

Word representation

Word representation

```
V = [a, aaron, ..., zulu, <UNK>]
```

1-hot representation

				\mathcal{N}	
Man	Woman	King	Queen	Apple	Orange
(5391)	(9853)	(4914)	(7157)	(456)	(6257)
	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
Octa	09853	Ť	1	1	T

N= 10,000

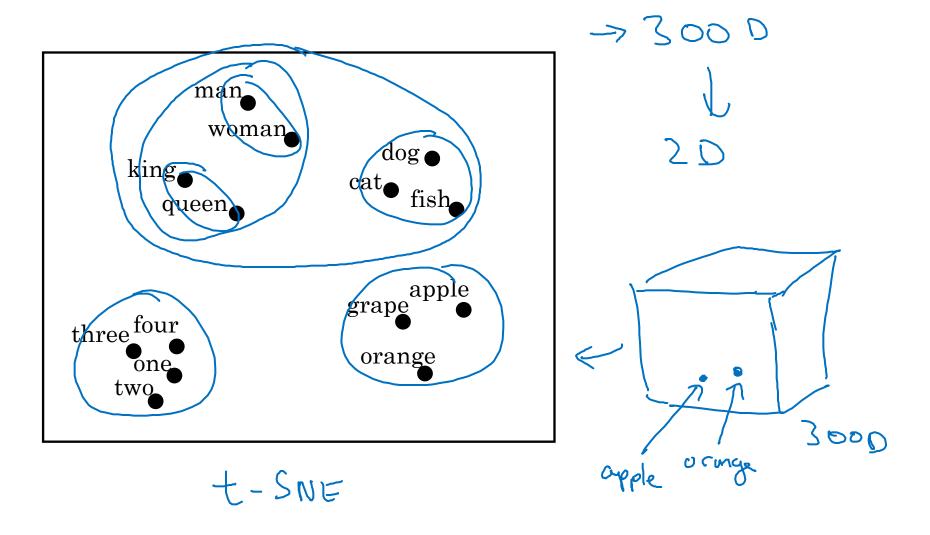
I want a glass of orange _____.

I want a glass of apple_____.

Featurized representation: word embedding

	Man (5391)	Woman (9853)	King (4914)	Queen (7157)	Apple (456)	√ Orange (6257)	
1 Gender			-0.95	0.97	0.00	0.01	
300 Royal	0.0	0.62	0.93	0.95	-0.01	0.00	•
Age	0.03	8.62	0.7	0.69	0.03	-0.02	
Food	6.04	6.01	0.02	0.01	0.95	0.97	
Size Cost V aliv- verb	es391	Q 9853		I want I want	a glass of o	range <u>juic</u> apple <u>juic</u> . Andrew	.· Ng

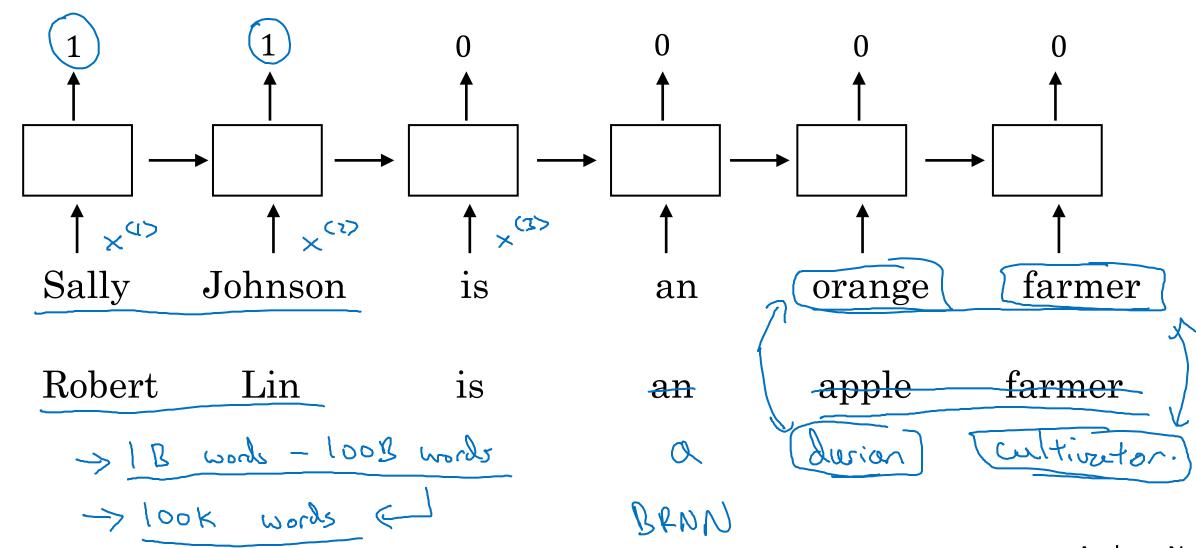
Visualizing word embeddings





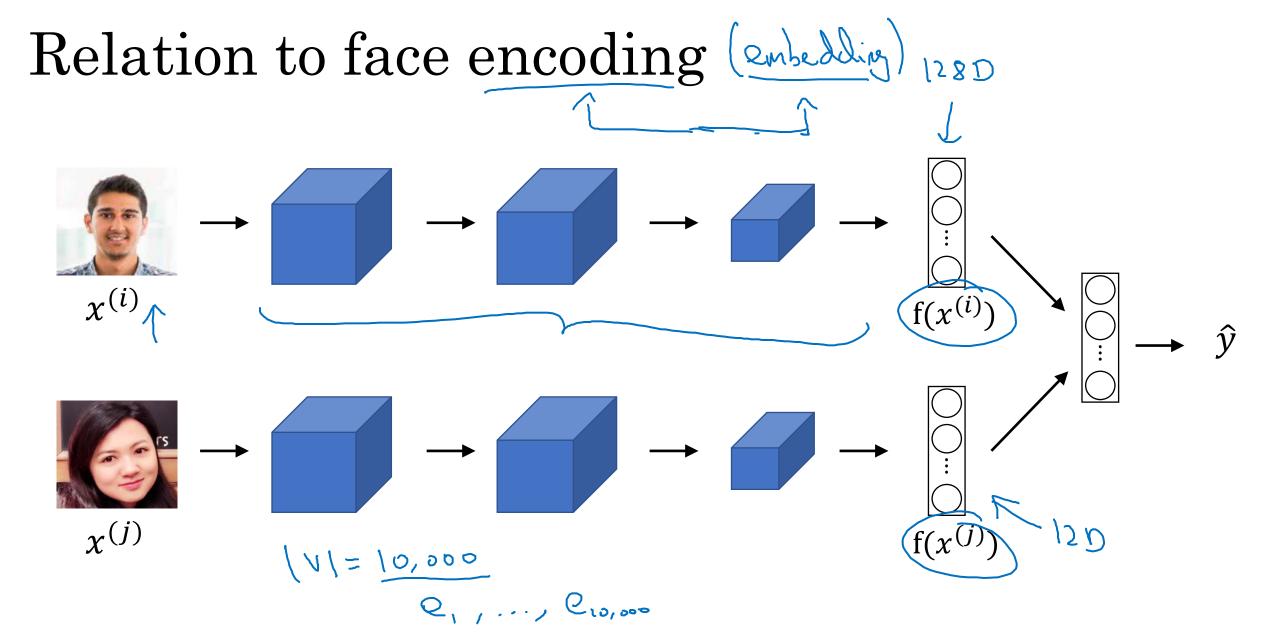
Using word embeddings

Named entity recognition example



Transfer learning and word embeddings

- Learn word embeddings from large text corpus. (1-100B words)
 (Or download pre-trained embedding online.)
- 2. Transfer embedding to new task with smaller training set. (say, 100k words) → 10,000 → 300
 - 3. Optional: Continue to finetune the word embeddings with new data.



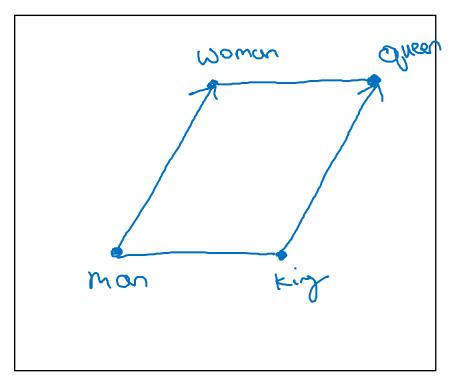


Properties of word embeddings

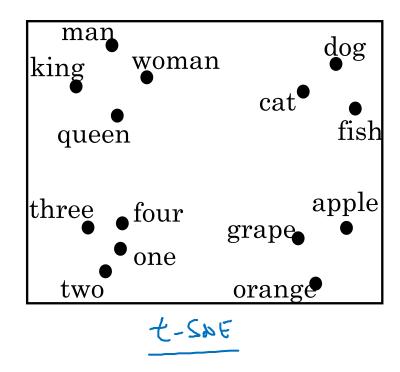
Analogies

	Man (5391)	Woman (9853)	King (4914)	Queen (7157)	Apple (456)	Orange (6257)	
Gender	-1	1	-0.95	0.97	0.00	0.01	
Royal	0.01	0.02	0.93	0.95	-0.01	0.00	
Age	0.03	0.02	0.70	0.69	0.03	-0.02	
Food	0.09	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.95	0.97	
	@ 5391 @ man	e woman	2 0	eman - e	$\sim \sim $		
Mon -> Woman Ob King ->? Queen Pering - Equeen No [0]							
Cman - Cwoman & Cking - C?							

Analogies using word vectors







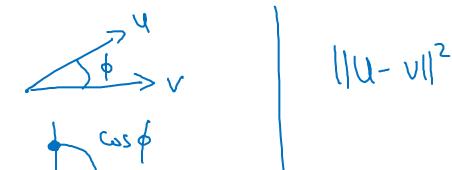
 $e_{man} - e_{woman} \approx e_{king} - e_{y} e_{w}$

Find word wi arg max Sim (2w, Exing - 2mon + 2 mon m)

30 - 75%

Cosine similarity

$$\Rightarrow sim(e_w, e_{king} - e_{man} + e_{woman})$$



Man:Woman as Boy:Girl

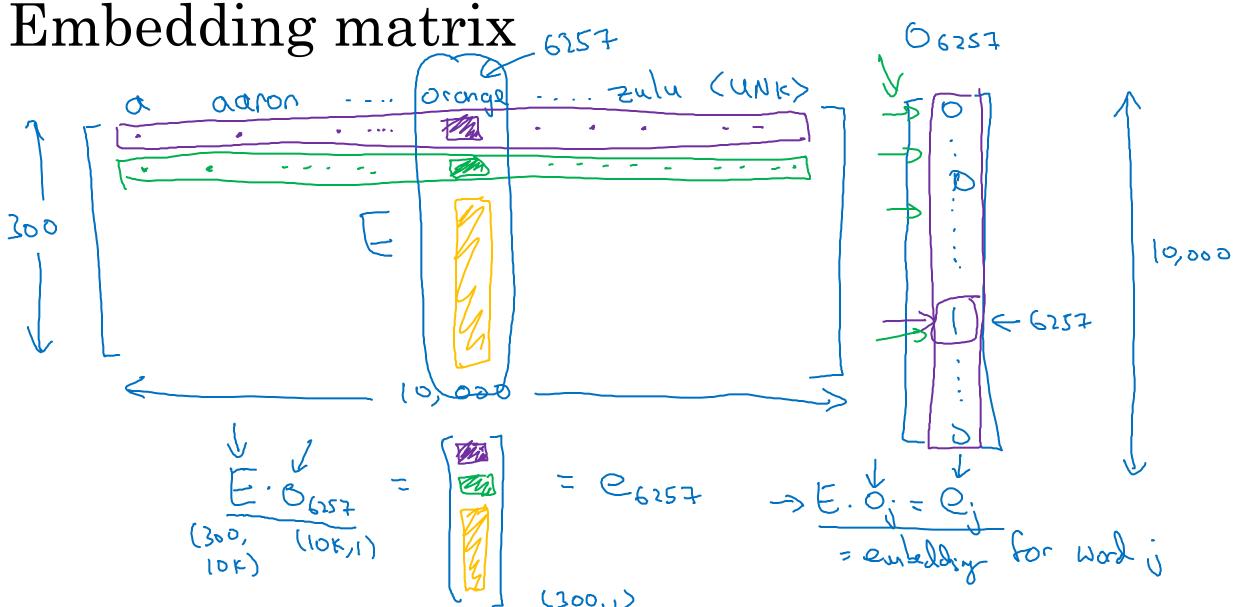
Ottawa:Canada as Nairobi:Kenya

Big:Bigger as Tall:Taller

Yen:Japan as Ruble:Russia



Embedding matrix

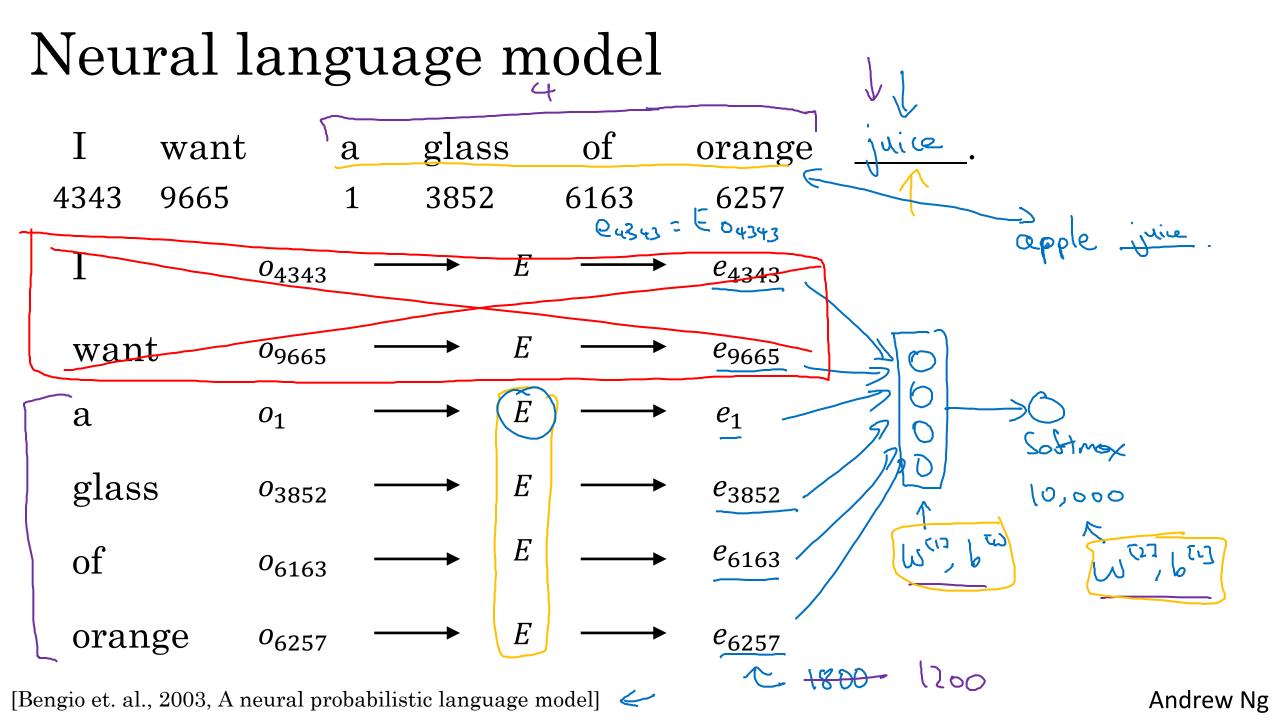


In practice, use specialized function to look up an embedding.

> Embelling



Learning word embeddings



Other context/target pairs

Nearby 1 word

I want a glass of orange juice to go along with my cereal.

Context: Last 4 words.

4 words on left & right

Last 1 word

Context: Last 4 words.

A words on left & right

Orange ?

skip grom

Andrew Ng



Word2Vec

Skip-grams

I want a glass of orange juice to go along with my cereal.

Target juice Orange qlass Oronge

Model

Vocab size = 10,000k

Andrew Ng

Problems with softmax classification

$$p(t|c) = \frac{e^{\theta_t^T e_c}}{\sum_{j=1}^{10,000} e^{\theta_j^T e_c}}$$
Hierahil rottom.

$$\sum_{j=1}^{10,000} e^{\theta_j^T e_c}$$

Avin

How to sample the context c?



Negative sampling

Defining a new learning problem

I want a glass of orange juice to go along with my cereal.

Model

Softmax:
$$p(t|c) = \frac{e^{\theta_t^T e_c}}{\sum_{j=1}^{10,000} e^{\theta_j^T e_c}}$$

$$P(y=1|c,t) = c\left(0,000\right)$$
Orange (257)
$$O_{(1)57} \rightarrow E \rightarrow e_{(1)57}$$
Oyuice?

context target? word juice orange king book Loisos pivol problem Andrew Ng

Selecting negative examples

+	\sim	
context	word target?	
orange	juice 1	the, of, and,
orange	king 0	•
orange	book 0	
orange	the $ $ 0	
orange	$\setminus \text{of} \qquad \bigcirc$	
	T	
$P(\omega_i) =$	f(v:)	
$I(\omega)$	(0,000 + (w;)3/4	\ \ \ \ \ \ \
	(0,000) F(w; 3/4	▲
	J	



GloVe word vectors

GloVe (global vectors for word representation)

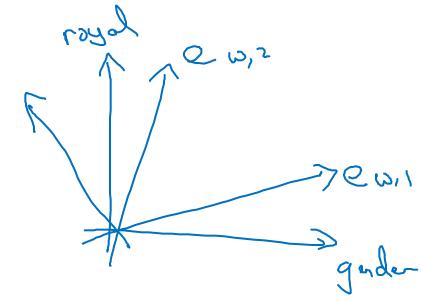
I want a glass of orange juice to go along with my cereal.

Model

Minimize
$$\sum_{j=1}^{1000} \int_{0}^{100} \int_{0$$

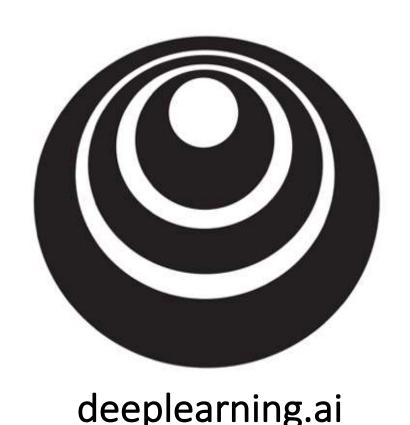
A note on the featurization view of word embeddings

		Woman (9853)	_	•	
` Gender	-1	1	-0.95	0.97	(
Royal	0.01	0.02	0.93	0.95	\leftarrow
Age	0.03	0.02	0.70	0.69	~
Food	0.09	0.01	0.02	0.01	



minimize
$$\sum_{i=1}^{10,000} \sum_{j=1}^{10,000} f(X_{ij}) (\theta_i^T e_j + b_i - b_j' - \log X_{ij})^2$$

$$(A0)^T (A^T e_j) = 0.7447 e_j$$



Sentiment classification

Sentiment classification problem

 $x \rightarrow y$

The dessert is excellent.

Service was quite slow.

Good for a quick meal, but nothing special.

Completely lacking in good taste, good service, and good ambience.

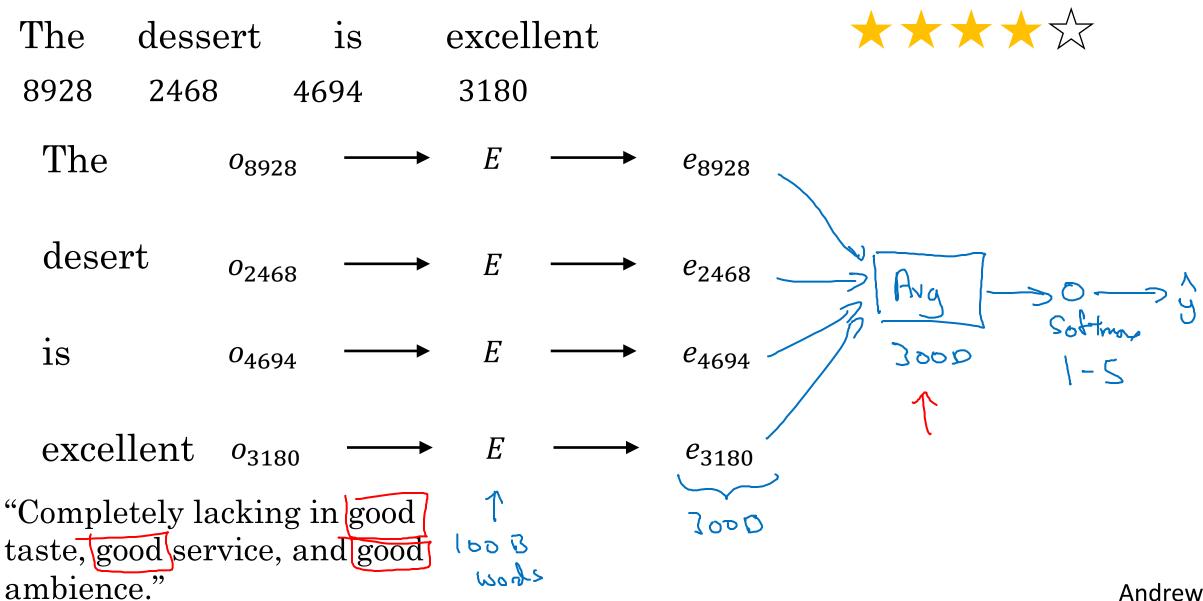








Simple sentiment classification model



Andrew Ng

RNN for sentiment classification softmax $a^{<4>}$ $a^{<2>|}$ $a^{<3>}$ <10> e_{4966} e_{4427} e_{3882} e_{330} e_{1852} lacking in nany-to-one Completely ambience good obsert



Debiasing word embeddings

The problem of bias in word embeddings

Man:Woman as King:Queen

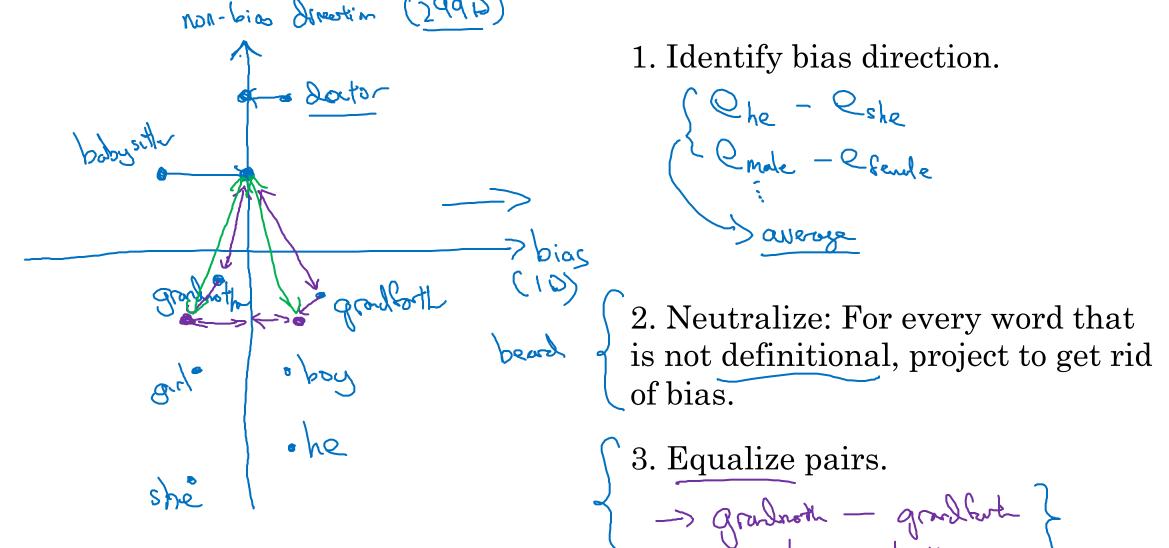
Man:Computer_Programmer as Woman:Homemaker

Father:Doctor as Mother: Nurse X

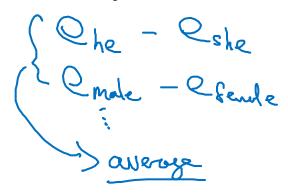
Word embeddings can reflect gender, ethnicity, age, sexual orientation, and other biases of the <u>text used to train the</u> model.



Addressing bias in word embeddings



1. Identify bias direction.



3. Equalize pairs.

-> gradnoth - gradbut }