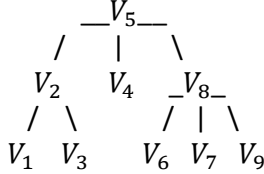


## The Signature of Semantic Structures

Let us have the compound particle  $V_{comp}$  represented by its elementary particle sequence and semantic tree  $stree(V_{comp})$ :

$$V_{comp} = [V_1 A_1 V_2 A_2 \dots V_9 A_9]$$

$$stree(V_{comp}) =$$



The property tree for each  $V$ -particle  $V_k, k = 1..9$  are given with the algebraic notation discussed in [Semantic Tree Operations](#).

$ptree(V_k) = \sum_{k \in \mathfrak{T}(V_k), i \in \mathbb{P}(V_k)} (\mathbf{k}, P_i)$ . Here  $\mathbf{k}$  denotes the path  $(k_{l_1}, k_{l_2}, \dots, k_{l_h})$  constructed by branching consecutively along the  $k_{l_1}$ -th branch from the top level, then the  $k_{l_2}$ -th branch from the lower level and finally  $k_{l_h}$ -th branch from the  $h$ -th level. The set  $\mathfrak{T}(V_k)$  denotes the set of all paths from the root to a leaf in the property tree of  $V_k$ . The set  $\mathbb{P}(V_k)$  denotes the indices of the vertices in the property tree of  $V_k$ .



Expressing the property tree of  $V_1$  with the algebraic notation discussed earlier:

$$ptree(V_1) = \sum_{k_j \in \mathfrak{T}(V_1), i \in \mathbb{P}(V_1)} (k_j, P_j)$$

Similarly,  $ptree(V_2)$  is given with

$$ptree(V_2) = (1, P_0) + (k_1, P_1) + (k_2, P_2) + (k_3, P_3) + (k_4, P_4) + (k_5, P_5) + (k_3 k_1, P_6) + (k_3 k_2, P_7) + (k_5 k_1, P_8) + (k_5 k_2, P_9) + (k_3 k_1 k_1, P_{10})$$

Here  $P_0$  is  $text(V_2)$ .

Now if we expand the property trees for each  $V$ -particle in the semantic tree for the composite particle  $V_{comp}$  we will have a larger augmented property tree. This augmented property tree represents the semantic structure of  $V_{comp}$  and can be recorded in a matrix form which is the semantic signature of  $V_{comp}$ . The semantic signature matrix of  $V_{comp}$  will have the following structure:

$$ssig(V_{comp}) = [p_0 \ a_{0,1} \ p_1 \ p_0 \ a_{0,2} \ p_2 \ p_0 \ a_{0,3} \ p_3 \ \dots \ p_p \ a_{p,q} \ p_q]$$

The last matrix can be rewritten in block matrix notation:

$$ssig(V_{comp}) = [B_1 \ B_2 \ B_3 \ \dots \ B_q]$$

$$B_1 = [p_0 \ a_{0,1} \ p_1], B_2 = [p_0 \ a_{0,2} \ p_2], B_3 = [p_0 \ a_{0,2} \ p_3], \dots, B_q = [p_0 \ a_{0,2} \ p_q]$$

Here the block matrix  $B_1$  fully describes the property  $P_1$  including how it is connected to the property tree  $ptree(V_1)$ . Similarly,  $B_2$  and  $B_3$  fully describes the properties  $P_2$  and  $P_3$  and their connectivity to  $ptree(V_1)$ . Finally,  $B_q$  fully describes the property  $P_q$  and its connectivity to  $ptree(V_9)$ .

In the block matrix for  $ssig(V_{comp})$   $p_0$  denotes the signature column vector of the property  $P_0$ ,  $a_{0,1}$  denotes the signature column vector of the arc between property  $P_0$  and property  $P_1$ ,  $a_{p,q}$  denotes the signature column vector of the arc between property  $P_p$  and  $P_q$ . Let us denote the number of rows of  $ssig(V_{comp})$  by  $N$  and the number of columns by  $M$ .

The semantic signature matrix  $ssig(V_{comp})$  can be decomposed as a sum of two intrinsic structural matrices – property signature matrix  $psig(V_{comp})$  and connectivity signature matrix  $csig(V_{comp})$ :

$$ssig(V_{comp}) = psig(V_{comp}) + csig(V_{comp})$$

$$psig(V_{comp}) = [p_0 \ 0 \ p_1 \ p_0 \ 0 \ p_2 \ p_0 \ 0 \ p_3 \ \dots \ p_p \ 0 \ p_q]$$

$$csig(V_{comp}) = [0 \ a_{0,1} \ 0 \ 0 \ a_{0,2} \ 0 \ 0 \ a_{0,3} \ 0 \ \dots \ 0 \ a_{p,q} \ 0]$$

Let us denote by  $psig(P_1, V_{comp})$  the augmented semantic property signature of property  $P_1$  with respect to  $V_{comp}$ . It is given with:

$$psig(P_0, V_{comp}) = [p_0 \ 0 \ 0 \ p_0 \ 0 \ 0 \ p_0 \ 0 \ 0 \ \dots \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]$$

Similarly,

$$psig(P_1, V_{comp}) = [0 \ 0 \ p_1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ \dots \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]$$

$$psig(P_q, V_{comp}) = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ \dots \ 0 \ 0 \ p_q]$$

Then obviously:

$$psig(V_{comp}) = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{S}(V_{comp})} \sum_{i \in \mathbb{P}(V_k)} psig(P_i, V_{comp})$$

Here  $\mathbb{S}(V_{comp})$  denotes the set of the indices of all semantic particles which the composite  $V_{comp}$  is composed from.

Here are some interesting properties of  $ssig(V_{comp})$ :

The number of rows  $N$  in  $ssig(V_{comp})$  is  $3 \times$  the number of arcs in the augmented property tree of  $V_{comp}$ .

The rank of