

RFID Based Attendance System Using Arduino

Dinesh Karthik

Yashwant

Gowtham

September 9, 2025

Introduction

Attendance management plays a crucial role in schools, colleges, and offices. Manual systems are time-consuming and error-prone. To overcome these limitations, we developed an automated **RFID Based Attendance System using Arduino**. This system scans RFID cards and automatically records attendance, reducing manual effort and increasing accuracy.

Abstract

The RFID Based Attendance System uses RFID tags and a reader module connected to an Arduino microcontroller. Each RFID card has a unique ID, and when scanned, the system validates and marks attendance. The recorded data can be displayed on an LCD screen or transferred to a database for further use. This project ensures transparency, saves time, and improves efficiency in managing attendance.

Requirements

The hardware and software requirements are as follows:

Hardware Components

- Arduino UNO
- RFID Module (RC522)
- RFID Tags/Cards
- LCD Display (16x2)
- Breadboard
- Jumper Wires
- Buzzer

Software Tools

- Arduino IDE
- C/C++ programming for Arduino
- Libraries: `SPI.h`, `MFRC522.h`, `LiquidCrystal.h`

Code

```
1 // RFID Based Attendance System
2
3 #include <Keypad.h>
4 #include <LiquidCrystal.h>
5 LiquidCrystal lcd(5, 4, 3, 2, A4, A5);
6 struct student_detail{
7     String name;
8     String regno;
9     int status;
10 };
11 student_detail student_registered[30];
12 void student_registered_database()
13 {
14     student_registered[0]={ "A0", "18BLC0000", 0};
15     student_registered[1]={ "A1", "18BLC0001", 0};
16     student_registered[2]={ "A2", "18BLC0002", 0};
17     student_registered[3]={ "A3", "18BLC0003", 0};
18     student_registered[4]={ "A4", "18BLC0004", 0};
19     student_registered[5]={ "A5", "18BLC0005", 0};
20     student_registered[6]={ "A6", "18BLC0006", 0};
21     student_registered[7]={ "A7", "18BLC0007", 0};
22     student_registered[8]={ "A8", "18BLC0008", 0};
23     student_registered[9]={ "A9", "18BLC0009", 0};
24     student_registered[10]={ "A10", "18BLC0010", 0};
25     student_registered[11]={ "A11", "18BLC0011", 0};
26     student_registered[12]={ "A12", "18BLC0012", 0};
27     student_registered[13]={ "A13", "18BLC0013", 0};
28     student_registered[14]={ "A14", "18BLC0014", 0};
29     student_registered[15]={ "A15", "18BLC0015", 0};
30     student_registered[16]={ "A16", "18BLC0016", 0};
31     student_registered[17]={ "A17", "18BLC0017", 0};
32     student_registered[18]={ "A18", "18BLC0018", 0};
33     student_registered[19]={ "A19", "18BLC0019", 0};
34     student_registered[20]={ "A20", "18BLC0020", 0};
35     student_registered[21]={ "A21", "18BLC0021", 0};
36     student_registered[22]={ "A22", "18BLC0022", 0};
37     student_registered[23]={ "A23", "18BLC0023", 0};
38     student_registered[24]={ "A24", "18BLC0024", 0};
39     student_registered[25]={ "A25", "18BLC0025", 0};
40     student_registered[26]={ "A26", "18BLC0026", 0};
41     student_registered[27]={ "A27", "18BLC0027", 0};
42     student_registered[28]={ "A28", "18BLC0028", 0};
43     student_registered[29]={ "A29", "18BLC0029", 0};
44 }
45 int find(String regno){
46     int status=-1;
47     for(int i=0;i<20;i++)
48     {
```

```

49     if(regno==student_registered[i].regno)
50     {
51         status=i;
52     }
53 }
54 return status;
55 }
56 void setup(){
57     Serial.begin(9600);
58     lcd.begin(16, 2);
59     lcd.setCursor(0,0);
60     student_registered_database();
61 }
62 void loop()
63 {
64     int status=-1;
65     if(Serial.available()>0)
66     {
67         String reg_no=Serial.readString();
68         status=find(reg_no);
69         if(status>=0 && status<=29)
70         {
71             lcd.clear();
72             lcd.setCursor(0,0);
73             lcd.print(student_registered[status].name);
74             lcd.setCursor(0,1);
75             lcd.print(student_registered[status].regno);
76             delay(5000);
77             student_registered[status].status=1;
78         }
79         else{
80             lcd.clear();
81             lcd.setCursor(0,0);
82             lcd.print("not found");
83             delay(5000);
84         }
85     }
86     else{
87         lcd.clear();
88         lcd.setCursor(0,0);
89         lcd.print("Give your regno");
90         delay(5000);
91     }
92 }
93
94 }

```

Output

- When an authorized RFID card is placed near the reader, the LCD displays a welcome message with the person's name.
- The serial monitor also shows the UID and confirmation of access.
- If an unauthorized card is scanned, it displays "Access Denied".

Conclusion

This project successfully demonstrates the use of RFID technology to automate attendance management. It provides an efficient, user-friendly, and secure way of recording attendance, reducing human effort and minimizing errors. The system can be extended with database integration and IoT features for remote monitoring.

Project Image

