Algorithm Selection for Maximum Common Subgraph

aulius Dilka

Algorithm selection

Algorithms

Labelling

Feature

Randon

Results

What happens when labelling changes?

Future work

# Algorithm Selection for Maximum Common Subgraph

Paulius Dilkas

FATA seminar

16th January 2018

# Algorithm selection

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### Definition (Bischl et al. 2016)

Given a set  $\mathcal{I}$  of problem instances, a space of algorithms  $\mathcal{A}$ , and a performance measure  $m \colon \mathcal{I} \times \mathcal{A} \to \mathbb{R}$ , the algorithm selection problem is to find a mapping  $s \colon \mathcal{I} \to \mathcal{A}$  that optimises  $\mathbb{E}[m(i,s(i))]$ .

# Algorithm selection

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LLAMA (Kotthoff 2013)



# Algorithms

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- McSplit, McSplit↓
  - (McCreesh, Prosser and Trimble 2017)
- clique encoding
  - (McCreesh, Ndiaye et al. 2016)
- k ↓
  - (Hoffmann, McCreesh and Reilly 2017)

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Data from Foggia, Sansone and Vento 2001; Santo et al. 2003 (81400 pairs of graphs)

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### Definition

A vertex-labelled graph is a 3-tuple  $G=(V,E,\mu)$ , where  $\mu\colon V\to\{0,\dots,N-1\}$  is a vertex labelling function, for some  $N\in\mathbb{N}$ .

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### Definition

$$N = \max \left\{ 2^n : n \in \mathbb{N}, \, 2^n < \left\lfloor \frac{p}{100\%} \times |V| \right\rfloor \right\}.$$

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#### Definition

$$N = \max\left\{2^n : n \in \mathbb{N}, \, 2^n < \left\lfloor \frac{p}{100\%} \times |V| \right\rfloor\right\}.$$

- 5% labelling 20 vertices per label on average
- 50% labelling 2 vertices per label on average

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- Typical values explored: 33%, 50%, 75%
- In my data: 5%, 10%, 15%, 20%, 25%, 33%, 50%

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- Typical values explored: 33%, 50%, 75%
- In my data: 5%, 10%, 15%, 20%, 25%, 33%, 50%
- 3 subproblems
  - no labels
    - vertex labels
    - vertex and edge labels

# Features (34 in total)

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- 1–8 are from Kotthoff, McCreesh and Solnon 2016
  - number of vertices
  - number of edges
  - mean/max degree
  - density
  - mean/max distance between pairs of vertices
  - o number of loops
  - $\odot$  proportion of vertex pairs with distance  $\geq$  2, 3, 4
  - connectedness
  - standard deviation of degrees
  - labelling percentage
  - ratios of features 1–5

## Random forests (Breiman 2001)

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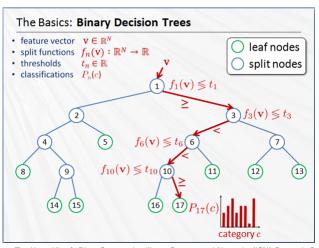
Feature

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Source: Tae-Kyun Kim & Bjorn Stenger, Intelligent Systems and Networks (ISN) Research Group, Imperial College London

### Results

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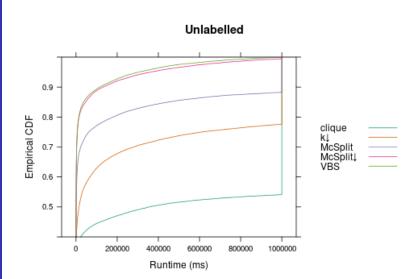
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# Results (27%)

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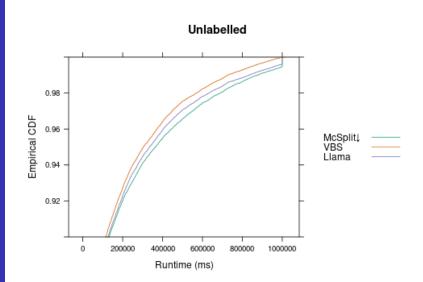
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### Results

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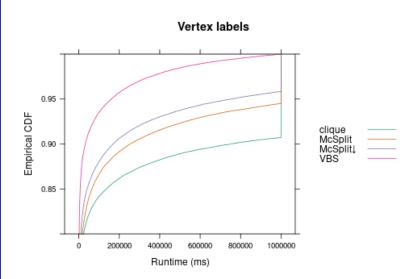
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# Results (86%)

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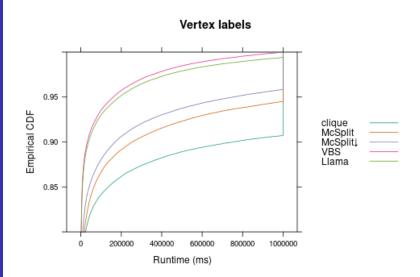
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### Results

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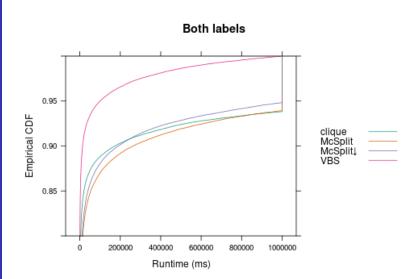
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# Results (88%)

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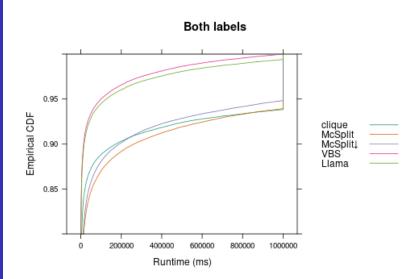
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### **Errors**

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- Out-of-bag error
- For each algorithm
  - 1 − recall

### Definition

For an algorithm A, recall (sensitivity) is

the number of instances that were correctly predicted as A the number of instances where A is the correct prediction

# Errors (%)

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Error	Labelling		
	no	vertex	both
out-of-bag	17	13	14
clique	30	8	7
McSplit	29	22	29
$McSplit \downarrow$	11	11	11
$k\downarrow$	80		

### Convergence of errors for unlabelled graphs

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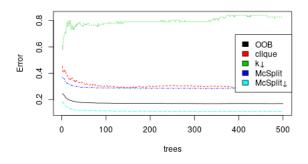
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# What happens when labelling changes?

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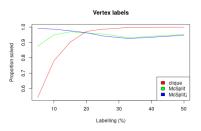
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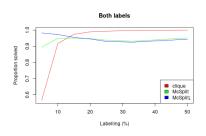
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# What happens when labelling changes?

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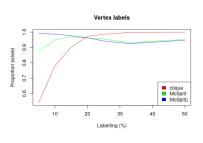
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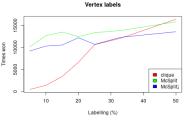
Feature

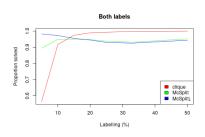
Randon forests

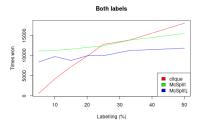
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### Future work

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What happens when labelling changes?

- Relationships between clique algorithm's performance and properties of the association graph
- How the association graph changes after making a decision
- Can  $k \downarrow$  and clique work together?