

Name 1

Datum:

Name 2

Platz-Nr:

09 - absolute Zero

Calibration of the pressure sensor

Calibration point at ambient pressure

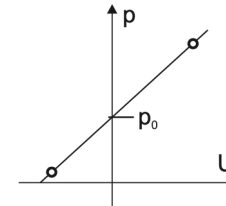
(uncorrected barometer reading)	(temperature at barometer)	(corrected barometer reading)
$p_L =$ mm Hg (t_L)	air temp $t_L =$ °C	$p_L =$ Torr
$p_L =$ Pa	$U_L =$ mV	

Calibration point at low pressure

$p_t =$ mbar	$p_t =$ Pa	$U_t =$ mV
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 Sensor characteristics: $p = p_0 + CU$:

$p_0 =$	$C =$
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Determination of the absolute zero

At the temperature of boiling water

$t_K =$ °C	$U_K =$ mV	$p_K =$ mbar
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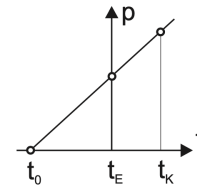
At the temperature of ice water

$t_E =$ °C	$U_E =$ mV	$p_E =$ mbar
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Approximation for the temperature of the absolute zero:

 $t'_0 =$

 Volume of the empty space / volume of the glass bulb: $V_s/V = \varepsilon = 1 \cdot 10^{-3}$

 Cubic expansion coefficient of glass: $\gamma) 1,0 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ °C}^{-1}$


a =	b =	c =
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Absolute zero of temperature:

 $t_0 =$

Determination of the temperature of liquid nitrogen

$U_{LN2} =$ mV	$p_{LN2} =$ Pa	$t'_{LN2} =$ °C
corr. coeff A =	$t_{LN2} =$ °C	