

GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

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Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 13 January 2025, 1:16 AM
Completed	Monday, 13 January 2025, 1:25 AM
Duration	8 mins 46 secs

Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 1.00

☐ Flag question

Given an array of integers, reverse the given array in place using an index and loop rather than recursion.

Example

arr = [1, 3, 2, 4, 5]

Return the array [5, 4, 2, 3, 1] which is the reverse of the input array.

Function Description

Complete the function reverseArray in the editor below.

reverseArray has the following parameter(s):

int arr[n]: an array of integers

Return

int[n]: the array in reverse order

Constraints

1 ≤ n ≤ 100

0 < arr[i] ≤ 100

Input Format For Custom Testing

The first line contains an integer, n, the number of elements in arr.

Each line i of the n subsequent lines (where 0 ≤ i < n) contains an integer, arr[i].

Sample Case 0

Sample Input For Custom Testing

5
1
3
2
4
5

Sample Output

5
4
2
3
1

Explanation

The input array is [1, 3, 2, 4, 5], so the reverse of the input array is [5, 4, 2, 3, 1].

Sample Case 1

Sample Input For Custom Testing

4
17
10
21
45

Sample Output

45
21
10
17

Explanation

The input array is [17, 10, 21, 45], so the reverse of the input array is [45, 21, 10, 17].

	Test	Expected	Got	
	int arr[] = {1, 3, 2, 4, 5}; int result_count; int* result = reverseArray(5, arr, &result_count); for (int i = 0; i < result_count; i++) printf("%d\n", *(result + i));	5 4 2 3 1	5 4 2 3 1	

Passed all tests!

Question **2**

Correct

Marked out of 1.00

☐ Flag question

An automated cutting machine is used to cut rods into segments. The cutting machine can only cut a rod into segments of length *minLength* or more, and it can only make one cut at a time. Given the array *lengths[]* representing the lengths of the segments, determine if it is possible to make the necessary cuts using this machine. If it is possible, return "Possible", otherwise return "Impossible".

Example

n = 3
lengths = [4, 3, 2]
minLength = 7

The rod is initially *sum(lengths)* = 4 + 3 + 2 = 9 units long. First cut off the segment of length 2. Then check that the length 7 rod can be cut into segments of lengths 4 and 3. Since 7 is greater than or equal to *minLength* = 7, the final cut can be made. Return "Possible".

Example

n = 3
lengths = [4, 2, 3]
minLength = 7

The rod is initially *sum(lengths)* = 4 + 2 + 3 = 9 units long. In this case, the initial cut can be made. However, the remaining piece will be shorter than *minLength*. Therefore, the answer is "Impossible".

Function Description

Complete the function *cutThemAll* in the editor below.

cutThemAll has the following parameter(s):
int lengths[n]: the lengths of the segments, in order
int minLength: the minimum length the machine can accept

Returns

Constraints

- $2 \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq t \leq 10^9$
- $1 \leq lengths[i] \leq 10^9$
- The sum of the elements of *lengths* equals the uncut rod length.

Input Format For Custom Testing

The first line contains an integer, *n*, the number of elements in *lengths*.

Each line *i* of the *n* subsequent lines (where $0 \leq i < n$) contains an integer, *lengths*[*i*].

The next line contains an integer, *minLength*, the minimum length accepted by the machine.

Sample Case 0

Sample Input For Custom Testing

```
STDIN  Function
-----
4      → lengths[] size n = 4
3      → lengths[] = [3, 5, 4, 3]
5
4
3
9      → minLength= 9
```

Sample Output

Possible

Explanation

The uncut rod is $3 + 5 + 4 + 3 = 15$ units long. Cut the rod into lengths of $3 + 5 + 4 = 12$ and piece into lengths 3 and $5 + 4 = 9$. The remaining segment is $5 + 4 = 9$ units and that is long cut.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input For Custom Testing

```
STDIN  Function
-----
3      → lengths[] size n = 3
5      → lengths[] = [5, 6, 2]
6
2
12     → minLength= 12
```

Sample Output

Impossible

Explanation

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

	Test	Expected	Got	
	long lengths[] = {3, 5, 4, 3}; printf("%s", cutThemAll(4, lengths, 9))	Possible	Possible	
	long lengths[] = {5, 6, 2}; printf("%s", cutThemAll(3, lengths, 12))	Impossible	Impossible	

Passed all tests!

Save the state of the flags