

UNIX SHELL PROGRAMMING AND SYSTEM SOFTWARE LAB

PART A

1. **Write a script to backup list of files.**

```
if [ $# -gt 0 ]
then
    echo "backup files..."
    tar -czvf newbackup.tar $1
else
    echo "please Enter arguments"
fi
```

2. **Write a script that finds all soft links to a specific file.**

```
echo "Enter filename"
read fname
if [ -f $fname ]
then
    echo "Soft links are: "
    ls -l | grep "^l.*.$fname" | cut -d " " -f12
else
    echo "File doesnot exist"
fi
```

3. **Create a script that simulates the ls -l command but print only 3 columns of ur choice**

```
if [ $# -lt 3 ]
then
    echo "enter 3 columns of your choice"
elif [ $1 -le 9 -a $2 -le 9 -a $3 -le 9 ]
then
    echo "The contents of $1,$2,$3:"
    ls -l | cut -d " " -f $1,$2,$3
else
    echo "Please enter column no 1 to 9"
fi
```

4. **Create a script that finds each line in a file that contains a specified string.**

```
echo "Enter string to be search"
read str
echo "enter filename"
read fname
if [ -f $fname ]
then
    echo "The lines containing $str in $fname:"
    grep $str $fname
else
    echo "File doesnot exist"
fi
```

PART B

1. **A. program to count the number of characters, words,spaces and lines in a given input line.**

```
#include<stdio.h>
int charcount=0;
int wordcount=0;
int linecount=0;
int blankcount=0;
%}

word [^ \t\n]+
eol [\n]
%%
{word}    {wordcount++;charcount+=yyleng;}
{eol}     {linecount++;}
[ ]       {blankcount++;charcount++;}
[\t]      {blankcount+=6;charcount+=6;}
%%
int main(int argc,char **argv)
{
    if(argc>1)
    {
        FILE *file;
        file=fopen(argv[1],"r");
        if(!file)
        {
            printf("Could not open file %s\n",argv[1]);
            exit(1);
        }
        yyin=file;
        yylex();
        printf("The number of characters:%d\n",charcount);
        printf("The number of word count:%d\n",wordcount);
        printf("The number of blank count:%d\n",blankcount);
        printf("The number of line count:%d\n",linecount);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Enter the filename along with the program\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

B. Program to count no of comment lines in given c program. Also eliminate them and copy the resulting program into separate file.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int cc=0;
%}
%x CMNT
%%
"/*"          {BEGIN CMNT;cc++;}
<CMNT>.      ;
<CMNT>\n     ;
<CMNT>"*/"   {BEGIN 0;}
%%

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    if(argc!=3)
    {
        printf("Usage: %s <src> <dest> \n",argv[0]);
        return 0;
    }
    yyin=fopen(argv[1],"r");
    yyout=fopen(argv[2],"w");
    yylex();
    printf("No of comment lines %d\n",cc);
    return 0;
}
```

2. A. Program to recognize a valid arithmetic expression and to recognize the identifiers and operators present. print them separately.

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int a[]={0,0,0,0},i=0,valid=1,opnd=0;
void ext();
}%
%x OPER
%%
[a-zA-Z0-9]+ {BEGIN OPER;opnd++;}
<OPER>"+" {if(valid){valid=0;i=0;}else ext();}
<OPER>"-" {if(valid){valid=0;i=1;}else ext();}
<OPER>"*" {if(valid){valid=0;i=2;}else ext();}
<OPER>"/" {if(valid){valid=0;i=3;}else ext();}
<OPER>[a-zA-Z0-9]+ {opnd++;if(valid==0){valid=1;a[i]++;}else ext();}
<OPER>"\n" {if(valid==0)ext();else return 0;}
.\n ext();
%%
void ext()
{
    printf("Invalid Expression\n");
    exit(0);
}
int main()
{
    printf("Type the arithmetic expression\n");
    yylex();
    printf("Valid arithemtic expression\n");
    printf("No of operands/indentifiers:%d\n",opnd);
    printf("No of addition:%d\n",a[0]);
    printf("No. of subtraction:%d\n",a[1]);
    printf("No of multiplication:%d\n",a[2]);
    printf("No. of division:%d\n",a[3]);
    return 0;
}
```

B. Program to recognize whether a given sentence is a simple or compound.

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int f=0;
%}
ws [ \n\t]+
%%
{ws}[aA][nN][Dd]{ws}|{ws}[Oo][Rr]{ws}|{ws}[Bb][Uu][Tt]{ws} f=1;
{ws}[Bb][Ee][Cc][Aa][Uu][Ss][Ee]{ws} f=1;
{ws}[Nn][Ee][Vv][Ee][Rr][Tt][Hh][Ee][Ll][Ee][Ss]{ws} f=1;
.;
\n return 0;
%%
int main()
{
    printf("Enter a sentence to end press ctrl+d\n");
    yylex();
    if(f==1)
    {
        printf("COMPOUND SENTENCE\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("SIMPLE SENTENCE\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

3. A. program to recognize a valid arithmetic expression that uses operators '+', '-', '*', '/'.

```
%{
/* lex program */
#include"y.tab.h"
#include<stdlib.h>
int yyerror();
}%
%%
[0-9]+      {return NUM;}
[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*  {return ID;}
[\t];
\n return 0;
. return yytext[0];
%%

%{
/* yacc program */
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int yyerror();
}%
%token NUM ID
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/'
%%
e:e+'e' | e-'e' | e'*e | e/'e' | '('e')' | NUM | ID ;
%%
int main()
{
    printf("Enter an expression\n");
    yyparse();
    printf("Valid Expression\n");
    return 0;
}
int yyerror()
{
    printf("Invalid Expression..!!!\n");
    exit(0);
    return 0;
}
```

B. Program to recognize a valid variable, symbol which starts with a letter followed by any number of letters or digits.

```

/*lex program */
%{
#include"y.tab.h"
%}
%%
[0-9]      {return DIGIT;}
[a-z]      {return LETTER;}
.          {return yytext[0];}
[\n]       {return '\n';}
%%

/*yacc program */
%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int yylex();
int yyerror();
%}
%token LETTER DIGIT
%%
stmt:var '\n'      {printf("The entered identifier is valid\n"); exit(0);}
|
var:var LETTER
|var DIGIT
|
;
%%
int main()
{
    printf("Enter an identifier\n");
    yyparse();
    return 0;
}
int yyerror()
{
    printf("Invalid identifier\n");
    exit(0);
}

```

4. A. Program to evaluate an arithmetic expression involving operators '+', '-', '*', '/'.

```

/* lex program */
%{
#include<math.h>
#include"y.tab.h"
extern int yyval;
%}
%%
[0-9] {yyval=atoi(yytext); return NUM;}
[\t]+ ;
[\n] {return '\n';}
. {return yytext[0];}
%%

/* yacc program */
%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int yyerror();
%}
%token NUM
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/'
%%
expr:e {printf("valid expression \n");
        printf("result %d\n",$$);exit(0);}
e:e+'e' {$$=$1+$3;} |
e:'-e' {$$=$1-$3;} |
e:'*e' {$$=$1*$3;} |
e:'/e' {if($3==0) yyerror("divide by zero error\n");
        else $$=$1/$3;} |
'('e')' {$$=$2;} |
NUM {$$=$1;} ;
%%
int main()
{
    printf("Enter arithmetic expression:\n");
    yyparse();
}
int yyerror()
{
    printf("invalid expression\n");
    exit(0);
    return 0;
}
    
```


B. Program to recognize strings 'aaab','abbb','ab','a' using the grammar ($a^n b^m$, $n \geq 1, m \geq 0$).

```

/* lex program */
%{
#include<math.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include"y.tab.h"
%}
%%

[a] return A;
[b] return B;
.|\\n      return yytext[0];
%%

/*yacc program */
%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void yyerror();
%}
%token A B
%%
str: RecA RecB '\\n' {printf("valid string\\n"); exit(0);} ;
RecA: A RecA | A ;
RecB: B RecB | B ;
%%
int main()
{
    printf("Enter the string:\\n");
    yyparse();
    return 0;
}
void yyerror()
{
    printf("invalid string\\n");
    exit(0);
}

```