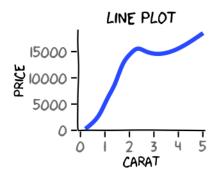
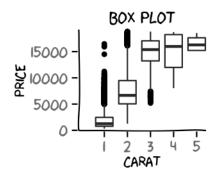
VISUALIZATION LEXICON

Discussing the Narrative of a Visualization The lexicon presented below allows us to analyze and discuss the components present in a visualization and their contribution to conveying the intended message(s).

COMPOSITION Visual information can frequently be represented in multiple ways; the choice of how to view this data is the composition.

What is the best way to compose the image in order to represent the data?





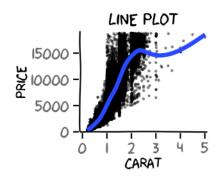
Example 1: Two examples of **compositions** that can be used to represent the same data; in this case the relationship between the carat and the price of a diamond.

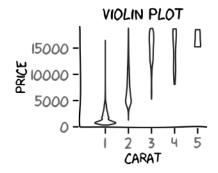
Addt'l Compositions: bar plot, dot plot, density plot, violin plot

Message: The price of a diamond increases with size (carat)

DETAIL The detail term reflects the amount information that is presented to the viewer. It is a delicate balance aimed at providing enough information to convey the message while limiting extraneous information that may detract from it.

What is the level of **detail** required to convey your message?





Example 2: The same examples as Figure 1 can be viewed with additional detail. The line plot now has the individual points plotted, the boxplot has been converted to a violin plot (providing us with the additional detail of price distribution).

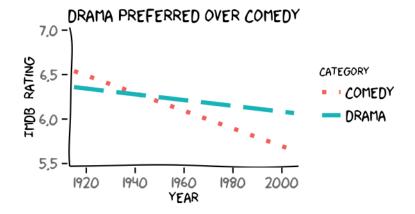
Does this additional detail contribute effectively to the message?

 ${
m KEY\ FEATURES}$ Abstractly, key features are the ideas present in the visualization that directly contribute to the message.

& GUIDES

Guides are visual cues that direct the viewers attention to the key features.

What **features** are **key** to convey the message of this visualization? & How do you **guide** the viewer to the Key Features?



Example 3: The best way to understand key features is to determine which elements of a visualization convey the intended message. In this example the most prominent key feature is the relationship between comedy & drama over time. The elements color, line type, axis labels, title and legend act as guides by directing attention and providing the necessary context of this relationship.