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LINKED LIST:

Linked List is a linear data structure, that store the collection of elements in the form of Nodes. Linked List forms a series of connected nodes, where each node stores the data and the address of the next node.

Types of linked list:

There are mainly three types of linked lists:

- 1. Singly-linked list
- 2. Doubly linked list
- 3. Circular linked list

1. Single linked list:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// Define the structure for a linked list node
typedef struct Node {
  int data;
  struct Node* next;
} Node;
// Function to create a new node
Node* createNode(int data) {
  Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
  newNode->data = data;
  newNode->next = NULL;
  return newNode;
}
// Function to insert a new node at the head of the list
void insertAtHead(Node** head, int data) {
  Node* newNode = createNode(data);
  newNode->next = *head:
  *head = newNode;
}
// Function to print the linked list
```

```
void printList(Node* head) {
  Node* temp = head;
  while (temp != NULL)
     { printf("%d", temp-
    >data); temp = temp-
    >next;
  printf("\n");
// Function to search for a node in the list
Node* searchNode(Node* head, int data) {
  Node* temp = head;
  while (temp != NULL) {
     if (temp->data == data) {
       return temp;
    temp = temp->next;
  return NULL;
// Function to delete a node from the list
void deleteNode(Node** head, Node* nodeToDelete)
   { if (*head == nodeToDelete) {
     *head = nodeToDelete->next;
  } else {
     Node* temp = *head;
     while (temp->next != nodeToDelete)
       \{ temp = temp->next; \}
    temp->next = nodeToDelete->next;
  free(nodeToDelete);
// Function to update the data of a node
void updateNode(Node* nodeToUpdate, int newData)
   { nodeToUpdate->data = newData;
}
int main() {
  Node* head = NULL;
  // Insert nodes into the list
  insertAtHead(&head, 1);
  insertAtHead(&head, 2);
  insertAtHead(&head, 3);
```

```
// Print the linked list
      printf("Linked List: ");
      printList(head);
      // Search for a node
      Node* searchedNode = searchNode(head, 2);
      if (searchedNode != NULL) {
         printf("Node with data %d found\n", searchedNode->data);
      } else {
        printf("Node not found\n");
      // Delete a node
      deleteNode(&head, searchedNode);
      // Print the linked list after deletion
      printf("Linked List after deletion: ");
      printList(head);
      // Update the data of a node
      Node* nodeToUpdate = searchNode(head, 1);
      updateNode(nodeToUpdate, 10);
      // Print the linked list after update
      printf("Linked List after update: ");
      printList(head);
      return 0;
    }
    Output:
    single Linked List: 3 2 1
    Node with data 2 found
    single Linked List after deletion: 3 1
    single Linked List after update: 3 10
2. Double linked list:
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// Define the structure for a double linked list node
typedef struct Node {
  int data;
```

```
struct Node* next;
  struct Node* prev;
} Node;
// Function to create a new node
Node* createNode(int data) {
  Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
  newNode->data = data;
  newNode->next = NULL;
  newNode->prev = NULL;
  return newNode;
}
// Function to insert a new node at the head of the list
void insertAtHead(Node** head, int data) {
  Node* newNode = createNode(data);
  newNode->next = *head;
  if (*head != NULL) {
     (*head)->prev = newNode;
  *head = newNode;
// Function to print the double linked list
void printList(Node* head) {
  Node* temp = head;
  while (temp != NULL) {
     printf("%d ", temp->data);
    temp = temp->next;
  printf("\n");
// Function to search for a node in the list
Node* searchNode(Node* head, int data) {
  Node* temp = head;
  while (temp != NULL) {
     if (temp->data == data) {
       return temp;
     temp = temp->next;
  return NULL;
// Function to delete a node from the list
void deleteNode(Node** head, Node* nodeToDelete) {
```

```
if (*head == nodeToDelete) {
     *head = nodeToDelete->next;
    nodeToDelete->prev->next = nodeToDelete->next;
  if (nodeToDelete->next != NULL) {
    nodeToDelete->next->prev = nodeToDelete->prev;
  free(nodeToDelete);
// Function to update the data of a node
void updateNode(Node* nodeToUpdate, int newData)
  { nodeToUpdate->data = newData;
int main() {
  Node* head = NULL;
  // Insert nodes into the list
  insertAtHead(&head, 1);
  insertAtHead(&head, 2);
  insertAtHead(&head, 3);
  // Print the double linked list
  printf("Double Linked List: ");
  printList(head);
  // Search for a node
  Node* searchedNode = searchNode(head, 2);
  if (searchedNode != NULL) {
    printf("Node with data %d found\n", searchedNode->data);
  } else {
    printf("Node not found\n");
  // Delete a node
  deleteNode(&head, searchedNode);
  // Print the double linked list after deletion
  printf("Double Linked List after deletion: ");
  printList(head);
  // Update the data of a node
  Node* nodeToUpdate = searchNode(head, 1);
  updateNode(nodeToUpdate, 10);
```

```
// Print the double linked list after update
printf("Double Linked List after update: ");
printList(head);
return 0;
}
```

Output:

Double Linked List: 3 2 1 Node with data 2 found

Double Linked List after deletion: 3 1 Double Linked List after update: 3 10

3. Circular linked list:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// Define the structure for a circular linked list node
typedef struct Node {
  int data;
  struct Node* next;
} Node;
// Function to create a new node
Node* createNode(int data) {
  Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
  newNode->data = data;
  newNode->next = NULL;
  return newNode;
}
// Function to insert a new node at the head of the list
void insertAtHead(Node** head, int data) {
  Node* newNode = createNode(data);
  if (*head == NULL) {
     *head = newNode;
    newNode->next = newNode;
  } else {
    newNode->next = *head;
    Node* temp = *head;
     while (temp->next != *head) {
       temp = temp->next;
```

```
temp->next = newNode:
     *head = newNode;
// Function to print the circular linked list
void printList(Node* head) {
  Node* temp = head;
  do {
     printf("%d ", temp->data);
     temp = temp -> next;
  } while (temp != head);
  printf("\n");
// Function to search for a node in the list
Node* searchNode(Node* head, int data) {
  Node* temp = head;
  do {
     if (temp->data == data) {
       return temp;
     temp = temp -> next;
  } while (temp != head);
  return NULL;
// Function to delete a node from the list
void deleteNode(Node** head, Node* nodeToDelete)
   { if (*head == nodeToDelete) {
     Node* temp = *head;
     while (temp->next != *head) {
       temp = temp->next;
     temp->next = nodeToDelete->next;
     *head = nodeToDelete->next;
  } else {
     Node* temp = *head;
     while (temp->next != nodeToDelete)
        \{ temp = temp->next; \}
     temp->next = nodeToDelete->next;
  free(nodeToDelete);
```

```
// Function to update the data of a node
void updateNode(Node* nodeToUpdate, int newData)
   { nodeToUpdate->data = newData;
int main() {
  Node* head = NULL;
  // Insert nodes into the list
  insertAtHead(&head, 1);
  insertAtHead(&head, 2);
  insertAtHead(&head, 3);
  // Print the circular linked list
  printf("Circular Linked List: ");
  printList(head);
  // Search for a node
  Node* searchedNode = searchNode(head, 2);
  if (searchedNode != NULL) {
     printf("Node with data %d found\n", searchedNode->data);
  } else {
    printf("Node not found\n");
  // Delete a node
  deleteNode(&head, searchedNode);
  // Print the circular linked list after deletion
  printf("Circular Linked List after deletion: ");
  printList(head);
  // Update the data of a node
  Node* nodeToUpdate = searchNode(head, 1);
  updateNode(nodeToUpdate, 10);
  // Print the circular linked list after update
  printf("Circular Linked List after update: ");
  printList(head);
  return 0;
}
Output:
Circular Linked List: 3 2 1
```

Node with data 2 found

Circular Linked List after deletion: 3 1 Circular Linked List after update: 3 10