

Architecture

(Swiggy Data Analysis)

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1 Introduction

1.1 Why this Architecture design document?

The purpose of this document is to provide a detailed architecture design of the Airbnb Data Analysis Project by focusing on each of the attributes of our architecture.

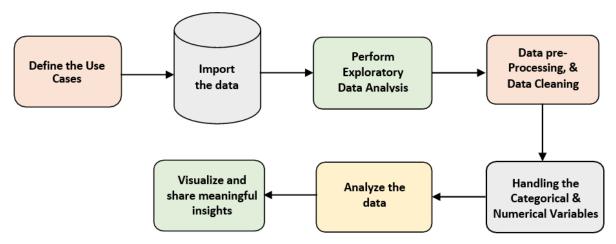
This document will address the background of this project, and the architecturally significant function requirements. The intension of this document is to help the development team to determine how the system will be structured at the highest level.

1.2 Scope

Architecture Design Document (ADD) is an architecture design process that follows a step-by-step refinement process. The process can be used for designing data structures, required software architecture, source code and ultimately, performance algorithms. Overall, the design principles may be defined during requirement analysis and then refined during architectural design work.



2 Architecture



2.1 Architecture Description -

2.1.1 Data Description -

As we have seen earlier, in our Swiggy dataset, we have around 118 records with 5 different features. Features are distributed as 2 Continuous features and 3 Categorical features. These datasets are given in the form of Comma Separated Value (.csv) format.

2.1.2 Define the Use Cases -

At this stage, based on the given dataset and business problems we have defined the several Use Cases to perform the analysis on and this will help get the key insights from this data based on which business decisions will be taken. Furthermore, It helps in not only understanding the meaningful relationships between attributes but it also allows us to do our own research and come-up with our findings.

2.1.3 Import the Dataset –

As we have received the dataset in the form of Comma Separated Value (.csv) format, therefore we can import the same using Pandas read_csv() function.

Reading Data

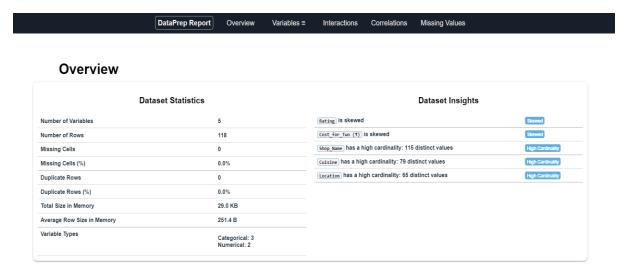
	Shop_Name	Cuisine	Location	Rating	Cost_for_Two
0	Kanti Sweets	Sweets	Koramangala, Koramangala	4.3	₹ 150
1	Mumbai Tiffin	North Indian, Home Food, Thalis, Combo	Sector 5, HSR	4.4	₹ 400
2	Sri Krishna sagar	South Indian, North Indian, Fast Food, Beverag	6th Block, Koramangala	4.1	₹ 126
3	Al Daaz	American, Arabian, Chinese, Desserts, Fast Foo	HSR, HSR	4.4	₹ 400
4	Beijing Bites	Chinese, Thai	5th Block, Koramangala	4.1	₹ 450
113	Wok Paper Scissors	Pan-Asian, Chinese, Asian	JNC Road, Koramangala	3.9	₹ 219
114	Savoury Restaurant	Arabian, Middle Eastern, North Indian, Grill,	Madiwala, BTM	4.1	₹ 600
115	Royal Treat	North Indian, Chinese, Seafood, Biryani	5th block Koramangala, Koramangala	4.2	₹ 193
116	Thali 99	North Indian	Koramangala, Koramangala	4.3	₹ 200
117	Mani's Dum Biryani	Andhra, Biryani	1st Block, Koramangala	4.2	₹ 400

SWIGGY DATA ANALYSIS



2.1.4 Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) –

- "Exploratory Data Analysis" (EDA) is a "Data Exploration" step in the Data Analysis Process, where a number of techniques are used to better understand the dataset being used.
- Understanding the Dataset can refer to a number of things including but not limited to...
 - Extracting Important "Variables".
 - Identifying "Outliers", "Missing Values", or "Human Error".
 - Understanding the Relationships between variables.
 - Ultimately, maximizing our insights of a dataset and minimizing potential "Error" that may occur later in the process.
- In other words, it will gives you a better Understanding of the "Variables" and the "Relationships" between them.
- Here, we make use of dataprep module to automate our EDA process.
- It provides the following information:
 - Overview: detect the types of columns in a DataFrame.
 - Variables: variable type, unique values, distinct count, missing values
 - Quartile statistics like minimum value, Q1, median, Q3, maximum, range, interquartile range
 - Descriptive statistics like mean, mode, standard deviation, sum, median absolute deviation, coefficient of variation, kurtosis, skewness.
 - Correlations: highlighting of highly correlated variables, Spearman, Pearson and Kendall matrices
 - Missing Values: Bar Chart, Heatmap and spectrum of missing values.



2.1.5 Data Pre-processing, Data Cleaning & Imputation (Handling the Categorical & Numerical Variables) –

Data pre-processing is a process of preparing the raw data and making it suitable for our analysis purpose, where we have to do lot of Data Cleaning, handle the missing values by using appropriate imputation techniques and based on that variable nature i.e. either of Categorical & Numerical variable. Here, in this project, we have done the substitution/imputation of missing values using either mean, median or mode according to the nature of those variables. Moreover, we also removed the columns which are does not participate in our analysis.



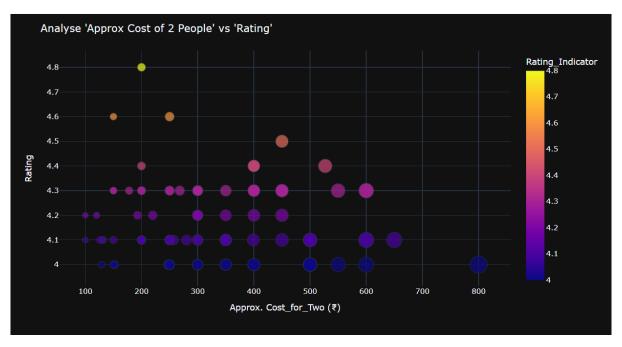
2.1.6 Analyse the Data –

Once the pre-processing is done, we are good to go with our actual analysis where we write lines of codes and logics to prepare our data as per the defined use cases.

2.1.7 Visualize & Share Meaningful Insights -

Finally, it's time to turn our data into some sort of visual representation. In short, Data visualization is the process of translating large data sets and metrics into charts, graphs and other visuals such as Bar Plot, Pie Chart, Heat map, Box Plot, Scatter Plot, and many more. The resulting visual representation of data makes it easier to identify and share insights about the information represented in the data.

Here is the beautiful glimpse of one of our visuals are -



All those different analyses help to make better business decisions and help analyse customer trends and satisfaction, which can lead to new and better products and services.