Abdullah Gul University

Math-301 (Probability & Statistics)

Fall 2022, QUIZ - II

Name & Surname:

ID Number:

The measurements in the table below were recorded for the drying time, in hours, of a certain brand of latex paint. Assume that the measurements are a simple random sample. Under that assumption:

Q 1. a simple random sample. Under that assumption;

a. Find the standard deviation for the data shown below? (20 pt)

(100 pt.) **b.** Construct a stem-and-leaf plot for the data shown below. (20 pt)

c. Construct the box-and-whisker plot for the data shown below. (30 pt)

d. Plot the histogram of the data with an interval of 4 hours. (30 pt)

34	25	48	29	36
28	33	56	37	28
44	40	52	30	48

SOLUTION:

a. First, the sample mean should be calculated as below;

Sample size =
$$N=3x5=15$$

Mean =
$$\mu = \frac{34+25+48+29+36+28+33+56+37+28+44+40+52+30+48}{N} = \frac{568}{15} \approx 38$$

Then, let us apply the formula of the standard devition as below;

$$std = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (X_i - \mu)^2}{N - 1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(34 - 38)^2 + (25 - 38)^2 + (48 - 38)^2 + (29 - 38)^2 + \dots + (48 - 38)^2}{15 - 1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1320}{14}} = 9.7$$

b.

STEM	LEAF
2	5889
3	03467
4	0488
5	26

c. To draw the box & whisker plot, we should sort the measurements and find the medium values at each quarter regions as below;

Sorting:

25	28	28	29	30
33	34	36	37	40
44	48	48	52	56

The medium for the whole data will give us the end of the 2nd quarter:

The sample size is an odd number, so:

Median =
$$m = x_{(n+1)/2} = 36$$

For the end of the 1st quarter, let us focus on the the first half part of the whole data shown below;

25	28	28	29	30
33	34			

For the the first half part of the whole data, the new sample size (7) is an odd number, so:

Median =
$$m = x_{(n+1)/2} = 29$$

For the end of the 3rd quarter, let us focus on the the first half part of the whole data shown below;

37	40	44	48	48
52	56			

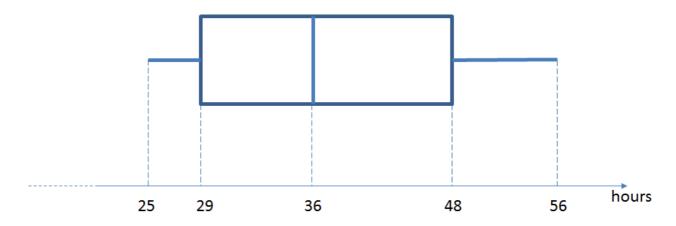
For the second half part of the whole data, the sample size (7) is an odd number, so:

Median =
$$m = x_{(n+1)/2} = 48$$

To find the starting point of the 1st quarter region; it is equal to the smallest value of the whole data. So, the starting point of the 1st quarter region is 25.

To find the end point of the 4th quarter region; it is equal to the largest value of the whole data. So, the end point of the 4th quarter region is 56.

NOW, let us draw the box&whisker plot as below;



d. To plot the histogram, let us sort the measurements as below;

25	28	28	29	30
33	34	36	37	40
44	48	48	52	56

By the way, the group interval is given as 4 hours. Then, the group names can be arranged as below for the data;

Group-I: from 25 to 28,	25	28	28
-		•	·
Group-II: from 29 to 32,	29	30	7
Group-11. Iroin 27 to 32,	2)	30	
			1
Group-III: from 33 to 36,	33	34	36
Group-IV: from 37 to 40,	37	40]
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~ ** *	Γ	7	
Group-V: from 41 to 44,	44		
Group-VI: from 45 to 48,	48	48	1
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C 1111 C 40 4 72	F2	7	
Group-VII: from 49 to 52,	52		
Group-VIII: from 53 to 56,	56]	
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NOW, let us draw the histogram:

