1. (10 points) Suppose g(x,y) is a function where f(1,1)=4 and linear approximation of f(x,y) near (1,1) yields

$$f(1.1, 1.1) \approx 4.2, \qquad f(0.9, 1.1) \approx 3.4$$

Estimate  $A = f_x(1,1)$  and  $B = f_y(1,1)$  from these data.

- 2. (4 points) Suppose  $D = \{(x,y) \in \mathbf{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 \le 1\}$  is the unit disk, and let  $g \colon D \to \mathbf{R}$  be the function given by  $g(x,y) = \cos(x^2 + y^2)$ . Complete the following two statements:
  - (a) (2 points) g has a critical point at \_\_\_\_\_ point(s) in the interior of D .
  - (b) (2 points) g has a constrained local extremum at \_\_\_\_\_ point(s) on the boundary of D.

Choices for fill-ins:

- a) zero
- b) one
- c) two
- d) four
- e) infinitely many

3. (3 points) Suppose C is the curve in  $\mathbf{R}^2$  given by the equation

$$xy^3 - yx^4 = -6$$

At which of the following points P is the tangent line to C at P parallel to the x-axis? Choose all that apply.

- a) (1, -2)
- b) (2, -3)
- c) (3, -3)
- d) none of these

4. (3 points) Let

$$g(x, y, z) = x^{2} + y^{4} + z^{6},$$
  $f(x, y, z) = 4 + g(x, y, z)$ 

How many solution(s) does the Lagrange Multiplier system for maximizing f(x, y, z) under the constraint

$$g(x, y, z) = 2021$$

have?

You may assume that the number of solution(s) is at least 1.

a) 1

b) 2

c) 4

d) 6

e) 2021

- f) infinitely many
- g) not enough information to tell