Instruction for Pushing Code to a Remote GitHub Repository

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Introduction

This document outlines the steps to push your code to a remote GitHub repository. The instructions assume that you have Git installed on your computer and that you are familiar with basic terminal commands.

Steps

1. Navigate to your project folder:

```
cd project_folder
```

2. Initialize a new Git repository (skip if already initialized):

```
git init
```

3. Optionally, create a .gitignore file to exclude files and folders from being tracked. After creating or modifying .gitignore, you may need to untrack already committed files:

```
# Create or modify .gitignore
git rm -r --cached .
```

4. Checkout to the desired local branch or create one if it doesn't exist:

```
git checkout -b local-branch-name
```

5. Add all files to the staging area:

git add .

6. Commit the changes:

```
git commit -m "Initial commit"
```

7. Add your remote repository. Replace your-repository-url with the URL of your GitHub repository:

```
git remote add origin your-repository-url
```

```
# If the remote is already set, you can update it using:
git remote set-url origin your-repository-url
```

8. Push the code to the remote repository's branch (replace remote-branch-name with the actual branch name, like main or master):

```
git push origin remote-branch-name
```