

## angles, circles, arcs & sectors- 1

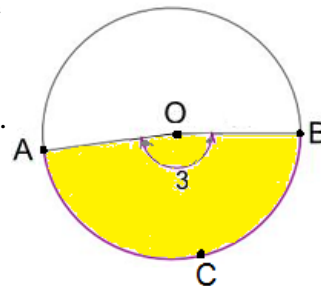
answers on next page

### 4 questions – progressing from ‘accessible’ to ‘discriminating’

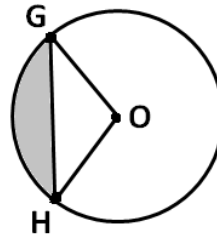
1. A circle of radius 8 cm has a sector whose central angle has radian measure of 3. Find the following **exactly**:

- (a) the length of the arc from A to B passing through C.  
 (b) the area of the shaded sector.

[ **no calculator** ]



2. O is the centre of a circle with radius 24 cm. Chord [GH] is 36 cm. Find the area of the shaded region. [ **calculator allowed** ]



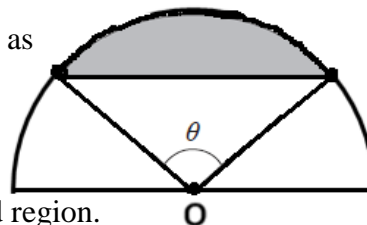
3. The semi-circle with centre O shown at right has an area of exactly  $24 \text{ cm}^2$ .

- (a) Show that the shaded area can be expressed as

$$\frac{24\theta}{\pi} - \frac{24}{\pi} \sin \theta$$

- (b) If  $\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}$ , find the exact area of the shaded region.

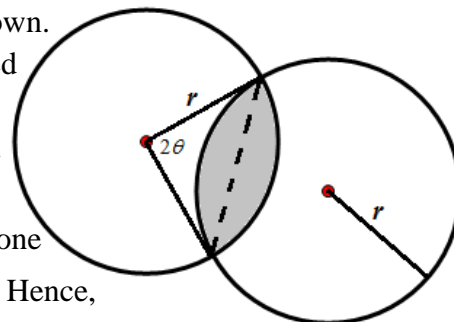
[ **no calculator** ]



4. Two circles with the same radius  $r$  intersect as shown. The angle subtended by the common chord (dashed line in diagram) at the centre of each circle is  $2\theta$ .

- (a) Find an expression in terms of  $r$  and  $\theta$  for the shaded area.  
 (b) If the shaded area is equal to  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the area of one of the two circles show that  $8\theta - 4\sin 2\theta = \pi$ . Hence, find  $\theta$  accurate to three significant figures.

[ **calculator allowed** ]



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### Answers

1. (a) 24 cm      (b)  $96 \text{ cm}^2$
2. approximately  $203 \text{ cm}^2$
3.  $16 - \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{\pi} \text{ cm}^2$
4. (a)  $2\theta r^2 - r^2 \sin 2\theta$       (b)  $\theta \approx 0.883$