Formative assessment

Name.Surname	Total marks 20 /
1. [maximum mark: 2]	
The point below are on the unit circle.	Find the exact value of unknown coordinate in each point.
(a) $A\left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2};y\right)$	[1]
(b) $B\left(x;\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$	[1]
2. [maximum mark: 5]	
In triangle ABC, $AB = 9$ cm, $AC = 12$ cm	, and \hat{B} is twice the size of \hat{C} . Find the cosine of \hat{C} .
3. [maximum mark: 4] [No GDC] α is an acute angle.	
w is an acate angle.	
	$\frac{3 \cdot \sin \alpha + 1}{4 - 5 \cdot \sin \alpha} = \frac{2}{5}$
Find $Cos \alpha$	+ 3 311tt 3
rinu cos u	

4. [maximum mark: 4] [No GDC]
Simplify the expression.
$tan25^{\circ} \cdot tan65^{\circ}$
$\frac{\tan 25^{\circ} \cdot \tan 65^{\circ}}{\sin^2 25^{\circ} + \sin^2 65^{\circ}} + 2 =$
5 [maximum mark: 5] [No CDC]
5. [maximum mark: 5] [No GDC]
Simplify the expression.
$(\sec x - \tan x)^2 (1 + \sin x) =$

Q2)

$$\frac{9}{\sin C} = \frac{12}{\sin B} \tag{M1}$$

$$\frac{9}{\sin C} = \frac{12}{\sin 2C}$$

Using double angle formula
$$\frac{9}{\sin C} = \frac{12}{2\sin C\cos C}$$
 M1

$$\Rightarrow$$
 9(2 sin $C \cos C$) = 12 sin C

$$\Rightarrow$$
 6 sin C (3 cos $C - 2$) = 0 or equivalent (A1)

 $(\sin C \neq 0)$

$$\Rightarrow \cos C = \frac{2}{3}$$
 A1

[5]