thomas') | (deliveries_df['bowler']
                             (deliveries_df['bowler']=='R Tewatia') | (deliveries_df['bowler'
                             (deliveries df['bowler']=='J Archer') | (deliveries df['bowler']
```

```
# wicket taken
wicket_taken = team_bowlers[team_bowlers['dismissal_kind'].isnull()==False]
# dot balls
dot_balls = team_bowlers[team_bowlers['total_runs']==0]
# boundary runs given
boundaryrun_given = team_bowlers[(team_bowlers['total_runs']==4) | (team_bowlers['total_runs'
z = sns.countplot(x='bowler',data = wicket_taken)
z.set_xticklabels(z.get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
      [Text(0, 0, 'BA Stokes'),
       Text(0, 0, 'HH Pandya'),
       Text(0, 0, 'TA Boult'),
       Text(0, 0, 'RD Chahar'),
       Text(0, 0, 'KH Pandya'),
       Text(0, 0, 'JJ Bumrah'),
       Text(0, 0, 'VR Aaron'),
       Text(0, 0, 'AJ Tye'),
       Text(0, 0, 'DS Kulkarni'),
       Text(0, 0, 'R Tewatia'),
       Text(0, 0, 'KA Pollard'),
       Text(0, 0, 'S Gopal'),
       Text(0, 0, 'J Yadav'),
       Text(0, 0, 'M Markande'),
       Text(0, 0, 'T Curran'),
       Text(0, 0, 'J Archer'),
       Text(0, 0, 'O Thomas')]
         80
         60
      count
         40
         20
                                            S Gopal.
                              VR Aaron
                                       Tewatia.
               HH Pandya
                     RD Chahar
                        Pandya
                                 AJ Tye
                                    DS Kulkarni
                                          Pollard
                                                ) Yadav
                                                   M Markande
                  TA Boult
                           J Bumrah
            3A Stokes
                        £
```

```
z3 = sns.countplot(x='bowler',data = dot_balls)
z3.set_xticklabels(z3.get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
```

bowler

```
[Text(0, 0, 'BA Stokes'),
 Text(0, 0, 'JJ Bumrah'),
 Text(0, 0, 'HH Pandya'),
 Text(0, 0, 'KH Pandya'),
               'TA Boult'),
 Text(0, 0,
 Text(0, 0, 'DS Kulkarni'),
               'RD Chahar'),
 Text(0, 0,
 Text(0, 0, 'VR Aaron'),
 Text(0, 0, 'AJ Tye'),
 Text(0, 0, 'J Yadav'),
 Text(0, 0, 'R Tewatia'),
 Text(0, 0, 'KA Pollard'),
 Text(0, 0, 'S Gopal'),
 Text(0, 0,
               'M Markande'),
 Text(0, 0, 'T Curran'),
 Text(0, 0, 'J Archer'),
 Text(0, 0, 'M Lomror'),
 Text(0, 0, 'O Thomas')]
   700
   600
   500
   400
   300
   200
   100
                     TA Boult.
                                                     TCurran
                                  AJ Tye.
                                     Yadav.
              HH Pandya
                 KH Pandya
                        DS Kulkarni
                           RD Chahar.
                              VR Aaron
                                        R Tewatia
                                                  M Markande
        BA Stokes
           J Bumrah
                                           KA Pollard
                                               S Gopal
                                                        JArcher
                                                            M Lomror
                                                               O Thomas
```

z5 = sns.countplot(x='bowler',data = boundaryrun_given)
z5.set_xticklabels(z5.get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)

bowler

```
[Text(0, 0, 'BA Stokes'),
      Text(0, 0, 'HH Pandya'),
      Text(0, 0, 'KH Pandya'),
      Text(0, 0, 'JJ Bumrah'),
      Text(0, 0, 'KA Pollard'),
      Text(0, 0, 'TA Boult'),
      Text(0, 0, 'DS Kulkarni'),
      Text(0, 0, 'RD Chahar'),
      Text(0, 0, 'VR Aaron'),
      Text(0, 0, 'AJ Tye'),
      Text(0, 0, 'J Yadav'),
      Text(0, 0, 'R Tewatia'),
      Text(0, 0, 'S Gopal'),
      Text(0, 0, 'M Markande'),
      Text(0, 0, 'T Curran'),
      Text(0, 0, 'J Archer'),
      Text(0, 0, 'M Lomror'),
      Text(0, 0, 'O Thomas')]
        350 -
list bowl = ['JJ Bumrah','RD Chahar','KA Pollard','HH Pandya','KH Pandya','DS Kulkarni','TA B
             'T Curran', 'S Gopal', 'M Lomror', 'O Thomas', 'AJ Tye', 'R Tewatia', 'M Markande', 'J
for i in list bowl:
    z = boundaryrun_given[boundaryrun_given['bowler']==i]
    a = len(wicket taken[wicket taken['bowler']==i]) + len(dot balls[dot balls['bowler']== i]
    b = sum(z['total_runs'])/len(z)
    c = len(team_bowlers[team_bowlers['bowler']==i])
    bls = (a-b)/c
    print('BLS of' , i , 'is' ,bls)
     BLS of JJ Bumrah is 0.4085010280783362
     BLS of RD Chahar is 0.44773344773344775
     BLS of KA Pollard is 0.3051537912411931
     BLS of HH Pandya is 0.3581285336638798
     BLS of KH Pandya is 0.3485701747970453
     BLS of DS Kulkarni is 0.44566051325410616
     BLS of TA Boult is 0.407156351545379
     BLS of J Yadav is 0.3955071477195371
     BLS of BA Stokes is 0.37657939882151115
     BLS of T Curran is 0.246875
     BLS of S Gopal is 0.4029921736498465
     BLS of M Lomror is -0.1111111111111111
     BLS of 0 Thomas is 0.28282828282829
     BLS of AJ Tye is 0.3567552548135073
     BLS of R Tewatia is 0.39840172398311935
     BLS of M Markande is 0.3354040839804429
     BLS of J Archer is 0.44622183792093
     BLS of VR Aaron is 0.4105504341588239
```

Ques5.Ans and Explanation for ans

From above calculation we can see that J Archer have the highest bls score. So our ans is Jofra Archer or Trent Boult

Ans5:Jofra Archer or Trent Boult



- 1.Made a graph for both team that I have group average won matches for last 2 years.Also made matches.Also calulated how many matches the boother
- 2.Made a graph for top 10 batsman. Then made fe out to calculate BIS and then made a list for BIS using BIS formula using a for loop iterati 3.Made a graph for batsman. Then made new dataf then calculted the ratio and also made a count 4.Calculated no of runs made by both team in h calculated the balls require to make 100 runs subtract the both result.
- 5.Made few new dataframe by filtering out to c list for bowler and calculated the BIS using B iterating over the list of bowler and made few visulization.
- 1. Made a graph for both team that I have group by season and calculated average won matches for last 2 years. Also made a graph for total won matches. Also calulated how many matches the both team won against each other 2. Made a graph for top 10 batsman. Then made few new dataframe by filtering out to calculate BIS and then made a list for batsman and calculated the BIS using BIS formula using a for loop iterating over the list of batsman. 3. Made a graph for batsman. Then made new dataframes using some condition then calculted the ratio and also made a countplot for visulization 4. Calculated no of runs made by both team in how many balls. Then calculated the balls require to make 100 runs for both team and then subtract the both result. 5. Made few new dataframe by filtering out to calculate BLS and then made a list for bowler and calculated the BIS using BIS formula using a for loop iterating over the list of bowler and made few countplots for better visulization.