Nadopatophus padota NZ Исследование характеристик бинолярного JIK, MA 10-Выходная характеристика 1 = 100 MKA IS= 80MKA Id= 60 MKA IS=40MKA IS=20 MKA , IS=0 VKA, B AIE, MKA 1В Входная характеристика 760 . 0,1 240,2 V53, B

$$h_{11} = \rho U_{ex}/\rho I_{661x} = \rho U_{57}/\sigma I_{5} = r_{6x}$$

$$h_{12} = \frac{903}{50.10^{-6}} = 9,0006.10^{6} = 600 \text{ OM}$$

$$h_{12} = \sigma U_{6x}/\rho U_{601x} = \rho U_{67}/\rho U_{k9} = [koc]$$

$$h_{12} = 9,07$$

$$h_{21} = \sigma I_{60x}/\rho I_{6x} = \rho I_{k}/\rho I_{5} = \beta$$

$$h_{21} = \frac{0.7 \cdot 10^{-3}}{20.10^{-6}} = 9,035.10^{3} = 35$$

$$h_{22} = \rho I_{60x}/\rho U_{601x} = \sigma I_{k}/\rho U_{k7} = \frac{1}{r_{1}}$$

$$h_{22} = \frac{92.10^{-3}}{4} = 0,05.10^{3} \text{ CM}$$

$$h_{23} = \frac{92.10^{-3}}{4} = 0,05.10^{3} \text{ CM}$$

$$h_{24} = \frac{92.10^{-3}}{4} = 0,05.10^{3} \text{ CM}$$

$$l_{25} = \frac{92.10^{-3}}{4} = 0,05.10^{3} \text{ CM}$$

$$l_{25} = \frac{9}{4} = 0,05.10^{3} \text{ CM}$$

$$l_{25} = 0.10^{3} \text{ CM}$$