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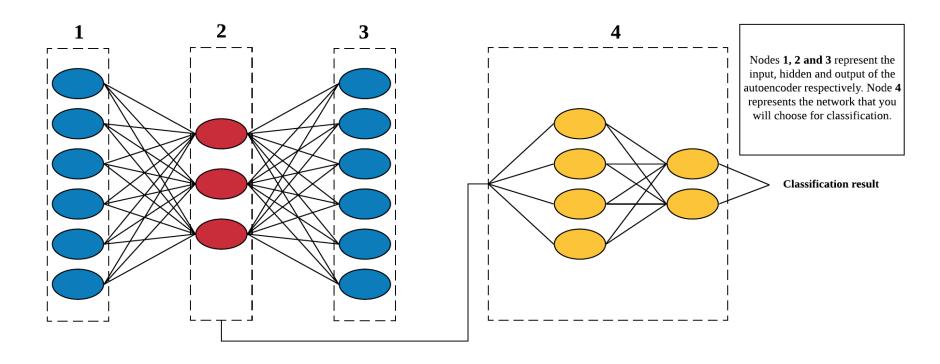


#### Aim

- 1 Design a network that combines supervised and unsupervised architectures in one model to achieve a classification task.
- 2 Find the optimum architecture
- Find appropriate batch

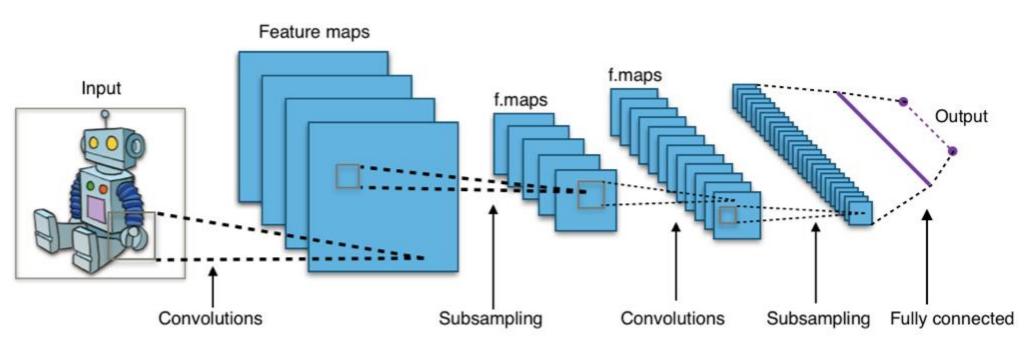
### Introduction

? Establish the best design



*Ilustration from Ridge-I company hiring process* 

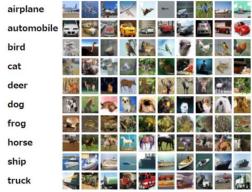
## **CNN (Convolutional neural network)**



https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Typical\_cnn.png

### Methodology





Cifar10 Dataset



3

- Processor Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> i5
   Operating System Windows 10
- 2. Graphics NVIDIA® GeForce® 940 MX(Optional)
- 3. Memory 8 GB DDR4
- 4. CPU 64 bit

**PC Specification** 

### Methodology

#### Classes in Cifar 10

0 = airplan,

1= automobile,

2 = bird,

3 = cat,

4= deer,

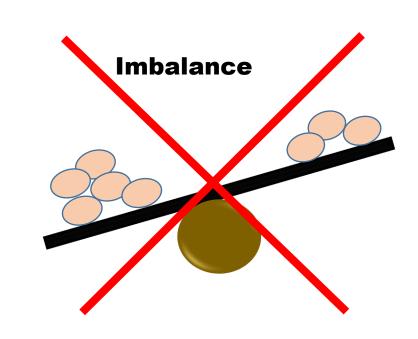
5 = dog,

6 = frog,

7= horse,

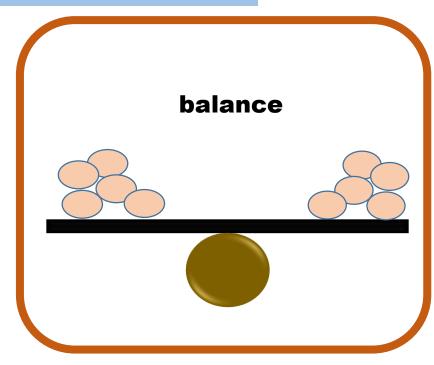
8= ship,

9 = truck.



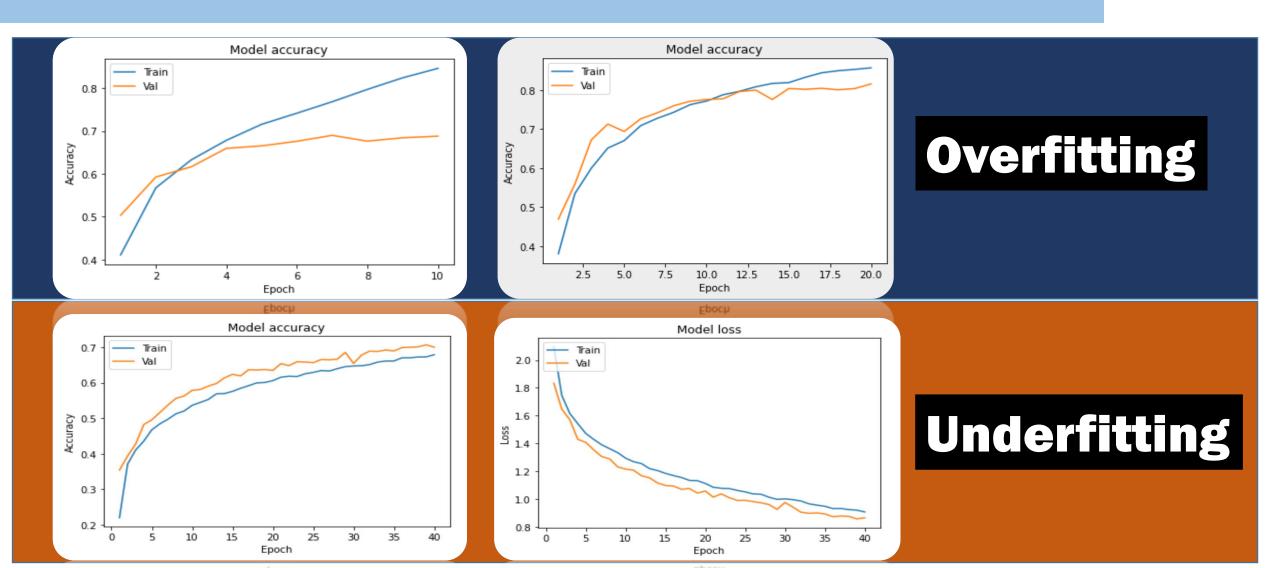
#### **Criteria**

Training set of Cifar 10 consists: 50% of Bird [2] 50% of Deer [4] 50% of Truck [9]



I also chose other class 50%

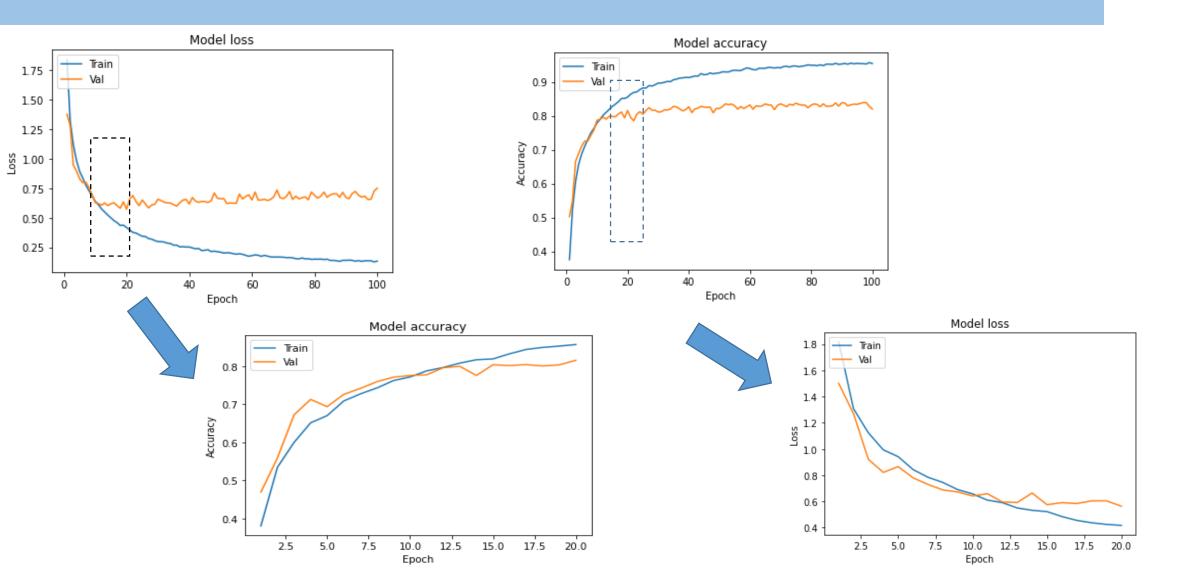
### Result



# Layers

Number of layer	Layer performance	
	Training	Testing
3	96.04%	61.88%
3+ max pooling	91.82%	69.24%
5+ max pooling	77.80%	75.49%
6+ max pooling	95.42%	81.96%

# Selected model



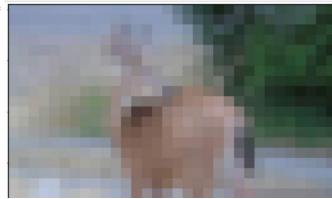
# **Application in New data**

```
In [28]: img = tf.read_file("Aeroplan.jpg")
    img = tf.image.decode_joeg(img, channels=3)
    img.set_shape(!None. None. 3])
    img = tf.image.resize_images(img, (32, 32))
    img = img.eval(session=sess) # convert to numpy array
    img = np.evspand_dimm(img, 0) # make batch of I
    # prepare pixel data
    img = img.astype("float32")
    img = img.astype("float32")
    img = img.decomposition(img)
    result = new model.predict_classes(img)
    print(result[0])
    [lmage("Aeroplan.jpg")
```

Out[26]:



```
In [14]: #evaluate mode!
from IPython.display import Image
Image('deer.ong')
#print('Images Shape: [|'.format(X_train.shape))
Out[14]:
```



```
In [15]: init = tf.initialize_all_variables()
        sess = tf.Session()
         sess.run(init)
         img = tf.read_file("deer.png")
         img = tf.image.decode_jpeg(img, channels=3)
         img.set_shape([None, None, 3])
         img = tf.image.resize_images(img, (32, 32))
         img = img.eval(session=sess) # convert to numpy array
         img = np.expand_dims(img, 0) # make 'batch' of 1
         # prepare pixel data
         img = img.astype('float32')
         img = img / 255.0
         #pred = model.predict(img)
        result = new_model.predict_classes(img)
         print(result[0])
         #acc
         #class_names = ['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird', 'cat', 'deer',
                        'dog', 'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck']
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /home/agemono/.pyenv/versions/anaconda3-4.4.0/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorflow\_core/python/util/ff\_should\_use.py:198: initialize\_all\_variables (from tensorflow.python.ops.variables) is deprecated and will be removed after 2017-03-02. Instructions for updating:

Use `tf.global\_variables\_initializer` instead.

#### Conclusion

Normalize batch > Manual batch

6 layers > less than 6 layers

#### References

- The Y. Weng, T. Zhou, L. Liu and C. Xia, "Automatic Convolutional Neural Architecture Search for Image Classification Under Different Scenes," in *IEEE Access*, vol. 7, pp. 38495-38506, 2019.
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- P. Panda, I. Chakraborty and K. Roy, "Discretization Based Solutions for Secure Machine Learning Against Adversarial Attacks," in IEEE Access, vol. 7, pp. 70157-70168, 2019.
- A. Krizhevsky, V. Nair, G. Hinton, CIFAR-10 Dataset, [online] Available: <a href="https://www.cs.toronto.edu/kriz/cifar.htm">https://www.cs.toronto.edu/kriz/cifar.htm</a>