Hidden Hand Audit Report

Introduction

This audit was requested by Redacted team and was conducted by kebabsec members sai, FlameHorizon and okkothejawa. As always, Redacted team delivers with easy to understand, clean and neat code.

Note: This report does not provide any guarantee or warranty of security for the project.

Scope

This audit includes the following contracts as in scope: 1. BribeBase.sol 2. BribeVault.sol 3. HummusBribe.sol

Branch: redacted-cartel/hidden-hand/main

Table of Contents

- 1. BribeBase.sol#L320-L324: dead code function setRewardForwarding
- 2. BribeBase.sol#L243 redundant token address check
- 3. BribeVault.sol#L9-L13 Redundant Interface IRewardDistributor.
- 4. BribeVault.sol#L30 & L80-L81 Unnecessary assignment of _feeMax
- 5. BribeVault.sol#L92 & BribeBase.sol #L47 Deployer addresses have admin privileges

1. [INFO] BribeBase.sol#L320-L324 Dead code function setRewardForwarding

Description:

- This function allows voters to opt in or out of reward forwarding, setting rewardForwarding[msg.caller] to any address.
- However the mapping rewardForwarding is not used anywhere, which unnecessarily wastes gas.

Suggestion:

· Assuming no other contracts access the rewardForwarding mapping, removing redundant function may decrease the gas cost.

[GAS] BribeBase.sol#L243 - redundant token zero address check

Description:

- This check is not needed, as require(isWhitelistedToken(token), "Token is not whitelisted"); already returns false on address(0).
 - · Removing the check improves gas usage:
 - Before change: depositBribeERC20 173720 gas
 - After change: depositBribeERC20 173685 gas
 - 1. It's not possible to add zero address token to whitelist
 - 2. Removing a token occurs without check for address(0), as address 0 can't be added to list
 - 3. Thus it can be concluded that isWhitelistedToken can't return true for address(0)

To demonstrate that isWhitelistedToken already checks against address(0), a function removeWhitelistTokens is used as an example:

The trace shows isWhitelistedToken results in revert for address(0), therefore line 243: require(token != address(0), "Invalid token"); is not necessary.

Suggestion: Remove the require(token != address(0), "Invalid token") check.

3. [INFO] BribeVault.sol#L9-L13 - Redundant Interface IRewardDistributor

Description: Interface is not inherited and can be removed.

Suggestion: Remove the interface.

4. [INFO] BribeVault.sol#L30 & L80-L81 - Unnecessary assignment of _feeMax

Description: We feel that is perhaps unnecessary to have require(_feeMax < FEE_DIVISOR / 2, "Invalid _feeMax"); and to have a maximum FEE_MAX as

you can't really lower it or increase it after deployment, since there's no function to change that variable, and there is no incentive to make FEE_MAX lower than the limit that is set by the require check.

Suggestion: This is obviously irrelevant on how the code works, but if FEE_MAX is already bound by a constant divided by two, it seemed to us that it would make sense to also make it a constant, or just have a function to change FEE_MAX within those bounds.

5. [INFO] BribeVault.sol#L92 & BribeBase.sol #L47 - Deployer addresses have admin privileges

Description: In both BribeVault and BribeBase deployers are granted admin privileges, thus an EOA may get admin privileges, and this is not ideal.

Suggestion: For more ideal security posture, either pass a multi-sig address as a parameter to be set as DEFAULT_ADMIN_ROLE and/or implement a two-step ownership transfer mechanism to transfer the ownership to a multi-sig later.