```
#include "decl.h"
    #include <stdio.h>
 3
     #include <string.h>
     #include <stdlib.h>
 6
     /*Stores the current number of generations*/
 7
    static int currentGeneration = 1;
8
9
10
     * Outputs the current state of the grid.
11
      * @param grid The grid to print.
12
      * @param rows The number of rows in the grid.
13
      * @param cols The number of columns in the grid.
14
15
     static void display (char *grid, int rows, int cols)
16
     {
17
         char temp;
18
         for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
19
             for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
20
                 temp = *(grid + i * rows + j);
21
                 printf("\t%c ", temp);
22
             1
23
             printf("\n");
24
         }
25
         printf("\n");
26
     }
27
28
29
      * Displays n generations to the player
30
      * @param state The current state of the game
      * @param nextState The next state of the game
31
32
      * @param gen The number of generations to produce
33
      * @param rows The number of rows in the grid
34
      * @param cols The number of columns in the grid
35
      * @param info The PlayerInfo struct to update as needed.
36
      * @param displayInitialState Determines if the initial state of the board should be
      displayed
37
      */
38
     void displayGenerations (char *state, char *nextState, int gen, int rows, int cols,
     struct PlayerInfo *info, bool displayInitialState)
39
40
         char buf[BUFFER SIZE];
41
         int additional = 0;
42
         bool isValid = FALSE;
43
44
         /*Display the initial state*/
45
         if (displayInitialState) {
46
             printf("Initial State: \n");
47
             display(state, rows, cols);
48
49
50
         for (int i = 0; i < gen; i++) {</pre>
51
             /* Prevent redundant computation if all the cells are inactive by terminating */
52
             if (!generations(state, nextState, rows, cols)) {
53
                 printf("After generation %d, all cells in the board are inactive.\n", i);
54
                 exit(1);
55
             /* The next state becomes the current state after each iteration*/
56
57
             memcpy(state, nextState, sizeof(char) * rows * cols);
58
             printf("Generation %d: \n", currentGeneration++);
59
60
             /* Display the current state after updating */
61
             display(state, rows, cols);
62
         }
63
64
         printf("Would you like to see more? Enter 'yes' or 'no' >> ");
65
         scanf("%s", buf);
         isValid = (strcmp(buf, "yes") == 0 || strcmp(buf, "no") == 0);
66
67
```

```
68
         /*Prompt the user for a valid response if necessary*/
69
        while (!isValid) {
70
             printf("Please enter 'yes' or 'no' >> ");
71
             scanf("%s", buf);
72
             isValid = (strcmp(buf, "yes") == 0 || strcmp(buf, "no") == 0);
73
         }
74
75
         if (strcmp(buf, "yes") == 0) {
76
             printf("Enter the number of generations >> ");
77
             scanf("%s", buf);
78
             isValid = sscanf(buf, "%d", &additional);
79
80
             /*Prompt the user for a valid response if necessary*/
81
             while (!isValid) {
82
                 printf("Please enter a valid Integer >> ");
                 scanf("%s", buf);
83
                 isValid = sscanf(buf, "%d", &additional);
84
85
             }
86
87
             /*Update the number of generations in the struct*/
88
            info->numGenerations += additional;
89
90
             /*Recurse for the additional generations*/
91
             displayGenerations(state, nextState, additional, rows, cols, info, FALSE);
92
         } else {
93
             return;
94
         }
95
     }
```