6.C 1-D WAVE EQUATION: EXAMPLE $\frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial t^{2}} = \frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial x^{2}} \qquad (PDE)$ $\frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial t^{2}} = 0 \qquad (BC_{1})$ $\frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial t^{2}} = 0 \qquad (BC_{2})$ $\frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial t^{2}} = \frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial t^{2}} \qquad (TC_{1})$ $\frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial t^{2}} = \frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial t^{2}} \qquad (TC_{2})$ Note Title 7/24/2013 Recall the 1-D IBVP with solution. $u(x,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos\left(\frac{c_n \pi}{L} t\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{c_n \pi}{L} t\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{h\pi}{L} x\right)$ where, $\Rightarrow a_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$ $\Rightarrow b_n = \frac{2}{cn\pi} \int_0^L g(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$ M=1,2, ._.

Example: (a) Solve the fixed ends vibrating string problem:

 $u_{tt} = e_{tt} u_{xx}$ PDE C=2 u(0,t) = u(10,t) = 0 BCs L=10

with zero initial velocity and with initial displacement the "tent" function

$$u(x,0) = f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{5}, & 0 < x < 5 \end{cases}$$

(b) Use the first 3 nonzero terms of the answer to approximate the displacement u at location 2 units and time 1 unit.

Sol?: We have
$$L=10$$
, $C=2$ $A(so, b_n=0)$, since the initial velocity is zero. We are left with

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi t}{10}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right)$$

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$$= \frac{1}{10} \int_0^{10} x \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right) dx + \frac{1}{10} \int_0^{10} (10-x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right) dx$$

We integrate by parts by using
$$u = x$$
 for the first integral and $u = 10-x$ for the second to get
$$u = 10-x$$
 for $u = 10-x$ for $u = 10-$

(b) Expanding the above sum yields
$$u(x,t) = \frac{8}{\pi^2} \left(\frac{1}{12} \sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) \cos(\frac{\pi t}{5}) \sin(\frac{\pi x}{10}) + \frac{1}{22} \sin(\pi) \cos(\frac{2\pi t}{5}) \sin(\frac{\pi x}{5}) \right) \\ + \frac{1}{32} \sin(\frac{3\pi}{2}) \cos(\frac{3\pi t}{5}) \sin(\frac{3\pi x}{10}) + \frac{1}{4^2} \sin(2\pi) \cos(\frac{4\pi t}{5}) \sin(\frac{2\pi x}{5}) \\ + \frac{1}{5^2} \sin(\frac{5\pi}{2}) \cos(\pi t) \sin(\frac{\pi x}{10}) + \dots$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} u(x,t) \simeq \frac{8}{\pi^2} \left(\cos(\frac{\pi t}{5}) \sin(\frac{\pi x}{10}) - \frac{1}{9} \cos(\frac{3\pi t}{5}) \sin(\frac{3\pi x}{10}) + \frac{1}{25} \cos(\pi t) \sin(\frac{\pi x}{2}) \right) \\ + \frac{1}{4} \cos(\frac{\pi t}{5}) \sin(\frac{\pi x}{10}) - \frac{1}{9} \cos(\frac{3\pi t}{5}) \sin(\frac{6\pi}{10}) + \frac{1}{25} \cos(\pi) \sin(\pi)$$

$$u(2,1) \simeq \frac{8}{\pi^2} \left(\cos(\frac{\pi}{5}) \sin(\frac{2\pi}{10}) - \frac{1}{9} \cos(\frac{3\pi}{5}) \sin(\frac{6\pi}{10}) + \frac{1}{25} \cos(\pi) \sin(\pi) \right)$$

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