# Suppression of Variation in Cell-Size: A Control Theoretic Approach

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Building over a recent work [1], we explored the possibility of creating networks of small networks which can be utilized for controlling cell size. We explored few topologies in direction of finding a control network which can keep the size of the cell fixed and put an upper bound on the size of the Endosome. Some progress has been made on building a simulator for these topologies in an event-driven simulation environment (SystemC library of C++) 1.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ https://github.com/dilawar/FeedbackSimulator/  $\langle \square \rangle \langle \square \rangle \langle \square \rangle$ 

## Background

- ▶ Inside the cell, randomizing and correcting statistical forces battle it out and create fluctuations noise. Many control circuits have evolved to eliminate or exploit the noise.
- ▶ In this rotation project, we used a recent result [1] which establishes limits on 'controllability' in a feedback network to build control networks for controlling cell-size.
- ► To explore such network construct, we started building a simulation environment using C++ and event-driven simulation library **SystemC**.

# A Feedback Network Studied in [1]

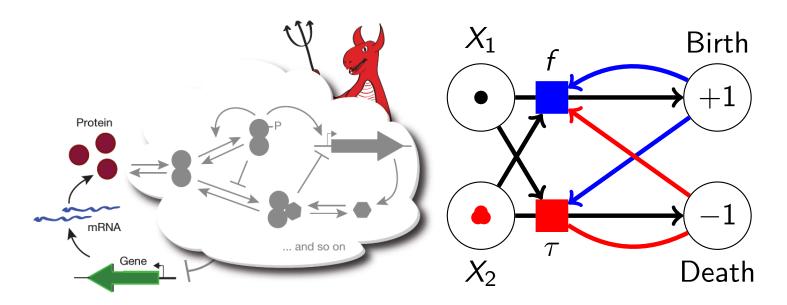


Figure : On left, mRNA/Protein network, from [1]. An equivalent description using Petri Nets on the right with  $X_1$  as mRNA and  $X_2$  as its protein. Signalling events are probabilistic.

#### Birth and Death in Network

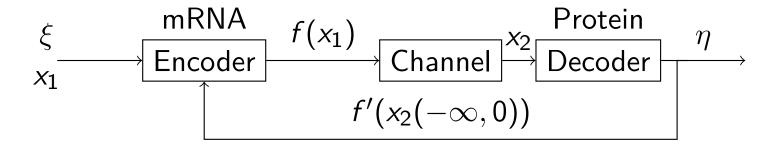
$$X_{1} \xrightarrow{f'(x_{2}(-\infty,t))} X_{1} + 1 \qquad X_{1} \xrightarrow{\tau_{x_{1}}} X_{1} - 1 \qquad (1)$$

$$X_{2} \xrightarrow{f(x_{1})} X_{2} + 1 \qquad X_{2} \xrightarrow{\tau_{x_{2}}} X_{2} - 1 \qquad (2)$$

## Information theoretic modelling

How much we can infer about  $X_1$  by knowing the time-series of  $X_2$ ? The following stochastic equation describes  $x_1$ .

$$dx_1 = \frac{f' - x_1}{\tau_1} dt + \sqrt{\frac{2\langle x_1 \rangle}{\tau_1}} dw \tag{3}$$



## Channel Capacity

$$C = \langle f \rangle \log(1 + \frac{\sigma_f^2}{\langle f \rangle^2}) \tag{4}$$

## Information theoretical modelling

#### The bounds

- 1. There is bound on variance in  $x_1$  whenever there is a bound on error with which  $x_1$  can be measured.
- 2. To measure  $x_1$  with small estimation error, a minimal capacity is required for channel  $x_1 \rightarrow$ .
- 3. To achieve a certain capacity, a minimal variance in the f is required.
- 4. If f depends on  $x_1$ , then high variance in  $x_1$  is needed to increase the channel capacity C.

Reducing the variance reduces the channel capacity which in turn makes is harder to further reduce the variance.

$$\frac{\sigma_{x_1}^2}{\langle x_1 \rangle^2} \ge \frac{1}{\langle x_1 \rangle} \times \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{1 + 4N_2/N_1}} \tag{5}$$

$$N_1 = \langle x_1 \rangle, N_2 = \langle f \rangle \tau_1$$
 (6)



## Network of networks

#### Cascade of network

Put a figure here.

A linear cascade of networks causes information loss like the game of broken-telephone.

$$\frac{1}{N_{eff}} = \sum_{j=2}^{n+1} N_j^{-1} \tag{7}$$

## Cell-Size control: endocytosis and exocytosis

- ightharpoonup Size of cell:  $X_1$ . Size of the endosome:  $X_2$ .
- ightharpoonup U is a controller which controls X1.
- ▶ Endocytosis  $X_1 \xrightarrow{\tau_{x_1}} X_1 1$ , and  $X_2 \xrightarrow{f(x_1)} X_2 + 1$
- **Exocytosis**  $X_1 \xrightarrow{U(x_2(-\infty,t))} X_1 + 1$ , and  $X_2 \xrightarrow{\tau_{x_2}} X_2 1$ .

### Questions considered

- 1. Assume U is most the optimum, what is the variance in  $X_2$  when  $X_1$  is kept at  $S_0$ ?
- 2. Assume U is the most optimum, how well network controls  $X_1$  under random fluctuations (simulation)?
- 3. For given benchmarks (fixed  $S_0$  and variance in  $X_2$ ), can U be designed?



# References & Acknowledgements



Ioannin Lestas., Glenn Vinnicombe, Johan Paulsson Fundamental limits on the suppression of molecular fluctuations

Nature, Vol 467, Sep 09, 2010

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