Module 3 - Assignment 3 Part 1 - Short Answers

Started: Sep 15 at 12:54am

Quiz Instructions

See the <u>Assignments (https://jhu.instructure.com/courses/106702/pages/assignments)</u> page for expectations, grading details, and how to submit your solutions.

Note: This assignment is due by day 7 of Module 3.

Question 15 pts

Each eigenvector of the matrix A is also an eigenvector of A^2



True

 \bigcirc

False

Question 2 5 pts

The set of functions $\{\cos(\pi x/3),\sin(\pi x/3),1\}$ are orthogonal with respect to the integral inner product on the interval [3, 6].

 \bigcirc

True



False

Question 3 5 pts

Diagonalize the matrix $A=egin{bmatrix}2&2&-1\1&3&-1\1&&&2\end{bmatrix}$, i.e. find matrices P and D such that $A=PDP^{-1}$

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P = egin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 1 \ -1 & -1 & 0 \ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, D = egin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 1 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bigcirc$$

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 O \\
 P = \begin{bmatrix}
 -1 & 2 & 1 \\
 -1 & -1 & 0 \\
 1 & 0 & 1
\end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 5 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 1
\end{bmatrix}$$

Question 4 5 pts

The matrix
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.28 & 0.96 \\ -0.96 & 0.28 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is $\begin{bmatrix} \text{not symmetric} & \checkmark \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} \text{orthogonal} & \checkmark \end{bmatrix}$

No new data to save. Last checked at 9:59pm

Submit Quiz