

## MIDSEM

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1. (i) Which of the following is required to communicate between two computers?
  - a) Communications software
  - b) Communications hardware
  - c) Protocol
  - d) Access to the medium
  - e) All of the above
- (ii) Which answer correctly lists the OSI protocol data units(PDUs) in order?
  - a) Data, Packet, Frame, Segment, Bit
  - b) Bit, Data, Packet, Segment, Frame
  - c) Data, Segment, Packet, Frame, Bit
  - d) Bit, Frame, Segment, Packet, Data
- (iii) Which of the following is not a disadvantage of wireless LAN?
  - a) Slower data transmission
  - b) Higher error rate
  - c) Interference from transmission of different computers
  - d) All of the above
- (iv) Match the following:

a.	SMTP	(1)	Application
b.	BGP	(2)	Transport Layer
c.	TCP	(3)	Data-link Layer
d.	PPP	(4)	Network Layer
		(5)	Physical Layer

  - a) a-2, b-1, c-3, d-4
  - b) a-1, b-4, c-2, d-3
  - c) a-1, b-4, c-2, d-5
  - d) a-2, b-4, c-1, d-3
  - e) None of the above
- (v) In the IPv4 addressing format, the number of networks allowed under Class C addresses
  - a)  $2^{14}$
  - b)  $2^7$
  - c)  $2^{21}$
  - d)  $2^{24}$
- (vi) One of the header fields in an IP datagram is the Time to Live(TTL) field. Which of the following statements best explains the need for his field?

- a) to prioritize packets
- b) to reduce delays
- c) to optimize throughput
- d) to prevent packet looping

(vii) How equal access to the wire is managed in a collision-oriented environment such as the Ethernet?

- a) The hosts are given equal access based on the circulation of a token; hosts can only transmit when they hold the token.
- b) Hosts are given prioritized access to wire based on their MAC address.
- c) Hosts are given equal access to the wire by being allowed to transmit at specified time intervals.
- d) Hosts signal their desire to transmit by sending a contention alert.
- e) Hosts check the wire for activity before attempting to send; if a collision happens they wait a random time period before attempting to send again.

(viii) Frames from one LAN can be transmitted to another LAN via the device

- a) Router
- b) Bridge
- c) Repeater
- d) Modern

(ix) Which of the following technique is used for fragment?

- a) one of the pieces that results when a router divides an IP datagram into smaller pieces for transmission across a network that cannot handle the original datagram size
- b) a technique used y protocols in which a lower level protocol accepts a message from a higher level protocol and places it in data portion of the low level frame
- c) a technique used in best-effort deliver systems to avoid endlessly looping packets
- d) All of the above
- e) None of the above

(x) The dominant eigenvalue of a Markov matrix is

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c)  $\pi$
- d)  $\infty$

2. Why would a protocol that uses the stop-and-wait mechanism have low throughput over satellite communications link?
3. We want to send a 1000KB file( $K=1000$  and B is Byte) in 1KB packets. The distance is 10km and the signal propagation speed is  $2 \times 10^5 km/sec$ . The bandwidth is 1.5Mb/sec.( $M=1,000,000$ ). How long will it take to send the file?
4. Why was CSMA/CA developed?
5. Create a diagram of the NRZ, NRZI AND Manchester encodings for the it pattern "11010011".
6. What are the main advantages of *spread spectrum* technique?

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"I must create a system, or be enslav'd by another Man's; I will not Reason and Compare: my business is to Create."

William Black

## Answers