PAGE NO: 1
SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKING
MSc IT- Part 2 Semester 4
Roll no. 09
Dinesh Padhi
E-Journal



Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's RAMNIRANJAN JHUNJHUNWALA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)



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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Mr. Dinesh Padhi with Seat No.09 has successfully completed the necessary course of experiments in the subject of Software Defined Networking during the academic year 2020 – 2021 complying with the requirements of RAMNIRANJAN JHUNJHUNWALA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE, for the course of M.Sc. (IT) semester -IV.

Internal Examiner		Date:
Head of Department Examiner	College Seal	External

INDEX

Sr	Practical	Date
1	Packet capturing with Wireshark and programming with bash Script on Ubuntu	27/4/2021
2	Theory: HP controller, HP Network Protector, HP Network Visualizer, HP Network Optimizer, Cisco XNC Controller	30/4/2021
3	Install ODL (Open Daylight) controller	13/3/2021
4	Implement OVS (Open vSwitch) on ODL	17/3/2021
5	Implement mininet on ODL	12/4/2021
6	Install RYU controller with mininet topology	16/4/2021
7	Install FLOODLIGHT controller with mininet topology	19/4/2021
8	Install ONOS controller on Ubuntu	23/4/2021

PRACTICAL NO: 01

Wireshark and bash Script

Installing Wireshark on Ubuntu 16.04 using terminal

```
cool@ubuntu-KVM:~

rool@ubuntu-KVM:~# #sudo add-apt-repository ppa:wireshark-dev/stable

root@ubuntu-KVM:~# #sudo apt update

root@ubuntu-KVM:~# #sudo apt install wireshark -y

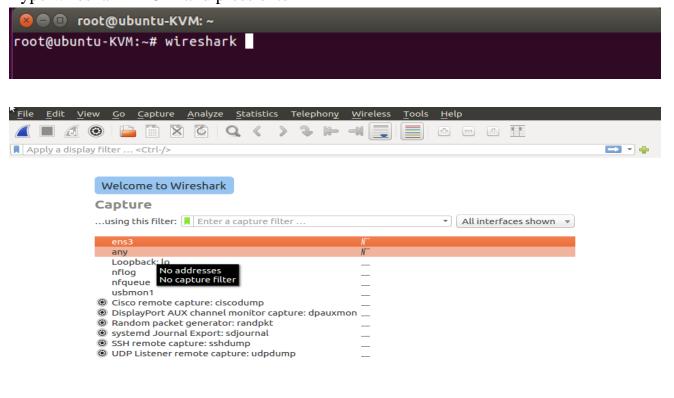
root@ubuntu-KVM:~#
```

```
🔞 🖃 🗊 root@ubuntu-KVM: ~
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# sudo add-apt-repository ppa:wireshark-dev/stable
 Latest stable Wireshark releases back-ported from Debian package versions.
Back-porting script is available at https://github.com/rbalint/pkg-wireshark-ubu
ntu-ppa
From Ubuntu 16.04 you also need to enable "universe" repository, see:
http://askubuntu.com/questions/148638/how-do-i-enable-the-universe-repository
The packaging repository for Debian and Ubuntu is at: https://salsa.debian.org/d
ebian/wireshark
More info: https://launchpad.net/~wireshark-dev/+archive/ubuntu/stable
Press [ENTER] to continue or ctrl-c to cancel adding it
gpg: keyring `/tmp/tmpfn7l8em_/secring.gpg' created
gpg: keyring `/tmp/tmpfn7l8em_/pubring.gpg' created
gpg: requesting key 14ECA0F0 from hkp server keyserver.ubuntu.com
gpg: /tmp/tmpfn7l8em_/trustdb.gpg: trustdb created
gpg: key 14ECAOFO: public key "Launchpad PPA for Wireshark Developers" imported
gpg: Total number processed: 1
gpg:
                    imported: 1 (RSA: 1)
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# sudo apt update
Hit:1 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial InRelease
```

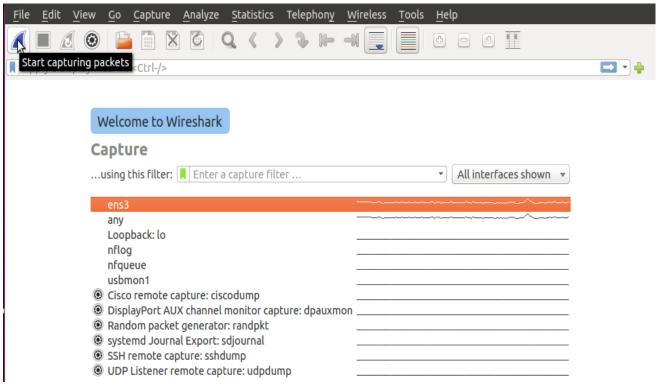
```
😰 🖃 💷 root@ubuntu-KVM: ~
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# sudo apt install wireshark -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  libproxychains3 snapd-login-service
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
The following additional packages will be installed:
  libbrotli1 libc-ares2 libmaxminddb0 libminizip1 libnghttp2-14
  libnl-route-3-200 libqgsttools-p1 libqt5multimedia5-plugins
  libgt5multimediawidgets5 libsmi2ldbl libsnappv1v5 libspandsp2
  libssh-gcrypt-4 libwireshark-data libwireshark14 libwiretap11 libwsutil12
  wireshark-common wireshark-qt
Suggested packages:
  mmdb-bin snmp-mibs-downloader geoipupdate geoip-database-extra libis-leaflet
  libjs-leaflet.markercluster wireshark-doc
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  libbrotli1 libc-ares2 libmaxminddb0 libminizip1 libnghttp2-14
  libnl-route-3-200 libqgsttools-p1 libqt5multimedia5-plugins
  libqt5multimediawidgets5 libsmi2ldbl libsnappy1v5 libspandsp2
  libssh-gcrypt-4 libwireshark-data libwireshark14 libwiretap11 libwsutil12
  wireshark wireshark-common wireshark-qt
O upgraded, 20 newly installed, O to remove and O not upgraded.
Need to get 23.3 MB of archives.
```

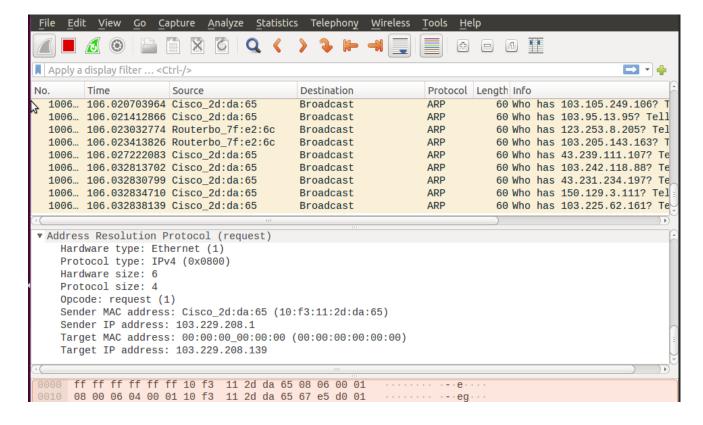
Starting Wireshark

Launching a Wireshark application using CLI Type wireshark in CLI and press enter

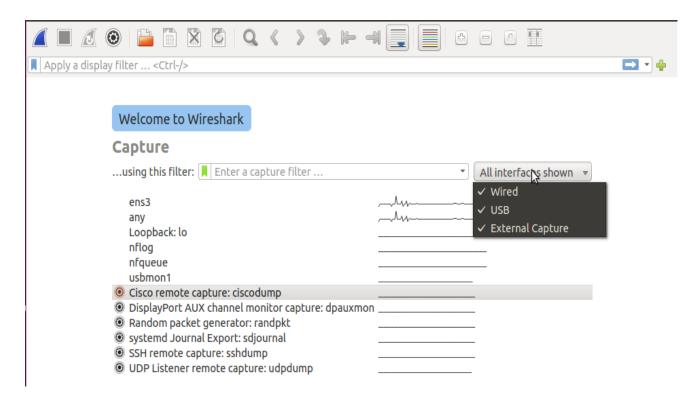


To test packets capturing, select interface(ens3) to use and click "**Start** capturing packets" button.

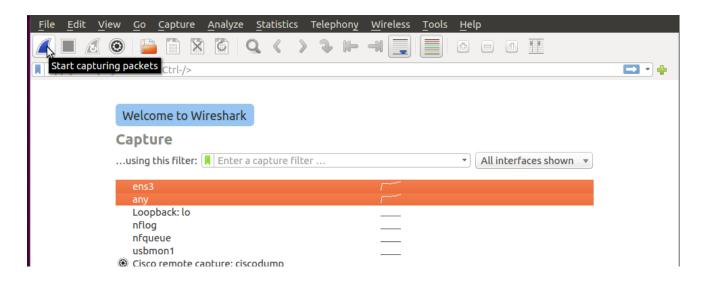




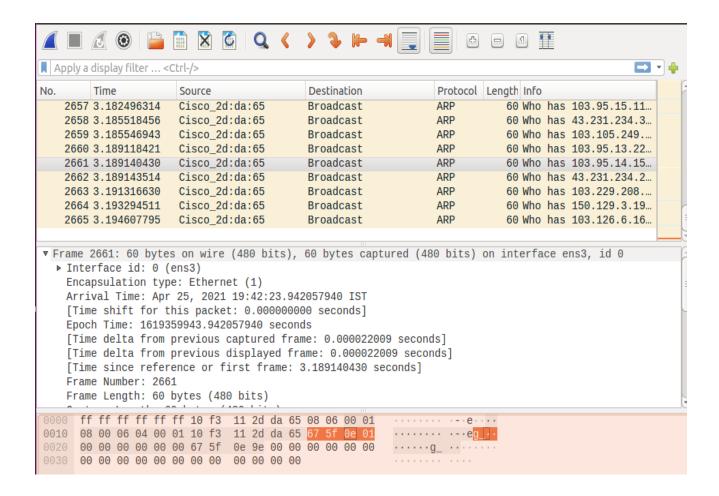
There are many types of interfaces you can monitor using Wireshark, for example, Wired, Wireless, USB and many external devices. You can choose to show specific types of interfaces in the welcome screen from the marked section of the screenshot below.



You can also capture packets to and from multiple interfaces at the same time. Just press and hold **<Ctrl>** and click on the interfaces that you want to capture packets to and from and then click on the **Start capturing packets** icon as marked in the screenshot below.



Now you can click on a packet to select it. Selecting a packet would show many information about that packet. As you can see, information about different layers of TCP/IP Protocol is listed.



Bash Scripts

open text editor and save file with .sh; run in terminal

Bash script to print current date and time and Hostname.

```
#!/bin/bash
var="Hello World"

# Run date and hostname command and store output to shell variables
now="$(date)"

computer_name="$(hostname)"

# print it or use the variable

echo "$var"

echo "Current date and time: " $now

echo "Computer name: "$computer_name
```

After creating the script give execute permission to the file/script.

#chmod 755 firstbashscript.sh

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# ls
firstbashscript.sh
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# chmod 755 firstbashscript.sh
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# sh firstbashscript.sh
Hello World
Current date and time: Sun Apr 25 20:07:49 IST 2021
Computer name: ubuntu-KVM
```

PAGE NO:

PRACTICAL NO: 02

Theory: HP controller, HP Network Protector, HP Network Visualizer, HP Network Optimizer, Cisco XNC Controller

Hewlett-Packard

HP is the first to offer SDN technologies for all three critical layers—infrastructure, control software and application—to simplify networks and improve agility across the enterprise. These layers create a complete, open SDN hardware and software solution that provides a single point of control for the entire network.

The <u>infrastructure layer</u> delivers open programmable access through OpenFlow, a networking protocol that automates hardware configurations.

New SDN functionality in the infrastructure layer enables clients to simplify network configuration.
HP today announced nine additional switch models providing OpenFlow-enabled support for HP
Flex Network architecture, offering clients a flexible and programmable standards-based interface.
The addition of the new HP 3800 switch series to the 16 existing models in the product portfolio
reaffirms HP as the only major networking vendor with more than 15 million installed OpenFlowenabled ports. (1)

The <u>control-software layer</u> creates a centralized view of the network.

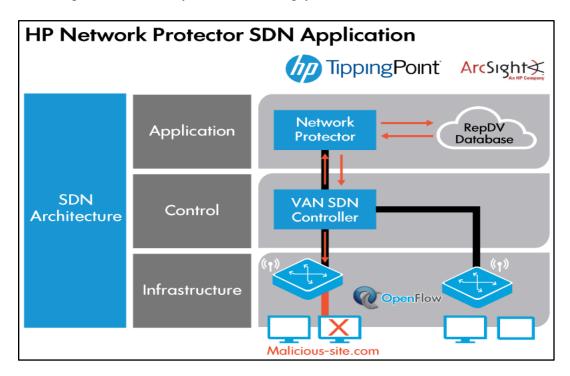
• Within the control layer, the new HP Virtual Application Networks SDN Controller abstracts the physical hardware from the logical deployment, providing a centralized view and automating network configuration of all devices in the infrastructure. By eliminating thousands of manual CLI entries, the controller enables network administrators to easily and flexibly program and scale their network environment for single-touch automated applications. It also provides application program interfaces (APIs) to third-party developers to integrate custom enterprise applications.

"We recognized the need to scale our perimeter firewall capacity to cope with the increase of internet traffic," said Jean-Michel Juanito, communication systems group leader, IT Department, CERN. "In the framework of the CERN open lab R&D collaboration, we are developing with HP's software defined network technologies a load-balancing application for the Virtual Application Networks SDN controller to distribute network traffic across multiple devices including firewalls and servers, increasing simplicity while reducing cost and bandwidth bottlenecks."

The <u>application layer</u> delivers open programmable interfaces to automate applications across the network.

• New HP Virtual Cloud Networks software enables cloud providers to deliver automated and scalable public cloud services to enterprises. Using this software, enterprises can create an isolated virtual cloud network environment through a self-service public cloud infrastructure, providing them complete control for introducing new services and applications to their users.

Also at the application layer, the new HP Sentinel Security software application automates network access control and intrusion prevention security for enterprise campus networks with existing OpenFlow-enabled switch hardware through HP's controller. As a result, clients can eliminate the complexity and expense of dedicated networking hardware appliances, while achieving scalable security needed for bring-your-own-device (BYOD) initiatives.



HP Network Protector

The HP Network Protector SDN Application leverages HP Networking, Tipping Point, and ArcSight products to deliver a converged solution that addresses security threats in a completely new way by leveraging the network itself. The HP Network Protector enables network intelligence on network infrastructure devices. The application uses the HP VAN SDN (Virtual Application Network Software-Defined Networking) Controller and OpenFlow to program the network infrastructure with security intelligence from the HP Tipping Point Reputation Digital Vaccine (RepDV). This turns the entire network infrastructure into security-enforcement devices, providing visibility and threat protection against more than one million malicious botnets, malware, and spyware sites.

Some of the key features of the solution include:

- Runs on HP VAN SDN Controller
- Complimentary to Tipping Point IPS solutions
- Delivers real-time threat characterization with HP Tipping Point DVLabs Database
- Protects from over 1,000,000+ botnet, malware, spyware, and malicious sites
- OpenFlow enabled switches gain ability to detect malware, botnets, and other threats
- Ability to create custom whitelist and blacklist
- Improves visibility and accuracy with ArcSight Integration

 Dynamic switch learning with HPN OpenFlow enabled switches distributes detection into switch infrastructure

HP Network Visualizer

The HP Network Visualizer SDN Application by utilizing HP VAN SDN Controller provides dynamic traffic capture with real-time detailed network monitoring allowing for fast network diagnosis and verification, rapid transition from incident to fix.

Features

1. Real-time Visibility and Diagnosis

Network Visualizer provides dynamic traffic capture to diagnose the root cause of the network. It proactively monitors the network to reduce the number of help desk issues.

2. Low Cost, Simple and Automated Troubleshooting

Network Visualizer allows for simple troubleshooting that requires high level network detail. The application eliminates the need for any expensive manual network tapping tools for troubleshooting.

3. Fast Transition from Incident to Fix

Network Visualizer solves network issues in a matter of seconds versus minutes.

Network Optimizer

HP Network Optimizer SDN Application for Microsoft Lync enables automated provisioning of network policy and quality of service to provide an enhanced user experience. The Network Optimizer Application dynamically provisions the end-to-end network path and Quality of Service (QoS) policy via the HP Virtual Application Networks (VAN)SDN Controller, reducing the need for manual, device-by-device configuration via the CLI, which greatly simplifies policy deployment and reduces the likelihood of human errors.

Network Optimizer provides:

- Traffic classification Identify application traffic requiring preferential treatment
- Policy enforcement Prioritize time sensitive traffic based QoS profiles, supports up to 10K users within a single SDN domain
- Visibility into per call SDN operation in terms of DSCP marking applied
- Granular sorting and display filtering by IP address, media type, call quality and jitter
- History records management
- Configurable global template and phone trust

PAGE	NO:
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Cisco XNC Controller

Cisco created the Cisco XNC Controller, in order to keep up with the changing software-defined networking (SDN) environments. Its support of OpenFlow, the most widely used SDN communications standard, helps it integrate into varied SDN deployments to enable organizations to better control and scale their networks. As of mid-2015, Cisco has retired the Cisco XNC Controller — see What the Cisco XNC Controller Tells Us About OpenDaylight to learn about XNC's demise.

As an SDN Controller, which is the "brains" of the network, Cisco XNC uses OpenFlow to communicate information "down" to the forwarding plane (switches and routers), with southbound APIs, and "up" to the applications and business logic, with northbound APIs. It enables organizations to deploy and even develop a variety of network services, using representational state transfer application program interfaces (REST APIs), as well as Java APIs.

The XNC is Cisco's implementation of the OpenDaylight stack. Cisco is a contributor to the OpenDaylight initiative, which is focused on developing open standards for SDN that promote innovation and interoperability. Cisco XNC is designed to deliver the cutting edge OpenDaylight technologies as commercial, enterprise-ready solutions.

PRACTICAL NO: 03

Install ODL(Open Daylight) controller

STEP 1: Install java and Set JAVA_HOME

#sudo apt install openjdk-8-jre -y

Add below jre path in /etc/environment to set java path

#sudo nano /etc/environment

```
© □ root@ubuntu-KVM:~
roojt@ubuntu-KVM:~# cat /etc/environment

JAVA_HOME="/usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64/jre/"

PATH="/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin:/usr/games:/u

sr/local/games:/snap/bin"

root@ubuntu-KVM:~#
```

STEP 2: Download **distribution-karaf-0.6.0-Carbon.zip** and unzip it Move to the directory **distribution-karaf-0.6.0-Carbon** and type: ./bin/karaf

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# wget https://nexus.opendaylight.org/content/repositories/publ
ic/org/opendaylight/integration/distribution-karaf/0.6.0-Carbon/distribution-kar
af-0.6.0-Carbon.zip
--2021-04-25 21:28:47-- https://nexus.opendaylight.org/content/repositories/pub
lic/org/opendaylight/integration/distribution-karaf/0.6.0-Carbon/distribution-ka
raf-0.6.0-Carbon.zip
Resolving nexus.opendaylight.org (nexus.opendaylight.org)... 199.204.45.87, 2604
:e100:1:0:f816:3eff:fe45:48d6
Connecting to nexus.opendaylight.org (nexus.opendaylight.org)|199.204.45.87|:443
... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 435235339 (415M) [application/zip]
Saving to: 'distribution-karaf-0.6.0-Carbon.zip'
distribution-karaf- 100%[===========>] 415.07M 1.79MB/s in 12m 48s
2021-04-25 21:41:36 (554 KB/s) - `distribution-karaf-0.6.0-Carbon.zip' saved [43
5235339/4352353391
```

STEP 3: Install features

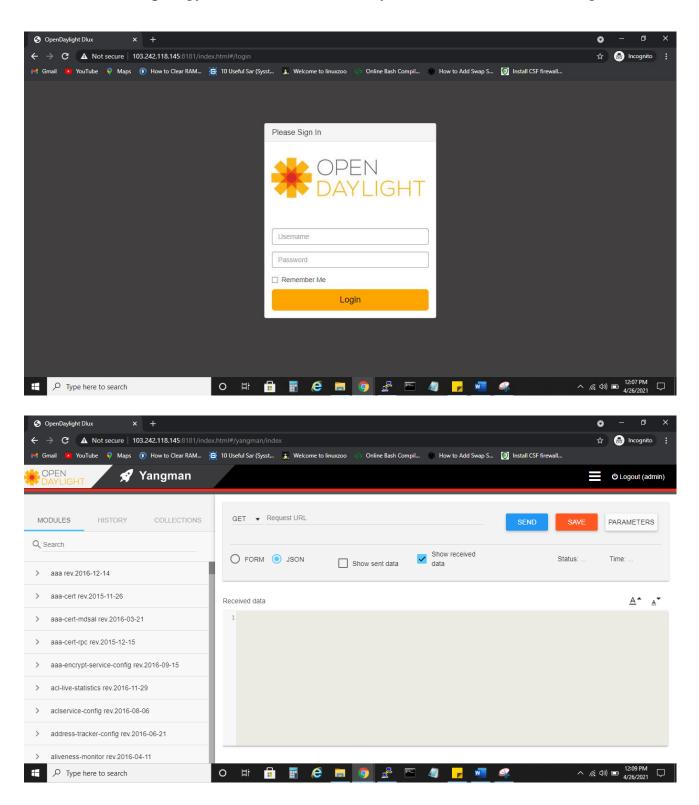
```
opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-dluxapps-nodes
opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-dluxapps-topology
opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-dluxapps-topology
opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-dluxapps-yangui
opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-dluxapps-yangvisualizer
opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-dluxapps-yangman
opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-dlux-all
opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-restconf odl-l2switch-switch odl-
mdsal-apidocs
opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-l2switch-all
```

opendaylight-user@root> feature:install odl-vtn-manager-neutron odl-neutron-service odl-neutron-hostconfig-ovs

opendaylight-user@root>feature:install odl-ovsdb-library odl-restconf-all odl-ovsdb-southbound-api odl-ovsdb-southbound-impl odl-ovsdb-southbound-implrest

opendaylight-user@root>feature:install odl-netvirt-openstack

Even ODL has dashboard DLUX feature which gives GUI web interface to ODL controller at URL http://localhost:8181/index.html OR http://ip:8181/index.html on which ODL user can log in (by default username and password is 'admin') and check network topology on the browser of the system where ODL is running.



PRACTICAL NO: 04

Implement OVS

Once OpenFlow and OVSDB plugins are installed, ODL starts listening for OpenFlow and OVSDB connections at 6653 and 6640 port respectively. This can be checked at controller by running the following commands:

netstat -a | grep 6653

netstat -a | grep 6640

sudo apt-get install openvswitch-switch

```
🗗 root@ubuntu-KVM: ~
                                                                         root@ubuntu-KVM:~# netstat -a | grep 6653
                 0 [::]:6653
                                            [::]:*
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# netstat -a | grep 6640
                                                                    LISTEN
                 0 [::]:6640
                                            [::]:*
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# sudo apt-get install openvswitch-switch
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
 libblas-common libblas3 liblinear3 libproxychains3 lua-lpeg ndiff python-bs4
 python-chardet python-html5lib python-lxml python-pkg-resources
 snapd-login-service
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
The following additional packages will be installed:
 openvswitch-common
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 openvswitch-common openvswitch-switch
0 upgraded, 2 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 1,816 kB of archives.
After this operation, 8,046 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n]
```

sudo /etc/init.d/openvswitch-switch start sudo /etc/init.d/openvswitch-switch status sudo ovs-vsctl show

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:~

root@ubuntu-KVM:~

* ovsdb-server is already running

* ovs-vswitchd is already running

* Enabling remote OVSDB managers

root@ubuntu-KVM:~

* sudo /etc/init.d/openvswitch-switch status

ovsdb-server is running with pid 9653

ovs-vswitchd is running with pid 9679

root@ubuntu-KVM:~

* sudo ovs-vsctl show

6e428686-53bl-4d75-bc7c-8cd33baf7d48

ovs_version: "2.5.9"

root@ubuntu-KVM:~

*
```

At OVS side, below command is run to initiate OVSDB connection with controller:

ovs-vsctl set-manager tcp:<controller-IP>:6640

To confirm that the connection is established, below command can be run which shows 'is connected' flag is set to true in the output.

```
root@ubuntu-KVM: ~

                                                                         ×
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# ip r
default via 103.242.118.1 dev ens3 proto static metric 100
103.242.118.0/24 dev ens3 proto kernel scope link src 103.242.118.145
100
169.254.0.0/16 dev ens3 scope link metric 1000
210.16.103.93 via 103.242.118.1 dev ens3 proto dhcp metric 100
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# ovs-vsctl set-manager tcp:103.242.118.145:6640
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# sudo ovs-vsctl show
6e428686-53b1-4d75-bc7c-8cd33baf7d48
   Manager "tcp:103.242.118.145:6640"
       is connected: true
   Bridge br-int
       Controller "tcp:103.242.118.145:6653"
           is connected: true
        fail mode: secure
        Port "ethl"
            Interface "ethl"
                error: "could not open network device ethl (No such device)"
            Interface br-int
                type: internal
   ovs version: "2.5.9"
root@ubuntu-KVM:~#
```

OpenFlow connection is made on bridge, so either you can create bridge on OVS or ODL can also create bridge on OVS by sending configuration to OVS via OVSDB connection. Over the bridge in OVS, below command can be run to connect bridge to ODL, which establishes establishing OpenFlow connection between ODL and OVS.

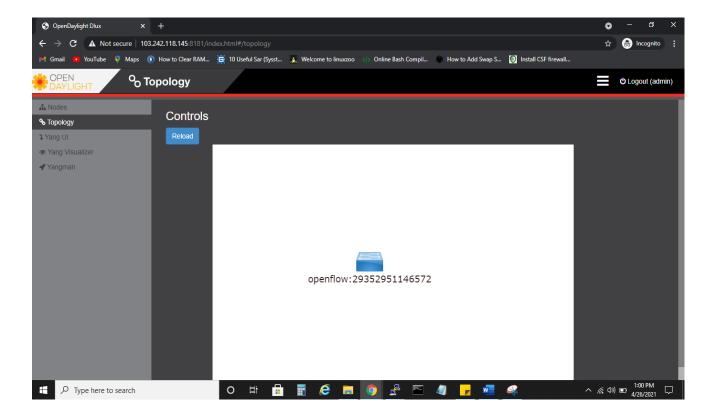
ovs-vsctl set-controller
 stridge name> tcp:<controller-IP>:6653 ovs-vsctl set-controller br-int tcp: 103.242.118.145:6653

```
root@ubuntu-KVM: ~
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# sudo ovs-vsctl set-controller br-int tcp:103.242.118.145:6653
root@ubuntu-KVM:~ # sudo ovs-vsctl show
6e428686-53b1-4d75-bc7c-8cd33baf7d48
   Manager "tcp:103.242.118.145:6640"
       is connected: true
   Bridge br-int
       Controller "tcp:103.242.118.145:6653"
           is connected: true
       fail mode: secure
        Port "ethl"
            Interface "ethl"
                error: "could not open network device ethl (No such device)"
        Port br-int
            Interface br-int
               type: internal
    ovs version: "2.5.9"
root@ubuntu-KVM:~#
```

At the OVS side, the following command can be run to show details of bridge.

sudo ovs-ofctl show br-int -OOpenFlow13

Restart odl and login to view OpenFlow switch



PRACTICAL NO: 05

Implement Mininet on ODL

sudo apt-get install git

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:~

root@ubuntu-KVM:~

sudo apt-get install git -y

Reading package lists... Done

Building dependency tree

Reading state information... Done

git is already the newest version (1:2.7.4-Oubuntul.10).

The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

libblas-common libblas3 liblinear3 libproxychains3 lua-lpeg ndiff python-bs4

python-chardet python-html5lib python-lxml python-pkg-resources

snapd-login-service

Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.

O upgraded, O newly installed, O to remove and O not upgraded.

root@ubuntu-KVM:~

**

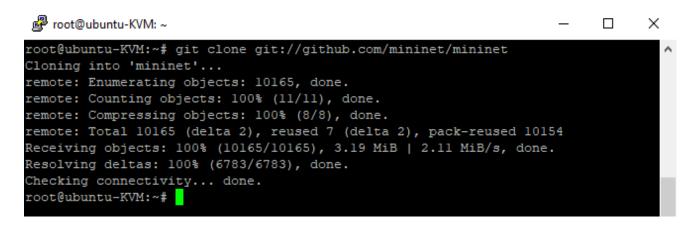
The root@ubuntu-KVM:~

**

The root@ubuntu-KVM:~

The root@ubuntu-KVM:~
```

git clone git://github.com/mininet/mininet



This creates a folder in the home directory named mininet that contains the project file structure.

To find the latest beta version of Mininet, list all tagged releases in the Mininet project.

cd /root/mininet

git tag

```
root@ubuntu-KVM: ~/mininet
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# ls
distribution-karaf-0.6.0-Carbon.zip firstbashscript.sh mininet
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# cd mininet/
root@ubuntu-KVM:~/mininet# git tag
1.0.0
2.0.0
2.1.0
2.1.0pl
2.1.0p2
2.2.0
2.2.1
2.2.2
2.3.0
2.3.0bl
2.3.0b2
2.3.0d3
2.3.0d4
2.3.0d5
2.3.0d6
2.3.0rcl
2.3.0rc2
cs244-spring-2012-final
root@ubuntu-KVM:~/mininet#
```

The Mininet project provides an install script. Run the script.

Sudo ~/mininet/util/install.sh -a

```
coot@ubuntu-KVM:~/mininet/util# pwd
/root/mininet/util
root@ubuntu-KVM:~/mininet/util# ls
build-ovs-packages.sh install.sh
                                    openflow-patches unpep8
colorfilters
                       nox-patches sysctl addon
doxify.py
root@ubuntu-KVM:~/mininet/util# ./install.sh -a
Detected Linux distribution: Ubuntu 16.04 xenial amd64
Running all commands...
Install Mininet-compatible kernel if necessary
Hit: | http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial InRelease
Get:2 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates InRelease [109 kB]
Get:3 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-backports InRelease [107 kB]
Hit:4 http://ppa.launchpad.net/wireshark-dev/stable/ubuntu xenial InRelease
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-security InRelease [109 kB]
Get:6 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates/main amd64 DEP-11 Metad
ata [326 kB]
Get:7 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates/universe amd64 DEP-11 M
etadata [281 kB]
Get:8 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates/multiverse amd64 DEP-ll
Metadata [5,980 B]
Get:9 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-backports/main amd64 DEP-11 Met
adata [3,328 B]
Get:10 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-backports/universe amd64 DEP-1
1 Metadata [6,616 B]
Get:ll http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-security/main amd64 DEP-11 Metad
ata [93.7 kB]
Get:12 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-security/universe amd64 DEP-11 M
etadata [130 kB]
Get:13 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-security/multiverse amd64 DEP-11
Fetched 1.175 kB in 2s (447 kB/s)
```

```
PAGE NO:
```

×

```
ps aux|grep -i ovs
sudo kill -9 24492 24493 24503 24504 24914
```

```
root 24914 0.0 0.0 14224 1084 pts/1 S+ 14:04 0:00 grep --color=auto -i ovs root@ubuntu-KVM:~/mininet# kill -9 24492 24493 24503 24504 24914

sudo service openvswitch-switch status
```

Close Opendaylight by ctrl + D

sudo service openswitch-switch stop

ps aux|grep -i mn

Sudo kill -9 pid

service openvswitch-switch start

root@ubuntu-KVM: ~/mininet

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:~/mininet# service openvswitch-switch status
• openvswitch-switch.service - Open vSwitch
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/openvswitch-switch.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: active (exited) since Wed 2021-04-28 14:05:47 IST; 5min ago
   Process: 24963 ExecStop=/bin/true (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
   Process: 25073 ExecStart=/bin/true (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
Main PID: 25073 (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)

Apr 28 14:05:47 ubuntu-KVM systemd[1]: Starting Open vSwitch...
Apr 28 14:05:47 ubuntu-KVM systemd[1]: Started Open vSwitch.
root@ubuntu-KVM:~/mininet#
```

Sudo mn

root@ubuntu-KVM: /home/mininet

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/mininet# sudo mn
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
*** Adding hosts:
hl h2
*** Adding switches:
sl
*** Adding links:
(hl, sl) (h2, sl)
*** Configuring hosts
hl h2
*** Starting controller
c0
*** Starting 1 switches
*** Starting CLI:
mininet>
```

sudo mn --test pingall

root@ubuntu-KVM: /home/mininet

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/mininet# sudo mn --test pingall
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
*** Adding hosts:
hl h2
*** Adding switches:
sl
*** Adding links:
(hl, sl) (h2, sl)
*** Configuring hosts
hl h2
*** Starting controller
c0
*** Starting 1 switches
sl ...
*** Waiting for switches to connect
sl
*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h1 -> h2
h2 -> h1
*** Results: 0% dropped (2/2 received)
*** Stopping 1 controllers
*** Stopping 2 links
*** Stopping 1 switches
sl
*** Stopping 2 hosts
hl h2
*** Done
completed in 5.879 seconds
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/mininet#
```

sudo mn --controller=remote,ip=103.242.117.180 --topo=tree,1,3 --mac

root@ubuntu-KVM: ~

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:~# mn --controller=remote,ip=103.242.117.180 --topo=tree,1,3 --mac
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
Unable to contact the remote controller at 103.242.117.180:6653
Unable to contact the remote controller at 103.242.117.180:6633
Setting remote controller to 103.242.117.180:6653
*** Adding hosts:
hl h2 h3
*** Adding switches:
sl
*** Adding links:
(sl, hl) (sl, h2) (sl, h3)
*** Configuring hosts
hl h2 h3
*** Starting controller
c0
*** Starting 1 switches
sl ...
*** Starting CLI:
mininet>
```

sudo mn -controller=remote,ip=103.242.117.180 -mac --arp

Proot@ubuntu-KVM: /home/mininet

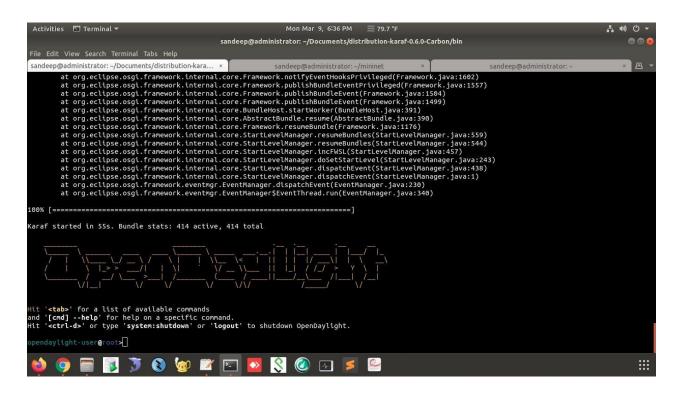
```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/mininet# mn --controller=remote,ip=103.242.117.180 --mac --arp
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
Unable to contact the remote controller at 103.242.117.180:6653
Unable to contact the remote controller at 103.242.117.180:6633
Setting remote controller to 103.242.117.180:6653
*** Adding hosts:
hl h2
*** Adding switches:
sl
*** Adding links:
(h1, s1) (h2, s1)
*** Configuring hosts
hl h2
*** Starting controller
c0
*** Starting 1 switches
sl ...
*** Starting CLI:
mininet>
```

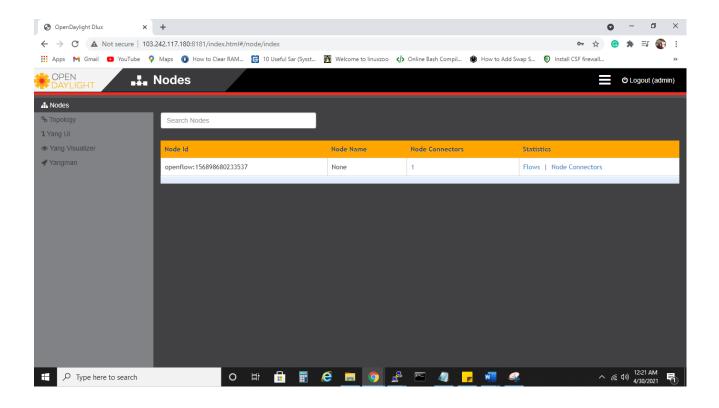
```
mininet> s1 ovs-ofctl add-flow "s1" priority=1,ip,nw_dst=10.0.0.1,actions=mod_dl_dst:00:00:00:00:00:00:01,output=1 mininet> s1 ovs-ofctl add-flow "s1" priority=1,ip,nw_dst=10.0.0.2,actions=mod_dl_dst:00:00:00:00:00:00:02,output=2 mininet> sh ovs-ofctl add-flow s1 dl_type=0x806,nw_proto=1,actions=flood mininet> h1 ping -c2 h2
```

root@ubuntu-KVM: /home/mininet

```
oot@ubuntu-KVM:/home/mininet# mn --controller=remote,ip=103.242.117.180 --mac --arp
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
Unable to contact the remote controller at 103.242.117.180:6653
Unable to contact the remote controller at 103.242.117.180:6633
Setting remote controller to 103.242.117.180:6653
*** Adding hosts:
hl h2
*** Adding switches:
*** Adding links:
*** Configuring hosts
hl h2
*** Starting controller
*** Starting 1 switches
*** Starting CLI:
mininet> nodes
available nodes are:
c0 hl h2 sl
mininet> sl ovs-ofctl add-flow "sl" priority=1,ip,nw_dst=10.0.0.1,actions=mod_dl_dst:00:00:00:00:00:01,output=1
mininet> sl ovs-ofctl add-flow "sl" priority=1,ip,nw_dst=10.0.0.2,actions=mod_dl_dst:00:00:00:00:00:00:00,output=2
mininet> sh ovs-ofctl add-flow sl dl_type=0x806,nw_proto=1,actions=flood
mininet> hl ping -c2 h2
PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.738 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.081 ms
 -- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1019ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.081/0.409/0.738/0.329 ms
mininet>
```

Start the opendaylight(odl)





PRACTICAL NO: 06

Install RYU controller with mininet topology

Step 1. Install tools

sudo apt-get -y install git python-pip python-dev

```
Proot@ubuntu-KVM: /home
```

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home# apt-get -y install git python-pip python-dev
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
python-dev is already the newest version (2.7.15~rcl-1).
python-dev set to manually installed.
git is already the newest version (1:2.17.1-lubuntu0.8).
python-pip is already the newest version (9.0.1-2.3~ubuntul.18.04.4).
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  fonts-liberation2 fonts-opensymbol girl.2-gst-plugins-base-1.0 girl.2-gstreamer-1.0 girl.2-gudev-1.0
  libboost-date-timel.65.1 libboost-filesysteml.65.1 libboost-iostreamsl.65.1 libboost-localel.65.1 li
  libcmis-0.5-5v5 libcolamd2 libdazzle-1.0-0 libe-book-0.1-1 libedataserverui-1.2-2 libeot0 libepubgen
  libfreerdp-client2-2 libfreerdp2-2 libgclc2 libgee-0.8-2 libgexiv2-2 libgom-1.0-0 libgpgmepp6 libgpg
  liblua5.3-0 libmediaart-2.0-0 libmspub-0.1-1 libodfgen-0.1-1 libqqwing2v5 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0
  libwinpr2-2 libxapian30 libxmlsecl libxmlsecl-nss lp-solve media-player-info python3-mako python3-ma
 usb-creator-common
Use 'apt autoremove' to remove them.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
l not fully installed or removed.
After this operation, 0 B of additional disk space will be used.
Setting up openvswitch-testcontroller (2.9.8-Oubuntu0.18.04.2) ...
```

Step 2. Install python packages

sudo apt-get -y install python-eventlet python-routes python-webob python-paramiko

```
root@ubuntu-KVM: /home
```

```
oot@ubuntu-KVM:/home# sudo apt-get -y install python-eventlet python-routes python-webob python-para
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  fonts-liberation2 fonts-opensymbol girl.2-gst-plugins-base-1.0 girl.2-gstreamer-1.0 girl.2-gudev-1.0
  libboost-date-timel.65.1 libboost-filesysteml.65.1 libboost-iostreamsl.65.1 libboost-localel.65.1 l
  libcmis-0.5-5v5 libcolamd2 libdazzle-1.0-0 libe-book-0.1-1 libedataserverui-1.2-2 libeot0 libepubger
  libfreerdp-client2-2 libfreerdp2-2 libgclc2 libgee-0.8-2 libgexiv2-2 libgom-1.0-0 libgpgmepp6 libgpg
  liblua5.3-0 libmediaart-2.0-0 libmspub-0.1-1 libodfgen-0.1-1 libqqwing2v5 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0
  libwinpr2-2 libxapian30 libxmlsecl libxmlsecl-nss lp-solve media-player-info python3-mako python3-ma
 usb-creator-common
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
The following additional packages will be installed:
 python-greenlet python-pyasnl python-repoze.lru python-simplejson
Suggested packages:
 python-eventlet-doc python-greenlet-doc python-greenlet-dev python-greenlet-dbg python-gssapi python
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 python-eventlet python-greenlet python-paramiko python-pyasnl python-repoze.lru python-routes python
0 upgraded, 8 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 625 kB of archives.
After this operation, 3,717 kB of additional disk space will be used.
```

Step 3. Clone RYU git Repo

git clone --depth=1 https://github.com/osrg/ryu.git

root@ubuntu-KVM: /home

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home# git clone --depth=1 https://github.com/osrg/ryu.git
Cloning into 'ryu'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 1536, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (1536/1536), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (1037/1037), done.
remote: Total 1536 (delta 488), reused 1016 (delta 307), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (1536/1536), 1.43 MiB | 1.98 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (488/488), done.
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home# 1s
distribution-karaf-0.6.0-Carbon distribution-karaf-0.6.0-Carbon.zip mininet openflow pox ryu ubuntu
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home#
```

Step 4. Install RYU

sudo pip install setuptools -upgrade

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home# sudo pip install setuptools --upgrade
Collecting setuptools
Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/el/b7/182161210a13158cd3ccc4lee19aad
100% | 583kB 519kB/s
Installing collected packages: setuptools
Found existing installation: setuptools 39.0.1
Not uninstalling setuptools at /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages, outside environment /
Successfully installed setuptools-44.1.1
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home# cd ryu/
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/ryu#
```

cd ryu

sudo python ./setup.py install

root@ubuntu-KVM: /home/ryu

```
opying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/lib/test_addrconv.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/t
opying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/lib/test_pcaplib.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/te
reating /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/tests/unit/lib/ovs
opying build/lib.linux-x86 64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/lib/ovs/test vsctl.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/t
copying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/lib/ovs/_init__.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/tes
copying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/lib/ovs/__init__.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/tes
copying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/lib/test_ofctl_vl_3.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/
reating /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto
opying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_parser_v10.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/
opying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_ether.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/topying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_ofproto_parser.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_ofproto_parser.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofpro
opying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_ofproto_vl2.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages
copying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_parser_v12.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/copying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_parser_compat.py -> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packag
opying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/test_oxm.py--> /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/tes
reating /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/json
reating /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/json/ofl4
opying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/json/ofl4/5-6-ofp_features_reply.packet.json -> /usr/local/li
son/of14
opying build/lib.linux-x86_64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/json/of14/5-48-ofp_meter_stats_reply.packet.json -> /usr/loca
opying build/lib.linux-x86 64-2.7/ryu/tests/unit/ofproto/json/of14/5-21-ofp group mod.packet.json -> /usr/local/lib/py
```

Step 5. Install and Update python packages

sudo pip install six -upgrade

sudo pip install oslo.config msgpack-python

sudo pip install eventlet –upgrade

proot@ubuntu-KVM: /home/ryu

```
oot@ubuntu-KVM:/home/ryu# sudo pip install six --upgrade
Collecting six
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/ee/ff/48bde5c0f013094d729fe4b0316ba2a24774b3ffl
Installing collected packages: six
  Found existing installation: six 1.11.0
   Not uninstalling six at /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages, outside environment /usr
Successfully installed six-1.15.0
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/ryu# sudo pip install oslo.config msgpack-python
Collecting oslo.config
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/5c/45/53255cdbabefabc4ac8ae3667lecbd8a92a6d0293
    100% |
                                           | 133kB 4.1MB/s
Collecting msgpack-python
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/8a/20/6eca772dla5830336f84acald8198e5a3f4715cdl
                                           | 143kB 1.2MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: enum34>=1.0.4; python_version == "2.7" or python_version == "2.6" or p
lo.config)
Collecting stevedore>=1.20.0 (from oslo.config)
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/e6/49/a35dd566626892d577e426dbe5ea424dd7fbe1064
                                           | 51kB 6.2MB/s
Collecting PyYAML>=3.12 (from oslo.config)
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/ba/d4/3cf562876e0cda0405e65d351b835077ab13990e5
(574kB)
    100% |
                                          | 583kB 514kB/s
Collecting requests>=2.18.0 (from oslo.config)
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/29/c1/24814557fld22c56d50280771a17307e6bf87b707
                                           | 61kB 913kB/s
    100% |
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.10.0 in /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages (from oslo.confi
Collecting oslo.il8n>=3.15.3 (from oslo.config)
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/4e/a4/e2c7lea714266097b2edc5188462cfc8f0fffd277
    100% |
                                           | 51kB 5.1MB/s
Collecting netaddr>=0.7.18 (from oslo.config)
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/ff/cd/9cdfea8fc45c56680b798db6a55fa60a22e2d3d3c
                                          | 1.9MB 167kB/s
Collecting debtcollector>=1.2.0 (from oslo.config)
```

Step 6. Test ryu-manager

sudo pip install -r tools/pip-requires

```
root@ubuntu-KVM: /home/ryu
```

```
coot@ubuntu-KVM:/home/ryu# sudo pip install -r tools/pip-requires
 Collecting pip==20.3.4 (from -r tools/../pip-requirements.txt (line 1))
    Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/27/79/8a850fe3496446ff0d584327ae44e7500daf
                                                                                                 | 1.5MB 204kB/s
 Collecting eventlet==0.30.1 (from -r tools/pip-requires (line 5))
    Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/95/31/8daea2c6d5b6a9c567da07e976f8b4112ddl
         100% |
                                                                                                 | 225kB 1.2MB/s
 Collecting msgpack>=0.4.0 (from -r tools/pip-requires (line 6))
    Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/59/04/87fc6708659c2ed3b0b6d4954f270b6e931d
                                                                                                 | 133kB 1.3MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: netaddr in /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages (from -r tools/
Requirement already satisfied: oslo.config>=2.5.0 in /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages (fro
 Collecting ovs>=2.6.0 (from -r tools/pip-requires (line 9))
    Downloading\ https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/7f/77/237alfal24f05d5965e70325e7d085cf5bberger for the control of the c
                                                                                                 | 112kB 6.1MB/s
         100% |
Requirement already satisfied: routes in /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages (from -r tools/pip-req
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages (from -r too
Collecting tinyrpc == 0.9.4 (from -r tools/pip-requires (line 12))
    Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/ba/c0/837060e3612636d4c93d3455983b9b610fb2
Requirement already satisfied: webob>=1.2 in /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages (from -r tools/pip
 Collecting monotonic>=1.4; python_version < "3.5" (from eventlet==0.30.1->-r tools/pip-requires
```

sudo python setup.py install

```
root@ubuntu-KVM: /home/ryu
                VM:/home/ryu# sudo python setup.py install
running install
[pbr] Generating ChangeLog
[pbr] ChangeLog complete (0.1s)
[pbr] Generating AUTHORS
[pbr] AUTHORS complete (0.0s)
running build_py
running egg_info
writing requirements to ryu.egg-info/requires.txt
writing ryu.egg-info/PKG-INFO
writing top-level names to ryu.egg-info/top_level.txt
writing dependency links to ryu.egg-info/dependency links.txt writing entry points to ryu.egg-info/entry_points.txt
writing pbr to ryu.egg-info/pbr.json
[pbr] Processing SOURCES.txt
[pbr] In git context, generating filelist from git
warning: no previously-included files found matching '.gitreview'
warning: no previously-included files matching '*.pyc' found anywhere in distribution
reading manifest template 'MANIFEST.in'
warning: no previously-included files matching '*' found under directory 'doc/build'
warning: no previously-included files matching '*~' found anywhere in distribution
warning: no previously-included files matching '*.pyc' found anywhere in distribution
writing manifest file 'ryu.egg-info/SOURCES.txt'
running install_data
running install_egg_info
removing '/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu-4.34-py2.7.egg-info' (and everything under it)
Copying ryu.egg-info to /usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ryu-4.34-py2.7.egg-info
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/setuptools/command/easy_install.py:2088: EasyInstallDeprecationWarning: Use get_args
warnings.warn("Use get_args", EasyInstallDeprecationWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/setuptools/command/easy_install.py:2090: EasyInstallDeprecationWarning: Use get_header
header = cls.get_script_header("", executable, wininst)
Installing ryu-manager script to /usr/local/bin
Installing ryu script to /usr/local/bin root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/ryu#
```

ryu-manager --version

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/ryu
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/ryu# ryu-manager --version
ryu-manager 4.34
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/ryu#
```

Topology Viewer

Run mininet (or join your real environment):

sudo mn --controller remote --topo tree,depth=3

```
proot@ubuntu-KVM: /home/mininet
```

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/mininet# mn

*** Creating network

*** Adding controller

*** Adding hosts:
hl h2

*** Adding switches:
sl

*** Adding links:
(hl, sl) (h2, sl)

*** Configuring hosts
hl h2

*** Starting controller
c0

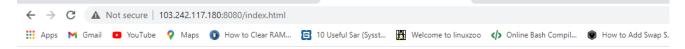
*** Starting l switches
sl ...

*** Starting CLI:
mininet>
```

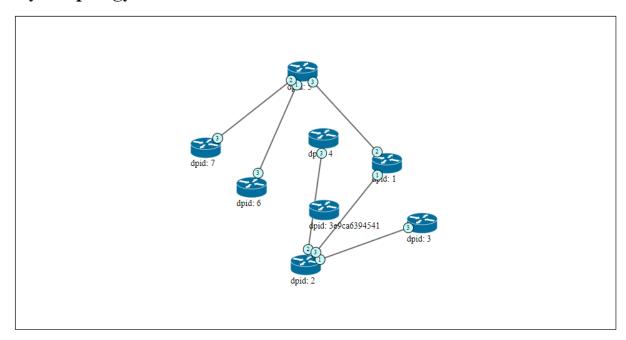
PYTHONPATH=. ./bin/ryu run --observe-links ryu/app/gui_topology/gui_topology.py

```
root@ubuntu-KVM: /home/ryu
 oot@ubuntu-KVM:/home/ryu# PYTHONPATH=. ./bin/ryu run --observe-links ryu/app/gui_topology/gui_topology.py
loading app ryu/app/gui_topology/gui_topology.py
loading app ryu.app.rest_topology
loading app ryu.app.ws_topology
loading app ryu.app.ofctl_rest
loading app ryu.controller.ofp_handler
instantiating app None of Switches
creating context switches
instantiating app None of DPSet
creating context dpset
creating context wsgi
instantiating app ryu.app.rest_topology of TopologyAPI
instantiating app ryu.app.ws_topology of WebSocketTopology instantiating app ryu.app.ofctl_rest of RestStatsApi instantiating app ryu.controller.ofp_handler of OFPHandler
instantiating app ryu/app/gui_topology/gui_topology.py of GUIServerApp
(16504) wsgi starting up on http://0.0.0.0:8080
```

output:



Ryu Topology Viewer



PRACTICAL NO: 07

Install floodlight on Ubuntu

Floodlight Controller:

The Floodlight Open SDN Controller is an enterprise-class, Apache-licensed, Javabased OpenFlow Controller and intended to run with standard JDK tools and ant.

Highlights:

- Easy to set up with minimal dependencies
- Supports a broad range of virtual and physical OpenFlow switches
- Can handle mixed OpenFlow and non- OpenFlow networks.
- It can manage multiple "islands" of OpenFlow hardware switches
- Designed to be high-performance

Installation:

Prerequisites:

- Java development kit
 - JDK 8 for Floodlight master and above
 - JDK 7 for Floodlight v1.2 and below
- Ant to build
- Python development package
- To download dependencies for Floodlight master and above:

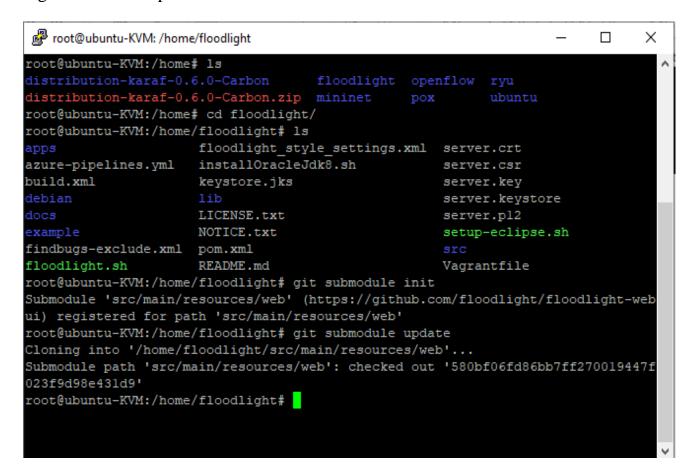
sudo apt-get install build-essential ant maven python-dev

```
oot@ubuntu-KVM:/home# sudo apt-get install build-essential ant maven python-dev
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
  Reading state information... Done
  ouild-essential is already the newest version (12.4ubuntul).
 build-essential set to manually installed.
  by thon-dev is already the newest version (2.7.15 \text{-rcl-1}).
  The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
    fonts-liberation2 fonts-opensymbol girl.2-gst-plugins-base-l.0 girl.2-gstreamer-l.0 girl.2-gudev-l.0 girl.2-udisks-2 libboost-date-timel.65.1 libboost-filesysteml.65.1 libboost-iostreamsl.65.1 libboost-localel.65.1 libcdr-0.1-1 libcd
     libcmis-0.5-5v5 libcolamd2 libdazzle-1.0-0 libe-book-0.1-1 libedataserverui-1.2-2 libeot0 libepubgen-0.1-1 libetony
    libfreerdp-client2-2 libfreerdp2-2 libgclc2 libgee-0.8-2 libgexiv2-2 libgom-1.0-0 libgpgmepp6 libgpod-common libgpcd liblua5.3-0 libmediaart-2.0-0 libmspub-0.1-1 libodfgen-0.1-1 libqqwing2v5 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0 libsgutils2-2 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0 libsgutils2-2 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0 libsgutils2-2 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0 libsgutils2-2 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0 librawl6 librawl6 librevenge-0.0-0 librawl6 librawl
     libwinpr2-2 libwapian30 libwmlsecl libwmlsecl-nss lp-solve media-player-info python3-mako python3-markupsafe syslim
    usb-creator-common
  Jse 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
  The following additional packages will be installed:
     ant-optional libaopalliance-java libapache-pom-java libatinject-jsr330-api-java libcdi-api-java libcommons-cli-java
```

git clone git://github.com/floodlight/floodlight.git

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home# git clone git://github.com/floodlight/floodlight.git
Cloning into 'floodlight'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 52975, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (18/18), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (8/8), done.
remote: Total 52975 (delta 12), reused 10 (delta 10), pack-reused 52957
Receiving objects: 100% (52975/52975), 384.02 MiB | 10.59 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (34324/34324), done.
Checking out files: 100% (835/835), done.
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home#
```

cd floodlight git submodule init git submodule update



ant

```
root@ubuntu-KVM: /home/floodlight
```

```
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/floodlight# ant
Buildfile: /home/floodlight/build.xml
  [taskdef] Could not load definitions from resource tasks.properties. It could
not be found.
init:
    [mkdir] Created dir: /home/floodlight/target/lib
    [mkdir] Created dir: /home/floodlight/target/test
compile:
compile-test:
dist:
     [echo] Setting Floodlight version: 1.2-SNAPSHOT
     [echo] Setting Floodlight name: floodlight
      [jar] Building jar: /home/floodlight/target/floodlight.jar
      [jar] Building jar: /home/floodlight/target/floodlight-test.jar
BUILD SUCCESSFUL
Total time: 1 minute 9 seconds
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/floodlight#
```

sudo mkdir /var/lib/floodlight

 $sudo\ chmod\ 777\ /var/lib/floodlight$

cd /home/floodlight/

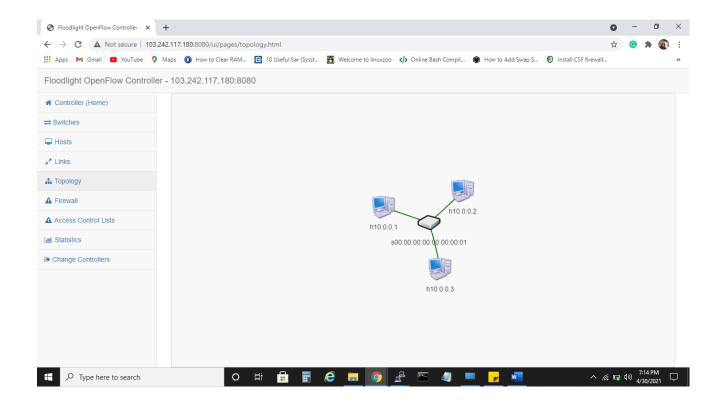
java -jar target/floodlight.jar

sudo mn --controlle=remote,ip=103.242.117.180,port=6653 --topo=single,3

```
Proot@ubuntu-KVM: /home/floodlight
                                                                          Х
root@ubuntu-KVM:/home/floodlight# sudo mn --controlle=remote,ip=103.242.117.180, ^
port=6653 --topo=single,3
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
*** Adding hosts:
hl h2 h3
*** Adding switches:
sl
*** Adding links:
(hl, sl) (h2, sl) (h3, sl)
*** Configuring hosts
h1 h2 h3
*** Starting controller
c0
*** Starting 1 switches
sl ...
*** Starting CLI:
mininet> pingall
*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h1 -> h2 h3
h2 -> h1 h3
h3 -> h1 h2
*** Results: 0% dropped (6/6 received)
mininet>
```

We created a single topology with 3 host 1 switch and one controller. This can be view in the following URL. Go to web browser and type,

http://103.242.117.180:8080/ui/index.html



PRACTICAL NO: 08

Install ONOS controller on Ubuntu

Check java version and set it to java 8

Java -version

sudo apt-get install curl

Download the onos file from:

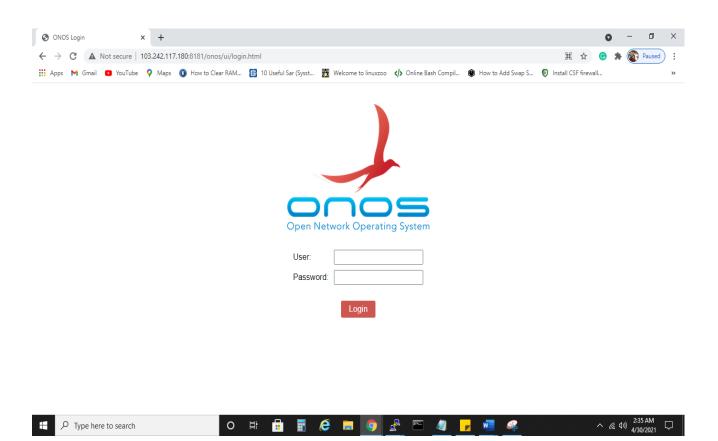
https://wiki.onosproject.org/display/ONOS/Downloads

wget https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/org/onosproject/onos-releases/1.12.0/onos-1.12.0.tar.gz

Run onos-service file in bin placed directory of onos

http://103.242.117.180:8181/onos/ui/login.html

Login on browser username: onos & password: rocks



Check the menu on onos console

