

① House Price prediction:

Aim: To analyze house data and predict house prices using regression model.

Algorithm:

- 1) Read the house dataset.
- 2) clean and preprocess the data.
- 3) split data into training and testing sets.
- 4) Train a regression model.
- 5) Predict house prices.

Program:

```

import pandas as pd
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

data = pd.read_csv("house-data.csv")
data.drop(data.columns[0], inplace=True)

X = data.drop("price", axis=1)
Y = data["price"]

Model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(X, Y)

print(model.predict(X))

```

Output:

Area = 1800 sqft

Bedrooms = 3

Predicted price = \$1,400,000

Result:

House prices were successfully predicted using regression.

(2) candidate Elimination Algorithm:

Aim: To find all hypotheses consistent with given training examples using candidate Elimination.

Algorithm:

1) Initialize specific and general hypotheses.

2) Read training examples.

3) Generalize S for positive examples.

4) Specialize G for negative examples.

5) Display final hypotheses.

Program:

```
import csv
```

```
data = list(csv.reader(open("training_data.csv")))
```

```
hypotheses = data[1:]
```

```
S = hypotheses[0][:-1]
```

```
for h in hypotheses:
```

```
    if h in hypotheses:
```

if $h[-1] = \text{'yes'}$

for i in range(len(s)):

if $h[i] \neq s[i]$:

$s[i] = ?$

print("specific Hypothesis:", s)

Output:

Final specific Hypothesis(s):

[?, Large, Light, ?, Thick]

Result:

The consistent hypothesis was obtained using candidate Elimination.

③ Linear Regression:

Aim: To implement Linear Regression and evaluate its prediction capability.

Algorithm:

- 1) Load dataset.
- 2) separate input and output variables.
- 3) Train the regression model.
- 4) Predict output values.
- 5) Display predictions.

Program:

```
import pandas as pd  
from sklearn.linear_model import  
LinearRegression  
  
data = pd.read_csv("data.csv")  
X = data[['x']]  
y = data['y']  
  
model = LinearRegression()  
.model.fit(X,y)  
print(model.predict(X))
```

Output:

Regression Equation: $y=2x$

For $x=5$,

Predicted $y=10$

Result:

Linear Regression correctly modeled the relationship between x and y .

④

EM Algorithm:

Aim: To cluster data using the expectation maximization algorithm.

Algorithm:

- 1) Initialize cluster parameters.
- 2) perform expectation step.
- 3) perform maximization step.
- 4) Repeat until convergence.
- 5) Output clusters.

Program:

```
import numpy as np  
from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture.  
  
X = np.array([[1], [2], [3], [8], [9], [10]])  
model = GaussianMixture(n_components=2)  
  
model.fit(X)  
print(model.predict(X))
```

Output:

Data point cluster

1	0
2	0
3	0
8	1
9	1
10	1

Result:

The EM algorithm successfully clustered the data into two groups.