



JOHNS HOPKINS

WHITING SCHOOL
of ENGINEERING

685.621 Algorithms for Data Science

Supervised Learning Regression: Model Evaluation

Why Do We Need Model Evaluation

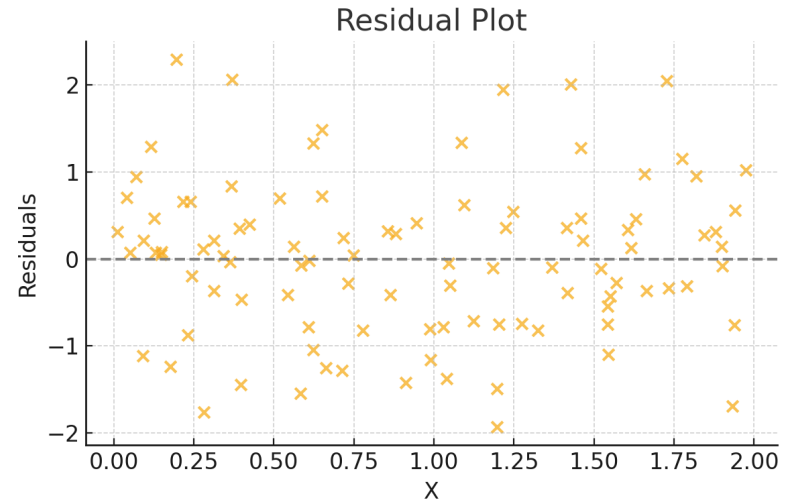
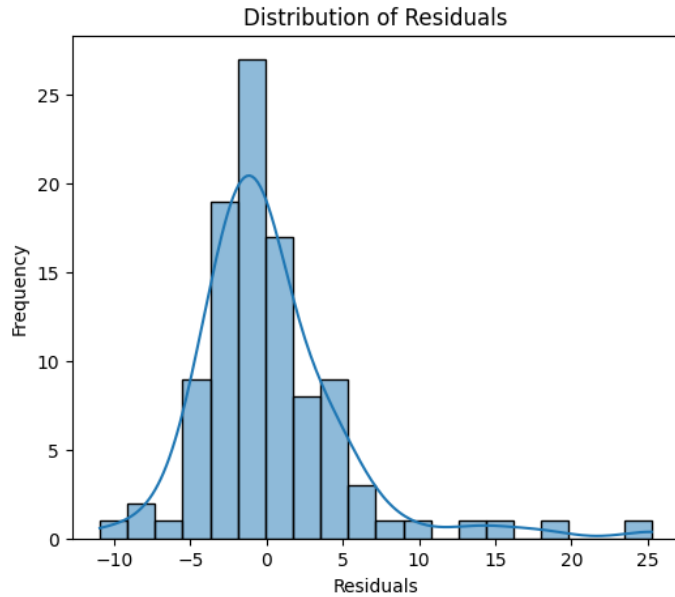
- **Purpose of Evaluation:**

- Determines how well the model generalizes to unseen data.
- Helps compare different models objectively.
- Identifies overfitting and underfitting.
- Supports model selection and hyperparameter tuning by using consistent metrics.

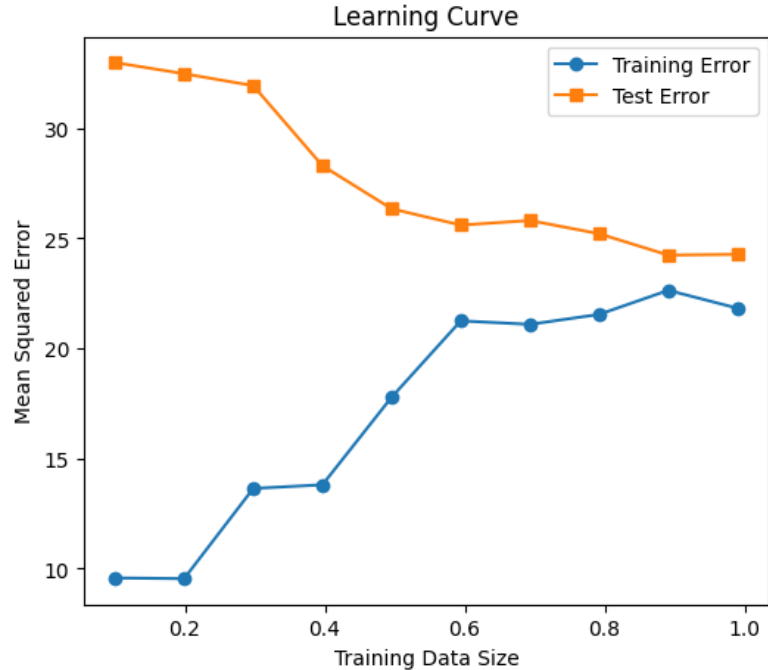
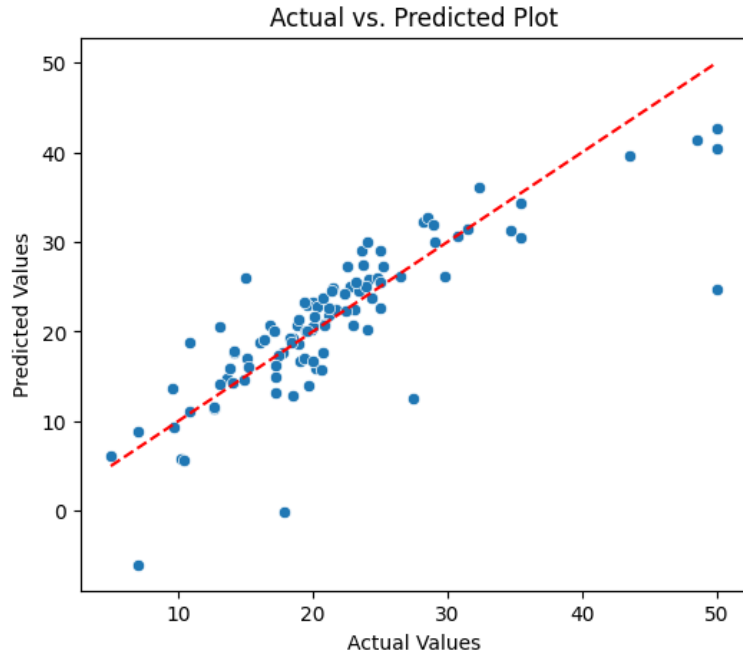
- **Two types of evaluation:**

- **Training Performance:** How well the model fits the training data.
- **Generalization Performance:** How well the model performs on unseen data.

Plots for Evaluating Models



Plots for Evaluating Models



Metrics for Evaluating Models

$$\text{MSE} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2}$$

$$\text{MAE} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

$$\text{Adjusted } R^2 = 1 - \frac{(1 - R^2)(n - 1)}{n - p - 1}$$

$$\text{RMSE} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}$$

$$\text{MAPE} = \frac{100\%}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left| \frac{y_i - \hat{y}_i}{y_i} \right|$$

$$\text{MSLE} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\log(1 + y_i) - \log(1 + \hat{y}_i) \right)^2$$

Choosing the Best Models

$$AIC = 2k - 2\ln(\hat{L})$$

$$BIC = k\ln(n) - 2\ln(\hat{L})$$

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                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  Head_size    R-squared:                        0.639
Model:                            OLS        Adj. R-squared:                   0.638
Method:                    Least Squares    F-statistic:                       416.5
Date:                Sun, 08 May 2022      Prob (F-statistic):                5.96e-54
Time:                21:40:40              Log-Likelihood:                    -1613.4
No. Observations:                237        AIC:                             3231.
Df Residuals:                    235        BIC:                             3238.
Df Model:                        1
Covariance Type:                nonrobust
=====
                                coef    std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025    0.975]
-----
Intercept          520.6101    153.215      3.398     0.001    218.759    822.461
Brain_weight        2.4269      0.119     20.409     0.000      2.193     2.661
=====
Omnibus:                        2.687    Durbin-Watson:                   1.726
Prob(Omnibus):                  0.261    Jarque-Bera (JB):                 2.321
Skew:                          0.207    Prob(JB):                        0.313
Kurtosis:                      3.252    Cond. No.                        1.38e+04
=====

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Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 1.38e+04. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.



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