

Computers and math: A trade off

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1 The problem

Find a, b, c, d, e, f, g so that:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} ab & \cdot & bc & = & dad \\ \times & & \div & & \times \\ ec & \div & f & = & f \\ \parallel & & \parallel & & \parallel \\ bcd & \times & g & = & bbea \end{array} \quad (1)$$

From equation 1, we can derive six expressions.

$$\begin{aligned} (10 \times a + b) \times (10 \times b + c) &= (100 \times d + 10 \times a + d) \\ (10 \times e + c) / f &= f \\ (100 \times b + 10 \times c + d) \times g &= (1000 \times b + 100 \times b + 10 \times e + a) \\ (10 \times a + b) \times (10 \times e + c) &= (100 \times b + 10 \times c + d) \\ (10 \times b + c) / f &= g \\ (100 \times d + 10 \times a + d) \times f &= (1000 \times b + 100 \times b + 10 \times e + a) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

2 First solution

The first and slow solution is to check all possible combinations against the equations. Since f appears as the denominator of $bc \div f$ and it cannot be zero. Here is the first solution written in Python:

```
for a in range(0,10):
    for b in range(0,10):
        for c in range(0,10):
            for d in range(0,10):
                for e in range(0,10):
                    for f in range(1,10):
                        for g in range(0,10):
                            if (((10*a+b)*(10*b+c)==d*100+a*10+d)
                                and ((10*e+c)/f == f)
                                and ((100*b+10*c+d)*g==1000*b+100*b+10*e+a)
                                and ((10*a+b)*(10*e+c)==100*b+10*c+d)
                                and ((10*b+c)/f == g)
                                and ((100*d+10*a+d) * f == 1000*b+100*b+10*e+a)):
                                print(''.join([str(a),str(b),str(c),str(d),str(e),
                                                str(f),str(g)]))
```

Now we have the answer which is $a = 2, b = 3, c = 6, d = 8, e = 1, f = 4, g = 9$ but this method is rather slow. In http://www.codeskulptor.org/#user37_ceiMDMtEWQ_0.py, it exceeds time limit for my system.

3 Second solution

If we start solving it we will see that the equation $(10 \times e + c)/f = f$ is the easiest to begin with. We get that $10 \times e + c = f^2$ and we can compute e and c for $f = 1..9$. For example if $f = 4, f^2 = 16, e = 1$ and $c = 6$. If we incorporate this in the Python program we get:

```
for a in range(0,10):
    for b in range(0,10):
        for d in range(0,10):
            for f in range(1,10):
                for g in range(0,10):
                    c = (f*f) % 10
                    e = (f*f) / 10
                    if (((10*a+b)*(10*b+c))==d*100+a*10+d)
                        and ((10*e+c)/f == f)
                        and ((100*b+10*c+d)*g==1000*b+100*b+10*e+a)
                        and ((10*a+b)*(10*e+c)==100*b+10*c+d)
                        and ((10*b+c)/f == g)
                        and ((100*d+10*a+d) * f == 1000*b+100*b+10*e+a)):
                        print(''.join([str(a),str(b),str(c),str(d),str(e),
                                      str(f),str(g)]))
```

This program is faster and in http://www.codeskulptor.org/#user37_SjLnh6PxQs_0.py it runs and gives the solution.