### If You Liked Our 2901, You'll Love Our 2903!

## Same Powerful Architecture:

- 16 Working Registers in 2-address architecture
- · Left-Right shift of Data after ALU
- Auxiliary Register for multiple-length operations
- Expandable to any word length in multiples of four bits
- Carry, Overflow, Zero, and Negative Status Flags

#### Plus These Added Features:

 Two's Complement and Unsigned Multiply

The Am2903 performs both signed and unsigned multiplication without requiring any additional hardware. For unsigned n x n-bit multiply, a single microinstruction is repeated n times. For a two's complement multiply, a single microinstruction is executed n-1 times, and a second microinstruction is executed once. Both kinds of multiplies produce 2n bit products.

Two's Complement Divide
 The Am2903 performs a signed division using a non-restoring algorithm. A 2n bit dividend is divided by an n-bit divisor in n cycles (after justification). An n-bit signed quotient and n-bit signed remainder are produced. Extension to multiple length division is

simple. No extra hardware is needed.

 Single and Double Length Normalization

Both single length words and double length words can be normalized; i.e., shifted up to remove leading zeros or ones. During the normalize instructions, the Am2903 provides special flags signaling the completion of normalization.

- Conversion Between Sign-Magnitude and Two's Complement Notations
   On a single cycle, the Am2903 will switch a word from one notation to the other.
- Increment by One or Two
   On a single cycle, the Am2903 can
   add either 1 or 2 to a word,
   depending on carry-in.

## If You Didn't Like Our 2901, You'll Love Our 2903!

- Two Data Input Ports
   The Am2903 can operate between any two internal registers, any internal register and an external data bus, or two external data buses
- Expandable Register File
   The Am29705 hooks directly onto
   the Am2903 to provide any number
   of working registers, without losing
   the two-address architecture. You
- can even go to a three-address system, where on one cycle you operate on two registers and place the result in a third.
- Arithmetic and Logical Shifts
   Arithmetic shifts hold the MSB
   (sign bit) in place and shift the rest of the word around the MSB.
   Logical shifts shift all the bits in the word. The 2903 provides both types of shift.
- Sixteen-Function ALU
   Provides 9 Logic Functions and 7
   Arithmetic Functions, twice as many functions as the 2901.
- Parity Generated Internally
   A Parity Generator operates on the
   ALU output and is cascaded
   between devices, so that a single
   pin contains parity across the entire
   ALU output.

# And If You Don't Quite Like Our 2903, You'll Definitely Love Our Am29203!

- BCD Arithmetic
   The Am29203 includes special functions for BCD add and subtract, as well as conversion between binary and BCD notations.
- A Byte Better
   The Am29203 is designed to efficiently handle byte operations with a minimum of external logic.
- Both Data Lines Bidirectional
- Decrement by 1 or 2 Instruction
- RAM is enabled only if instruction execution is enabled.

#### DISTINCTIVE CH.

- Expandable Re-Like the Am290 working register the Am2903/29 pand the register
- Built-in Multiplic Performing mul external gates Am2903/29203 signed multiplic last cycle of a t
- Built-in Division
   The Am2903/2s
   execution of a n
   rection of the q
- Built-in Normali The Am2903/29 and count in a ponent of a flos single microcyc operation is cor
- Built-in Parity C
   The Am2903/29
   output for use i
- Built-in Sign Ex To facilitate op numbers, the / tend the sign a
- BCD Arithmetic Automatic BCE binary and BCI
- Improved Byte Zero detection single byte rath
- Two Bidirection

ALU Functions . . . Block Diagram . . Special Functions Pin Definitions . . Pin Connections Burn-in Circuit . DC Characteristic Switching Charac Applications

Expansion ...
Normalization
Multiplication .
Division ....
Byte Swap ...
Memory Expar
Appendix A (Det