## Project 5 (Final Project): Binary Classification to Predict the Presence or Absence of Breast Cancer

Due: 11:59 pm, Dec 11, 2021

For Project 5 your assignment is to analyze data from the Wisconsin Breast Cancer Dataset:

- For graduate students (CPSC 6430), you are **required** to use k Nearest Neighbor, Logistic Regression, Support Vector Machine, and Multilayer Perceptron (**4** different algorithms)
- For undergraduate students (CPSC 4430), you are required to use k Nearest
  Neighbor, Logistic Regression, and Support Vector Machine (3 different algorithms).
  If you include an additional solution using <u>Multilayer Perceptron (MLP)</u>, you will get
  an extra 5 points to your final grades of this course (your final grades of this
  semester + 5 points).

**Note**: You can use **Scikit-learn library** to implement all abovementioned machine learning algorithms.

## The python command to obtain the data is:

```
from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer
```

For each of the four ML algorithms you should print out a confusion matrix, accuracy, precision, recall and f1 metrics. Use a 75%/25% split between training and testing files. Use 0 as the seed for the randomization of your data.

## What to turn in:

- 1. One py program that gets the data and computes a confusion matrix and metrics for all three ML algorithms (yourlastname yourfirstname P5.py)
- 2. A pdf file containing ((yourlastname\_yourfirstname\_P5.pdf)
  - a. Your name and a title for your write up
  - b. Confusion matrix for each ML algorithm
  - c. Accuracy, precision, recall and f1 metrics for each ML algorithm
  - d. Number of neighbors you used for kNN
  - e. Number of iterations you used for Logistic Regression, SVM, and MLP (if you use)
  - f. A one paragraph justification for which ML algorithm you think is the best choice for breast cancer detection.

Zip the two files before uploading.

## Notes:

- Be sure you understand whether 0 or 1 indicates the presence of cancer and that you label your confusion matrix correctly.
- Be careful that you interpret precision and recall produced by the library correctly. What do they mean by TP, presence, or absence of cancer?