Combining Data With Pandas: Takeaways

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Syntax

CONCAT() FUNCTION

• Concatenate dataframes vertically (axis=0):

```
pd.concat([df1, df2])
```

• Concatenate dataframes horizontally (axis=1):

```
pd.concat([df1, df2], axis=1)
```

• Concatenate dataframes with an inner join:

```
pd.concat([df1, df2], join='inner')
```

MERGE() FUNCTION

• Join dataframes on index:

```
pd.merge(left=df1, right = df2, left_index=True, right_index=True)
```

• Customize the suffix of columns contained in both dataframes:

• Change the join type to left, right, or outer:

```
pd.merge(left= df1, right=df2, how='join_type', left_index=True, right_index=True))
```

• Join dataframes on a specific column:

```
pd.merge(left=df1, right=df2, on='Column_Name')
```

Concepts

- A key or join key is a shared index or column that is used to combine dataframes together.
- There are four kinds of joins:
 - Inner: Returns the intersection of keys, or common values.
 - Outer: Returns the union of keys, or all values from each dataframe.
 - Left: Includes all of the rows from the left dataframe, along with any rows from the right dataframe with a common key. The result retains all columns from both of the original dataframes.
 - Right: Includes all of the rows from the right dataframe, along with any rows from the left dataframe with a common key. The result retains all columns from both of the original dataframes. This join type is rarely used.
- The pd.concat function can combine multiple dataframes at once and is commonly used to "stack" dataframes, or combine them vertically (axis=0). The pd.merget function uses keys to perform database-style joins. It can only combine two dataframes at a time and can only merge dataframes horizontally (axis=1).

Resources

• Merge and Concatenate



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