Autoencoder (AE) – Image Compression & Reconstruction

Use an Autoencoder to:

- · Compress image data via the encoder
- · Reconstruct it back via the decoder
- · Evaluate how well the model recreates the original digits

1. Environment Setup

!pip install tensorflow

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```

2. Load MNIST Dataset

import tensorflow as tf

3. Build the Autoencoder Model

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Dense

# Input layer
input_img = Input(shape=(784,))

# Encoder
encoded = Dense(64, activation='relu')(input_img)

# Decoder
decoded = Dense(784, activation='sigmoid')(encoded)

# Autoencoder model
autoencoder = Model(input_img, decoded)

# Compile model
autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy')
```

4. Train the Model

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autoencoder.fit(x_train, x_train,

```
epochs=20,
               batch_size=256,
               shuffle=True,
               validation_data=(x_test, x_test))
→ Epoch 1/20
    235/235
                                - 5s 16ms/step - loss: 0.3501 - val_loss: 0.1595
    Epoch 2/20
                                - 4s 12ms/step - loss: 0.1509 - val_loss: 0.1257
    235/235
    Epoch 3/20
    235/235 ·
                                - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.1226 - val_loss: 0.1084
    Epoch 4/20
                                - 4s 17ms/step - loss: 0.1067 - val_loss: 0.0981
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    Epoch 5/20
    235/235 ·
                                - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0970 - val_loss: 0.0907
    Epoch 6/20
    235/235 -
                                - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0903 - val_loss: 0.0857
    Epoch 7/20
    235/235
                                - 6s 15ms/step - loss: 0.0857 - val_loss: 0.0823
    Epoch 8/20
    235/235
                                - 3s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0822 - val_loss: 0.0796
    Epoch 9/20
    235/235
                                - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0800 - val_loss: 0.0778
    Epoch 10/20
    235/235
                                - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0782 - val_loss: 0.0766
    Epoch 11/20
                                - 6s 18ms/step - loss: 0.0770 - val_loss: 0.0757
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    Epoch 12/20
    235/235 -
                                - 4s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0761 - val_loss: 0.0751
    Epoch 13/20
    235/235 ·
                                - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0755 - val_loss: 0.0745
    Epoch 14/20
    235/235
                                - 6s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0751 - val_loss: 0.0742
    Epoch 15/20
    235/235 -
                                - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0749 - val_loss: 0.0739
    Epoch 16/20
    235/235
                                - 5s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0746 - val_loss: 0.0737
    Epoch 17/20
    235/235
                                - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0743 - val_loss: 0.0735
    Epoch 18/20
    235/235
                                - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0742 - val_loss: 0.0734
    Epoch 19/20
    235/235
                                - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0740 - val_loss: 0.0733
    Epoch 20/20
```

5. Visualize Original vs. Reconstructed Images

<keras.src.callbacks.history.History at 0x7e9c35313390>

- 3s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0738 - val_loss: 0.0732

```
# Predict on test data
decoded_imgs = autoencoder.predict(x_test)
# Plot original and reconstructed images
n = 10 # number of images
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 4))
for i in range(n):
  # Original
  ax = plt.subplot(2, n, i + 1)
  plt.imshow(x_test[i].reshape(28, 28), cmap='gray')
  plt.axis('off')
  # Reconstructed
  ax = plt.subplot(2, n, i + 1 + n)
  plt.imshow(decoded_imgs[i].reshape(28, 28), cmap='gray')
plt.show()

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```

Autoencoders can reduce data dimensionality and reconstruct it with some loss.

This basic AE uses a 64-neuron bottleneck layer to learn compressed features.

Visualization helps compare original vs. reconstructed performance visually.